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Kennis word hiermee gegee in terme van Artikel 29 van die Plaaslike Regering : Munisipale Strukture Wet, 1998 (Wet 117 van 1998) soos gewysig, dat 'n **Gewone Raadsvergadering** van die Munisipaliteit Witzenberg gehou sal word op **Donderdag**, **6 Desember 2018** om **09:00** in die **Raadsaal**, **Munisipale Kantore, Voortrekkerstraat 50**, **Ceres**. Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 29(2) of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998) as amended, that an **Ordinary Council Meeting** of the Witzenberg Municipality will be held in the **Council Chambers, Municipal Offices, 50 Voortrekker Street, Ceres** on **Thursday, 6 December 2018** at **09:00**.

Councillor TE Abrahams	Alderman K Adams (Deputy Executive Mayor)	Councillor P Daniels
Alderman TT Godden (Speaker)	Councillor P Heradien	Councillor MD Jacobs
Councillor D Kinnear	Councillor BC Klaasen (Executive Mayor)	Councillor GG Laban
Councillor C Lottering	Councillor M Mdala	Councillor TP Mgoboza
Councillor ZS Mzauziwa	Councillor N Phatsoane	Alderlady JT Phungula
Alderman JW Schuurman	Councillor EM Sidego	Councillor RJ Simpson
Alderman HJ Smit	Councillor D Swart	Councillor HF Visagie
Alderman JJ Visagie		
Municipal Manager	Director: Finance	Deputy Director: Finance
Director: Technical Services	Director: Corporate Services	1
Head: Internal Audit	Manager: Projects and Performance	Manager: Administration
IDP Manager	Legal Advisor	Acting Principal Administrative Officer
Committee Clerk		

Raadslede en Amptenare / Councillors and officials

A municipality that cares for its community, creating growth and opportunity!

'n Munisipaliteit wat omgee vir sy gemeenskap en groei en geleenthede skep!

Umasipala olukhathaleleyo uluntu lwakhe, odala ukukhula namathuba!

TER INLIGTING / FOR INFORMATION

Volledige stukke				
Voorsitter: IMATU (Mnr. S Joseph)	Ondervoorsitter: SAMWU (Mnr. C Appolis)			
Bella Vista Biblioteek	Emfundweni Biblioteek	John Steyn Biblioteek		
Rietvallei Biblioteek	Montana Biblioteek, Wolseley	Wolseley Biblioteek		
Tulbagh Biblioteek	Witzenville Biblioteek, Tulbagh	Op-die-Berg Biblioteek		
Prince Alfred's Hamlet Biblioteek	Alderlady MC du Toit	· · · · ·		

Per e-pos				
Alderlady MC du Toit	Ceres Business Initiative	DAWI		
E-mail: dutoit.marina@gmail.com	Mr N Bettesworth.	Mnr. M Mentor		
	Cell: (083) 462-8345	Cell: (073) 620-0238		
	E-mail: manager@cerescbi.co.za	E-mail:		
		markmentor585@gmail.com		

ALDERMAN TT GODDEN SPEAKER

29 November 2018

AGENDA

1. OPENING AND WELCOME

2. CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATION FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE, IF ANY (3/1/2/1)

3. STATEMENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS OR MATTERS RAISED

3.1 Gratitude, Congratulations and Commiseration (11/4/3)

Council's congratulations are conveyed to the following councillors and spouses on their birthdays:

- Councillor R Simpson 10 November
- Councillor T Mgoboza 15 November
 - Councillor M Mdala 16 November
- Ms D Heradien 22 November
- Ms C Jacobs 5 December
- Alderman T Godden 10 December

NOTED.

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- 3.2 Matters raised by the Speaker (09/1/1)
- 3.3 Matters raised by the Executive Mayor (09/1/1)

4. MINUTES

4.1 Approval of minutes (3/1/2/3)

The minutes of the Council meeting, held on 31 October 2018, are attached as annexure 4.1.

RECOMMENDED

that the minutes of the Council meeting, held on 31 October 2018, be approved and signed by the Speaker.

5. MOTIONS AND NOTICE OF SUGGESTIONS

6. INTERVIEWS WITH DELEGATIONS

6.1 Presentation: Housing performance of Witzenberg Municipality (17/4/R)

The Chief Director of Housing: Western Cape, Ms P Mayisela, will be making a presentation on the housing performance of the municipality.

NOTED

7. GEDELEGEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE / DELEGATED POWERS

7.1 Minutes: Committee meetings (03/3/2)

The minutes of the following meetings are attached:

- (a) Executive Mayoral Committee, held on 23 July 2018: Annexure 7.1(a).
- (b) Performance, Risk and Audit Committee, held on 21 September 2018: Annexure 7.1(b).
- (c) Committee for Housing Matters, held on 11 October 2018: Annexure 7.1(c).
- (d) Performance, Risk and Audit Committee, held on 26 October 2018: Annexure 7.1(d).

RECOMMENDED

that notice be taken of the minutes of the committee meetings and same be accepted.

8. GERESERVEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE / RESERVED POWERS

8.1 Direktoraat Finansies / Directorate Finance

8.1.1 Performance, Risk and Audit Committee: Second Bi-annual report on Performance Management: 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

Item 7.1.1 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, still to be held, refers.

The Second Bi-Annual report of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee on Performance Management for 2017/2018 is attached as **annexure 8.1.1**.

The following recommendation is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

That notice be taken of the Second Bi-Annual report of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee on Performance Management for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

That notice be taken of the Second Bi-Annual report of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee on Performance Management for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.1.2 Reconnection of electricity over the festive period (5/12/1/R)

Item 7.1.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, still to be held, refers.

Purpose

To consider the reconnection of all electricity consumers over the festive period from 19 December 2018 until 4 January 2019.

Deliberation

It has become customary for Council to reconnect the electricity supply of defaulters over the festive period. This is in the spirit of goodwill and also to ensure that all households enjoy the festive season. In the past Council has drawn a distinction between the prepaid and the conventional consumers. In terms of the conventional consumers they must pay a deposit of R300.00 because the electricity is supplied in advance. If the deposit is not levied Council will incur a loss.

The following recommendation is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) That the electricity of prepaid consumers be reconnected free of charge.
- (b) That the electricity of the suspended conventional consumers be reconnected upon payment of a deposit of R300.00.
- (c) That the concession of goodwill runs from 19 December 2018 until 4 January 2019.
- (d) That the Chief Financial Officer ensures that the public be informed of the Council decision via notices placed at all municipal pay points.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) That the electricity of prepaid consumers be reconnected free of charge.
- (b) That the electricity of the suspended conventional consumers be reconnected upon payment of a deposit of R300.00.
- (c) That the concession of goodwill runs from 19 December 2018 until 4 January 2019.
- (d) That the Chief Financial Officer ensures that the public be informed of the Council decision via notices placed at all municipal pay points.

8.1.3 Draft Witzenberg Annual Report: 2017/2018 (5/14/2 & 9/1/1)

Item 7.1.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, still to be held, refers.

The following memorandum, dated 26 November 2018, was received from the Director: Finance:

"Purpose

The purpose of this report is to table the draft annual report for 2017/2018 to Council.

Legislature framework

In terms of Section 127 (2) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003), the Mayor of a municipality must, within seven months after the end of a financial year, table in the municipal council the annual report of the municipality and of any municipal entity under the municipality's sole or shared control.

Discussion

The report of the Auditor-general of South Africa on the Annual Financial Statements, Predetermined Objectives, Compliance with Legislation and Internal Controls and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 must form part of the Draft Annual Report. The mentioned documents must be issued by the Auditor-general not later than 30 November 2018 and will be distributed at the council meeting.

The draft annual report for 2017/2018 is attached as annexure 8.1.3."

The following recommendation is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

- (i) that notice be taken of the Draft Witzenberg Municipality Annual Report for 2017/2018.
- (ii) that a public participation process be followed as prescribed by law.
- (iii) that the Municipal Public Accounts Committee compiles an oversight report on the Draft Annual Report as per its delegated powers, not later than 15 January 2019.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (i) that notice be taken of the Draft Witzenberg Municipality Annual Report for 2017/2018.
- (ii) that a public participation process be followed as prescribed by law.
- (iii) that the Municipal Public Accounts Committee compiles an oversight report on the Draft Annual Report as per its delegated powers, not later than 15 January 2019.

8.1.4 Finance: Incurrence of long-term debt (5/9)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1.9 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018.
- (b) Item 8.1.10 of the council meeting, held on 31 October 2018.
- (c) Item 7.1.4 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting still to be held.

The following memorandum, dated 3 October 2018, was received from the Director: Finance:

"1. Purpose

The purpose of this report is to table the proposed incurrence of Long-term Borrowing for consideration to the Executive Mayor and Council.

2. Legal framework

Section 46(3) of the MFMA states the following:

(3) A municipality may incur long-term debt only if the Accounting Officer of the municipality —

- (a) has, in accordance with Section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act ----
 - (i) at least 21 days prior to the meeting of the Council at which approval for the debt is to be considered, made public an information statement setting out particulars of the proposed debt, including the amount of the proposed debt, the purposes for which the debt is to be incurred and particulars of any security to be provided; and
 - (ii) invited the public, the National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury to submit written comments or representations to the Council in respect of the proposed debt; and
- (b) has submitted a copy of the information statement to the municipal Council at least 21 days prior to the meeting of the Council, together with particulars of —
 - (i) the essential repayment terms, including the anticipated debt repayment schedule, and
 - (ii) the anticipated total cost in connection with such debt over the repayment period.'

3. Discussion

The cost of full maintenance lease has been compared to the cost of procuring vehicles and it was determined that procuring vehicles are the better option for the municipality.

The proposed loan and the funds budgeted for leasing of vehicles can be used to fund the following vehicles:

Small sedans			10
Performance department)	sedans	(Traffic	2
Small LDV			3
One ton LDV			11

A tender process was followed to identify a service provider for the long-term loan and it was recommended by the Bid Adjudication Committee that the tender 8/2/15/39 be awarded to NEDBANK.

Particulars of the proposed debt are as follow:

Amount of debt to be incurred: R3 500 000.

Purpose for which the debt is to be incurred: Vehicles: R3 500 000

Security to be provided: None

Repayment terms are as follow:

Description	Term of Ioan	Amount of loan required	Fixed lending rate charged by bidder
Acquisition of capital assets	3 years	R3 500 000	9.75 % (All in Rate NACS)

Loan amortization table

Bi-annual date	Capital	Interest	Payment (equal instalments)	Balance
Half-year payment 1	3 500 000	85 079	671 145	2 913 934
Half-year payment 2	2 913 934	144 000	671 145	2 386 789
Half-year payment 3	2 386 789	116 037	671 145	1 831 681
Half-year payment 4	1 831 681	89 539	671 145	1 250 074
Half-year payment 5	1 250 074	60 774	671 145	639 703
Half-year payment 6	639 703	31 442	671 145	0
Total		R526 871	R4 026 871	

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

That approval be granted by Council for the incurrence of long-term debt for the procurement of vehicles.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the incurrence of long-term debt be held in abeyance until after the advertisement thereof and again be submitted to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council for a resolution.

Council unanimously resolved on 31 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the incurrence of long-term debt be held in abeyance until after the advertisement thereof and again be submitted to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council for a resolution.

The incurrence of the long-term debt was re-advertised on 9 November 2018 and no comments were received.

The following recommendation is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

That approval be granted by Council for the incurrence of long-term debt for the procurement of vehicles.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

That approval be granted by Council for the incurrence of long-term debt for the procurement of vehicles.

8.2 Direktoraat Tegniese Dienste / Directorate Technical Services

8.2.1 Elektrisiteit: Straatbeligting: Waboomstraat, Prince Alfred's Hamlet (16/3/3/3)

Item 7.2.1 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee-vergadering, wat nog gehou moet word, verwys.

'n Memorandum vanaf die Senior Bestuurder: Elektrotegniese Dienste, gedateer 15 Oktober 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 8.2.1**.

Die volgende aanbeveling word aan die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee voorgelê:

Dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

- (i) Dat die Raad kennis neem van die probleemsituasie en die uitdagings wat daarmee gepaardgaan.
- (ii) Dat die Elektrisiteitsdepartement goedkeuring ontvang vir werke op die ESKOMnetwerk met betrekking tot onderhoud en herstelwerk.
- (iii) Dat die Raad kennis neem dat daar fondse beskikbaar is om die nodige werk te voltooi.
- (iv) Dat die Raad, indien dit ondersteun word, goedkeuring gee vir die installasie van bates, soos uiteengesit in die item, op die ESKOM-netwerk vir dié geval, weens die feit dat die bestaande kontrak met ESKOM skade deur vandalisme uitsluit.
- (v) Basiese dienslewering deur die munisipaliteit word vervat as `n doelstelling in die konstitusie dit sluit dan ook in die bevordering van `n veilige en gesonde omgewing. Dit word ook vervat in die Munisipale Stelselswet.

AANBEVEEL

Dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

- (i) Dat die Raad kennis neem van die probleemsituasie en die uitdagings wat daarmee gepaardgaan.
- (ii) Dat die Elektrisiteitsdepartement goedkeuring ontvang vir werke op die ESKOMnetwerk met betrekking tot onderhoud en herstelwerk.
- (iii) Dat die Raad kennis neem dat daar fondse beskikbaar is om die nodige werk te voltooi.
- (iv) Dat die Raad, indien dit ondersteun word, goedkeuring gee vir die installasie van bates, soos uiteengesit in die item, op die ESKOM-netwerk vir dié geval, weens die feit dat die bestaande kontrak met ESKOM skade deur vandalisme uitsluit.
- (v) Basiese dienslewering deur die munisipaliteit word vervat as `n doelstelling in die konstitusie dit sluit dan ook in die bevordering van `n veilige en gesonde omgewing. Dit word ook vervat in die Munisipale Stelselswet.

8.2.2 Policy: Development charges (15/4/P)

Item 7.2.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, still to be held, refers.

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Memorandum from Director: Technical Services, dated 21 November 2018: Annexure 8.2.2(a).
- (b) Witzenberg Municipality Development Charges Policy: Annexure 8.2.2(b).
- (c) Services Agreement for Private Residential Township Development: Annexure 8.2.2(c).

The following recommendation is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that the Development Charges Policy (revision 00) be adopted as a policy document.
- (b) that the Services Agreement for Private Residential Township Development be adopted as a policy document.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that the Development Charges Policy (revision 00) be adopted as a policy document.
- (b) that the Services Agreement for Private Residential Township Development be adopted as a policy document.

8.2.3 Appèl teen tweede wooneenheid: Erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres (15/4/R)

Die volgende items verwys:

- (a) Item 8.2.1 van die raadsvergadering gehou op 25 Januarie 2016.
- (b) Item 7.2.4 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee-vergadering gehou op 30 Oktober 2018.
- (c) Item 8.2.5 van die raadsvergadering gehou op 31 Oktober 2018.
- (d) Item 7.2.3 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee-vergadering wat nog gehou moet word.

Die Raad het op 25 Januarie 2016 besluit dat die appèl van mnr. P Hardneck teen die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste se goedkeuring van die aansoek om vergunning vir 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres, gehandhaaf word.

'n Memorandum vanaf die Direkteur: Tegniese Dienste, gedateer 17 September 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 8.2.3**.

Die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee het op 30 Oktober 2018 besluit dat die aangeleentheid rakende die appèl teen 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres oorstaan tot die eerskomende vergadering.

Die Raad het op 31 Oktober 2018 eenparig besluit dat die aangeleentheid rakende die appèl teen 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres oorstaan tot die eerskomende vergadering.

Die aangeleentheid word aan die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee voorgelê vir oorweging.

AANBEVEEL

Ter oorweging van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee se aanbeveling aan die Raad.

8.3 Direktoraat Gemeenskapsdienste / Directorate Community Services

8.3.1 Housing project: Vredebes, Ceres (17/4/1/1/2/4)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 6.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Housing Matters, held on 6 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.3.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.
- (c) Item 8.3.5 of the council meeting held on 31 October 2018.

During the discussion of the monthly reports of the Section Housing for June, July and August 2018 the meeting was informed by the Manager: Housing that ASLA will start with the 154 single dwellings as per approved lay-out plan for Phase One. Council still needs to make a final decision in respect of the rest of the structures.

The Committee for Housing Matters resolved on 6 September 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council that ASLA waits on the decision of Council regarding the construction of houses and that the Integrated List first needs to be approved by the Committee for Housing Matters.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (i) that Messrs ASLA is awaiting the decision of Council regarding the construction of houses.
- (ii) that the Integrated List first needs to be approved by the Committee for Housing Matters.

Council unanimously resolved on 31 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the housing project at Vredebes, Ceres be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (i) that Messrs ASLA is awaiting the decision of Council regarding the construction of houses.
- (ii) that the Integrated List first needs to be approved by the Committee for Housing Matters.

8.4 Direktoraat Korporatiewe Dienste / Directorate Corporate Services

8.4.1 Proposed council meeting program: January until March 2019 (3/1/2/3)

Item 7.4.1 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, still to be held, refers.

The following memorandum, dated 23 November 2018, was received from the Manager: Administration:

"1. Purpose

To obtain the approval of the Executive Mayoral Committee as well as Council for the proposed Council meeting program for January until March 2019.

2. For decision

Council.

3. Executive summary

The Council meeting program and meeting schedule for January until March 2019 are attached as **annexure 8.4.1**. The program is essentially similar to that of 2018. It is recommended that the attached program for the period January until March 2019 be approved. Numerous requests were lodged to SALGA to provide their 2019 meeting and workshop dates, but nothing has been received to date. This is a phenomenon which happens every year and therefore the request for a quarterly approval.

Council is requested to approve the meeting program for January until March 2019 and that the program be finalised when the SALGA dates have been received. The quarterly Council meeting program of the Witzenberg Municipality has been synchronised with the meeting dates of the Cape Winelands District Municipality and is now submitted to Council for approval.

4. Discussion

4.1 Background and discussion

In terms of Section 19 of the Local Government Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) the Municipal Manager must give notice to the public in a manner determined by the Municipal Council of the time, dates and venues of every ordinary meeting of the Council and special or urgent meetings of the Council except when time constraints make this impossible.

The proposed Council meeting program for January until March 2019 provides the list of scheduled meetings of Council, the Executive Mayoral Committee, the various Section 80 Committees, Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC), Performance, Risk and Audit Committee (PRAC) and the Local Labour Forum (LLF) with the applicable time and date of the meetings.

Senior Management meetings are once again proposed to be held every Monday, Committee for Housing Matters on the second Thursday of every month, Section 80 Committee meetings on the third Wednesday and Thursday of every month, Council workshops on the days prior to the Council meeting and Council meetings on the last Wednesday of the month, depending on specific circumstances. Council meetings are also synchronised with the Council meetings of the Cape Winelands District Municipality.

4.2 Constitutional and policy implications

This program has no constitutional and policy implications for the municipality.

4.3 Environmental implications

This program has not environmental implications.

4.4 Financial implications

The monthly Council meetings are published in the local community newspaper, the cost of which is duly budgeted for.

4.5 Legal implications

In terms of Section 19 of the Local Government Municipals Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) the Municipal Manager must give notice to the public in a manner determined by the Municipal Council of the time, date and venue of every ordinary meeting of the Council and special or urgent meetings of the Council except when time constraints make this impossible.

Council meetings are planned for every month except for June, September and November and this exceeds the minimum requirement of one meeting per quarter as prescribed.

All legislative and policy requirements are complied with."

The following recommendation is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council approves the proposed Council meeting program for January until March 2019.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council approves the proposed Council meeting program for January until March 2019.

8.4.2 Personnel matters: Closure of municipal offices: 20, 21, 24, 27, 28 and 31 December 2018 and 2 January 2019 (04/2/8)

Item 7.4.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, still to be held, refers.

For the past few years the Municipal offices have been closed in December and January for the festive season.

The Municipal Manager proposed:

- (a) That business hours for 20 December 2018 shall be from 08:00 to 15:00.
- (b) That all employees be granted paid leave for 21, 24, 27, 28 and 31 December 2018 and 2 January 2019.
- (c) That essential service staff as well as standby officials in all departments perform services as directed on 20, 21, 24, 27, 28 and 31 December 2018 and 2 January 2019.
- (d) That the municipality resumes full services on 3 January 2019.

The following recommendation is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that business hours for 20 December 2018 shall be from 08:00 to 15:00.
- (b) that all employees be granted paid leave for 21, 24, 27, 28 and 31 December 2018 and 2 January 2019.
- (c) that essential service staff as well as standby officials in all departments perform services as directed on 20, 21, 24, 27, 28 and 31 December 2018 and 2 January 2019.
- (d) that the municipality resumes full services on 3 January 2019.

RECOMMENDED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that business hours for 20 December 2018 shall be from 08:00 to 15:00.
- (b) that all employees be granted paid leave for 21, 24, 27, 28 and 31 December 2018 and 2 January 2019.
- (c) that essential service staff as well as standby officials in all departments perform services as directed on 20, 21, 24, 27, 28 and 31 December 2018 and 2 January 2019.
- (d) that the municipality resumes full services on 3 January 2019.

8.4.3 Service delivery: Phases 4 and 5, Prince Alfred's Hamlet (2/2/2)

Item 7.4.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, still to be held, refers.

A memorandum from the residents of Phases 4 and 5 of Prince Alfred's Hamlet, dated 14 November 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.4.3**.

The matter is tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee for consideration.

RECOMMENDED

For consideration of the Executive Mayoral Committee's recommendation to Council.

9. URGENT MATTERS SUBMITTED AFTER DISPATCHING OF THE AGENDA

- 10. FORMAL AND STATUTORY MATTERS
- 10.1 Feedback on matters of outside bodies (3/R)
- 11. QUESTIONS and/or MATTERS RAISED by COUNCILLORS
- 12. COUNCIL-IN-COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE COUNCIL MEETING OF WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY, HELD IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, MUNICIPAL OFFICES, 50 VOORTREKKER STREET, CERES ON WEDNESDAY, 31 OCTOBER 2018 AT 10:00

PRESENT

Aldermen and Councillors

Alderman TT Godden (Speaker) Councillor BC Klaasen (Executive Mayor) Alderlady JT Phungula Alderman JW Schuurman Alderman HJ Smit Councillor EM Sidego Councillor TE Abrahams Councillor P Daniels Councillor P Heradien Councillor MD Jacobs Councillor D Kinnear Councillor GG Laban Councillor C Lottering Councillor M Mdala Councillor TP Mgoboza Councillor ZS Mzauziwa Councillor N Phatsoane Councillor RJ Simpson Councillor D Swart

Officials

Mr D Nasson (Municipal Manager) Mr P van den Heever (Acting Director: Technical Services) Mr HJ Kritzinger (Director: Finance) Mr M Mpeluza (Director: Corporate Services) Mr G Louw (Head: Internal Audit) Ms L Nieuwenhuis (Legal Advisor) Mr A Hofmeester (IDP Manager) Mr CG Wessels (Manager: Administration) Ms MJ Prins (Acting Principal Administrative Officer) Mr C Titus (Committee Clerk) Ms M Badela (Interpreter)

1. OPENING AND WELCOME

The Speaker welcomed everyone present and after that requested Councillor P Heradien to open the meeting with a prayer.

NOTED

2. CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATION FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE, IF ANY (3/1/2/1)

Applications for leave of absence from the meeting were received from Alderman JJ Visagie (DA), the Deputy Executive Mayor, Alderman K Adams (DA) and Councillor H Visagie (ANC).

An apology for absence from the meeting was received from the Director: Technical Services.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that the applications for leave of absence from the meeting, received from Alderman JJ Visagie (DA), the Deputy Executive Mayor, Alderman K Adams (DA) and Councillor H Visagie (ANC), be approved and accepted.
- (b) that notice be taken of the apology for absence from the meeting, received from the Director: Technical Services.

3. STATEMENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS OR MATTERS RAISED

3.1 Gratitude, Congratulations and Commiseration (11/4/3)

The Speaker conveyed Council's congratulations to the following Councillors, Alderman and spouses on their birthdays:

4 August

28 August

12 September

15 September

24 September

30 September

6 October

17 October

20 October

*	Ms Anthea Klaasen
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- Councillor P Heradien
- Ms Clara Laban
- Mr Joseph Visagie
- Mis Lorna Visagie
- Councillor D Swart
- Councillor D Swart
 Councillor T Abrahams
- Alderman J Visagie
- Alderman 3 visagle
 Ms Karin Swart

NOTED.

3.2 Matters raised by the Speaker (09/1/1)

- (a) The Speaker announced to Council that a Yearend and Long Service Award function for municipal staff will be held at R150-00 per person on 6 December 2018. Council indicated that they will only attend by invitation.
- (b) A Council Yearend function was discussed, but uniformity could not be reached with regard to the form and dress code.

NOTED

3.3 Matters raised by the Executive Mayor

(09/1/1)

- (a) The Executive Mayor conveyed condolences to the people of George who experienced several casualties due to forest fires in the area.
- (b) The Executive Mayor requested that although the dam is full and enough water is available, the residents be reminded to save water.
- (c) The Executive Mayor requested that the graveyards be kept clean and up to standard as a sign of respect.
- (d) The Executive Mayor congratulated Delicious Rugby Club for celebrating their 80th anniversary.
- (e) The Executive Mayor thanked everybody for their support during the community unrest. Criminal charges were laid against the culprits for damages to municipal and Councillors' property and life threats.
- (f) The Executive Mayor mentioned that a by-election will be held in Ward 9 on 21 November 2018 and wished all the parties good luck.
- (g) The Executive Mayor requested that all Councillors complete the SASRIA forms for insurance against damage to personal property and vehicles during community unrest. The forms were distributed by the Department Administration.

NOTED

4. MINUTES

4.1 Approval of minutes (3/1/2/3)

The following minutes are attached:

- (a) Council meeting held on 25 July 2018: Annexure 4.1(a).
- (b) Special Council meeting held on 23 August 2018: Annexure 4.1(b).

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

That the following minutes be approved and signed by the Speaker:

- (i) Council meeting held on 25 July 2018.
- (b) Special Council meeting held on 23 August 2018.

4.2 Outstanding matters (3/3/2)

Number	File reference	Heading, item no. and date	Directorate	Action	Progress	Target date
4.2.1	7/1/4/2	Item 8.4.2 of 5 December 2017 Request to purchase erf 3605, Ceres or a portion thereof	Municipal Manager	That the matter be held in abeyance until the next meeting.	Awaiting outcome of meeting between MEC for Housing and Bella Vista community	
4.2.2	17/4/2/1 & 17/4/2/P	Item 12.2.1 of 5 December 2017 Constitutional obligation of municipalities to provide suitable alternative accommodation in evictions	Corporate Services	That the matter be held in abeyance until being workshopped by Council.		

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

That notice be taken of the outstanding matters.

5. MOTIONS AND NOTICE OF SUGGESTIONS

None

NOTED

6. INTERVIEWS WITH DELEGATIONS

None

NOTED

7. GEDELEGEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE / DELEGATED POWERS

7.1 Minutes: Committee meetings (03/3/2)

The minutes of the following meetings are attached:

- (a) Performance, Risk and Audit Committee, held on 4 May 2018: Annexure 7.1(a).
- (b) Executive Mayoral Committee, held on 28 May 2018: Annexure 7.1(b).
- (c) Committee for Housing Matters, held on 7 June 2018: Annexure 7.1(c).
- (d) Committee for Technical Services, held on 13 June 2018: Annexure 7.1(d).
- (e) Local Labour Forum, held on 20 June 2018: Annexure 7.1(e).
- (f) Special Executive Mayoral Committee, held on 28 June 2018: Annexure 7.1(f).
- (g) Special Performance, Risk and Audit Committee, held on 17 August 2018: Annexure 7.1(g).
- (h) Committee for Housing Matters, held on 6 September 2018: Annexure 7.1(h).

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the minutes of the committee meetings and same be accepted.

8. GERESERVEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE / RESERVED POWERS

8.1 Direktoraat Finansies / Directorate Finance

8.1.1 Performance, Risk and Audit Committee: 1st Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management: 2017/2018 (5/14/4)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018.
- (b) Item 8.1.3 of the Council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.
- (c) Item 7.1.1 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018 is attached as annexure 8.1.1.

The following memorandum, dated 13 April 2018, was received from the Head: Internal Audit:

"The attached report was received from the Chairperson of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee.

Background

In terms of the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 14(4)(a), 'A performance audit committee must –

- (i) review the quarterly reports submitted to it in terms of sub regulation (1)(c)(ii);
- (ii) review the municipality's performance management system and make recommendations in this regard to the council of the municipality; and
- (iii) at least twice during a financial year submit an audit report to the municipal council concerned.'

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee (PRAC) have conducted a mandatory review of the municipality's Performance Management System in terms of the Municipal Planning and Performance Regulations. The purpose of this report is to inform the Municipal Council regarding the result of the review that focuses on economy, efficiency, effectiveness and impact in so far as the key performance indicators and performance targets are concerned."

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the matter in respect of the First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018 be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

Council resolved on 25 July 2018 that notice be taken that the matter in respect of the First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018 was held in abeyance by the Executive Mayoral Committee until the next meeting.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.1.2 Delegated powers to Performance, Risk and Audit Committee (5/14/P)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 4 May 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.4 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018.
- (c) Item 8.1.4 of the Council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.
- (d) Item 7.1.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 4 May 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that Council, in terms of MFMA Circular 65, considers that the Internal Audit Plan and the Internal Audit Charter have been approved by the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and that Council takes notice and accepts same.

The Municipal Finance Management Act Section 165, states that the Audit Committee is an independent advisory body which must advise the municipal Council, the political office bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality on matters relating to internal financial control and internal audit.

National Treasury Circular 65 under roles and responsibilities states the following:

The audit committee must in relation to internal audit:

- Ensure that the charter, independence and activities of the internal audit function are clearly understood and respond to the objectives of the municipality and the legal framework.
- Regularly review the functional and administrative reporting lines of the internal auditor to ensure that the organizational structure is consistent with the principles of independence and accountability.
- Review and approve the internal audit charter, including internal audit strategic plan.
- Confirm that the annual audit plan makes provision for critical risk areas in the municipality.
- Advise the municipality on resources allocated to give effect to the work outputs of the internal audit function.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council delegates the authority to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee to approve the Internal Audit Plans and for Council to be advised accordingly.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the matter in respect of delegated powers to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

Council resolved on 25 July 2018 that notice be taken that the matter in respect of delegated powers to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee was held in abeyance by the Executive Mayoral Committee until the next meeting.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council delegates the authority to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee to approve the Internal Audit Plans and for Council to be advised accordingly.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that Council delegates the authority to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee to approve the Internal Audit Plans and for Council to be advised accordingly.

8.1.3 Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] Report: First quarter of 2018/2019 (1 July 2018 to 30 September 2018) (9/1/2/2)

Item 7.1.20 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

The following report, dated 23 October 2018, was received from the Director: Finance:

"1. Purpose

The purpose of this memorandum is to submit the Quarterly Budget Statement Report to Council for information.

2. Background

The required report in terms of Section 52(d) is attached as **annexure 8.1.3**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

(a) that notice be taken of the tabling of the Quarterly Budget Statement Report in terms of Section 52(d) for the period 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2018.

(b) that the report be referred to Council's Municipal Public Accounts Committee and Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Committees for their recommendations to Council.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that notice be taken of the tabling of the Quarterly Budget Statement Report in terms of Section 52(d) for the period 1 July 2018 to 30 September 2018.
- (b) that the report be referred to Council's Municipal Public Accounts Committee and Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Committees for their recommendations to Council.

8.1.4 Internal audit report: Performance Management System: Quarter 1 of 2017/2018 (5/14/3)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 6.4 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 2 March 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Performance Management System report for the first quarter of 2017/2018, dated October 2017, is attached as **annexure 8.1.4**.

The Head: Internal Audit submitted the Internal Audit Report on the Performance Management System for the first quarter of 2017/2018. The following were highlighted:

- Findings 1 to 4 relates to compliance findings related to KPI's:
 - detect corrective measures timeously
 - corrective actions not implemented
 - Section 52 Report not submitted timeously to the Executive Mayor.
 - Performance agreement of Chief Financial Officer uploaded on website, but not signed.
 - Inadequate capturing of expenditure with regard to new council chambers. Management implemented corrective actions timeously.
- The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee enquired with regard to the seriousness of the grading of the finding. The Municipal Manager was of the opinion that the grading of finding be evaluated in the context thereof and also that corrective measures had been implemented timeously. The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee mentioned that the context is important, however, Internal Audit has a responsibility to report and to mention if corrective actions had been implemented.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 2 March 2018:

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report on the Performance Management System for the first quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report on the Performance Management System for the first quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report on the Performance Management System for the first quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.

8.1.5 Internal audit report: Performance Management System: Quarter 2 of 2017/2018 (5/14/3)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 6.1 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 2 March 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.4 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Performance Management System report for the second quarter of 2017/2018, dated February 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.1.5**.

The Head: Internal Audit submitted the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance Management System for the second quarter of 2017/2018. The following were highlighted:

- The Municipal Manager mentioned that a clean audit is not only about compliance, but to take it to the next level of value for money.
- Management implemented corrective action in respect of the Section 52 report submitted timeously to the Executive Mayor.
- The Municipal Manager mentioned that SMART KPI's cannot be achieved if the capital is not achieved. The allocation of the Department of Water Affairs was taken out of the Adjustment Budget due to matters outside of the municipality's control.
- AGSA informed that in the AGSA report are explanations why targets are not achieved. AGSA had looked at the evidence submitted and evaluated it according to the reasons why the municipality did not achieve its targets.
- That the blue identity book is still valid although it is not barcoded. Internal Audit will change the finding before submitting the report to Council.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 2 March 2018:

- (a) that the Head: Internal Audit updates and corrects the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance Management System for the second quarter of 2017/2018 with regard to:
 - (i) that the blue identity book is still valid.
 - (ii) the error in the summary with regard to finding 9 be rectified.
- (b) that the Head: Internal Audit submits the amended report supra (a) to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council.
- (c) that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance Management System for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance Management System for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance Management System for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.

8.1.6 Risk Management Report: Third Quarter 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 4 May 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.5 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

Die Risk Management Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018, dated March 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.1.6**.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 4 May 2018:

- (a) that the Chief Risk Officer in respect of the top risks per strategic objectives, where controls are weak, puts action plans in place.
- (b) that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Risk Management Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018 and accepts same.

(c) To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that Council, in terms of MFMA Circular 65, considers that the Internal Audit Plan and the Internal Audit Charter have been approved by the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and that Council takes notice and accepts same.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council, in terms of MFMA Circular 65, considers that the Internal Audit Plan and the Internal Audit Charter have been approved by the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and that Council takes notice and accepts same.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that Council, in terms of MFMA Circular 65, considers that the Internal Audit Plan and the Internal Audit Charter have been approved by the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and that Council takes notice and accepts same.

8.1.7 Status report on implementation of internal audit findings: Quarter 1 of 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.4 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 2 March 2018.
- (b) Item 8.2 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 4 May 2018.
- (c) Item 7.1.6 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the first quarter of 2017/2018, dated September 2017, is attached as **annexure 8.1.7**.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee:

That notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the first quarter of 2017/2018, dated September 2017.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 2 March 2018 that the matter about the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the first quarter of 2017/2018 be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 4 May 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the first quarter of 2017/2018, dated September 2017, and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the first quarter of 2017/2018, dated September 2017, and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the first quarter of 2017/2018, dated September 2017, and same be accepted.

8.1.8 Status report on implementation of internal audit findings: Quarter 2 of 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.5 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 2 March 2018.
- (b) Item 8.3 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 4 May 2018.
- (c) Item 7.1.7 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the second quarter of 2017/2018, dated December 2017, is attached as **annexure 8.1.8**.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 2 March 2018 that the matter about the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the second quarter of 2017/2018 be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 4 May 2018:

- (a) that the Department of Finance improves on the percentage of findings implemented.
- (b) To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.1.9 Section 71 Monthly reports of the Directorate Finance: April, May, June, July and August 2018 (9/1/2/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Corporate and Financial Services, held on 20 September 2018.
- (b) Items 8.1 and 8.2 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (c) Item 7.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Corporate and Financial Services, held on 18 October 2018.
- (d) Item 7.1.8 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The following Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance are attached:

(a)	April 2018	Annexure 8.1.9(a)
(b)	May 2018	Annexure 8.1.9(b)
(c)	June 2018	Annexure 8.1.9(c)
(d)	July 2018	Annexure 8.1.9(d)
(e)	August 2018	Annexure 8.1.9(e)

The Committee for Corporate and Financial Services resolved on 20 September 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the Committee for Corporate and Financial Services takes notice, after consideration of the content of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance for April, May, June and July 2018, and same be approved and accepted.

Extract from the minutes of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018:

"The Director: Finance tabled the Section 71 monthly reports of the Department Finance for July and August 2018. The following was highlighted:

- The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee expressed concern with regard to debt increase. Debt collection is a challenge.
- The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee observed an increase in the number of indigents.
- The Director: Finance explained that Council has decided to write off only debt as prescribed and also the debt of indigents."

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance for July and August 2018 and same be accepted.

The Committee for Corporate and Financial Services resolved on 18 October 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the Committee for Corporate and Financial Services takes notice, after consideration of the content of the Section 71 monthly report of the Department Finance for August 2018, that same be approved and accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance for April, May, June, July and August 2018 and, after consideration, same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance for April, May, June, July and August 2018 and, after consideration, same be accepted.

8.1.10 Finance: Incurrence of long-term debt (5/9)

Item 7.1.9 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

The following memorandum, dated 3 October 2018, was received from the Director: Finance:

"1. Purpose

The purpose of this report is to table the proposed incurrence of Long-term Borrowing for consideration to the Executive Mayor and Council.

2. Legal framework

Section 46(3) of the MFMA states the following:

- (3) A municipality may incur long-term debt only if the Accounting Officer of the municipality
 - (a) has, in accordance with Section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act
 - at least 21 days prior to the meeting of the Council at which approval for the debt is to be considered, made public an information statement setting out particulars of the proposed debt, including the amount of the proposed debt, the purposes for which the debt is to be incurred and particulars of any security to be provided; and
 - (ii) invited the public, the National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury to submit written comments or representations to the Council in respect of the proposed debt; and

- (b) has submitted a copy of the information statement to the municipal Council at least 21 days prior to the meeting of the Council, together with particulars of
 - (i) the essential repayment terms, including the anticipated debt repayment schedule, and
 - (ii) the anticipated total cost in connection with such debt over the repayment period.'

3. Discussion

The cost of full maintenance lease has been compared to the cost of procuring vehicles and it was determined that procuring vehicles are the better option for the municipality.

The proposed loan and the funds budgeted for leasing of vehicles can be used to fund the following vehicles:

Small sedans			10
Performance	sedans	(Traffic	2
department)			
Small LDV			3
One ton LDV			11

A tender process was followed to identify a service provider for the long-term loan and it was recommended by the Bid Adjudication Committee that the tender 8/2/15/39 be awarded to NEDBANK.

Particulars of the proposed debt are as follow:

Amount of debt to be incurred: R3 500 000.

Purpose for which the debt is to be incurred: Vehicles: R3 500 000

Security to be provided: None

Repayment terms are as follow:

Description	Term of Ioan	Amount of loan required	Fixed lending rate charged by bidder
Acquisition of capital assets	3 years	R3 500 000	9.75 % (All in Rate NACS)

Loan amortization table

Bi-annual date	Capital	Interest	Payment (equal instalments)	Balance
Half-year payment 1	3 500 000	85 079	671 145	2 913 934
Half-year payment 2	2 913 934	144 000	671 145	2 386 789
Half-year payment 3	2 386 789	116 037	671 145	1 831 681
Half-year payment 4	1 831 681	89 539	671 145	1 250 074
Half-year payment 5	1 250 074	60 774	671 145	639 703
Half-year payment 6	639 703	31 442	671 145	0
Total		R526 871	R4 026 871	

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

That approval be granted by Council for the incurrence of long-term debt for the procurement of vehicles.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the incurrence of long-term debt be held in abeyance until after the advertisement thereof and again be submitted to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council for a resolution.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the incurrence of long-term debt be held in abeyance until after the advertisement thereof and again be submitted to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council for a resolution.

8.1.11 Risk Management Report: Fourth Quarter 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.10 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018, dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.1.11**.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee advised that the ICT Steering Committee attends to strategic matters. There is currently too much operational matters.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.1.12 Annual Risk Assessment Report (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.2 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.11 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Annual Risk Assessment Report, dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.1.12**.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Annual Risk Assessment Report and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Annual Risk Assessment Report and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Annual Risk Assessment Report and same be accepted.

8.1.13 Internal Audit Overtime Report (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.6 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 2 March 2018.
- (b) Item 8.3 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (c) Item 7.1.12 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Internal Audit Overtime Report, dated January 2018, is attached as annexure 8.1.13.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 2 March 2018 that the matter about the Internal Audit Overtime Report be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee expressed appreciation that overtime expenditure is justified, mostly in emergency cases.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Overtime Report and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Overtime Report and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Overtime Report and same be accepted.

8.1.14 Quarterly report of Mayor on implementation of budget and state of affairs of municipality / SDBIP: Section 52(d): Third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) (9/1/1 & 9/1/2/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.4 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.13 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

Note: The Quarterly Budget Statement Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) is not attached as it was already tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council on 28 and 29 May 2018.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Quarterly Section 52(d) report of the Executive Mayor on the implementation of the budget and state of affairs of the municipality for the third quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) That notice be taken that the Quarterly Budget Statement Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) was tabled to and accepted by Council on 29 May 2018.
- (b) That notice be taken that the Quarterly Budget Statement Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) was tabled to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that notice be taken that the Quarterly Budget Statement Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) was tabled to and accepted by Council on 29 May 2018.
- (b) that notice be taken that the Quarterly Budget Statement Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) was tabled to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee.

8.1.15 Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] Report: Fourth quarter of 2017/2018 (1 April 2018 to 30 June 2018) (9/1/2/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 9.1 of the council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.
- (b) Item 8.5 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (c) Item 7.1.14 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The following memorandum, dated 23 July 2018, was received from the Director: Finance:

"1. Purpose

The purpose of this memorandum is to submit the Quarterly Budget Statement to Council for information.

2. Background

The required report in terms of Section 52(d) is attached as annexure 8.1.15."

Council resolved on 25 July 2018:

- (a) that notice be taken of the tabling of the Quarterly Budget Statement Report in terms of Section 52(d) for the period 1 April 2018 to 30 June 2018.
- (b) that the report be referred to Council's Municipal Public Accounts Committee and Performance, Risk and Audit Committee for their recommendations to Council.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.1.16 Annual review of Internal Audit Charter: 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019 (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.6 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.15 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Internal Audit Charter with effect from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019, dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.1.16**.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Internal Audit Charter for the period 1 July 2018 until 30 June 2019 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Internal Audit Charter for the period 1 July 2018 until 30 June 2019 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Internal Audit Charter for the period 1 July 2018 until 30 June 2019 and same be accepted.

8.1.17 Annual review of Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter: 2018/2019 (5/14/3)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.7 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.16 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter, dated July 2018, is attached as annexure 8.1.17.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter for 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter for 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter for 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

8.1.18 Internal Audit Report: Year-end stock count: 2018 (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.8 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.17 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Internal Audit Report on the Year-end stock count for 2018 is attached as annexure 8.1.18.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the year-end stock count for 2018 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the year-end stock count for 2018 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the year-end stock count for 2018 and same be accepted.

8.1.19 PRAC Performance evaluations 2017/2018 (5/14/4)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.9 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.18 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

In terms of the Performance Risk and Audit Committee (PRAC) Charter, PRAC should assess its performance and achievements against its charter on an annual basis. The findings of the self-assessment should be presented by the Chairperson to the Accounting Officer and municipal Council. It is also best practice for PRAC to assess the internal audit unit and to report the outcome to the Accounting Officer and Council.

The results of the performance evaluations of PRAC and Internal Audit are attached:

- (a) PRAC Self-Assessment: **Annexure 8.1.19(a).**
- (b) PRAC Assessment of the Internal Audit Unit: **Annexure 8.1.19(b).**

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the PRAC Performance evaluations for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the PRAC Performance evaluations for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the PRAC Performance evaluations for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.1.20 Internal Audit Report: Compliance with Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA) (5/14/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.11 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1.19 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The Internal Audit Report on Compliance with the Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA), dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.1.20**.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 21 September 2018 that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Compliance with Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA) and same be accepted.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Compliance with Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA) and same be accepted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Compliance with Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA) and same be accepted.

8.2 Direktoraat Tegniese Dienste / Directorate Technical Services

8.2.1 Notule van vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg: 20 April 2018 (15/04/P)

Die volgende items verwys:

- (a) Item 7.3 van die vergadering van die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste, gehou op 23 Mei 2018.
- (b) Item 7.2.4 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee vergadering, gehou op 23 Julie 2018.
- (c) Item 8.2.5 van die Raadsvergadering, gehou op 25 Julie 2018.
- (d) Item 7.2.1 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee vergadering gehou op 30 Oktober 2018.

Die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 8.2.1**.

Die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste het op 23 Mei 2018 besluit:

Om by die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee en Raad aan te beveel:

dat die Raad kennis neem van die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018 en dat dit aanvaar word.

Die volgende aanbeveling is aan die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee voorgelê:

Dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

dat die Raad kennis neem van die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018 en dat dit aanvaar word.

Die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee het op 23 Julie 2018 besluit dat die aangeleentheid rakende die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018, oorstaan tot die eerskomende vergadering.

Die Raad het op 25 Julie 2018 eenparig besluit dat kennis geneem word dat die aangeleentheid rakende die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018, oorgehou is deur die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee tot die eerskomende vergadering.

Die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee het op 30 Oktober 2018 besluit dat die aangeleentheid rakende die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018, oorstaan tot die volgende vergadering.

EENPARIG BESLUIT

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018, oorstaan tot die eerskomende vergadering.

8.2.2 Policy: Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme (6/3/P)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 6.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 13 June 2018.
- (b) Item 7.2.5 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018.
- (c) Item 8.2.6 of the Council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Memorandum from Manager: Fleet and Mechanical Workshop, dated 9 May 2018: Annexure 8.2.2(a).
- (b) Policy: Witzenberg Municipal Workshop: Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme: **Annexure 8.2.2(b)**.
- (c) Daily vehicle pre-trip inspection form: **Annexure 8.2.2(c)**.
- (d) Vehicle log sheet: **Annexure 8.2.2(d)**.

The Manager: Fleet and Workshop tabled the Draft Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme.

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 13 June 2018:

- (a) that the Committee for Technical Services takes notice of the policy on the Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme.
- (b) that the Committee for Technical Services recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the matter pertaining to the Draft Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme be workshopped by Council.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council that the matter pertaining to the Draft Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme be workshopped by Council.

Council resolved on 25 July 2018 that the matter pertaining to the Draft Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme be workshopped by Council.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme be accepted and approved by Council.

8.2.3 Notariële akte van serwituut en samewerkingsooreenkoms: Ceres Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad: Koekedouw Dam (16/2/1/1/1)

Item 7.2.2 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee vergadering, gehou op 30 Oktober 2018, verwys.

Die volgende dokumente word aangeheg:

- (a) Memorandum van Direkteur: Tegniese Dienste, gedateer 18 Junie 2018: **Bylae 8.2.3(a)**.
- (b) Notule van vergadering van Ceres Koekedouw Bestuurskomitee: Bylae 8.2.3(b).
- (c) Begroting: CKB: Bylae 8.2.3(c).
- (d) Waterindeling van Koekedouw Dam: **Bylae 8.2.3(d)**.
- (e) Koekedouw Dam bedryfsvlakke: **Bylae 8.2.3(e)**.

Die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee het op 30 Oktober 2018 besluit dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

- (a) Begroting 2018/2019
 - (i) Dat kennis geneem word dat die begroting van die Ceres Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad vir die 2018/2019 finansiële jaar R1 559 184-00 is.
 - Dat kennis geneem word dat die Raad se bydrae beloop 59 %, soos per ons pro rata-kwota 10 miljoen m³, vir die 2018/2019-begroting, met ander woorde R919 918-56.
- (b) Bedryfsverslag

Dat kennis geneem word van die bedryfs- en ingenieursverslag.

- (c) SWOP (Omruil van waterkwotas soos per die ooreenkoms gedateer Julie 1996)
 - Die Raad stem nie saam met die voorstel soos gemaak deur die Besproeiingsraad in bylae (d) (Waterindeling van Koekedouw Dam soos vanaf 1 Mei 2018 – konsep voorstel) nie.
 - (ii) Dat bylae (e) (Bedryfsvlak-handleiding soos hersien op 1 Oktober 2017) sal dien as handleiding vir die verdeling van water tussen die Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad en Munisipaliteit Witzenberg.
 - (iii) Dat die Raad wanneer daar genoegsame water in die dam is, met ander woorde meer as twaalf maande se water in die dam is vir ons gebruik [soos per bylae (e)], gebaseer op ons kwota, ons dit aan die Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad verkoop met dien verstande dat die moment wanneer die damvlak sodanig is, dat ons kwota nie genoegsaam is vir twaalf maande se gebruik nie, die vergunning opgehef word.

- (iv) Dat die beginsel geld dat die Besproeiingsraad en Munisipaliteit Witzenberg hulle maandkwota kan oordra vir gebruik later in die betrokke seisoen.
- (v) Dat die Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad se wysiging van hulle maandelikse kwotas, in lyn met hulle besproeiingsbehoeftes goedgekeur word as volg:

Maand	Huidige kwota (m ³) (7M)	Kwota (m ³) (7M) (Voorstel)
Oktober	450 000	665 000
November	450 000	665 000
Desember	450 000	665 000
Januarie	450 000	665 000
Februarie	450 000	665 000
Maart	450 000	665 000
April	400 000	280 000
Mei	780 000	546 000
Junie	780 000	546 000
Julie	780 000	546 000
Augustus	780 000	546 000
September	780 000	546 000
Totaal	7 000 000	7 000 000

(d) Oordragwater

Dat 'n dispuut verklaar word volgens die CKB-ooreenkoms gedateer Julie 1996, wat die geskil volgens die Arbitrasiewet sal beslis.

(e) Voorsitterskap en verteenwoordiging

Dat die Raad kennis neem:

- (i) Dat Raadsheer JJ Visagie as Voorsitter sal dien vir die volgende jaar.
- (ii) Dat Munisipaliteit Witzenberg vir die volgende jaar die sekretariaat sal hanteer.
- (iii) Dat die Watersuperintendent, Branwell Schippers, aan die Bestuurder: Water en Riolering, Nathan Jacobs sal rapporteer.
- (f) Plaaslike Ingenieursaanstelling

Dat die Raad kennis neem dat die Bestuurder: Water en Riolering, Nathan Jacobs, 'n tender/kwotasiedokument sal optrek rakende die plaaslike ingenieur.

EENPARIG BESLUIT

- (a) Begroting 2018/2019
 - (i) Dat kennis geneem word dat die begroting van die Ceres Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad vir die 2018/2019 finansiële jaar R1 559 184-00 is.
 - (ii) Dat kennis geneem word dat die Raad se bydrae beloop 59 %, soos per ons pro rata-kwota 10 miljoen m³, vir die 2018/2019-begroting, met ander woorde R919 918-56.
- (b) Bedryfsverslag

Dat kennis geneem word van die bedryfs- en ingenieursverslag.

- (c) SWOP (Omruil van waterkwotas soos per die ooreenkoms gedateer Julie 1996)
 - Die Raad stem nie saam met die voorstel soos gemaak deur die Besproeiingsraad in bylae (d) (Waterindeling van Koekedouw Dam soos vanaf 1 Mei 2018 – konsep voorstel) nie.
 - (ii) Dat bylae (e) (Bedryfsvlak-handleiding soos hersien op 1 Oktober 2017) sal dien as handleiding vir die verdeling van water tussen die Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad en Munisipaliteit Witzenberg.
 - (iii) Dat die Raad wanneer daar genoegsame water in die dam is, met ander woorde meer as twaalf maande se water in die dam is vir ons gebruik [soos per bylae (e)], gebaseer op ons kwota, ons dit aan die Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad verkoop met dien verstande dat die moment wanneer die damvlak sodanig is, dat ons kwota nie genoegsaam is vir twaalf maande se gebruik nie, die vergunning opgehef word.
 - (iv) Dat die beginsel geld dat die Besproeiingsraad en Munisipaliteit Witzenberg hulle maandkwota kan oordra vir gebruik later in die betrokke seisoen.
 - (v) Dat die Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad se wysiging van hulle maandelikse kwotas, in lyn met hulle besproeiingsbehoeftes goedgekeur word as volg:

Maand	Huidige kwota (m ³) (7M)	Kwota (m ³) (7M) (Voorstel)
Oktober	450 000	665 000
November	450 000	665 000
Desember	450 000	665 000
Januarie	450 000	665 000
Februarie	450 000	665 000
Maart	450 000	665 000
April	400 000	280 000
Mei	780 000	546 000
Junie	780 000	546 000
Julie	780 000	546 000
Augustus	780 000	546 000
September	780 000	546 000

Totaal 7 000 000	7 000 000
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(d) Oordragwater

Dat 'n dispuut verklaar word volgens die CKB-ooreenkoms gedateer Julie 1996, wat die geskil volgens die Arbitrasiewet sal beslis.

(e) Voorsitterskap en verteenwoordiging

Dat die Raad kennis neem:

- (i) Dat Raadsheer JJ Visagie as Voorsitter sal dien vir die volgende jaar.
- (ii) Dat Munisipaliteit Witzenberg vir die volgende jaar die sekretariaat sal hanteer.
- (iii) Dat die Watersuperintendent, Branwell Schippers, aan die Bestuurder: Water en Riolering, Nathan Jacobs sal rapporteer.
- (f) Plaaslike Ingenieursaanstelling

Dat die Raad kennis neem dat die Bestuurder: Water en Riolering, Nathan Jacobs, 'n tender/kwotasiedokument sal optrek rakende die plaaslike ingenieur.

8.2.4 Fee amnesty for Early Childhood Development (ECD) facilities (15/4/P)

Item 7.2.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Manager: Town Planning and Building Control, dated 11 September 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.2.4**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that an amnesty period of six (6) months be given to existing Early Childhood Development (ECD) facilities from paying the rezoning and building plan fees.
- (b) that the Provincial Directorate: Early Childhood Development and Partial Care be requested to assist with the identification of Early Childhood Development facilities that operate without the necessary permits.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that an amnesty period of six (6) months be given to existing Early Childhood Development (ECD) facilities from paying the rezoning and building plan fees.
- (b) that the Provincial Directorate: Early Childhood Development and Partial Care be requested to assist with the identification of Early Childhood Development facilities that operate without the necessary permits.

8.2.5 Appèl teen tweede wooneenheid: Erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres (15/4/R)

Die volgende items verwys:

- (a) Item 8.2.1 van die raadsvergadering, gehou op 25 Januarie 2016.
- (b) Item 7.2.4 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee-vergadering gehou op 30 Oktober 2018.

Die Raad het op 25 Januarie 2016 besluit dat die appèl van mnr. P Hardneck teen die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste se goedkeuring van die aansoek om vergunning vir 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres, gehandhaaf word.

'n Memorandum vanaf die Direkteur: Tegniese Dienste, gedateer 17 September 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 8.2.5**.

Die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee het op 30 Oktober 2018 besluit dat die aangeleentheid rakende die appèl teen 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres oorstaan tot die eerskomende vergadering.

EENPARIG BESLUIT

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die appèl teen 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres oorstaan tot die eerkomende vergadering.

8.2.6 Verteenwoordiging van Raad op Ceres Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad (16/2/1/1/1)

Item 7.2.5 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee-vergadering, gehou op 30 Oktober 2018, verwys.

'n Memorandum vanaf die Voorsitter van die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste, gedateer 27 September 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 8.2.6**.

Die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee het op 30 Oktober 2018 besluit dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

dat raadsheer H Smit en raadslid T Godden aangewys word as die secundi vir die verteenwoordiging van die Raad op die Ceres Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad.

EENPARIG BESLUIT

Dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

dat raadsheer H Smit en raadsheer T Godden aangewys word as die secundi vir die verteenwoordiging van die Raad op die Ceres Koekedouw Besproeiingsraad.

8.2.7 Rehabilitations and improvements of the Van Breda Bridge over the Dwars River R46, Ceres Road, Ceres (16/04/4/6)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 19 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.2.6 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

A memorandum from the Manager: Streets and Storm Water, dated 3 August 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.2.7**.

The Manager: Streets and Storm Water reported on the latest development pertaining to the rehabilitation and improvement of the Van Breda Bridge over the Dwars River R46, Ceres Road, Ceres.

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 19 September 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the rehabilitations and improvements of the Van Breda Bridge over the Dwars River R46, Ceres Road, Ceres

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the rehabilitations and improvements of the Van Breda Bridge over the Dwars River R46, Ceres Road, Ceres.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the rehabilitations and improvements of the Van Breda Bridge over the Dwars River R46, Ceres Road, Ceres.

8.2.8 Electricity: Approval of Energy Plan (Small Scale Embedded Generation – SSEG) (16/3/P)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 19 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.2.7 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Memorandum from Senior Manager: Electro-Technical Services, dated 19 June 2018: Annexure 8.2.8(a).
- (b) Requirements for Small Scale Embedded Generation: **Annexure 8.2.8(b)**.
- (c) Contract for Small Scale Embedded Generation: Annexure 8.2.8(c).
- (d) Application for connection of Solar PV Embedded Generation: Annexure 8.2.8(d).
- (e) Small Scale Embedded Generation commissioning report: Annexure 8.2.8(e).
- (f) Small Scale Embedded Generation decommissioning report: Annexure 8.2.8(f).

The Manager: Electro-Technical Services reported pertaining to the importance of the approval of an Energy Plan (Small Scale Embedded Generation – SSEG).

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 19 September 2018 that the Committee for Technical Services recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that Council takes note of the co-authored inputs and documentation of the Association of Municipal Electrical Undertakings, Western Cape Provincial Government, Cape Town and Green Cape as the nationally accepted standardised policy related to the implementation of Renewable Energy (Small Scale Embedded Generation) within municipalities.
- (b) that Council adopts the NRS 097-2-1 (2010) and NRS 097-2-3 (2014) Grid Interconnection of Embedded Generation, Section 1 – Utility Interface, Section 2 – Simplified utility connection criteria for low-voltage connected generators as the basis of its Energy Plan and Small Scale Embedded Generation Policy.
- (c) that the supporting documents, including the undermentioned, are accepted as official documentation related to the application processes related to any consumer intending to install Renewable Energy:
 - (i) Requirements for Embedded Generation
 - (ii) Contract for Embedded Generation
 - (iii) Application Form
 - (iv) Commissioning Form
 - (v) Decommissioning Form
- (d) that any amendments to the relevant NRS standards automatically be included in the Councils Energy Policy.

- (e) that any amendment to the Electrical Bylaws as well as the implementation of a REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-In Tariff) tariff will automatically form part of the Council's Energy Policy as and when approved by Council.
- (f) that Council as a matter of priority determines a suitable REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-In Tariff) tariff as part of their proposed Tariff Study.
- (g) that Council reserves the right to refuse or limit the installation of Small Scale Embedded Generation plants if it is determined that they are having an onerous effect on the Quality of Supply of the Electrical Network of the municipality.
- (h) that once the total sum of approved Renewable Energy applications reaches 15 % of the municipality's ESKOM approved notified maximum demand for each town, no further applications will be considered without the approval of Council.
- (i) that any Large Power Users applying for permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants must supply proof of their facility having an average power factor of 0,85 or better before any application will be considered.
- (j) that all existing Small Scale Embedded Generation installations commissioned prior to the approval of this Energy Policy will be required to comply with the policy as amended from time to time, whilst the municipality reserves the right to install suitable bi-directional four quadrant meters to monitor that connection.
- (k) that any meters currently installed and allowed in writing by the municipality to run in reverse, will be expected to comply with these requirements once the REFIT tariff is implemented.
- (I) that for future applicants successfully requesting permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants, the costs of installing the required bi-directional four quadrant meters are for the applicants' costs.
- (m) that conventional or pre-payment meters are not allowed to run backwards.
- (n) that the matter pertaining to the Electricity: Approval of Energy Plan (Small Scale Embedded Generation SSEG) be workshopped by Council.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that Council takes note of the co-authored inputs and documentation of the Association of Municipal Electrical Undertakings, Western Cape Provincial Government, Cape Town and Green Cape as the nationally accepted standardised policy related to the implementation of Renewable Energy (Small Scale Embedded Generation) within municipalities.
- (b) that Council adopts the NRS 097-2-1 (2010) and NRS 097-2-3 (2014) Grid Interconnection of Embedded Generation, Section 1 – Utility Interface, Section 2 – Simplified utility connection criteria for low-voltage connected generators as the basis of its Energy Plan and Small Scale Embedded Generation Policy.

- (c) that the supporting documents, including the undermentioned, are accepted as official documentation related to the application processes related to any consumer intending to install Renewable Energy:
 - (i) Requirements for Embedded Generation
 - (ii) Contract for Embedded Generation
 - (iii) Application Form
 - (iv) Commissioning Form
 - (v) Decommissioning Form
- (d) that any amendments to the relevant NRS standards automatically be included in the Councils Energy Policy.
- (e) that any amendment to the Electrical Bylaws as well as the implementation of a REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-In Tariff) tariff will automatically form part of the Council's Energy Policy as and when approved by Council.
- (f) that Council as a matter of priority determines a suitable REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-In Tariff) tariff as part of their proposed Tariff Study.
- (g) that Council reserves the right to refuse or limit the installation of Small Scale Embedded Generation plants if it is determined that they are having an onerous effect on the Quality of Supply of the Electrical Network of the municipality.
- (h) that once the total sum of approved Renewable Energy applications reaches 15 % of the municipality's ESKOM approved notified maximum demand for each town, no further applications will be considered without the approval of Council.
- (i) that any Large Power Users applying for permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants must supply proof of their facility having an average power factor of 0,85 or better before any application will be considered.
- (j) that all existing Small Scale Embedded Generation installations commissioned prior to the approval of this Energy Policy will be required to comply with the policy as amended from time to time, whilst the municipality reserves the right to install suitable bi-directional four quadrant meters to monitor that connection.
- (k) that any meters currently installed and allowed in writing by the municipality to run in reverse, will be expected to comply with these requirements once the REFIT tariff is implemented.
- (I) that for future applicants successfully requesting permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants, the costs of installing the required bi-directional four quadrant meters are for the applicants' costs.
- (m) that conventional or pre-payment meters are not allowed to run backwards.
- (n) that the matter pertaining to the Electricity: Approval of Energy Plan (Small Scale Embedded Generation SSEG) be workshopped by Council.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that Council takes notice of the co-authored inputs and documentation of the Association of Municipal Electrical Undertakings, Western Cape Provincial Government, Cape Town and Green Cape as the nationally accepted standardised policy related to the implementation of Renewable Energy (Small Scale Embedded Generation) within municipalities.
- (b) that Council adopts the NRS 097-2-1 (2010) and NRS 097-2-3 (2014) Grid Interconnection of Embedded Generation, Section 1 – Utility Interface, Section 2 – Simplified utility connection criteria for low-voltage connected generators as the basis of its Energy Plan and Small Scale Embedded Generation Policy.
- (c) that the supporting documents, including the undermentioned, are accepted as official documentation related to the application processes related to any consumer intending to install Renewable Energy:
 - (i) Requirements for Embedded Generation
 - (ii) Contract for Embedded Generation
 - (iii) Application Form
 - (iv) Commissioning Form
 - (v) Decommissioning Form
- (d) that any amendments to the relevant NRS standards automatically be included in the Council's Energy Policy.
- (e) that any amendment to the Electrical Bylaws as well as the implementation of a REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-in Tariff) will automatically form part of Council's Energy Policy as and when approved by Council.
- (f) that the Administration will table a report to Council on a suitable REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-in Tariff) for further discussion.
- (g) that Council reserves the right to refuse or limit the installation of Small Scale Embedded Generation plants if it is determined that they are having an onerous effect on the Quality of Supply of the Electrical Network of the municipality.
- (h) that once the total sum of approved Renewable Energy applications reaches 15 % of the municipality's ESKOM approved notified maximum demand for each town, no further applications will be considered without the approval of Council.
- (i) that any Large Power Users applying for permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants must supply proof of their facility having an average power factor of 0,85 or better before any application will be considered.
- (j) that all existing Small Scale Embedded Generation installations commissioned prior to the approval of this Energy Policy will be required to comply with the policy as amended from time to time, whilst the municipality reserves the right to install suitable bi-directional four quadrant meters to monitor that connection.
- (k) that any meters currently installed and allowed in writing by the municipality to run in reverse, will be expected to comply with these requirements once the REFIT tariff is implemented.

- (I) that for future applicants successfully requesting permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants, the costs of installing the required bi-directional four quadrant meters are for the applicants' costs.
- (m) that conventional or pre-payment meters are not allowed to run backwards.
- (n) that the matter pertaining to the Electricity: Approval of Energy Plan (Small Scale Embedded Generation SSEG) be workshopped by Council.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that Council takes notice of the co-authored inputs and documentation of the Association of Municipal Electrical Undertakings, Western Cape Provincial Government, Cape Town and Green Cape as the nationally accepted standardised policy related to the implementation of Renewable Energy (Small Scale Embedded Generation) within municipalities.
- (b) that Council adopts the NRS 097-2-1 (2010) and NRS 097-2-3 (2014) Grid Interconnection of Embedded Generation, Section 1 – Utility Interface, Section 2 – Simplified utility connection criteria for low-voltage connected generators as the basis of its Energy Plan and Small Scale Embedded Generation Policy.
- (c) that the supporting documents, including the undermentioned, are accepted as official documentation related to the application processes related to any consumer intending to install Renewable Energy:
 - (i) Requirements for Embedded Generation
 - (ii) Contract for Embedded Generation
 - (iii) Application Form
 - (iv) Commissioning Form
 - (v) Decommissioning Form
- (d) that any amendments to the relevant NRS standards automatically be included in the Council's Energy Policy.
- (e) that any amendment to the Electrical Bylaws as well as the implementation of a REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-in Tariff) will automatically form part of Council's Energy Policy as and when approved by Council.
- (f) that the Administration will table a report to Council on a suitable REFIT (Renewable Energy Feed-in Tariff) for further discussion.
- (g) that Council reserves the right to refuse or limit the installation of Small Scale Embedded Generation plants if it is determined that they are having an onerous effect on the Quality of Supply of the Electrical Network of the municipality.
- (h) that once the total sum of approved Renewable Energy applications reaches 15 % of the municipality's ESKOM approved notified maximum demand for each town, no further applications will be considered without the approval of Council.
- (i) that any Large Power Users applying for permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants must supply proof of their facility having an average power factor of 0,85 or better before any application will be considered.

- (j) that all existing Small Scale Embedded Generation installations commissioned prior to the approval of this Energy Policy will be required to comply with the policy as amended from time to time, whilst the municipality reserves the right to install suitable bi-directional four quadrant meters to monitor that connection.
- (k) that any meters currently installed and allowed in writing by the municipality to run in reverse, will be expected to comply with these requirements once the REFIT tariff is implemented.
- (I) that for future applicants successfully requesting permission to install Small Scale Embedded Generation plants, the costs of installing the required bi-directional four quadrant meters are for the applicants' costs.
- (m) that conventional or pre-payment meters are not allowed to run backwards.
- (n) that the matter pertaining to the Electricity: Approval of Energy Plan (Small Scale Embedded Generation SSEG) be workshopped by Council.

8.2.9 Essential Services: Witzenberg Electrical Master Plan (16/3/1)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.3 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 19 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.2.8 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Memorandum from the Senior Manager: Electro-Technical Services, dated 27 June 2018: **Annexure 8.2.9(a)**.
- (b) Master Planning and Status Report on 11 kV structure in Ceres: Period 2018 2028: Document 1: Annexure 8.2.9(b).
- Master Planning and Status Report on 11 kV structure in Tulbagh: Period 2018 2028: Document 2: Annexure 8.2.9(c).
- (d) Master Planning and Status Report on 11 kV structure in Wolseley: Period 2018 2028: Document 3: Annexure 8.2.9(d).

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 19 September 2018 that the Committee for Technical Services recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that Council approves the "Master Planning and Status Report on the 11 kV infrastructure in Ceres, Tulbagh and Wolseley: Period 2018 - 2028" as developed by Neil Lyners and Associates in conjunction with the personnel of the Electrical Department.
- (b) that Council adopts the Electrical Master Plan as the primary source document for budgeting and forward planning.

(c) that the matter pertaining to Essential Services: Witzenberg Electrical Master Plan be workshopped with Council.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that Council approves the "Master Planning and Status Report on the 11 kV infrastructure in Ceres, Tulbagh and Wolseley: Period 2018 - 2028" as developed by Neil Lyners and Associates in conjunction with the personnel of the Electrical Department.
- (b) that Council adopts the Electrical Master Plan as the primary source document for budgeting and forward planning.
- (c) that the matter pertaining to Essential Services: Witzenberg Electrical Master Plan be workshopped with Council.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the Witzenberg Electrical Master Plan be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the Witzenberg Electrical Master Plan be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

8.2.10 Appeal: Portion 7 of farm Zagte Valley no. 224, Tulbagh: Schalkenbosch Winery: Application for consent use for purpose of wedding and function venue (15/4/2/281)

Item 7.2.9 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Director: Technical Services, dated 15 October 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.2.10**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the appeal of Mr M Jack against the decision of the Witzenberg Planning Tribunal to approve the application for consent use on Portion 7 of the farm Zagte Valley no. 224, Tulbagh be dismissed and the decision of the tribunal be maintained.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the item be removed from the agenda.

8.2.11 Appeal: Erf 321, Bergsig Street, Op-die-Berg: Consent use application for purpose of a bottle store (off-consumption) (15/4/1/5/10)

Item 7.2.10 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Director: Technical Services, dated 15 October 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.2.11**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the appeals of the Belmont Spar Committee and Mr Mars against the decision of the Witzenberg Planning Tribunal to approve the application for consent use on erf 321, Bergsig Street, Op-die-Berg be allowed and the application be refused.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the item be removed from the agenda.

8.3 Direktoraat Gemeenskapsdienste / Directorate Community Services

8.3.1 Report on site meetings and public participation process: Parks innovation programme (17/9/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.3.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018.
- (b) Item 8.3.2 of the Council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.
- (c) Item 7.3.1 of the Executive Mayoral Committee held on 30 October 2018.

A report from the Manager: Amenities and Environment, dated 4 April 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.3.1**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the matter in respect of the parks innovation programme be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

Council resolved on 25 July 2018 that notice be taken that the matter in respect of the parks innovation programme was held in abeyance by the Executive Mayoral Committee.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the report on site meetings and a public participation process for the parks innovation programme be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the matter with regard to the report on site meetings and a public participation process in respect of the parks innovation programme be held in abeyance and referred back to the Committee for Community Development.

8.3.2 Lease agreement: Vrolike Vinkies (7/1/4/1)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Community Development, held on 19 April 2018.
- (b) Item 7.3.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018.
- (c) Item 8.3.3 of the Council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.
- (d) Item 7.3.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

A memorandum from the Director: Community Services, dated 6 April 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.3.2**.

The Committee for Community Development resolved on 19 April 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that Council considers the request for the renewal of the lease agreement and the erection of Nutech building in relation to the future plans of The Island Resort.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council considers the request for the renewal of the lease agreement and the erection of Nutech building in relation to the future plans of The Island Resort.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the matter in respect of the lease agreement of Vrolike Vinkies be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

Council resolved on 25 July 2018 that notice be taken that the matter in respect of the lease agreement of Vrolike Vinkies was held in abeyance by the Executive Mayoral Committee.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council considers the request for the renewal of the lease agreement and the erection of Nutech building in relation to the future plans of The Island Resort.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the Vrolike Vinkies lease agreement be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the Vrolike Vinkies lease agreement be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

8.3.3 Witzenberg invasive species strategy, monitoring, control and eradication plans: Ceres Fynbos Reserve and Wolseley Commonage (17/9/2)

Item 7.3.6 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Manager: Amenities and Environment, dated 4 April 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.3.3**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the matter in respect of the Witzenberg invasive species strategy, monitoring, control and eradication plans for the Ceres Fynbos Reserve and Wolseley Commonage be approved and the plans and strategy be adopted.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the matter in respect of the Witzenberg invasive species strategy, monitoring, control and eradication plans for the Ceres Fynbos Reserve and Wolseley Commonage be approved and the plans and strategy be adopted.

8.3.4 Beleid vir behuisingstoekennings: Trichardtstraat-woonstelle (17/04/1/1/1)

Die volgende items verwys:

- (a) Item 9.1.6 van die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede, gehou op 7 Junie 2018.
- (b) Item 7.3.7 van die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee vergadering, gehou op 23 Julie 2018.
- (c) Item 8.3.6 van die Raadsvergadering, gehou op 25 Julie 2018.

'n Memorandum vanaf die Bestuurder: Behuising, gedateer 25 Mei 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 8.3.4**.

Die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede het op 7 Junie 2018 besluit om by die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee en Raad aan te beveel:

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die konsepbeleid vir behuisingstoekennings te Trichardtstraat-woonstelle gewerkswinkel word.

Die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee het op 23 Julie 2018 besluit dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel dat die aangeleentheid rakende die konsepbeleid vir behuisingstoekennings van die Trichardtstraat-woonstelle gewerkswinkel word.

Die Raad het op 25 Julie 2018 eenparig besluit dat die aangeleentheid rakende die konsepbeleid vir behuisingstoekennings te Trichardtstraat-woonstelle gewerkswinkel word.

EENPARIG BESLUIT

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die Beleid vir Behuisingstoekennings te Trichardtstraat-woonstelle deur die Raad gewerkswinkel word.

8.3.5 Housing project: Vredebes, Ceres (17/4/1/1/2/4)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 6.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Housing Matters, held on 6 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.3.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

During the discussion of the monthly reports of the Section Housing for June, July and August 2018 the meeting was informed by the Manager: Housing that ASLA will start with the 154 single dwellings as per approved lay-out plan for Phase One. Council still needs to make a final decision in respect of the rest of the structures.

The Committee for Housing Matters resolved on 6 September 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council that ASLA waits on the decision of Council regarding the construction of houses and that the Integrated List first needs to be approved by the Committee for Housing Matters.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (i) that Messrs ASLA is awaiting the decision of Council regarding the construction of houses.
- (ii) that the Integrated List first needs to be approved by the Committee for Housing Matters.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the housing project at Vredebes, Ceres be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

8.3.6 Housing: Vacant land investigation: Bella Vista, Ceres (17/4/R)

Item 7.3.4 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Manager: Housing, dated 18 September 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.3.6**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the matter in respect of the vacant land investigation at Bella Vista, Ceres be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the vacant land investigation at Bella Vista, Ceres be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

8.3.7 Housing: Witzenberg Municipal Housing Pipeline for 2018/2019 (05/06/1)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 9.1.4 of the meeting of the Committee for Housing Matters, held on 6 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.3.5 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

A memorandum from the Manager: Housing, dated 6 August 2018, is attached as annexure 8.3.7.

The Committee for Housing Matters resolved on 6 September 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the Witzenberg Municipal Housing Pipeline for 2018/2019 be endorsed by Council.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the Witzenberg Municipal Housing Pipeline for 2018/2019 be endorsed by Council.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the matter regarding the Witzenberg Municipal Housing Pipeline for 2018/2019 be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that the matter regarding the Witzenberg Municipal Housing Pipeline for 2018/2019 be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

8.4 Direktoraat Korporatiewe Dienste / Directorate Corporate Services

8.4.1 Appointment of shortlisting / selection panel for vacant position of Director: Community Services (4/3/2/1)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.4.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018.
- (b) Item 8.4.5 of the Council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.
- (c) Item 7.4.1 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

The following memorandum, dated 18 July 2018, was received from the Municipal Manager:

"1. Purpose

To recommend to Council the names of the members of the shortlisting committee for the vacant Section 56 position of Director: Community Services.

2. Background

Council resolved on 29 June 2018 to advertise the vacant position of Director: Community Services. The advertisement will appear in the Sunday Times and Die Burger on 28 and 29 July 2018 respectively. The closing date for applications is 13 August 2018.

In terms of the regulations on appointment and conditions of employment for senior managers Council must appoint a selection panel to make recommendations for the appointment of candidates to vacant senior manager posts. The selection panel for the appointment of the manager directly accountable to a Municipal Manager must consist of at least three (3) and not more than five (5) members, constituted as follows:

- (a) The Municipal Manager, who will be the chairperson;
- (b) A member of the Mayoral Committee or councillor who is the portfolio head of the relevant portfolio and
- (c) At least one other person who is not a councillor or a staff member of the municipality and who has expertise or experience in the area of the advertised post.

The shortlisting must be finalised within 30 days of the closing date of the advertisement. The selection panel must conduct interviews within 21 days of screening the candidates. The selection panel for a specific post must remain the same throughout the screening and interviewing process.

3. Legal implication

The Local Government regulations on appointment and conditions of employment of senior managers as published on 17 January 2014 under Government Gazette Notice Number 37245 are applicable.

4. Financial implication

Council will be responsible for the subsistence and travelling allowance of the outside member of the panel."

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the matter in respect of the appointment of a shortlisting/selection panel for the vacant position of Director: Community Services be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

Council unanimously resolved on 25 July 2018 that notice be taken that the matter in respect of the appointment of a shortlisting/selection panel for the vacant position of Director: Community Services was held in abeyance by the Executive Mayoral Committee.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the panel for the shortlisting/selection for the vacant position of Director: Community Services consists of:

- (a) Councillor EM Sidego
- (b) Executive Mayor Paul Swart
- (c) Executive Mayor Marius Koen
- (d) Municipal Manager, Mr David Nasson

RESOLVED

that the members of the shortlisting committee for the vacant Section 56 position of Director: Community Services are:

- (a) Councillor EM Sidego
- (b) Executive Mayor Paul Swart
- (c) Executive Mayor Marius Koen
- (d) Municipal Manager, Mr David Nasson

8.4.2 Transfer of erf 912, Wolseley to Rachel Daniëls (7/1/4/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.3 of the meeting of the Committee for Corporate and Financial Services, held on 20 September 2018.
- (b) Item 7.4.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting held on 30 October 2018.

A memorandum from the Legal Advisor, dated 9 July 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.4.2**.

The Committee for Corporate and Financial Services resolved on 20 September 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that approval be granted for a new contract in respect of the transfer of erf 912, Wolseley to Rachel Daniëls.
- (b) that Rachel Daniëls replaces the name of Kerneels Daniëls in the contract supra (a).
- (c) that notice be taken that the erf was sold to Kerneels Daniëls and the house built, but for one or other reason the transfer of erf 912, Wolseley was not done.
- (d) that the transaction was done in the time of the former Wolseley Municipality.
- (e) that notice be taken that Section 14 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is not applicable on the transfer.
- (f) that Council approves to be reasonable in respect of the transfer cost of erf 912, Wolseley.
- (g) that the Municipal Manager be authorised to finalise the contract on behalf of Council.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that approval be granted for a new contract in respect of the transfer of erf 912, Wolseley to Rachel Daniëls.
- (b) that Rachel Daniëls replaces the name of Kerneels Daniëls in the contract supra (a).
- (c) that notice be taken that the erf was sold to Kerneels Daniëls and the house built, but for some reason the transfer of erf 912, Wolseley was not done.
- (d) that the transaction was done in the time of the former Wolseley Municipality.
- (e) that notice be taken that Section 14 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is not applicable on the transfer.
- (f) that Council approves to be reasonable in respect of the transfer cost of erf 912, Wolseley.
- (g) that the Municipal Manager be authorised to finalise the contract on behalf of Council.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that approval be granted for a new contract in respect of the transfer of erf 912, Wolseley to Rachel Daniëls.
- (b) that Rachel Daniëls replaces the name of Kerneels Daniëls in the contract supra (a).
- (c) that notice be taken that the erf was sold to Kerneels Daniëls and the house built, but for some reason the transfer of erf 912, Wolseley was not done.

- (d) that the transaction was done in the time of the former Wolseley Municipality.
- (e) that notice be taken that Section 14 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is not applicable on the transfer.
- (f) that Council approves to be reasonable in respect of the transfer cost of erf 912, Wolseley.
- (g) that the Municipal Manager be authorised to finalise the contract on behalf of Council.

8.4.3 Council representation on clinic committees (3/R)

Item 7.4.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

A letter from the Department of Health: Cape Winelands District Office, dated 9 October 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.4.3**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council's representation on the clinic committees are the relevant ward councillors, i.e. :

- (a) Ward 1: Councillor N Phatsoane
- (b) Ward 2: Councillor C Lottering
- (c) Ward 3: Councillor D Swart
- (d) Ward 4: Alderman JJ Visagie
- (e) Ward 6: Councillor K Adams
- (f) Ward 7: Councillor P Daniels
- (g) Ward 8: Councillor H Visagie
- (h) Ward 9: Vacant
- (i) Ward 10: Councillor T Mgoboza
- (j) Ward 11: Councillor EM Sidego
- (k) Ward 12: Councillor M Mdala

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that Council's representation on the clinic committees are the relevant ward councillors in the various towns, i.e. :

- (a) Wards 1 and 12: Nduli, Ceres: Councillors N Phatsoane and M Mdala
- (b) Wards 2 and 7: Wolseley: Councillors C Lottering and P Daniels
- (c) Ward 3: Ceres: Councillor D Swart
- (d) Wards 4 and 10: Prince Alfred's Hamlet: Alderman JJ Visagie and Councillor T Mgoboza
- (e) Wards 4 and 6: Bella Vista, Ceres: Alderman JJ Visagie and Councillor K Adams
- (f) Ward 8: Op-die-Berg: Councillor H Visagie

- (g) Ward 9: Vacant
- (h) Ward 11: Tulbagh: Councillor EM Sidego

8.4.4 Council's immovable property: Old Prince Alfred's Hamlet Clinic (7/1/4/1)

Item 7.4.4 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

The following memorandum, dated 23 October 2018, was received from the Municipal Manager:

"Purpose

To inform the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council that the Department of Health: Western Cape Government has returned and handed over Prince Alfred Hamlet's Clinic to the municipality and to consider future usage thereof.

Deliberation

The Department of Health: Western Cape has been the Lessee of Council's property situated at registered erf number 769, Prince Alfred's Hamlet which must be subdivided to erf 870, Prince Alfred's Hamlet. A copy of an aerial photo of the erven is attached as **annexure 8.4.4(a)**. The Department has reallocated to their new building also in Prince Alfred's Hamlet and has vacated the premises at the end of September 2018. The keys of the building were returned to the municipality on the 7th of September 2018. The premises and building are unoccupied and Council is at risk of illegal occupation thereof. The Administration has received a request from Prince Alfred's Hamlet Khoi-San Organisation and the Cape Winelands Education District on behalf of APD (Association for People with Disabilities) to be accommodated on the premises. See **annexure 8.4.4(b)**. The Ward Committees of both Wards 4 and 10 do not have any meeting place, which must also be considered.

Legal implication

The Supply Chain Policy of Council is applicable.

Financial implication

Council is responsible as from 1 October 2018 for all services."

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Alderman JJ Visagie and Councillor TP Mgoboza take up office at the old Prince Alfred's Hamlet Clinic.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that Alderman JJ Visagie and Councillor TP Mgoboza take up office at the old Prince Alfred's Hamlet Clinic.

8.4.5 Council's immovable property: Acquisition of Bella Vista Clinic and adjacent site by Department of Health: Western Cape Government (7/1/4/1)

Item 7.4.5 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

The following memorandum, dated 23 October 2018, was received from the Municipal Manager:

"Purpose

To consider the request of the Department Health: Western Cape for the acquisition of Bella Vista Clinic and adjacent site.

Deliberation

The Bella Vista Clinic is hosted on erf 3604, Ceres. A copy of the aerial photo is attached as **annexure 8.4.5(a)**. The Department of Health initially requested approval to move the mobile buildings of Prince Alfred Hamlet's Clinic to the Bella Vista premises. The Department was, however, advised that the mobile buildings might be irreparably damaged during their transport and that same is not a viable option. The Department then approached the municipality to acquire the Bella Vista Clinic as well as a portion of the adjacent land. If Council decides not to sell the building option A could be offered to the Department for the construction of a new clinic. The Department in any event intends to expand the Bella Vista Clinic hence the request for additional land.

Legal implication

In terms of Section 14 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, a municipality may not transfer ownership as a result of a sale or other transaction or otherwise permanently dispose of a capital asset needed to provide the minimum level of basic municipal services. Any transfer of ownership of a capital asset must be fair, equitable, transparent and consistent of the Supply Chain Management Policy which the municipality must have and maintain in terms of Section 111 of the Act.

The Section does not apply to the transfer of capital assets to another municipality or to a Municipal Entity, or to a National or Provincial Organ of State in circumstances and in respect of categories of assets approved by the National Treasury. The Municipal Transfer Regulations further prescribes that in the event of Council deciding to sell or alienate a capital asset after due consideration was given to Section 14 such transfer for disposal may only happen after a public participation process in terms thereof has been followed.

Financial implication

Erf 3604 is valued at R820 000 and the building at R4 590 000. See the municipal evaluation attached as **annexure 8.4.5(b)**. If Council decides to sell the clinic and land it can be sold at municipal valuation. Option A must first be subdivided to determine the market related price."

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that the vacant land adjacent to erf 3604, Ceres as per Option A (2 300 m²) on the attached aerial photo not be sold to the Department of Health: Western Cape as same is earmarked for a youth centre.
- (b) that available vacant land in the vicinity of erf 3604, Bella Vista, Ceres be offered to the Department of Health: Western Cape as an alternative.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

that Option A, as indicated on the aerial photo attached as annexure 8.4.5(b), be offered to the Department of Health: Western Cape.

8.4.6 Transfer of erf 7607, Nduli, Ceres: lingcinga Zethu School (7/1/1/4)

Item 7.4.6 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 30 October 2018, refers.

The following memorandum, dated 23 October 2018, was received from the Municipal Manager:

"Purpose

To consider approving the transfer of erf 7607 Nduli, Ceres (more commonly known as lingcinga Zethu School) to the Department of Education / Public Works.

Deliberation

The Department of Public Works has been paying the rates on the property for a number of years until 2010 when it was discovered that the mentioned school is registered in the name of the municipality. A copy of a Deed printout of the property reflecting the ownership of the property is attached as **annexure 8.4.6(a)**. The municipal evaluation of the land and buildings amounts to R8 887 000. A copy thereof is attached as **annexure 8.4.6(b)**. The school was built during the days of the Nduli Municipality and it was never transferred to the Education Department. The Department of Public Works indicated that they are willing to pay the arrear rates on the property which amounts to R931 210.46. The Department has requested that the arrears be considered as the selling price for the school.

Legal implication

In terms of Section 14 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, a municipality may not transfer ownership as a result of a sale or other transaction or otherwise permanently dispose of a capital asset needed to provide the minimum level of basic municipal services. Any transfer of ownership of a capital asset must be fair, equitable, transparent and consistent of the Supply Chain Management Policy which the municipality must have and maintain in terms of Section 111 of the Act.

The Section does not apply to the transfer of capital assets to another municipality or to a Municipal Entity, or to a National or Provincial Organ of State in circumstances and in respect of categories of assets approved by the National Treasury. The Municipal Transfer Regulations further prescribes that in the event of Council deciding to sell or alienate a capital asset after due consideration was given to Section 14 such transfer for disposal may only happen after a public participation process in terms thereof has been followed.

Financial implication

The property has always been regarded as property of the Department of Education. If the property is transferred the Department will be liable and responsible to pay for the rates. There will be no other financial implication."

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 30 October 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that in terms of Section 14 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2000) erf 7607, Nduli, Ceres is not needed for basic municipal services.
- (b) that erf 7607, Nduli, Ceres be sold to the Department of Public Works at the price of R1 million.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that in terms of Section 14 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2000) erf 7607, Nduli, Ceres is not needed for basic municipal services.
- (b) that erf 7607, Nduli, Ceres be sold to the Department of Public Works at the price of R1 million.

8.4.7 Conferment of Alderman and Alderlady status to Councillors TT Godden (Speaker), K Adams (Deputy Executive Mayor) and JT Phungula (SP/Godden TT; SP/Adams K; SP/Phungula JT)

The following memorandum, dated 23 October 2018, was received from the Municipal Manager:

"Purpose

To recommend to Council conferring Alderman and Alderlady status to the following councillors, namely the Speaker, Theodore Godden, the Deputy Executive Mayor, Karriem Adams, and Joyce Phungula.

Deliberation

In terms of Council's policy on the conferment of Aldermanship on Councillors, Alderman/ Alderlady status will be conferred on a Councillor if such Councillor has obtained 20 points during his/her term of office as a political office bearer. Both the Speaker as well as the Deputy Mayor became Councillors of Council as from 18 May 2011 and were re-elected during the 2016 Local Government elections. Both the Speaker and Deputy Executive Mayor were elected in their current positions at the start of the respective term of office of Council as have been Speaker and Deputy uninterruptedly. In terms of the criteria they have obtained 21 points which is calculated as follows:

- (a) One (1) point for each year completed service as a Councillor of Witzenberg Municipality.
- (b) Two (2) additional points for each completed year served as Deputy Executive Mayor or Speaker of the Witzenberg Council.

Councillor Phungula became a Councillor in and during 2000 (payroll date 26 December 2000) and served as Councillor until the 26 February 2006. Councillor Phungula was elected as Member of the Executive Mayoral Committee in and during February 2001 and as Speaker of Council in and during November 2002 until the end of Council's term of office. Councillor Phungula was re-elected as Councillor with the 2011 and 2016 municipal elections and still holds office as a Councillor. Councillor Phungula has obtained 22 points and qualifies for the conferment of the status of Alderlady:

- (a) One (1) point for each year completed service as a Councillor of Witzenberg Municipality.
- (b) Two (2) additional points for each completed year served as a member of the Executive Mayoral Committee and Speaker of the Witzenberg Council.

Financial implications

None.

Legal implications

None.

UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED

- (a) that Alderman and Alderlady status be conferred on the Speaker, Councillor Theodore Godden, the Deputy Executive Mayor, Councillor Karriem Adams, and Councillor Joyce Phungula.
- (b) that an appropriate ceremony be conducted to confer the status on the respective Councillors.

9. URGENT MATTERS SUBMITTED AFTER DISPATCHING OF THE AGENDA

None

NOTED

10. FORMAL AND STATUTORY MATTERS

10.1 Feedback on matters of outside bodies (3/R)

None

NOTED

11. QUESTIONS and/or MATTERS RAISED by COUNCILLORS

11.1 Matters raised by Alderlady J Phungula (3/R)

Council requested that the matters as submitted by Alderlady J Phungula, be taken up in the minutes:

- (a) Request that two (2) Ward Committee members assist the elderly people at the Christmas dinner for the elderly.
- (b) That the yearend function for Council be in accordance with Councillors' wishes.

The matter was discussed and consensus was reached that the Administration will attend to the logistical arrangements of the function for the elderly and that Council will make its own arrangements for the yearend function.

NOTED

12. COUNCIL-IN-COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE EXECUTIVE MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEETING OF WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY, HELD IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, MUNICIPAL OFFICES, 50 VOORTREKKER STREET, CERES ON MONDAY, 23 JULY 2018 AT 08:30

PRESENT

Executive Mayoral Committee

Councillor BC Klaasen (Executive Mayor) Councillor TE Abrahams Councillor EM Sidego Alderman HJ Smit Councillor JJ Visagie

Councillors not on Executive Mayoral Committee

Councillor TT Godden (Speaker) Councillor MD Jacobs

Officials

Mr D Nasson (Municipal Manager) Mr J Barnard (Director: Technical Services) Mr HJ Kritzinger (Director: Finance) Mr G Louw (Head: Internal Audit) Mr A Hofmeester (IDP Manager) Mr CG Wessels (Manager: Administration) Mr C Titus (Committee Clerk)

Other attendees

Mr N Bettesworth (Ceres Business Initiative) Mr Michael Dennis (Cape Agulhas Municipality) Mr SP Minnies (Cape Winelands District Municipality)

1. OPENING AND WELCOME

The Executive Mayor welcomed everyone present and after that requested Councillor TE Abrahams to open the meeting with a prayer.

The Executive Mayor postponed the meeting until 15:00 due to an urgent meeting with the South African Police Services with regard to taxi matters.

NOTED.

The meeting continued at 15:00.

2. CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATION FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE, IF ANY (3/1/2/1)

Application for leave of absence from the meeting was received from the Deputy Executive Mayor, Councillor K Adams.

An apology for absence from the meeting was received from the Director: Corporate Services.

RESOLVED

- (a) that the application for leave of absence from the meeting, received from the Deputy Executive Mayor, Councillor K Adams, be approved and accepted.
- (b) that notice be taken of the apology for absence from the meeting, received from the Director: Corporate Services, and same be accepted.

3. MINUTES

3.1 Approval of minutes (3/1/2/3)

The following minutes are attached:

- (a) Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 28 May 2018: Annexure 3.1(a).
- (b) Special Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 28 June 2018: Annexure 3.1(b).

RESOLVED

That the following minutes be approved and signed by the Executive Mayor:

- (i) Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 28 May 2018.
- (ii) Special Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 28 June 2018.

3.2 Outstanding matters (3/3/2)

ltem number	File reference	Heading, item no. and date	Directorate	Action	Progress	Target date
3.2.1	17/18/1	8.3.1 of 05-12-2017 Allocation of land for informal traders	Community Services (Local Economic Development)	That the matter be held in abeyance.	Site tour has been undertaken by Committee for Local Economic Development.	

3.2.2	7/1/4/2	7.4.4 of 28-05-2018 Alienation of municipal property: Erf 935, Wolseley	Corporate Services	 (a) that the Municipal Manager obtains a legal opinion pertaining to the various concerns raised by the Executive Mayoral Committee. (b) that the matter be held in abeyance until the next meeting. 	Municipal Manager to obtain legal opinion.	
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RESOLVED

- (a) that the matter about the allocation of land for informal traders be held in abeyance.
- (b) that the matter about the alienation of municipal property (erf 935, Wolseley) be held in abeyance.

4. STATEMENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS OR MATTERS RAISED BY EXECUTIVE MAYOR (9/1/1)

- (a) The Executive Mayor mentioned that the new financial year had started and that the national and provincial elections will be held during the year. Service delivery needs be expedited and additional responsibilities will be given to the members of the Mayoral Committee.
- (b) The Executive Mayor requested that the Municipal Manager and the Chairperson of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee identify the twenty (20) top risks of the municipality and revise the organogram.
- (c) The Executive Mayor expressed his satisfaction with the healthy bank balance of the municipality with an amount of R96 million. The performance is noteworthy seen within the drought situation.
- (d) The Executive Mayor mentioned that the water restrictions in the municipal area had been lifted in terms of council resolution.

NOTED

5. INTERVIEWS WITH DELEGATIONS

None

NOTED

6. GEDELEGEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE / DELEGATED POWERS

None

NOTED

7. GERESERVEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE / RESERVED POWERS

7.1 Direktoraat Finansies / Directorate Finance

7.1.1 Section 71 monthly report of the Department Finance: March 2018 (9/1/2/2)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 8.1 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 4 May 2018.
- (b) Item 7.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Corporate and Financial Services, held on 24 May 2018.

The Section 71 monthly report of the Department Finance for March 2018 is attached as annexure 7.1.1.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 4 May 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly report of the Department Finance for March 2018 and same be accepted.

The Committee for Corporate and Financial Services resolved on 24 May 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the Committee for Corporate and Financial Services takes notices after consideration of the content of the monthly report of the Department Finance for March 2018 and same be approved and accepted.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly report of the Department Finance for March 2018 and same be accepted.

7.1.2 Draft Performance Management Framework (4/6/P)

The Draft Performance Management Framework is attached as annexure 7.1.2.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the matter about the Draft Performance Management Framework be workshopped by Council and after that be accepted.

7.1.3 Performance, Risk and Audit Committee: 1st Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management: 2017/2018 (5/14/4)

The First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018 is attached as annexure 7.1.3.

The following memorandum, dated 13 April 2018, was received from the Head: Internal Audit:

"The attached report was received from the Chairperson of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee.

Background

In terms of the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 14(4)(a), 'A performance audit committee must –

- (i) review the quarterly reports submitted to it in terms of sub regulation (1)(c)(ii);
- (ii) review the municipality's performance management system and make recommendations in this regard to the council of the municipality; and
- (iii) at least twice during a financial year submit an audit report to the municipal council concerned.'

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee (PRAC) have conducted a mandatory review of the municipality's Performance Management System in terms of the Municipal Planning and Performance Regulations. The purpose of this report is to inform the Municipal Council regarding the result of the review that focuses on economy, efficiency, effectiveness and impact in so far as the key performance indicators and performance targets are concerned."

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018.

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the First Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2017/2018 be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

7.1.4 Delegated powers to Performance, Risk and Audit Committee (5/14/P)

Item 7.1 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 4 May 2018, refers.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 4 May 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that Council, in terms of MFMA Circular 65, considers that the Internal Audit Plan and the Internal Audit Charter have been approved by the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and that Council takes notice and accepts same.

The Municipal Finance Management Act Section 165, states that the Audit Committee is an independent advisory body which must advise the municipal Council, the political office bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality on matters relating to internal financial control and internal audit.

National Treasury Circular 65 under roles and responsibilities states the following:

The audit committee must in relation to internal audit:

- Ensure that the charter, independence and activities of the internal audit function are clearly understood and respond to the objectives of the municipality and the legal framework.
- Regularly review the functional and administrative reporting lines of the internal auditor to ensure that the organizational structure is consistent with the principles of independence and accountability.
- Review and approve the internal audit charter, including internal audit strategic plan.
- Confirm that the annual audit plan makes provision for critical risk areas in the municipality.
- Advise the municipality on resources allocated to give effect to the work outputs of the internal audit function.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council delegates the authority to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee to approve the Internal Audit Plans and for Council to be advised accordingly.

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of delegated powers to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

7.1.5 Finance: Incurrence of long-term debt (5/9)

The following memorandum, dated 12 June 2018, was received from the Director: Finance:

"1. Purpose

The purpose of this report is to table the proposed incurrence of Long-term Borrowing for consideration to the Executive Mayor and Council.

2. Legal framework

Section 46(3) of the MFMA states the following:

(3) A municipality may incur long-term debt only if the Accounting Officer of the municipality —

- (a) has, in accordance with Section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act
 - (i) at least 21 days prior to the meeting of the Council at which approval for the debt is to be considered, made public an information statement setting out particulars of the proposed debt, including the amount of the proposed debt, the purposes for which the debt is to be incurred and particulars of any security to be provided; and
 - (ii) invited the public, the National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury to submit written comments or representations to the Council in respect of the proposed debt; and
- (b) has submitted a copy of the information statement to the municipal Council at least 21 days prior to the meeting of the Council, together with particulars of —
 - (i) the essential repayment terms, including the anticipated debt repayment schedule, and
 - (ii) the anticipated total cost in connection with such debt over the repayment period.

3. Discussion

A tender process was followed and it was recommended by the Bid Adjudication Committee that the tender 8/2/15/39 be awarded to NEDBANK.

Particulars of the proposed debt are as follow:

Amount of debt to be incurred: R3 500 000.

Purpose for which the debt is to be incurred:

- Vehicles: R3 100 000 and
- Digger loader: R400 000

Security to be provided: None

Repayment terms are as follow:

Description	Term of Ioan	Amount of loan required	Fixed lending rate charged by bidder
Acquisition of capital assets	3 years	R3 500 000	9.75 % (All in Rate NACS)

Loan amortization table

Bi-annual date	Capital	Interest	Payment (equal instalments)	Balance
Half-year payment 1	3 500 000	85 079	671 145	2 913 934
Half-year payment 2	2 913 934	144 000	671 145	2 386 789

Notule: Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee vergadering: 23 Julie 2018 Minutes: Executive Mayoral Committee meeting: 23 July 2018

Total		R526 871	R4 026 871	
Half-year payment 6	639 703	31 442	671 145	0
Half-year payment 5	1 250 074	60 774	671 145	639 703
Half-year payment 4	1 831 681	89 539	671 145	1 250 074
Half-year payment 3	2 386 789	116 037	671 145	1 831 681

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that approval be granted by Council for the incurrence of long-term debt for the purposes as envisaged above.

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the incurrence of long-term debt be held in abeyance.

7.1.6 Risk Management Report: Fourth Quarter 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018, dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.1.6**.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that notice be taken of the Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018.
- (b) that notice be taken that the report (supra) will also be tabled to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee's resolution will be tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council.

7.1.7 Appointment of Performance, Risk and Audit Committee members (5/14/4)

A memorandum from the Municipal Manager, dated 21 May 2018, is attached as annexure 7.1.7.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the following persons be appointed as members of the Audit, Risk and Performance Committee:

- (i) Mr Tsepo Lesihla (Nr 4) (Current member for second 3-year term)
- (ii) Mr Jean Willem Rudolf Basson (Nr 12) (Current member for second 3-year term)
- (iii) Ms Mohlekhu Constance Fagan (Nr 13) (New member for 3-year term)

7.1.8 Submission of Final 2018/2019 Top Layer SDBIP (5/1/5/11)

Item 8.1.3 of the council meeting, held on 28 March 2018, refers.

Council resolved on 28 March 2018:

that Council takes notice of the Draft Budget, the Draft Review IDP and the Draft Top Layer SDBIP of the Witzenberg Municipality for the financial year 2018/2019 and the indicative budget for the two years 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 that have been tabled by the Executive Mayor in Council.

The following memorandum, dated 23 March 2018, was received from the Manager: Projects and Performance:

"The Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003 (MFMA) and National Treasury MFMA Circular No. 13 requires that municipalities must prepare a Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) indicating how the budget and the strategic objectives of Council will be implemented. The SDBIP is prepared in terms of Section 53(1)(c)(ii) of the Municipal Finance Management (MFMA), National Treasury MFMA Circular No. 13 and the Budgeting and Reporting Regulation.

The Top Layer of the SDBIP must be submitted for approval to the Mayor within 14 days after the approval of the budget. The Top Layer SDBIP must be approved by the Mayor within 28 days after the budget has been approved to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned legislation and published on the municipal website.

The Final 2018/19 Top Layer SDBIP is attached as annexure 7.1.8."

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the Final 2018/19 Top Layer SDBIP.

7.1.9 Tablets for councillors

(3/2/1)

The following memorandum, dated 18 July 2018, was received from the Municipal Manager:

"1. Purpose

The purpose of this report is to submit information to council on the replacement of tablets.

2. Background

Council resolved on 28 May 2014:

(a) That the Director: Corporate Services be allowed to engage with a service provider to purchase the Samsung Galaxy Note 3 tablets.

- (b) That the purchase of the tablets will be for the account of councillors and that there be no obligation for Council.
- (c) That the Director: Finance be mandated to facilitate the deduction of any financial obligation with regard to the purchase of the tablets from the participating councillors.
- (d) That in the event of the financial obligation exceeding the mobile data card allowance, that the difference be deducted from the councillor's salary.
- (e) Where a councillor decides not to purchase a tablet, that Councillor be entitled to continue with the use of the laptop and data card as provided by Council or payment of an allowance as provided for in the Regulations for Public Office Bearers.

3. Discussion

The current contracts for tablets expire during August 2018.

Council has the options to continue with the existing contracts or engage with Telkom (State entity) for new contracts or follow a supply chain process for the procurement of tablets.

The different options are attached to this report as **annexure 7.1.9**. The Telkom options have not been received in time for the agenda.

4. Financial implications

The determination of the Public Office Bearers' Act is quoted below:

'12. Upper limits of mobile data bundles for councillors:

A councillor may, in addition to the annual total remuneration packages provided for in terms of items 5 and 8 respectively, be paid an allowance on the use of data bundles not exceeding R300 per month.'

All expenses in excess of R300 per month must be recovered from the relevant councillors."

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the matter regarding tablets for councillors be held in abeyance and be workshopped by Council.

7.2 Direktoraat Tegniese Dienste / Directorate Technical Services

7.2.1 Parking and tree trunks: White Street from Eeufees Street to Pauling Street, Wolseley (16/4/2)

Item 7.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 18 April 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Manager: Streets and Storm Water, dated 28 March 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.2.1**.

The Manager: Streets and Storm Water reported that an application was received from the Station Commander of the South African Police Services, Wolseley to change White Street from Eeufees Street to Pauling Street in Wolseley to a one-way street in a northerly to a southerly direction. The following problems are experienced:

- Shortage of parking space.
- Not enough space for two-way traffic due to the width of the street.
- Parking at both sides of the street decreases the width of the street to 4.4 meters which is not adequate for a two-way road.

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 18 April 2018 that the Committee for Technical Services recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that White Street in Wolseley be changed to a one-way street from Eeufees Street to Pauling Street in a northerly to a southerly direction.
- (b) that the existing parallel parking bays road marking be removed by way of sandblasting.
- (c) that 29 new 45 degree parking bays be painted on the western side of the road, including three bays reserved for police vehicles and one bay for disabled persons (Refer to attached drawing).
- (d) that the construct sidewalk extensions be constructed at the corners of Eeufees and Pauling Streets.
- (e) that the required road signs and signage be placed for one way streets according to the South African Traffic Signs Manual.
- (f) that in accordance with Provincial Gazette for Western Cape No. 6307, 14 October 2005, Witzenberg Municipality: Bylaw Relating to Streets, Section 35 (2) notice be given of such intention in the local newspaper in at least two official languages.
- (g) that in accordance with Provincial Gazette for Western Cape No. 6307, 14 October 2005, Witzenberg Municipality: Bylaw Relating to Streets, Section 35 (3) any objection against the intended action must be delivered in writing to the Municipal Manager within 30 days from the date of notification for submission to Council to decide upon it.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that White Street in Wolseley be changed to a one-way street from Eeufees Street to Pauling Street in a northerly to a southerly direction.
- (b) that the existing parallel parking bays road marking be removed by way of sandblasting.
- (c) that 29 new 45 degree parking bays be painted on the western side of the road, including three bays reserved for police vehicles and one bay for disabled persons (Refer to attached drawing).
- (d) that the construct sidewalk extensions be constructed at the corners of Eeufees and Pauling Streets.
- (e) that the required road signs and signage be placed for one way streets according to the South African Traffic Signs Manual.
- (f) that in accordance with Provincial Gazette for Western Cape No. 6307, 14 October 2005, Witzenberg Municipality: Bylaw Relating to Streets, Section 35 (2) notice be given of such intention in the local newspaper in at least two official languages.
- (g) that in accordance with Provincial Gazette for Western Cape No. 6307, 14 October 2005, Witzenberg Municipality: Bylaw Relating to Streets, Section 35 (3) any objection against the intended action must be delivered in writing to the Municipal Manager within 30 days from the date of notification for submission to Council to decide upon it.

RESOLVED

that in respect of parking and tree trunks in White Street from Eeufees Street to Pauling Street, Wolseley a public participation process be conducted and that the matter be tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee thereafter.

7.2.2 Signage: Ceres Historic Route (15/4/P)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 18 October 2017.
- (b) Item 7.2.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 October 2017.
- (c) Item 8.2.2 of the council meeting, held on 25 October 2017.

A memorandum from the Manager: Town Planning and Building Control, dated 10 October 2017, is attached as **annexure 7.2.2**.

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 18 October 2017 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

That the Ceres Historic Route signage be approved subject to the following conditions:

- (i) Final position of signage to be confirmed on site in conjunction with the Technical Department.
- (ii) Where signage is to be placed on private property, the land owner's written consent shall be obtained.
- (iii) The design, font and colour of the signs must comply with the Ceres Central Business District Aesthetics Manual.
- (iv) Signage not to obstruct vehicle traffic or pedestrian walkways.
- (v) The Togryers Museum shall be responsible for maintenance of the signage.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

That the Ceres Historic Route signage be approved subject to the following conditions:

- (i) Final position of signage to be confirmed on site in conjunction with the Technical Department.
- (ii) Where signage is to be placed on private property, the land owner's written consent shall be obtained.
- (iii) The design, font and colour of the signs must comply with the Ceres Central Business District Aesthetics Manual.
- (iv) Signage not to obstruct vehicle traffic or pedestrian walkways.
- (v) The Togryers Museum shall be responsible for maintenance of the signage.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 October 2017 that the Manager of the Ceres Togryers Museum, Ms B Laubscher, makes a presentation in respect of the Ceres Historic Route signage at the next meeting.

Council resolved on 25 October 2017 that the Manager of the Ceres Togryers Museum, Ms B Laubscher, makes a presentation in respect of the Ceres Historic Route signage at the next meeting.

RESOLVED

that the matter about the Ceres Historic Route be removed from the agenda.

7.2.3 Operating procedure for building inspections to prevent occupation of new buildings without approval or services connection fees being paid (15/6/P)

Item 7.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 23 May 2018, refers.

The following memorandum from the Manager: Town Planning and Building Control, dated 8 May 2018, refers.

"1. Problem statement

Landowners occupy buildings without occupancy certificates contrary to the National Building Regulations and Buildings Standards Act, Act 103 of 1977 (National Building Regulations).

The National Building Regulations places the onus on the landowner to apply for the occupancy certificate.

Hence an operating procedure is needed to deal with the problem.

2. Purpose

The purpose of the manual is to serve as a permanent reference and working guide for Building Inspectors in day to day building development procedures and practices relating to occupancy certificates."

A report regarding the operating procedure for building inspections to prevent occupation of new buildings without approval or services connection fees being paid, is attached as **annexure 7.2.3**.

The Manager: Town Planning and Building Control tabled the operating procedure for building inspections to prevent occupation of new buildings without approval or services connection fees being paid.

The following matters were highlighted:

- The document is a tool to guide the municipality to encourage applicants to apply for an occupation certificate for new buildings.
- The standard operation procedure is part of the SDBIP of the Municipal Manager and that the issuing of an occupation certificate confirms that the building is suitable for occupation.

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 23 May 2018:

To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the operating procedure for building inspections to prevent occupation of new buildings without approval or services connection fees being paid be adopted as a working manual.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that the operating procedure for building inspections to prevent occupation of new buildings without approval or services connection fees being paid be adopted as a working manual.
- (b) that the Director: Technical Services distributes an information leaflet in the communities in respect of the matter supra (a).

7.2.4 Notule van vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg: 20 April 2018 (15/04/P)

Item 7.3 van die vergadering van die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste, gehou op 23 Mei 2018, verwys.

Die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 7.2.4**.

Die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste het op 23 Mei 2018 besluit:

Om by die Uitvoerende Burgemeester en Raad aan te beveel:

dat die Raad kennis neem van die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018 en dat dit aanvaar word.

Die volgende aanbeveling is aan die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee voorgelê:

Dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

dat die Raad kennis neem van die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018 en dat dit aanvaar word.

BESLUIT

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die notule van 'n vergadering van die Beplanningstribunaal van Munisipaliteit Witzenberg, gehou op 20 April 2018, oorstaan tot die eerskomende vergadering.

7.2.5 Draft Policy: Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme (6/3/P)

Item 6.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 13 June 2018, refers.

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Memorandum from Manager: Fleet and Mechanical Workshop, dated 9 May 2018: Annexure 7.2.5(a).
- (b) Policy: Witzenberg Municipal Workshop: Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme: **Annexure 7.2.5(b)**.
- (c) Daily vehicle pre-trip inspection form: **Annexure 7.2.5(c)**.
- (d) Vehicle log sheet: **Annexure 7.2.5(d)**.

The Manager: Fleet and Workshop tabled the Draft Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme.

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 13 June 2018:

- (a) that the Committee for Technical Services takes notice of the policy on the Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme.
- (b) that the Committee for Technical Services recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the matter pertaining to the Draft Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme be workshopped by Council.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the matter pertaining to the Draft Policy on Plant and Equipment Maintenance Programme be workshopped by Council.

7.2.6 NERSA GIS Confirmation Project (16/3/7)

Item 7.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 13 June 2018, refers.

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Presentation at Confirmation meetings Western Cape: Annexure 7.2.6(a).
- (b) Minutes: NERSA, Eskom Witzenberg: 31 May 2018: Annexure 7.2.6(b).

(c) Memorandum from Senior Manager: Electro-Technical Services, dated 6 June 2018: Annexure 7.2.6(c).

The Senior Manager: Electro-Technical Services reported on the NERSA GIS Confirmation Project.

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 13 June 2018 that the Committee for Technical Services recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that Council notes the feedback of the Senior Manager: Electro-Technical Services regarding the NERSA GIS area of supply confirmation.
- (b) that Council notes that the Technical Department does not support the NERSA GIS area of supply confirmation process as currently presented.
- (c) that Witzenberg Municipality is of the opinion that NERSA has not followed a consultative process between all affected parties, especially as far as the changing of the definition "electricity supply area is concerned" and that the process be contested.
- (d) that Witzenberg Municipality should have the first option of supplying electricity within their municipal area, as per our existing Distribution Licence.
- (e) that Council does not support of the NERSA supply confirmation process.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that Council notes the feedback of the Senior Manager: Electro-Technical Services regarding the NERSA GIS area of supply confirmation.
- (b) that Council notes that the Technical Department does not support the NERSA GIS area of supply confirmation process as currently presented.
- (c) that Witzenberg Municipality is of the opinion that NERSA has not followed a consultative process between all affected parties, especially as far as the changing of the definition "electricity supply area is concerned" and that the process be contested.
- (d) that Witzenberg Municipality should have the first option of supplying electricity within their municipal area, as per our existing Distribution Licence.
- (e) that Council does not support of the NERSA supply confirmation process.

7.2.7 Draft Policy: Standard Conditions for Land Use Planning and Building Development, Civil and Electrical Engineering Services (16/P)

Item 8.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Technical Services, held on 13 June 2018, refers.

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Memorandum from the Manager: Streets and Storm Water, dated 9 May 2018: Annexure 7.2.7(a).
- (b) Policy document regarding the Standard Conditions for Land Use Planning and Building Development, Civil and Electrical Engineering Services, Version 1 of 30 March 2018: Annexure 7.2.7(b).

The Committee for Technical Services resolved on 13 June 2018 that the Committee for Technical Services recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that the Standard Conditions for Land Use Planning and Building Development, Civil and Electrical Engineering Services, Version 1 of 30 March 2018, be adopted as a policy document by Council.
- (b) that the Municipal Manager be informed of all large development applications.
- (c) that the Draft Policy in respect of the Standard Conditions for Land Use Planning and Building Development, Civil and Electrical Engineering Services be workshopped by Council.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that the Standard Conditions for Land Use Planning and Building Development, Civil and Electrical Engineering Services, Version 1 of 30 March 2018, be adopted as a policy document by Council.
- (b) that the Municipal Manager be informed of all large development applications.
- (c) that the Draft Policy in respect of the Standard Conditions for Land Use Planning and Building Development, Civil and Electrical Engineering Services be workshopped by Council.

7.2.8 By-law for house shops (15/4/P)

The following documents are attached:

- (a) Memorandum from Manager: Town Planning and Building Control, dated 10 July 2018 and public notice, dated 13 April 2018: **Annexure 7.2.8(a)**.
- (b) Final by-law in Afrikaans: **Annexure 7.2.8(b)**.
- (c) Final by-law in English: **Annexure 7.2.8(c)**.
- (d) Final by-law in Xhosa: **Annexure 7.2.8(d)**.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the By-law for house shops be adopted and published in the Gazette.

7.3 Direktoraat Gemeenskapsdienste / Directorate Community Services

7.3.1 Community Development: Establishment of Local Drug Action Committee (12/1/2/11)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Community Development, held on 15 February 2018.
- (b) Item 7.3.3 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 26 March 2018.
- (c) Item 8.3.2 of the council meeting, held on 28 March 2018.

A memorandum from the Director: Community Services, dated 17 January 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.3.1**.

The Committee for Community Development resolved on 15 February 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the Executive Mayoral Committee endorses the implementation of the Local Drug Action Committee.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the implementation of the Local Drug Action Committee be endorsed.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 26 March 2018 that the matter regarding the implementation of the Local Drug Action Committee be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

Council resolved on 28 March 2018 that the matter regarding the implementation of the Local Drug Action Committee be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the implementation of the Local Drug Action Committee be endorsed.

7.3.2 Report on site meetings and public participation process: Parks innovation programme (17/9/2)

A report from the Manager: Amenities and Environment, dated 4 April 2018, is attached as annexure 7.3.2.

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the parks innovation programme be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

7.3.3 Lease agreement: Vrolike Vinkies (7/1/4/1)

Item 7.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Community Development, held on 19 April 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Director: Community Services, dated 6 April 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.3.3**.

The Committee for Community Development resolved on 19 April 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that Council considers the request for the renewal of the lease agreement and the erection of Nutech building in relation to the future plans of The Island Resort.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that Council considers the request for the renewal of the lease agreement and the erection of Nutech building in relation to the future plans of The Island Resort.

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the lease agreement of Vrolike Vinkies be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

7.3.4 Approval for changing portion of Waboom Street, Bella Vista to a one-way street (16/4/2)

Item 7.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Community Development, held on 19 April 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Manager: Streets and Storm Water, dated 28 March 2018, is attached as annexure **7.3.4**.

The Committee for Community Development resolved on 29 April 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that White Street, Wolseley be changed to a one-way street from Eeufees Street to Pauling Street in a northerly to a southerly direction.
- (b) that the existing parallel parking bays road marking be removed by way of sandblasting.
- (c) that 29 new 45 degree parking bays be painted on the western side of the road, including three bays reserved for police vehicles and one bay for disabled persons (refer to attached drawing).

- (d) that the construct sidewalk extensions be constructed at the corners of Eeufees and Pauling Streets.
- (e) that the required road signs and signage be placed for one way streets according to the South African Traffic Signs Manual.
- (f) that in accordance with Provincial Gazette for Western Cape No. 6307, 14 October 2005, Witzenberg Municipality: Bylaw Relating to Streets, Section 35 (2) notice be given of such intention in the local newspaper in at least two official languages.
- (g) that in accordance with Provincial Gazette for Western Cape No. 6307, 14 October 2005, Witzenberg Municipality: Bylaw Relating to Streets, Section 35 (3) any objection against the intended action must be delivered in writing to the Municipal Manager within 30 days from the date of notification for submission to Council to decide upon it.

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the approval for the changing of a portion of Waboom Street, Bella Vista to a one-way street be removed from the agenda.

7.3.5 Accreditation of the Housing function (12/1/1/11)

A letter from SALGA, dated 13 July 2018, is attached as annexure 7.3.5.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the accreditation of the Housing function.

7.3.6 Witzenberg invasive species strategy, monitoring, control and eradication plans: Ceres Fynbos Reserve and Wolseley Commonage (17/9/2)

A memorandum from the Manager: Amenities and Environment, dated 4 April 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.3.6**.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the matter in respect of the Witzenberg invasive species strategy, monitoring, control and eradication plans for the Ceres Fynbos Reserve and Wolseley Commonage be approved and the plans and strategy be adopted.

7.3.7 Beleid vir behuisingstoekennings: Trichardtstraat-woonstelle (17/04/1/1/1)

Item 9.1.6 van die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede, gehou op 7 Junie 2018, verwys.

'n Memorandum vanaf die Bestuurder: Behuising, gedateer 25 Mei 2018, word aangeheg as bylae 7.3.7.

Die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede het op 7 Junie 2018 besluit om by die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee en Raad aan te beveel:

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die konsepbeleid vir behuisingstoekennings te Trichardtstraat-woonstelle gewerkswinkel word.

BESLUIT

Dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die konsepbeleid vir behuisingstoekennings van die Trichardtstraat-woonstelle gewerkswinkel word.

7.3.8 Behuising: Huistipes en huisplanne: Vredebes-projek (17/04/1/1/R)

Item 9.1.9 van die vergadering van die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede, gehou op 7 Junie 2018, verwys.

'n Memorandum vanaf die Bestuurder: Behuising, gedateer 4 Junie 2018, word aangeheg as bylae 7.3.8.

Die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede het op 7 Junie 2018 besluit om by die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee en Raad aan te beveel:

dat die huistipes en huisplanne vir die Vredebes-projek deur die Raad gewerkswinkel word.

BESLUIT

Dat die Uitvoerende Burgemeesterskomitee by die Raad aanbeveel:

dat die aangeleentheid rakende die huistipes en huisplanne van die Vredebes-projek deur die Raad gewerkswinkel word.

7.3.9 Lapse of national state of disaster for drought (17/7/3/2)

Circular no. 2 of 2018 from the National Disaster Management Centre, dated 4 July 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.3.9**.

The following recommendation was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee:

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the contents of the circular from the National Disaster Management Centre.

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the lapse of the national state of disaster for drought be noted.

7.3.10 Karoo Small Town Regeneration Initiative (17/19/1)

Item 7.1 of the meeting of the Committee for Local Economic Development and Tourism, held on 13 June 2018, refers.

A memorandum from the Director: Community Services, dated 17 May 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.3.10**.

The Committee for Local Economic Development and Tourism resolved on 13 June 2018 to recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

- (a) that Council adopts the 2017 De Aar Karoo Small Town Regeneration Conference Declaration as a commitment to participate in the joint coordination and implementation of the conference outcomes.
- (b) that Council proclaims the area as a Region as per section 18(1) and clause 18(3) of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (Act 16 of 2013) and to gazette a regional spatial development framework for the Karoo region.
- (c) that Council participates in the Inter-Municipal Cooperation Protocol as part of the Karoo Small Town Regeneration Initiative.
- (d) that SALGA will continue to engage with National Government on the municipal social cohesion theme in the role out of projects.
- (e) that SALGA maintains the local identity of municipalities in the Karoo Small Town Regeneration Initiative.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

- (a) that Council adopts the 2017 De Aar Karoo Small Town Regeneration Conference Declaration as a commitment to participate in the joint coordination and implementation of the conference outcomes.
- (b) that Council proclaims the area as a Region as per section 18(1) and clause 18(3) of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (Act 16 of 2013) and to gazette a regional spatial development framework for the Karoo region.
- (c) that Council participates in the Inter-Municipal Cooperation Protocol as part of the Karoo Small Town Regeneration Initiative.
- (d) that SALGA will continue to engage with National Government on the municipal social cohesion theme in the role out of projects.
- (e) that SALGA maintains the local identity of municipalities in the Karoo Small Town Regeneration Initiative.

7.4 Direktoraat Korporatiewe Dienste / Directorate Corporate Services

7.4.1 Monthly report: Section Tourism: March 2018 (9/1/2/1)

Item 6.2 of the meeting of the Committee for Local Economic Development and Tourism, held on 18 April 2018, refers.

The monthly report of the Section Tourism for March 2018 is attached as annexure 7.4.1.

The Director: Corporate Services submitted the monthly report of the Section Tourism for March 2018. The following matters were highlighted.

- That the meeting with Mr Nazime Joseph was postponed and consequently could the report of the tourism routes not be completed timeously. The Chairperson and Manager: Communications and Marketing set up the meeting and requested a R250 000-00 donation.
- That a recommendation is awaited from the office of the MEC for Tourism in respect of financial support for the tourism routes.

The Committee for Local Economic Development and Tourism resolved on 18 April 2018:

- (a) that the Manager: Communication and Marketing write a letter to Mr Nazime Joseph and request a donation of R250 00-00 to support the development of the tourism routes.
- (b) that the Committee for Local Economic Development and Tourism takes notice of the content of the monthly report of the Section Tourism for March 2018 and same be accepted.
- (c) To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the engagement with MEC for Tourism in respect of the tourism route development.

RESOLVED

That the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that notice be taken of the engagement with the MEC for Tourism in respect of the tourism route development and that an application for funding be made.

7.4.2 Appointment of shortlisting / selection panel for vacant position of Director: Community Services (4/3/2/1)

The following memorandum, dated 18 July 2018, was received from the Municipal Manager:

"1. Purpose

To recommend to Council the names of the members of the shortlisting committee for the vacant Section 56 position of Director: Community Services.

2. Background

Council resolved on 29 June 2018 to advertise the vacant position of Director: Community Services. The advertisement will appear in the Sunday Times and Die Burger on 28 and 29 July 2018 respectively. The closing date for applications is 13 August 2018.

In terms of the regulations on appointment and conditions of employment for senior managers Council must appoint a selection panel to make recommendations for the appointment of candidates to vacant senior manager posts. The selection panel for the appointment of the manager directly accountable to a Municipal Manager must consist of at least three (3) and not more than five (5) members, constituted as follows:

- (a) The Municipal Manager, who will be the chairperson;
- (b) A member of the Mayoral Committee or councillor who is the portfolio head of the relevant portfolio and
- (c) At least one other person who is not a councillor or a staff member of the municipality and who has expertise or experience in the area of the advertised post.

The shortlisting must be finalised within 30 days of the closing date of the advertisement. The selection panel must conduct interviews within 21 days of screening the candidates. The selection panel for a specific post must remain the same throughout the screening and interviewing process.

3. Legal implication

The Local Government regulations on appointment and conditions of employment of senior managers as published on 17 January 2014 under Government Gazette Notice Number 37245 are applicable.

4. Financial implication

Council will be responsible for the subsistence and travelling allowance of the outside member of the panel."

RESOLVED

that the matter in respect of the appointment of a shortlisting/selection panel for the vacant position of Director: Community Services be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

8. URGENT MATTERS SUBMITTED AFTER DISPATCHING OF THE AGENDA

None

NOTED

9. FORMAL AND STATUTORY MATTERS

None

NOTED

10. EXECUTIVE MAYORAL COMMITTEE-IN-COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE PERFORMANCE, RISK AND AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING OF WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY, HELD ON FRIDAY, 21 SEPTEMBER 2018 AT 09:30 IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, MUNICIPAL OFFICES, 50 VOORTREKKER STREET, CERES

PRESENT

Performance, Risk and Audit Committee

Mr J George (Chairperson) Mr J Basson (Deputy Chairperson) Ms MC Fagan Mr T Lesihla Mr SA Redelinghuys

Officials

Mr HJ Kritzinger (Director: Finance) Mr M Mpeluza (Acting Municipal Manager) Mr G Louw (Head: Internal Audit) Mr JH Swanepoel (Manager: Projects and Performance) Mr C Wessels (Manager: Administration) Ms S Hendricks (Senior Internal Auditor) Ms MJ Prins (Acting Principal Administrative Officer)

Other attendees

Mr A Allie (AGSA)

1. OPENING AND WELCOME

The Chairperson, Mr J George, welcomed everyone present.

NOTED

2. CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE, IF ANY (3/1/2/1)

Apologies for absence from the meeting were received from the Municipal Manager and the Deputy Director: Finance.

The Director: Corporate Services was appointed as Acting Municipal Manager and represented the Municipal Manager at the meeting.

RESOLVED

that the apologies for absence from the meeting, received from the Municipal Manager and the Deputy Director: Finance, be approved and accepted.

3. ATTENDANCE REGISTER, CONFIDENTIALITY AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

The Attendance register, Confidentiality and Conflict of Interest Declaration was signed by all attendees.

NOTED

4. MINUTES

4.1 Approval of minutes (3/1/2/3)

The minutes of the Special Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 17 August 2018, are attached as **annexure 4.1**.

RESOLVED

that the minutes of the Special Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 17 August 2018, be approved and signed by the Chairperson.

4.2 Corrections and matters from the minutes

None

NOTED

- 4.3 PRAC resolutions register (5/14/4)
 - Status of the implementation of PRAC resolutions
 - Feedback to PRAC regarding resolutions referred to Council.

The PRAC resolutions register, dated 13 September 2018, is attached as annexure 4.3.

The Head: Internal Audit submitted the PRAC resolutions register. The following matters were attended to:

- Sequence no. 40: That the Director: Finance held a session with all managers to bring the Asset Management Policy to their attention.
- Sequence no. 50: Matter is completed.
- Sequence no. 57: that the Risk Management Report for Quarter 3 of 2017/2018 be tabled at the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council meetings.
- Sequence no. 59: That the Status Report on the Implementation of Internal Audit Findings for Quarter 1 of 2017/2018 be tabled at the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council meetings.
- Sequence no. 60: That the Status Report on the Implementation of Internal Audit Findings for Quarter 2 of 2017/2018 be tabled at the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council meetings.

RESOLVED

- (a) that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the PRAC resolutions register and accepts same.
- (b) that the Head: Internal Audit tables the Risk Management Report for Quarter 3 of 2017/2018 to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council.
- (c) that the Head: Internal Audit tables the Status Report on the Implementation for Internal Audit Findings for Quarter 1 of 2017/2018 to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council.
- (d) that the Head: Internal Audit tables the Status Report on the Implementation of Internal Audit Findings for Quarter 2 of 2017/2018 to the Executive Mayoral Committee.

5. PRESENTATIONS

5.1 AGSA Audit Strategy: Witzenberg Municipality: 2017/2018 (5/14/1/15)

Mr Ashiq Allie from the AGSA made a presentation in respect of the Audit Strategy for 2017/2018, attached as **annexure 5.1**.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee, after a thorough discussion of the presentation, took notice of the presentation by AGSA in respect of the Audit Strategy for 2017/2018 and accepted same.

6. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

6.1 Performance Management Framework (4/6/P)

The following items refer:

- (a) Item 7.1.2 of the Executive Mayoral Committee meeting, held on 23 July 2018.
- (b) Item 8.1.2 of the Council meeting, held on 25 July 2018.

The Performance Management Framework is attached as **annexure 6.1**.

The Executive Mayoral Committee resolved on 23 July 2018 that the Executive Mayoral Committee recommends to Council:

that the matter about the Draft Performance Management Framework be workshopped by Council and after that be accepted.

Council unanimously resolved on 25 July 2018 that the Performance Management Framework be approved and accepted.

The Head: Internal Audit tabled the Performance Management Framework. The following comments were highlighted:

- The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends that Audit Committee training be held in future.
- The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee expressed concern with regard to the level of understanding by the people who work with the document.

RESOLVED

- (a) that notice be taken of the Performance Management Framework.
- (b) that notice be taken that the Performance Management Framework has already been approved and accepted by Council.

6.2 Internal Audit Report: Performance Management System: Quarter 3 of 2017/2018 (5/14/3)

The Internal Audit Report on the Performance Management System for the third quarter of 2017/2018, dated May 2018, is attached as **annexure 6.2**.

RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance Management System for Quarter 3 of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

6.3 Internal Audit Report: Performance Management System: Quarter 4 of 2017/2018 (5/14/3)

The Internal Audit Report on the Performance Management system for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018, dated August 2018, is attached as **annexure 6.3**.

The Head: Internal Audit tabled the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance, Management System for Quarter 4 of 2017/2018. The following was highlighted:

• The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee expressed concern with regard to competitive findings due to human errors.

RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance, Management System for Quarter 4 of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

6.4 Second Bi-Annual Performance Audit Committee Performance Management Report 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, Regulation 14(4)(a)(iii), states that the Performance Audit Committee must at least twice during a financial year submit an audit report to the municipal council concerned.

The Second Bi-Annual Performance Audit Committee Performance Management Report for 2017/2018, dated September 2018, is attached as **annexure 6.4**.

RESOLVED

- (a) that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee members provide comments in respect of the Second Bi-Annual Performance Audit Committee Performance Management Report 2017/2018 to the Chairperson by Friday, 28 September 2018.
- (b) that the Chairperson and the Head: Internal Audit will collate the comments supra (a), compile the report and submit same to the Municipal Manager.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

7.1 Risk Management Report: Fourth Quarter 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018, dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.1**.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee advised that the ICT Steering Committee attends to strategic matters. There is currently too much operational matters.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Risk Management Report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

7.2 Annual Risk Assessment Report (5/14/2)

The Annual Risk Assessment Report, dated June 2018, is attached as annexure 7.2.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Annual Risk Assessment Report and same be accepted.

8. AUDIT AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

8.1 Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance: April, May and June 2018 (9/1/2/2)

The following Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance are attached:

(a)	April 2018	Annexure 8.1(a)

(b)	May 2018	Annexure 8.1(b)
1	1 0040	

(c) June 2018 Annexure 8.1(c)

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance for April, May and June 2018 and same be accepted.

8.2 Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance: July and August 2018 (9/1/2/2)

The following Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance are attached:

(a)	July 2018	Annexure 8.2(a)

(b) August 2018 Annexure 8.2(b)

The Director: Finance tabled the Section 71 monthly reports of the Department Finance for July and August 2018. The following was highlighted:

- The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee expressed concern with regard to debt increase. Debt collection is a challenge.
- The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee observed an increase in the number of indigents.
- The Director: Finance explained that Council has decided to write off only debt as prescribed and also the debt of indigents.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Directorate Finance for July and August 2018 and same be accepted.

8.3 Internal Audit Overtime Report (5/14/2)

Item 8.6 of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 2 March 2018, refers.

The Internal Audit Overtime Report, dated January 2018, is attached as annexure 8.3.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee resolved on 2 March 2018 that the matter about the Internal Audit Overtime Report be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee expressed appreciation that overtime expenditure is justified. The most overtime was for staff on call for emergency cases.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Overtime Report and same be accepted.

8.4 Quarterly report of Mayor on implementation of budget and state of affairs of municipality / SDBIP: Section 52(d): Third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) (9/1/1 & 9/1/2/2)

Note: This report was tabled to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council on 28 and 29 May 2018 respectively.

The Quarterly Budget Statement Report for the third quarter of 2017/2018 (1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018) is attached as **annexure 8.4**.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Quarterly Section 52(d) report of the Executive Mayor on the implementation of the budget and state of affairs of the municipality for the third quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.5 Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] Report: Fourth quarter of 2017/2018 (1 April 2018 to 30 June 2018) (9/1/2/2)

Item 9.1 of the council meeting, held on 25 July 2018, refers.

The following memorandum, dated 23 July 2018, was received from the Director: Finance:

"1. Purpose

The purpose of this memorandum is to submit the Quarterly Budget Statement to Council for information.

2. Background

The required report in terms of Section 52(d) is attached as annexure 8.5."

Council resolved on 25 July 2018:

- (a) that notice be taken of the tabling of the Quarterly Budget Statement Report in terms of Section 52(d) for the period 1 April 2018 to 30 June 2018.
- (b) that the report be referred to Council's Municipal Public Accounts Committee and Performance, Risk and Audit Committee for their recommendations to Council.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] report for the fourth quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.6 Annual review of Internal Audit Charter: 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019 (5/14/2)

The Internal Audit Charter with effect from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019, dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.6**.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Internal Audit Charter for the period 1 July 2018 until 30 June 2019 and same be accepted.

8.7 Annual review of Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter: 2018/2019 (5/14/3)

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter, dated July 2018, is attached as annexure 8.7.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the annual review of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Charter for 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

8.8 Internal Audit Report: Year-end stock count: 2018 (5/14/2)

The Internal Audit Report on the Year-end stock count for 2018 is attached as annexure 8.8.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the year-end stock count for 2018 and same be accepted.

8.9 PRAC Performance evaluations 2017/2018 (5/14/4)

In terms of the Performance Risk and Audit Committee (PRAC) Charter, PRAC should assess its performance and achievements against its charter on an annual basis. The findings of the self-assessment should be presented by the Chairperson to the Accounting Officer and municipal Council. It is also best practice for PRAC to assess the internal audit unit and to report the outcome to the Accounting Officer and Council. The results of the performance evaluations of PRAC and Internal Audit are attached:

- (a) PRAC Self-Assessment: Annexure 8.9(a)
- (b) PRAC Assessment of the Internal Audit Unit: Annexure 8.9(b)

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the PRAC Performance evaluations for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

8.10 Risk Based Audit Plan: 2018/2019 (5/14/2)

The Risk Based Audit Plan for 2018/2019, dated July 2018, is attached as annexure 8.10.

RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Risk Based Audit Plan for 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

8.11 Internal Audit Report: Compliance with Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA) (5/14/2)

The Internal Audit Report on Compliance with the Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA), dated June 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.11**.

RESOLVED

That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Compliance with Division of Revenue Act, 2017 (DORA) and same be accepted.

8.12 Status on implementation of the Risk Based Audit Plan: 2017/2018 (5/14/2)

The Status on the implementation of the 2017/2018 Risk Based Audit Plan as at 30 June 2018 is attached as **annexure 8.12**.

RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the Status on the implementation of the Risk Based Audit Plan for 2017/2018 and same be accepted.

9. OTHER MATTERS

9.1 PRAC work plan: 2018/2019 (5/14/4)

This is a standing item on the agenda.

The PRAC work plan for 2018/2019 is attached as annexure 9.1.

RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the PRAC work plan for 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

10. NEXT MEETING (03/1/2/3)

RESOLVED

that the next meetings of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee will be held in the Council Chambers, Municipal Offices, 50 Voortrekker Street, Ceres on:

- Friday, 26 October 2018 at 08:30 for everybody and
- Friday, 23 November 2018 at 08:30 for everybody.

11. PRAC-IN-COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE FOR HOUSING MATTERS OF WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY, HELD IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, MUNICIPAL OFFICES, VOORTREKKER STREET, CERES ON THURSDAY, 11 OCTOBER 2018 AT 10h00

NOTULE VAN DIE VERGADERING VAN DIE KOMITEE VIR BEHUISINGSAANGELEENTHEDE VAN DIE MUNISIPALITEIT WITZENBERG, GEHOU OP DONDERDAG, 11 OKTOBER 2018 OM 10:00 IN DIE RAADSAAL, MUNISIPALE KANTORE, VOORTREKKERSTRAAT 50, CERES

PRESENT / TEENWOORDIG

Committee Members / Komiteelede

Councillor / Raadslid E Sidego (Chairperson / Voorsitter) Councillor / Raadslid Z Mzauziwa Councillor / Raadslid J Phungula

Not Committee Members / Nie Komiteelede

Councillor / Raadslid K Adams Councillor / Raadslid N Phatsoane Councillor / Raadslid M Mdala

Officials / Amptenare

Mr / Mnr D Nasson (Municipal Manager / Munisipale Bestuurder) Mr / Mnr (G Louw (Head: Internal Audit / Hoof: Interne Oudit) Ms / Me C Mackenzie (Manager: Housing / Bestuurder: Behuising) Ms / Me C Januarie (Manager: Income / Bestuurder: Inkomste) Mr / Mnr T Plaatjies (Senior Housing Officer / Senior Behuisingsbeampte) Mr / Mnr C Titus (Committee Clerk / Komiteeklerk) Ms W Roode (Word Processing Operator / Woord Verwerkingsoperateur)

1. OPENING AND WELCOME / OPENING EN VERWELKOMING

The Chairperson welcomed everyone present and requested the Senior Housing Officer to open the meeting with prayer.

Die Voorsitter heet almal teenwoordig welkom waarna sy die Senior Behuisingsbeampte versoek om die vergadering met gebed te open.

NOTED / AANGETEKEN

2. CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATION FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE, IF ANY / OORWEGING VAN AANSOEKE OM VERLOF TOT AFWESIGHEID, INDIEN ENIGE (3/1/2/1)

None / Geen

NOTED / AANGETEKEN

3. MINUTES / NOTULES

3.1 Approval of minutes / Goedkeuring van notules (3/1/2/3)

The minutes of the meeting of the Committee for Housing Matters, held on 6 September 2018, are attached as **annexure 3.1**.

Die notule van die vergadering van die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede, gehou op 6 September 2018, word ingebind as **bylae 3.1**.

RESOLVED

that the minutes of the meeting of the Committee for Housing Matters, held on 6 September 2018, be approved and signed by the Chairperson.

BESLUIT

dat die notule van die vergadering van die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede, gehou op 6 September 2018, goedgekeur en deur die Voorsitter onderteken word.

3.2 Outstanding matters / Uitstaande sake (3/3/2)

Number / Nommer	File Reference Nr. / Lêer Verwysing Nommer	Item nr. and date of meeting / Item no. en datum van vergadering	Title of item / Onderwerp van item	Resolution / Besluit	Responsibility / Verantwoordelik heid	Target date / Teiken datum
1.	17/04/1/1/1 & 17/04/P	5.1 of 6 September 2018	Presentation: Department of Human Settle ment pertaining Informal Settlement Upgrading and Appointment of Service Provider to Municipalities	 (a) that notice be taken of the presentation in respect of the None-Governmental Organisation (NGO) Introduction Session to Witzenberg Municipality. (b) that a Special Committee meeting for Housing Matters be held with the None Governmental Organisation, Development Action Group to discuss the scope of work for submission to the Department Housing Settlement. 	Manager: Housing	Special Committee Meeting

That the Presentation: Department of Human Settlement pertaining Informal Settlement Upgrading and Appointment of Service Provider to Municipalities was discussed at item 8.1 under urgent matters submitted after dispatching of the agenda.

RESOLVED

that notice be taken of the outstanding matter.

BESLUIT

dat kennis geneem word van die uitstaande saak.

4. STATEMENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS OR MATTERS RAISED BY CHAIRPERSON / VERKLARINGS, MEDEDELINGS OF SAKE INGEDIEN DEUR DIE VOORSITTER

The Chairperson thanked the Municipal Manager for the support rendered to her during the service delivery protest unrest in Tulbagh.

Die Voorsitter bedank die Munisipale Bestuurder vir die hulp verleen aan haar gedurende die diensleweringoptog in Tulbagh.

NOTED / AANGETEKEN

5. INTERVIEWS WITH DELEGATIONS / ONDERHOUDE MET AFGEVAARDIGDES

None / Geen

NOTED / AANGETEKEN

6. GEDELEGEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE / DELEGATED POWERS

6.1 Monthly report of the Section Housing: September 2018 / Maandverslag van die Afdeling Behuising: September 2018 (9/1/2/4)

The monthly report of the Section Housing for September 2018 is attached as **annexure 6.1**.

Die maandverslag van die Afdeling Behuising vir September 2018 word aangeheg as bylae 6.1.

The Committee enquired pertaining to the outcome of the High Court in respect of eviction case judgement Witzenberg Municipality vs Twenty Seven (27) respondents occupying properties illegally of the Bella Vista Housing Project (309).

The Municipal Manager advise the Committee that the High Court requested that the six (6) disabled respondents needs to be offered alternative accommodation. Alternative accommodation at Vredebes will be suitable as the municipality cannot proceed with the eviction process as advised by the Senior Legal Advisor.

RESOLVED

- (a) that the Committee for Housing Matters takes notice of the content of the monthly report of the Section Housing for September 2018 and after consideration same be accepted.
- (b) that notice be taken of the High Court Judgement between Witzenberg Municipality vs Twenty Seven (27) Respondents occupying properties of the Bella Vista Housing Project (309) illegally.
- (c) that the Chairperson of the Committee for Housing Matters provide the Section Housing with a date to convene a meeting with herself, Executive Mayor, Municipal Manager and the Twenty Seven (27) Beneficiaries of the properties which are illegal occupied by the Twenty Seven (27) Respondents of the Bella Vista Housing Project (309).

BESLUIT

- (a) dat die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede kennis neem van die inhoud van die maandverslag van die Afdeling Behuising vir September 2018 en dat die verslag na oorweging aanvaar word.
- (b) dat kennis geneem word van die Hoër Hof se uitspraak van die aangeleentheid tussen Munisipaliteit Witzenberg vs Sewe en Twintig (27) Respondente wat eiendomme van die Bella Vista Behuising Projek (309) onwettig beset.
- (c) dat die Voorsitter van die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede die Afdeling Behuising van 'n datum voorsien om 'n vergadering te belê tussen haarself, Uitvoerende Burgemeester, Munisipale Bestuurder en die Begunstigdes van die Sewe en Twintig (27) Eiendomme wat onwettig beset word deur die Sewe en twintig (27) Respondente van die Bella Vista Behuisingsprojek (309).

6.2 Risk Management: Fourth quarter 2017/2018: Risk Management Report: Department Housing / Risiko Bestuur: Vierde Kwartaal van 2017/2018: Risiko Bestuur Verslag: Departement Behuising (9/1/2/2)

This is a quarterly item on the agenda / Hierdie is 'n kwartaallikse item op die agenda.

None / Geen

NOTED / AANGETEKEN

7. RESERVED POWERS / GERESERVEERDE BEVOEGDHEDE

None / Geen

NOTED / AANGETEKEN

8. URGENT MATTERS SUBMITTED AFTER DISPATCHING OF THE AGENDA / DRINGENDE SAKE NA AFSENDING VAN DIE AGENDA

8.1 Minutes of a meeting between Witzenberg Municipality and the Committee of Informal areas in Tulbagh: Thursday, 27 September 2018 / Notule van 'n vergadering tussen Munisipaliteit Witzenberg en die Komitee van Informele areas in Tulbagh: Donderdag, 27 September 2018 (17/4/1/3/R)

The minutes of a meeting between Witzenberg Municipality and the Committee of Informal areas in Tulbagh, held on Thursday, 27 September 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.1**.

Die notule van 'n vergadering tussen Munisipaliteit Witzenberg en die Komitee van Informele areas in Tulbagh, gehou op Donderdag, 27 September 2018, word aangeheg as **bylae 8.1**.

Die Voorsitter meld dat daar steeds nuwe onwettige strukture langs die rivier af te Stasie Pad, Tulbagh opgerig word.

Die Senior Behuisingsbeampte meld dat die onwettige strukture gereeld gemonitor word en dat dit ou opgerigte strukture is. Slegs een (1) onwettige struktuur is gerapporteer op Maandag, 8 Oktober 2018 en suksesvol afgebreek.

Die Komitee versoek dat EPWP werkers aangestel word as monitors ten einde uitbreidings van areas in Tulbagh te voorkom.

Die Munisipale Bestuurder meld dat die Development Action Group (DAG) aan boord kom om die munisipaliteit te adviseer in samewerking met die gemeenskap om die oprigting van verdere onwettige strukture te monitor. Die probleem gaan steeds om na-ure en oor naweke te monitor. Die Suid Afrikaanse Polisiediens moet ook aan boord kom om te assisteer omrede dit laasgenoemde ook affekteer ten opsigte van misdaad.

RESOLVED

- (a) that the Manager: Housing inform the Committee for Informal areas in Tulbgh that a formal meeting is scheduled for Thursday, 18 October 2018.
- (b) that the Committee for Housing Matters in principal approved that five (5) Expanded Public Workers Programme (EPWP) be appointed as monitors as nominated at a community meeting to monitor the erection of illegal structures in Tulbagh.
- (c) that the Committee for Housing Matters take notice of a meeting between Witzenberg Municipality and the Committee of Informal areas in Tulbagh, held on Thursday, 27 September 2018, and same be accepted.

BESLUIT

- (a) dat die Bestuurder: Behuising die Komitee vir Informele areas in Tulbagh in kennis stel dat 'n formele vergadering geskeduleer is vir Donderdag, 18 Oktober 2018.
- (b) dat die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede in beginsel goedkeuring verleen dat vyf (5) Uitgebreide Openbare Werkersprogram Werkers (UOWP) aangestel word soos genomineer deur 'n gemeenskapsvergadering om die oprigting van onwettige strukture in Tulbagh area te monitor.

(c) dat die Komitee vir Behuisingsaangeleenthede kennis neem van 'n vergadering tussen Munisipaliteit Witzenberg en die Komitee van Informele areas in Tulbagh, gehou op Donderdag, 27 September 2018 en dat dit aanvaar word.

9. COMMITTEE FOR HOUSING MATTERS-IN-COMMITTEE / KOMITEE VIR BEHUISINGSAANGELEENTHEDE-IN-KOMITEE

MINUTES OF THE PERFORMANCE, RISK AND AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING OF WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY, HELD IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, MUNICIPAL OFFICES, 50 VOORTREKKER STREET, CERES ON FRIDAY, 26 OCTOBER 2018 AT 08:30

PRESENT

Performance, Risk and Audit Committee

Mr J George (Chairperson) Mr J Basson (Deputy Chairperson) Ms MC Fagan Mr T Lesihla Mr SA Redelinghuys

Officials

Mr D Nasson (Municipal Manager) Mr HJ Kritzinger (Director: Finance) Mr G Louw (Head: Internal Audit) Mr CG Wessels (Manager: Administration) Ms S Hendricks (Senior Internal Auditor) Ms M Prins (Acting Principal Administrative Officer)

Other attendees

Mr A Allie (AGSA)

1. OPENING AND WELCOME

The Chairperson, Mr J George, welcomed everyone present.

NOTED

2. CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE, IF ANY (3/1/2/1)

An apology for absence from the meeting was received from the Deputy Director: Finance.

RESOLVED

that the apology for absence from the meeting, received from the Deputy Director: Finance, be approved and accepted.

3. ATTENDANCE REGISTER, CONFIDENTIALITY AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST DECLARATION

The Attendance register, Confidentiality and Conflict of Interest Declaration was signed by all attendees.

NOTED

4. MINUTES

4.1 Approval of minutes (3/1/2/3)

The minutes of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018, are attached as **annexure 4.1**.

RESOLVED

that the minutes of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee meeting, held on 21 September 2018, be approved and signed by the Chairperson.

4.2 Corrections and matters from the minutes

None

NOTED

4.3 PRAC resolutions register (5/14/4)

- Status of the implementation of PRAC resolutions
- Feedback to PRAC regarding resolutions referred to Council.

The PRAC resolutions register is attached as **annexure 4.3**.

The Municipal Manager requested that matters not specifically referred by the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and/or the Head: Internal Audit to Council not be placed on the Council agenda. Furthermore that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee only refers items to Council to draw specific attention on it. The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee accepted the ruling.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the PRAC resolutions register and accepts same.

5. PRESENTATIONS

None

NOTED

6. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

None

NOTED

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

7.1 Risk Management Report: 1st Quarter 2018/2019 (9/1/4/1 & 5/14/2)

The Risk Management Report for the first quarter of 2018/2019, dated September 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.1**.

The Head: Internal Audit tabled the Risk Management Report for the first quarter of 2018/2019. The following was highlighted:

- That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee assesses the report every second quarter.
- That paragraph 5 of page 1 which reads Council is responsible for the overall governance of risk within the municipality. Council has however delegated this responsibility to the Municipal Manager (MM). The Municipal Manager, who is ultimately responsible for the municipality's risks, has delegated this role of Chief Risk Officer (CRO) to the Chief Financial Officer and Internal Audit be rewritten.
- That the IT risks are not at the right level and minutes of the IT Risk Committee not yet seen. The Municipal Manager indicated that he will take over the IT Risk Committee to ensure progress.

RESOLVED

(a) that the Chief Risk Officer rewrites paragraph 5 of page 1 which reads:

"Council is responsible for the overall governance of risk within the municipality. Council has however delegated this responsibility to the Municipal Manager (MM). The Municipal Manager, who is ultimately responsible for the municipality's risks, has delegated this role of Chief Risk Officer (CRO) to the Chief Financial Officer and Internal Audit."

(b) that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Risk Management Report for the first quarter of 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

7.2 Annual review of Fraud and Corruption Prevention Strategy (5/14/P)

The Fraud and Corruption Prevention Strategy, dated July 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.2**.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Fraud and Corruption Prevention Strategy and accepts same.

7.3 Annual review of Fraud and Corruption Prevention Policy and Response Plan (5/14/P)

The Fraud and Corruption Prevention Policy and Response Plan, dated July 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.3**.

The Chief Risk Officer tabled the Fraud and Corruption Prevention Policy and Response Plan. The following was highlighted:

• That in terms of legislative changes the applicable changes be made internally by the municipality when applicable.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Fraud and Corruption Prevention Policy and Response Plan and same be accepted.

7.4 Annual review of Whistle Blowing Policy (5/14/P)

The Whistle Blowing Policy, dated July 2018, is attached as **annexure 7.4**.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Whistle Blowing Policy and same be accepted.

8. AUDIT AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

8.1 Section 71 monthly report of the Directorate Finance: September 2018 (9/1/2/2)

The Section 71 monthly report of the Directorate Finance for September 2018 is attached as **annexure 8.1**.

RESOLVED

To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:

that the Section 71 monthly report of the Directorate Finance for September 2018 be approved and accepted.

8.2 Internal Audit Report: Disaster Management Compliance (5/14/2)

The Internal Audit Report on Disaster Management Compliance, dated 18 April 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.2**.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Internal Audit Report in respect of Disaster Management Compliance and same be accepted.

8.3 Internal Audit Methodology, Supervision and Quality Control (5/14/2)

The Internal Audit Methodology, Supervision and Quality Control review is attached as annexure 8.3.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Internal Audit Methodology, Supervision and Quality Control review and same be accepted.

8.4 Status of implementation report: Internal Audit Risk Based Audit Plan (RBAP): 1st Quarter 2018/2019 (5/14/2)

The Status of implementation report on the Internal Audit Risk Based Audit Plan (RBAP) for the first quarter of 2018/2019, dated September 2018, is attached as **annexure 8.4**.

RESOLVED

that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee takes notice of the Status of implementation report on the Internal Audit Risk Based Audit Plan (RBAP) for the first quarter of 2018/2019 and same be accepted.

9. OTHER MATTERS

9.1 PRAC work plan: 2018/2019 (5/14/4)

This is a standing item on the agenda.

The PRAC work plan for 2018/2019 is attached as **annexure 9.1**.

RESOLVED

that the PRAC work plan for 2018/2019 be held in abeyance until the next meeting.

10. NEXT MEETINGS (03/1/2/3)

RESOLVED

that the next meetings of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee will be held in the Council Chambers, Municipal Offices, 50 Voortrekker Street, Ceres on:

- Friday, 23 November 2018 at 08:30
- Friday, 8 February 2019 at 08:30
- Friday, 5 April 2019 at 08:30
- Friday, 17 May 2019 at 08:30

11. PRAC-IN-COMMITTEE



PERFORMANCE, RISK AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

2nd BI-ANNUAL PERFORMANCE AUDIT COMMITTEE PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT REPORT 2017/2018

(MUNICIPAL PLANNING AND PERFORMANCE, REGULATION 14(4) (a) (iii))

September 2018

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The Council Witzenberg Municipality 50 Voortrekker Street Ceres 6835

Dear Council

1. Purpose

The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee (PRAC) have conducted a mandatory review of the municipality's Performance Management System in terms of the Municipal Planning and Performance Regulations. The purpose of this report is to inform the Municipal Council regarding the result of the review that focuses on economy, efficiency, effectiveness and impact in so far as the key performance indicators and performance targets are concerned.

2. Background

Witzenberg Municipality has opted in terms of section 14(c) of the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Regulations, 2001 to utilize the Audit Committee established in terms of the MFMA, as their Performance Audit Committee.

The role of the Performance Risk and Audit Committee is to assist Council by providing inputs to ensure effective systems that complement service delivery, safeguarding of municipal assets, the maintenance of financial records, risk management, corporate governance and an effective internal control system.

3. Legal framework

In terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act, No. 56 of 2003, section 166(2) (a), "An audit committee is an independent advisory body which must-

- (a) Advise the municipal council, the political office-bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality, or the board of directors, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipal entity, on matters relating to—
 - (v) performance management;
 - (viii) performance evaluation:"

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In terms of the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 14(1)(c), "A municipality's Internal Auditors must-

- On a continuous basis audit the performance measurement of the municipality; and
- (ii) Submit quarterly reports on their audits to the municipal manager and the performance audit committee.

In terms of the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 14(4)(a), "A performance audit committee must –

- (i) review the quarterly reports submitted to it in terms of sub regulation 14(1)(c)(ii);
- (ii) review the municipality's performance management system and make recommendations in this regard to the council of the municipality; and
- (iii) at least twice during a financial year submit an audit report to the municipal council concerned."

4. Mandate

In order to fulfil its role, PRAC have the following objectives in terms of section 166(2) a) (i to ix) of the Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003:

- Advise the Municipal Council, the political office-bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality, on matters relating to:
 - Internal financial control and internal audits;
 - Risk management;
 - Accounting policies;
 - The adequacy, reliability and accuracy of financial reporting and information;
 - Performance management;
 - Effective governance;
 - Compliance with the MFMA, Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and any other applicable legislation;
 - Performance evaluation; and
 - Any other issues referred to it by the municipality.

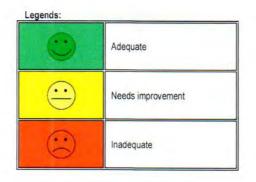
In terms of the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001 a Performance Audit Committee must be appointed to fulfil the following objectives:

- To advise Council on the functionality of the Performance Management System;
- To advise Council whether the Performance Management System complies with the Act;
- To advise Council on the extent to which the municipality's performance measures are reliable in measuring performance;

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5. PRAC Assessment of Performance Management

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT				
	Period			
Performance System Objectives	1 July 2017 to 31 Dec 2017	1 January 2018 to 30 June 2018		
Functionality of the performance management system	\odot	\odot		
Performance Management System complies with the Act and regulations	\odot	0		
Extent to which the municipality's performance measures are reliable in measuring performance				



Root causes that negatively impact on the objective to ensure that the municipality's performance measures are reliable.

Root Cause as % of Findings



Page 5 of 6

6. Comment

During the 4th quarter of 2017/2018 Internal Audit has highlighted the following repeat deficiencies that takes into account previously reported non-compliance and control weaknesses. Management has indicated that mitigating action plans to address these deficiencies will be implemented:

No	Finding	Original Due Date	Revised Due Date	Status 30 June 2018
1	Proof of evidence is inadequate	30 June 2016	23 August 2018	Repeat finding
2	Proof of evidence incomplete and inaccurate	30 June 2016	23 August 2018	Repeat finding
3	Corrective action not yet implemented on underperforming KPIs	19 January 2018	30 June 2018	Management spending not achieving the set targets

7. Recommendation to Council

Based on Internal Audit's findings, PRAC brings to Council's attention that the repeat findings should have been addressed by June 2016. To improve the functionality of the performance management system, timeous monitoring and reviewing of the portfolios of evidence should be implemented and management should embrace the recommendations by Internal Audit and ensure continuous monitoring to address the control deficiencies.

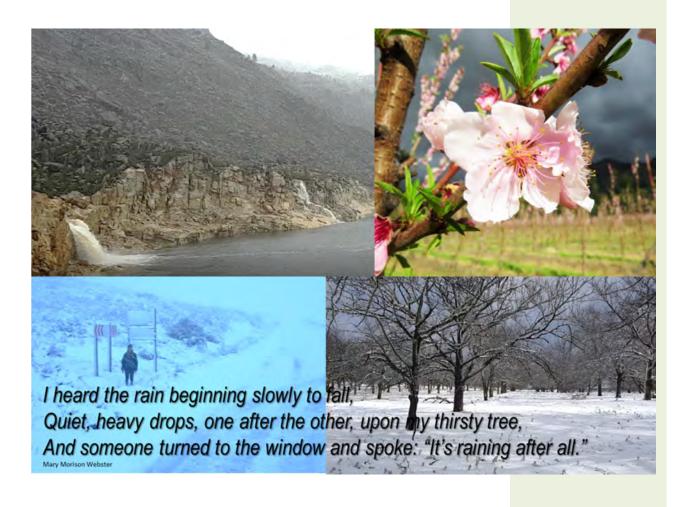
Yours Faithfully

Mr Jonathan George

Chairperson: Performance, Risk and Audit Committee



ANNUAL REPORT 2017/18 (DRAFT)



A municipality that cares for its community, creating growth and opportunities.

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CHAPTER 1 – MAYOR'S FORWARD AND EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

COMPONENT A: EXECUTIVE MAYOR'S FORWARD

To be completed

COMPONENT B: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S OVERVIEW

To be completed

1.2 MUNICIPAL FUNCTIONS, POPULATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL OVERVIEW

This report addresses the performance of Witzenberg Municipality, Western Cape with respect to their core legislative obligations. Local government has an obligation to create the participatory framework that defines and enhances the relationship between elected leaders and communities. This requires that the Council of the municipality provides regular and predictable reporting concerning performance programmes and the general state of affairs in their locality.

The 2017/18 Annual Report reflects the performance of Witzenberg Municipality for the period 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018. The Annual Report is prepared in terms of Section 121(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), in terms of which the municipality must prepare an Annual Report for each financial year.

1.2.1 Vision and Mission

Our Vision

A municipality that cares for its community, creating growth and opportunities.

Our Mission

Witzenberg Municipality is committed to improve the quality of life for the community by:

- Providing and maintaining affordable services.
- Promoting social and economic development
- The effective and efficient use of available resources
- Effective stakeholder and community participation

Value system

- Driven by the aspirations of our community, we will respect and uphold the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa.
- We commit ourselves to the Code of Conduct for Councillors and Officials in terms of the Municipal Systems Act.
- We commit ourselves to the principles of sound financial management.

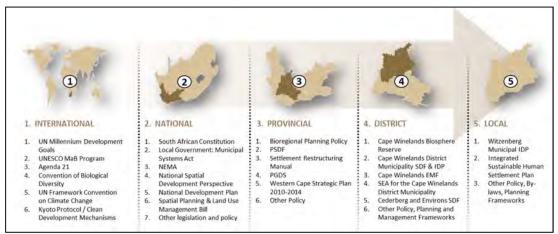
1.2.2 Demographic Information

Municipal geographical information

Witzenberg Local Municipality (LM) was founded in 2000 and is classified as a Category B municipality and is responsible for basic service provision in the demarcated municipal area that includes the towns of Ceres, Tulbagh, Prince Alfred's Hamlet, Wolseley and Op-die-Berg. The rural areas within the municipal boundary are Ceres Valley, Koue Bokkeveld, Agter-Witzenberg, Ceres/Tankwa Karoo and the northern portion of Breede River Valley (Land van Waveren).

The climate in Witzenberg is known for hot and dry weather during summer. Winds are seasonal and generally North-westerly or South-easterly. The average annual rainfall in Ceres is about 1 088 mm and the average temperature ranges from 2.4°C to 29.9°C.

Located in the picturesque and fertile Breede Valley, Witzenberg is renowned for export quality fruit and wine products. The region is also well-known for producing other agronomical products such as olives and grain, and meat products such as beef and pork. Horse and cattle stud farms are also found within the municipal area.



Witzenberg Municipality in geographical context.

Indicator	Cape Winelands District	Witzenberg
GDPR growth (2005 – 2015)	3.3%	5%
Population growth (2005 – 2015)	1.72%	1.88%
Real GDPR per capita (2005 – 2015)	R48 827	R43 865
Gini coefficient (2010 – 2015)	Increase	Increase
HDI (2010 – 2016)	Increase	Increase
No schooling (2016)	7.6%	8.8%
Grade 12 dropout rates (2016)	Increase	35.5%

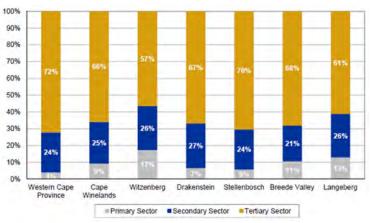
17%

Socio-Economic Summary (Comparison with Cape Winelands District)

Source: Western Cape Provincial Treasury, Municipal Economic & Review Outlook 2017.

12.4%

GDPR contribution per main sector, 2015 (Quantec Research, 2017).



Witzenberg LM comprises an area of 10 753 km², and is situated about 150 kilometres North-East of Cape Town. The region is surrounded by three mountain ranges: the Obiqua Mountains to the west, the Winterhoek Mountains to the north and the Witzenberg range to the east. These mountain ranges often receive significant winter snowfall. Witzenberg's natural surroundings are characterized by endemic fauna and flora, forest wilderness and include the catchment areas of three river systems.

Informal dwelling



Location of Witzenberg Municipality in the Cape Winelands District.

From a spatial perspective, some of the challenges facing the various areas of the municipality are: Op-die-Berg and the Koue Bokkeveld: Limited space for human settlement expansion due to bio-physical conditions and the competition for land for various social and agricultural needs.

- Prince Alfred Hamlet: A low overall density of development, with definite bio-physical constraints to expansion such as the need to protect biodiversity resources.
- Ceres: Main administrative centre with largest industrial developments. Low density development with limited opportunities for diversification.
- N'Duli: The scarcity of land to address social needs, and conflict with surrounding agricultural uses.
- Wolseley: Situated alongside major road- and rail transport corridors with the main focus on industrial development. Located on a watershed complicates the provision of services, and the wetland area is unsuitable for development.
- Tulbagh: Historical town with focus on tourism development and heritage conservation.
- Bella Vista: High density development with under-provision of formal business opportunities.

Wards

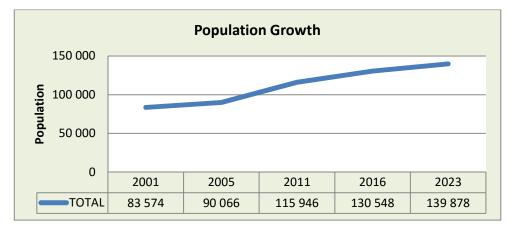
The municipality is currently structured into the following 12 wards:

Ward	Areas
1	N'Duli - Polo Cross & Primary School
2	Wolseley - WF Loots, Petra, Bothashalt, La Plaisante
3	Ceres - Primary School, Stadsaal, Fairfield School
4	Prince Alfred's Hamlet - Town Hall, Bella Vista High School, Ceres Aartappels
5	Ceres Vallei Church Hall, Achtertuin Primary school
6	Bella Vista - URC Hall & Community Hall

Ward	Areas
7	Tulbagh - Community Hall. Wolseley - Primary & Secondary School
8	Op-die-Berg, Koue Bokkeveld - Môrester, Bronaar, Rocklands.
9	Tandfontein, Wydekloof, Voorsorg, Kromfontein
10	Phase 4 Hamlet, Agter Witzenberg, Koelfontein.
11	Tulbagh - Town Hall & werkestoor, De Agen, Twee Jonge Gezellen.
12	N'Duli - Polo Cross & Primary School

1.2.3 Population

The 2017 Socio-Economic profile is published annually by Provincial Treasury and it estimates the population of Witzenberg at 130 607 with 35 976 households. The table below gives an indication of the increase in population since 2001.



Note: 2001 – Census, 2005 – estimate, 2011 – Census, 2015 – SEP-LG Profile & 2020 SEP-LG Profile estimate.

1.2.4 Households

There are 35 976 households in the municipality, with an average household size of 3.6 persons per household. (Socio-Economic Profile 2017)

The total number of households within the municipal area increased from 27 419 (2014/15) to 35 976 (2017/18) and the indigent households decreased from 2 810 (2014/15) to 2 373 (2017/18).

The following table shows the overall population within the specific area (Census 2011):

Area	Population
Witzenberg NU	52 200
Op-die-Berg	1 530
Meulstroom	1 083
Tulbagh	8 969
Prince Alfred Hamlet	6 809
Bella Vista	13 460
Ceres	10 412
N'Duli	9 350
Wolseley	1 528

Area	Population	
Pine Valley	4 341	
Montana	6 263	
Total	115 946	

1.2.5 Key Economic Activities

Economic growth at municipal level is essential for the attainment of economic development, the reduction of poverty and improved accessibility. Fostering this growth requires an in-depth understanding of the economic landscape within which each respective municipality operates.

Witzenberg contributes R6.108 billion (or 13.8%) of the Districts total R44.16 billion GDPR as recorded in 2015. GDP growth averaged 5.3 % per annum over the period 2005-2015. This is significantly above the District average of 3.5 %. Average annual growth of 4.2 % in the post-recessionary period remained above the District average of 2.8%.

Witzenberg employed 16.7% (62 594) of the Cape Winelands District's labour force during 2015, and employment growth was moderate, averaging 1.6 % per annum since 2005, which was below the overall district employment growth rate of 1.9 % per annum. Employment growth has nevertheless picked up significantly in the post–recessionary period (2010-2015) averaging 3.9 % per annum (which is now above the district's rate of 2.9 % over the period 2010–2015).

Key Economic Activities	Description
Agriculture	Fruit production (deciduous fruit), Vegetable production
Manufacturing	Fruit packaging and processing
Tourism	Marketing and branding, expo's, lifestyle development, eco- tourism (trout, olives)
Finance	Legal services, Financial services
Trade	Wholesale, Retail, Big export activity

1.2.6 Municipal Challenges

The following general challenges are experienced by the municipality:

Challenges	Actions to address
Bulk electricity supply from Eskom. The recent growth in the local agro-economy has resulted in the expansion of agro-processing industries in the rural and built environment. Our notified maximum demand limits by Eskom is under pressure and cannot be increased due to the under-capacity of the bulk supply infrastructure managed by them. This has restricted further economic expansion which can only be addressed with the bulk supply infrastructure.	Various deliberations have taken place between the municipality, Eskom, local business and the agricultural sector to address the issue. Discussions with various government departments are underway to obtain funding to upgrade the Eskom bulk infrastructure on a short term basis to address this need up until the upgrade completion in 2021. The Environmental Impact Assessment has started and the indication is that upgrades will commence towards the end of September 2019.
Waste Management. The operating of the municipal landfill sites and overall management of waste has become a major challenge due to drastically increased maintenance cost of the sites, vandalism, theft and public ignorance on the by-laws. The delay in the	The municipality has started with the implementation of a long-term strategy for waste management in the municipal area. A MIG application has been submitted for the establishment of a material recovery facility and will

Challenges	Actions to address
establishment of a regional waste site at Worcester also contributes to the uncertainty of strategy to be followed in terms of investment into the current sites or towards a material recovery facility aligned with the regional site. Legal challenges and public ignorance with regards to existing landfill sites contributes to this challenge	be included in the 2019/20 municipal budget.
Drought and water sources. The Witzenberg area has experienced a severe drought during 2015/16 to 2017/18 and was declared a disaster area by National- and Western Cape Government. Severe water restrictions were implemented by Council. The limited storage capacity in Tulbagh escalated the problem.	The engagements with the Department of Water Affairs needs to be intensified and also be referred to a ministerial level to address the impasse with the approval of the funding which has been gazetted by National Treasury for three consecutive financial years.
The requirement for the upgrade of R46 between Ceres & Nduli (which is a provincial road) might delay further implementation of the Vredebes housing project which caters for 2900 subsidised residential plots.	Establishment of steering committee to unlock resources and stumbling blocks with Vredebes
Maintenance and upgrading of municipal roads. The condition of bituminous pavements (roads) has drastically decreased over the past couple of years in certain areas, due to historically poor construction practices and insufficient funding for road maintenance. The existing backlog amounts to R 80 million, with 36% of these roads located in Tulbagh in a poor to very poor structural condition. Many of these roads have deteriorated to the point that they need to be rebuilt	Continued funding through municipal budget.
Debt collection on municipal rates and taxes. The outstanding debt has increased rapidly over the past few years in certain towns due to the inability to implement the debt collection policy. This is especially evident in towns where Eskom supply electricity and the policy cannot be implemented. In certain areas, public hostility has reached fever-pitch and officials are at risk when investigating illegal connections and meter tampering. This is causing a culture of non-payment and apathy towards financial obligations.	The municipality has budgeted for the implementation of water management devices that will limit water flow to supplement the Debt Collection Policy. Water use for humanitarian purposes will still be available, but excessive water usage and non-payment will be addressed.

1.3 SERVICE DELIVERY OVERVIEW

The investment in municipal infrastructure has been historically influenced by existing backlogs and this is a consideration for the sustainable service delivery for new developments as well as general upgrading and maintenance. The developmental potential of urban areas plays a major role in guiding infrastructure investment to ensure sustainable service delivery to human settlements. Basic services that include water, sanitation, electricity, refuse, roads and storm water and should be a major focus area for infrastructure budgeting and investment.

Our previous and current investment into services has been well-supported with funding from the Department of Energy (INEP), COGTA (MIG), the Department of Human Settlements (funding for bulk services) and inherent municipal funding. In terms of bulk services, the following challenges are prominent;

Bulk electrical supply: Eskom cannot supply any additional bulk electricity to Ceres, Tulbagh and Wolseley. We are already exceeding our Notified Maximum Demand in these towns and Eskom can only upgrade their bulk network by 2022. All new developments in Witzenberg are now jeopardised, as Eskom cannot supply additional bulk electrical supply. This is having a major impact on the growth of the economy and intervention at National level is required. In the meantime Eskom increased our

NMD at Ceres Power Station with 1,7Mva and we installed our capacitor banks at Bon Chretien Substation which assisted in decreasing max demand by 1.5Mva. We are however still running on the limits of our NMD and are penalties to Eskom not excluded.

- The drought is having a severe impact on all towns, especially Tulbagh. A new raw water storage dam needs to be constructed at Tulbagh to alleviate the problem. Estimated funding of R29M is required to realise this project. DWS approved this funding, but we are still awaiting the release of funds from their coffers.
- Upgrade of bulk roads and storm water, electricity, sewerage and water mains for the new Vredebes development are well underway. These services will ensure sustainable capacity for the development and should be completed within the next 3 years. Upgrade of the new roads, storm water, electrical bulk provision, water and sanitation networks, however remain underfunded and should be capacitated through budget allocation and investment.

Highlight	Description
New reservoirs at Bella Vista & Nduli	Completion of these reservoirs to service the housing developments at Bella Vista & Vredebes
New Infrastructure & upgrades	Replacement of various sewer networks within Witzenberg. Phase 2 of Vredebes sewer Upgrading of Pump station 4, Ceres Bulk sewer line from Pump station 4 to Ceres WWTW
Power Factor Correction	The PFC equipment was re-commissioned in the Bon Chretien substation. PFC equipment has the effect of decreasing Maximum Demand and therefore substantial financial savings.
Increase of NMD (Notified Maximum Demand)	Eskom increased our NMD at Ceres with 1,7Mva, which helps on the short term to supply in the high demand for electricity.
Vredebes, Ceres: New Access Collector, Storm water & Sidewalks Ph1	Class 3 road from intersection with TR22/2 up the access to Phase 1 of the Vredebes development; Sidewalks on both sides of the road; Associated storm water along the proposed road; 235 meters.

1.3.1 Basic services delivery highlights

1.3.2 Basic services delivery challenges

Service Area	Challenge	Actions to address
Water	Severe drought	Implemented water restrictions, obtained grant funding for various drought interventions and obtained funding for the construction of a raw water dam at Tulbagh
Technical Services	Budget	Limited budget for infrastructure refurbishment, upgrade and replacement of vehicles and out-dated equipment.
Electricity	Eskom unable to increase Notified Maximum Demand	Regular interactions with Eskom to speed up their bulk upgrades. Renewable energy policy approved by Council to assist with the demand shortage. Eskom commenced with their EIA process for the bulk upgrades to take place.
Solid Waste	Continuous court actions by adjacent owner of the Tulbagh Landfill Site	Variation license submitted to DEADP to obtain height increase for additional volume to increase the storage capacity at Tulbagh landfill, however adjacent owner is continuously appealing these decisions in court, which limits our storage space, as the Worcester Regional Site is not forthcoming.

Service Area	Challenge	Actions to address
Town Planning & Building Control	Land Use Control	 74 (58%) of House Shops in Witzenberg operate without approval Overriding reason is the shop owner is not property owner (immigrants) Serving of notices are not properly done (law enforcement). Council does not have a demolition team, equipment & suitable vehicles especially to remove structures/containers.

1.3.3 Proportion of urban households with access to basic services

The table below indicates the number of urban households with access to a minimum level of basic services:

Description	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Electricity - service connections	12 730	12 893	12 543	12 250
Water - available within 200m from dwelling	14 301	14 329	14 242	13 960
Sanitation - Households with at least VIP service	14 380	14 380	14 558	13 975
Waste collection - kerbside collection once a week	13 871	14 057	14 292	13 981

Note: Decrease in 2017/18 figures due to counting of structures in informal areas in previous year and not households.

1.4 FINANCIAL HEALTH OVERVIEW

1.4.1 Financial viability highlights

Highlight	Description
Debt coverage ratio 90.2	The number of times debt payments can be accommodated within operating revenue. This represents the ease with which debt payments can be accommodated by the municipality
Cost coverage ratio 2.97 months	It explains how many months' expenditure can be covered by cash and other cash equivalents available to the municipality

1.4.2 Financial viability challenges

Challenge	Action to address
Service debtors to revenue 49.1%	A specialised service provider was appointed to collect outstanding debt. The legal process is time consuming. The 2018/19 budget provides for the installation of water management devices which aims to reduce outstanding debt.

1.4.3 National key performance indicators – Financial viability (Ratio's)

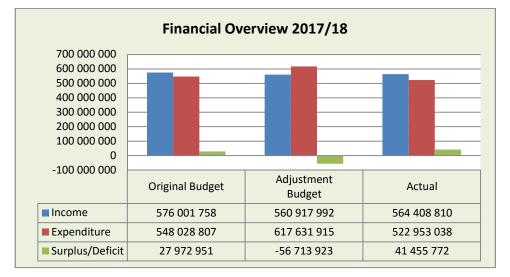
The following table indicates the municipality's performance in terms of the National Key Performance Indicators, required in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and the Performance

Management Regulations of 2001 and section 43 of the MSA. These key performance indicators are linked to the National Key Performance Area, Municipal Financial Viability and Management

KPA & Indicator	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Comments
Debt coverage (Total operating revenue - operating grants received: debt service payments due within the year)	32.6 : 1	39.7 : 1	90.2 : 1	This indicator is to determine if the municipality generates sufficient cash to cover outstanding debtors, the higher the ratio, the better
Service debtors to revenue – (Total outstanding service debtors: revenue received for services)	0.48 : 1	0.54 : 1	0.49 : 1	This is the percentage that outstanding debtors are of annual revenue, the lower, the better
Cost coverage (Available cash+ investments: Monthly fixed operating expenditure)	3.6 : 1	2.4 : 1	2.97 : 1	This is the percentage that cash on hands will be able to cover monthly expenditure, the higher, the better

1.4.4 Financial overview

Details	Original budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual
	R	R	R
Income	576 001 758	560 917 992	564 408 810
Grants	161 075 999	134 302 661	128 448 511
Taxes Levies and tariffs	367 657 272	373 357 272	370 004 951
Other	47 268 487	53 258 059	65 955 348
Less Expenditure	548 028 807	617 631 915	522 953 038
Net surplus/(deficit)	R 27 972 951	(56 713 923)	R 41 455 772

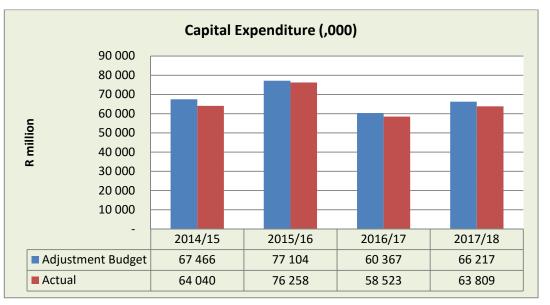


Detail	Expected norm	2016/17 Actual	2017/18 Actual	Variance 2017/18 from norm
Employee Cost	30%	26%	29%	1%
Repairs & Maintenance	20%	4%	4%	16%
Finance charges & depreciation	10%	8%	8%	2%

1.4.5 Operating ratio's as a percentage of operating expenditure

1.4.6 Total capital expenditure

Detail	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Detail	R'000			
Original Budget	62 922	52 768	58 899	83 247
Adjustment Budget	67 466	77 104	62 908	66 217
Actual	64 040	76 258	61 033	63 809
Percentage Expenditure	95%	99 %	97 %	96 %



1.5 ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OVERVIEW

1.5.1 Municipal transformation and organisational development highlights

Highlight	Description
Embarking on TASK process. Review of all job descriptions.	Various positions and departments have been evaluated and audited
Realisation of public participation with all relevant wards	Five (5) channels of communication between the municipality and communities
Creation of awareness on Corruption and Fraud Policy	Communication of whistle blower process on a quarterly basis to the community and to personnel

Highlight	Description
Skilling, capacitating and building of essential personnel	Minimum competency realisation for all key staff and continuous capacity building for strategic personnel

1.5.2 Municipal transformation and organisational development challenges

Challenge	Actions to address
Gap in filling employment equity targeted groups in managerial positions	Specify the recruitments to the targeted in terms of the Employment Equity Plan segment
Low salary (remuneration) equals to lack of attraction of specialized skills	Embarking on salary scale reviews (TASK)
Limited capital budget	Requiring financial support for auxiliary functions from supporting organs of state

1.6 AUDITOR-GENERAL REPORT

1.6.1 Audited outcomes

Witzenberg Municipality is proud to obtain unqualified audit outcomes for the past five financial years. The implementation of Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts was a huge challenge, but unqualified audit outcomes were still obtained. The challenge for the future is to maintain this standard. The Auditor-General of South Africa will issue opinions on the performance indicators in the future which will continually challenge our capacity, but we will endeavour to meet their criteria and adhere to regulations.

The table below detail the audit comes for the past five financial years:

Year	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Status	Unqualified	Unqualified	Unqualified	Unqualified	Unqualified

1.7 STATUTORY ANNUAL REPORT PROCESS

No	Activity	Timeframe
1	Consideration of next financial year's Budget and IDP process plan. Except for the legislative content, the process plan should confirm in-year reporting formats to ensure that reporting and monitoring feeds seamlessly into the Annual Report process at the end of the Budget/IDP implementation period	
2	Implementation and monitoring of approved Budget and IDP commences (In-year financial reporting).	July
3	Finalise the 4th quarter Report for previous financial year	
4	Municipal entities submit draft annual reports to MM	
5	Submit draft Annual Performance Report including consolidated annual financial statements to Internal Audit and Auditor-General	August
6	Audit/Performance committee considers draft Annual Performance Report of municipality and entities (where relevant)	
7	Municipality submits draft Annual Report including consolidated annual financial statements and performance report to Auditor General	September
8	Annual Performance Report as submitted to Auditor General to be provided as input to the IDP Analysis Phase	October
9	Auditor General audits Annual Report including consolidated Annual Financial Statements and Performance data	September - October
10	Municipalities receive and start to address the Auditor General's comments	November
11	Mayor tables Annual Report and audited Financial Statements to Council complete with the Auditor- General's Report	December
12	Audited Annual Report is made public and representation is invited	
13	Oversight Committee assesses Annual Report	
14		
15	Oversight report is made public January	
16	Oversight report is submitted to relevant provincial councils	
17	Commencement of draft Budget/ IDP finalisation for next financial year. Annual Report and Oversight Reports to be used as input	March

CHAPTER 2: GOVERNANCE

Good governance has 8 major characteristics. It is participatory, consensus oriented, accountable, transparent, responsive, effective and efficient, equitable and inclusive, and follows the rule of law. It assures that corruption is minimized, the views of minorities are taken into account and that the voices of the most vulnerable in society are heard during decision-making. It is also responsive to the current and future needs of society.

COMPONENT A: POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE

2.1 POLITICAL GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Council performs both legislative and executive functions. It focuses on legislative, oversight and participatory roles, and has delegated its executive function to the Executive Mayor and the Mayoral Committee. Its primary role is to debate issues publicly and to facilitate political debate and discussion. Apart from their functions as policy makers, councillors are also actively involved with community work and various social programmes in the municipal area.

2.1.1 Council

Below is a table that categorises councillors within their specific political parties and wards:

Name of Councillor / Alderman	Capacity	Political Party	Ward representing or proportional
TE Abrahams	Mayco Member 03/08/2016-	DA	Proportional
K Adams	Deputy Executive Mayor 03/08/2016-	DA	Ward 6
P Daniels	Councillor 03/08/2016-	DA	Ward 7
TT Godden	Speaker 03/08/2016-	Соре	Proportional
P Heradien	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ICOSA	Proportional
SJ Hugo	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ANC	Ward 9
DM Jacobs	Councillor 03/08/2016-	EFF	Proportional
D Kinnear	Councillor 03/08/2016-	DA	Proportional
BC Klaasen	Executive Mayor 03/08/2016-	DA	Proportional
GG Laban	Councillor 03/08/2016-	Witzenberg Aksie	Proportional
C Lottering	Councillor 03/08/2016-	DA	Ward 2
M Mdala	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ANC	Ward 12
TP Mgoboza	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ANC	Ward 10
ZS Mzauziwa	Councillor 03/08/2016-	DA	Proportional
N Phatsoane	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ANC	Ward 1
JT Phungula	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ANC	Proportional
JW Schuurman	Alderman 03/08/2016 -	ANC	Proportional
EM Sidego	Mayco Member 03/08/2016-	DA	Ward 11
RJ Simpson	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ANC	Proportional
HJ Smit	Mayco Member Alderman 03/08/2016-	DA	Ward 5
D Swart	Councillor 03/08/2016-	DA	Ward 3
HF Visagie	Councillor 03/08/2016-	ANC	Ward 8
JJ Visagie	Mayco Member Alderman 03/08/2016-	DA	Ward 4

Below is a table which indicates the Council meeting attendance for the 2017/18 financial year:

Meeting dates	Number of items submitted	Percentage Council Meetings Attendance	Percentage Apologies for non- attendance
26 July 2017	31	96%	4%
21 August 2017	8	87%	13%
27 September 2017	31	92%	8%
25 October 2017	30	83%	17%
5 December 2017	35	87%	13%
21 December 2017	5	70%	30%
24 January 2018	15	92%	8%
28 February 2018	27	83%	17%
28 March 2018	30	96%	4%
29 May 2018	23	74%	26%
29 June 2018	11	83%	17%

2.1.2 Executive Mayoral Committee

The Executive Mayor of the Municipality, Councillor BC Klaasen, assisted by the Mayoral Committee, heads the executive arm of the Municipality. The Executive Mayor is at the centre of the system of governance, since executive powers are vested in him to manage the day-to-day affairs. This means that he has an overarching strategic and political responsibility. The key element of the executive model is that executive power is vested in the Executive Mayor, delegated by the Council, as well as the legislative powers assigned to these parties. Although accountable for the strategic direction and performance of the Municipality, the Executive Mayor operates in collaboration with the Mayoral Committee.

The name and portfolio of each Member of the Mayoral Committee is listed in the table below for the period 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018:

Name of member	Capacity
Mayco Member Alderman H Smit 17/08/2016-	Chairperson: Committee for Corporate and Financial Services
Mayco Member Councillor JJ Visagie 17/08/2016-	Chairperson: Committee for Technical Services
Mayco Member Councillor TE Abrahams 17/08/2016-	Chairperson: Committee for Local Economic Development, Tourism and Marketing
Mayco Member Deputy Executive Mayor Councillor K Adams 17/08/2016 -	Chairperson: Committee for Community Development
Mayco Member E Sidego 17/08/2016 -	Chairperson: Committee for Housing Matters

The table below indicates the dates of the Committee meetings and the number of reports submitted to Council for the 2017/18 financial year:

Meeting date	Number of items submitted to Council	
COMMITTEE FOR HOUSING MATTERS		
10 August 2017	17	
14 September 2017	17	
12 October 2017	7	
9 November 2017	11	
13 December 2017	2	

Meeting date	Number of items submitted to Council		
8 February 2018	12		
1 March 2018	1		
8 March 2018	9		
12 April 2018	6		
10 May 2018	12		
7 June 2018	11		
COMMITTEE FOR LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELO	PMENT, TOURISM AND MARKETING		
16 August 2017	8		
20 September 2017	6		
18 October 2017	7		
15 November 2017	5		
14 March 2018	4		
18 April 2018	3		
13 June 2018	4		
COMMITTEE FOR COMMUN	IITY DEVELOPMENT		
21 September 2017	11		
19 October 2017	8		
15 February 2018	10		
15 March 2018	9		
19 April 2018	11		
24 May 2018	9		
COMMITTEE FOR CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES			
17 August 2017	7		
21 September 2017	8		
16 November 2017	10		
15 March 2018	9		
19 April 2018	5		
24 May 2018	3		
COMMITTEE FOR TECHI	NICAL SERVICES		
16 August 2017	9		
20 September 2017	10		
18 October 2017	9		
15 November 2017	9		
14 March 2018	7		
18 April 2018	4		
23 May 2018	4		

Meeting date	Number of items submitted to Council
13 June 2018	4

2.1.3 Portfolio Committees

In terms of section 80 of the Municipal Structures Act 1998, if a Council has an executive committee; it may appoint, in terms of Section 79, committees of councillors to assist the executive committee or Executive Mayor. Section 80 committees are permanent committees that specialise in a specific functional area of the municipality and may in some instances make decisions on specific functional issues. They advise the executive committee on policy matters and make recommendations to Council.

The portfolio committees for the 2017/18 Mayoral term and their Chairpersons are as follows:

Committee	Chairperson	Section 79 or 80 Committee	Number of minutes submitted to Council	Meeting Date
Committee for Housing Matters	Councillor E Sidego 03/08/2016-	Section 80	11	10 August 2017 14 September 2017 12 October 2017 9 November 2017 13 December 2017 8 February 2018 1 March 2018 8 March 2018 12 April 2018 10 May 2018 7 June 2018
Committee for Community Development	Councillor K Adams 03/08/2016-	Section 80	6	21 September 2017 19 October 2017 15 February 2018 15 March 2018 19 April 2018 24 May 2018
Committee for Corporate and Financial Services	Alderman H Smit 03/08/2016-	Section 80	6	17 August 2017 21 September 2017 16 November 2017 15 March 2018 19 April 2018 24 May 2018
Committee for Technical Services	Councillor J Visagie 03/08/2016-	Section 80	8	16 August 2017 20 September 2017 18 October 2017 15 November 2017 14 March 2018 18 April 2018 23 May 2018 13 June 2018
Committee for Local Economic Development, Tourism and Marketing	Councillor T Abrahams 03/08/2016-	Section 80	7	16 August 2017 20 September 2017 18 October 2017 15 November 2018 14 March 2018 18 April 2018 13 June 2018

2.2 ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Municipal Manager is the Accounting Officer of the municipality. He is the head of the administration and primarily has to serve as chief custodian of service delivery and implementation of political priorities. He is assisted by his directorship, which constitutes the management team below:

Name of Official	Department	Performance agreement signed (Yes/No)
David Nasson	Municipal Manager	Yes
Cobus Kritzinger	Chief Financial Officer	Yes
Monwabisi Mpeluza	Director: Corporate Services	Yes
Jo-Ann Krieger	Director: Community Services	Yes
Joseph Barnard	Director: Technical Services	Yes

COMPONENT B: INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

2.3 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

In terms of the Constitution of South Africa, all spheres of government and all organs of state within each sphere must co-operate with one another, in mutual trust and good faith, fostering friendly relations. They must assist and support one another, inform and consult one another on matters of common interest, coordinate their actions, adhering to agreed procedures and avoid legal proceedings against one another.

2.3.1 Intergovernmental structures

To adhere to the principles of the Constitution as mentioned above the municipality participates in the following intergovernmental structures:

Name of Structure	Members	Outcomes of Engagements/Topics Discussed
Municipals Managers Forum	SALGA, neighbouring municipality's MMs	District based initiatives
SALGA Working Groups	SALGA, Neighbouring municipality's Technical Directors and experts	Municipal wide information sharing
IDP Managers Forum	Department of Local Government (DPLG), All municipalities in the Western Cape (WC), IDP Managers	Provincial wide information sharing
LED Managers Forum	Cape Winelands Regional LED Forum	Sharing information and best practises on Economic Development
WMO Forum	DEADP, All municipalities in the Western Cape (waste management officers), and experts	Municipal wide information sharing with all 3 spheres of government.
IDP Joint Planning Initiative	All provincial sector departments, all municipalities in the Western Cape	Provincial, District & local based planning: JPI's and WCDP
ProvincialPublicParticipationandCommunicationForum(PPPCOM)	DPLG, all municipalities in the WC,s IDP Manager	Provincial wide information sharing
Ministerial Technical Committee	Provincial Government and Municipal Managers	Provincial programmes and initiatives aligned with municipal performance
Ministerial Mayoral Committee	Provincial Government and Mayors	Provincial programmes and initiatives aligned with municipal performance
District Public Participation and Communication Forum (DPPCOM)	All municipalities in the Cape Winelands District Municipality, DPLG, IDP Manager, local stakeholders for National Government Departments	District wide information sharing
ProvincialPublicParticipationandCommunicationForum(PPPCOM)	DPLG, GCIS, all municipalities in the WC, IDP Manager	Provincial wide information sharing
Provincial CommTech	DPLG, GCIS, all communication officials from municipalities in the WC, National Government Departments	Discussion, trend monitoring, training and workshops concerning government communication and technology

Name of Structure	Members	Outcomes of Engagements/Topics Discussed
SALGA National Communicators Forum	DPLG, GCIS, all communication officials from municipalities in the WC, National Government Departments	-

2.3.2 Joint projects and functions with sector departments

All the functions of government are divided between the different spheres namely National, Provincial and Local. The municipality therefore shares their area and community with other spheres of government as well as their various sector departments. This means that the municipality has to work closely with national and provincial departments to ensure the effective implementation of various projects and functions. The table below provides detail of such projects and functions:

Name of Project/ Function	Expected Outcome/s of the Project	Sector Department/s involved	Contribution of Sector Department
National War on Poverty	Reduce poverty in identified poorest wards in municipal area	National Department of Rural Development	 Established steering committee with municipality and other provincial sector departments Implementing community based projects with Council of Stakeholders and IGR partners Mobilising resources
CRDP ISC Meeting	Reducing poverty in the 3 poverty nodes	DRDLR, Agriculture department, Education, Social development, Public Works, CoS	 Mobilising resources Implementing projects to reduce poverty Sharing information
Small Town Regeneration Program	Revitalization of towns through creating an enabling environment & infrastructure for economic growth	SALGA Provincial & National, COGTA, Social Development, Education, Business, NGO's	 Establish Town Steering Committees in Ceres, Wolseley and Tulbagh Town Steering committees drafting and implementing Community base projects to reduce unemployment and build social cohesion. Forcing strong partnerships with IGR partners

COMPONENT C: PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY

MSA section 15(b) requires a municipality to establish and organize its administration to facilitate and a culture of accountability amongst its staff. Section 16(i) states that a municipality must develop a system of municipal governance that compliments formal representative governance with a system of participatory governance. Section 18(i)(d) requires a municipality to supply its community with information concerning municipal governance, management and development.

A Municipal Public Accounts Committee has been established. The internal audit function has previously been outsourced, but is now administered internally with the appointment of three qualified auditors, employed on a permanent basis. The capacity of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee has been increased with the appointment of qualified and specialized members. A representative from the business sector is also invited to participate in Mayoral Committee meetings.

Such participation is required in terms of:

the preparation, implementation and review of the IDP;

- establishment, implementation and review of the performance management system;
- monitoring and review of the performance, including the outcomes and impact of such performance; and
- preparation of the municipal budget.

2.4 PUBLIC MEETINGS

Apart from bi-annual community meetings held in each town, the municipality also communicates through monthly newsletters, loud-hailing, distribution of pamphlets, text messages and public service announcements via community radio.

Nature and purpose of the meeting	Date of events	Number of participating Municipal Councillors	Number of participating municipal administrators	Number of community members attended	
	IDP /Budget P	ublic meetings			
	Ward 4 & 10 P A Hamlet -23/10/2017	2	9	15	
	Ward 3 & 5 Ceres & Ward 4&6 Bella Vista -24/10/ 2017	6	7	118	
	Ward 8 & 9 Op-Die-Berg 25/10/2017	1	8	21	
IDP Review	Ward 7 & 11 Tulbagh -26 /10/2017	3	9	24	
Public Participation	Business & Agriculture -31/10/2017	2	4	9	
	Ward 2 & 7 Wolseley 31/10/2017	2	8	1	
	Ward Committees 01/11/2017	9	7	65	
	Municipal Officials 07/11/2017	5	284		
	Ward 1 & 12 N'Duli 08/11/2017	2	7	102	
	IDP /Budget Public meetings				
	Ward 4 & 6 Bella Vista 16/04/2018	5	9	60	
	Ward 4 &10 P A Hamlet 17/05 2018	7	9	74	
	Ward 3 & 5 Ceres 19/04 /2018	9	9	12	
IDP Review	Ward Committees 20/04/2018	10	8	67	
Public	Ward 2 &7 Wolseley 23/04/2018	4	9	36	
Participation	Business & Agriculture 24/04/2018	4	4	10	
	Ward 7 & 11 Tulbagh 25/04/2018	1	7	23	
	Ward 8 &9 Op-Die-Berg 14/05/2018	2	8	27	
	Ward 1 & 12 N'Duli 15/05/2018	5	11	93	

2.4.1 Labour Forum

The table below specifies the members of the Labour Forum for the 2017/18 financial year:

Name of representative	Capacity	Meeting dates
H Smit	Chairperson	
B Klaasen	Executive Mayor	
E Sidego	Mayco Member	
K Adams	Deputy Mayor	
D Nasson	Municipal Manager	
H Kritzinger	Director Finance	
J Krieger	Director Community Services	
M Mpeluza	Director Corporate Services	
J Barnard	Director Technical Services	
I Swartbooi	Manager Human Resources	
C Wessels	Manager Administration	
M. Arendse-Smith	Acting Senior Human Resources Officer	22 November 2017 22 March 2018
C Titus	Committee Clerk	11 April 2018
A Christians	IMATU	9 May 2018
J Noble	IMATU	20 June 2018
H Minnaar	IMATU	
J Goedeman (resigned August 2017)	IMATU	
Loyiso Ntanjana (appointed 5 March 2018)	IMATU	
M Pieterse	IMATU	
S Joseph	IMATU	
K Ntanjana	SAMWU	7
C Appolis	SAMWU]
L Silver	SAMWU	1
R Frans	SAMWU]
J Goedeman (appointed 9 May 2018)	SAMWU	

2.4.2 Ward Committees

The purpose of a ward committee is:

- to encourage better participation from the community and to inform council decisions;
- to make sure that there is effective communication between the Council and the community;
- to assist the ward councillor with consultation and feedback to the community.

Ward committees need to be elected by the community they serve. A ward committee may not have more than 10 members and women should be well represented in the membership contingent. The ward

councillor serves on the ward committee and acts as the chairperson. Although ward committees have no formal powers, they act as an advisory body to the ward councilor, which enables them to make specific submissions directly to the Council. These committees play a pivotal role in the development and annual revision of the IDP of the area.

The ward committees support the ward councillor who receives reports on development, participate in development planning processes, and facilitate wider community participation. To this end, the municipality constantly strives to ensure that all ward committees function optimally with community information provision; convening of meetings; ward planning; service delivery; IDP formulation and performance feedback to communities.

Ward 1: N'Duli (Polo Cross Hall)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Sipho Mdange	Sport & Culture	
Cynthia Davids	Health & Social	
Raymond Stuurman	Safety	
Andile Gili	Youth	
Mandisa Hinana	Education	
Kenneth Mbangula	Business Community	9
Noxolo Mbali	Women	
Thubalakhe Mhlakwapalwa	Churches	
Johannes Busakwe	Civics & Taxes	
Lungisile Kondlo	Disabled& Elderly	

Ward 2: Wolseley (Montana Library)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
	Safety	
Audrey Longman	Education	
Lucille Classen	Health & Social	
Elizabeth Van Rooyen	Disability & Eldery	10
Annemien Bezuidenhout	Civics & Taxes	
Elizabeth Wynand	Women	10
Katrina Van Rensburg	Business Community	
Cornelia Moses	Youth	
Adan Maarman	Sport & Culture	
Brain Albertus	Churches	

Ward 3: Ceres (Rietvallei Library)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Adriaan Williams	Business Community	
Mark Mentoor	Health & Social	
Marinda Mankapan	Women	9
Hendrik Titus	Churches	
Lorencia Jacobs	Safety	
Mariaan Van Rooi	Youth	
Elizabeth Velensky	Disabled & Elderly	
Saartjie Franse	Sport & Culture	
Amanda Whitebooi	Education	
Ronald Ross	Civics & Taxes	

Ward 4: Prince Alfred's Hamlet (Kliprug Community Hall)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Alma Goosen	Business Community	
David Mentoor	Civics & Taxes	
Johan Jacobs	Youth	
Jane Haas	Women	9
	Safety	
Anneline Smit	Churches	
Jerome Barends	Sport & Culture	
Moses Davids	Health & Social	
Jacobus de Wee	Disabled & Elderly	
Le-Marco Smit	Education	

Ward 5: Ceres (John Steyn Library)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Hyno Baartman	Health & Social	
Amelia Abrahams	Disabled & Elderly	
Angeline Wildschut	Youth	
Marius Koopman	Civics & Taxes	
Rudolf Nel	Sport & Culture	6
Fiona Hardneck	Churches	
Sylvia Cupido	Women	
Jonathan Nel	Safety	
Ronnie Philander	Education	

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Alistair Nasson	Business & Community	

Ward 6: Bella Vista (Bella Vista Library)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Frederika Koopman	Youth	
Joey Jantjies	Churches	
Melanie Bé	Disabled & Elderly	
Sara Krotz	Sport & Culture	8
Chantel Pietersen	Health & Social	
Johannes Crotz	Safety	
Oelsen Seroot	Business & Community	
Sylvia Minnaar	Women	
Letichia Crotz	Education	
Alwyn Fransman	Civics & Taxes	

Ward 7: Wolseley (Montana Library)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Deborah Hlongwana	Churches	
Magdalena Julius	Business Community	
Jacquelina Fortuin	Youth	9
Edward Nchephe	Safety	
Kenneth Carelse	Sport & Culture	
Paulina Basson	Health & Social	
Anne Swarts	Women	
Lambertus Johnson	Civics &Taxes	
Piet Klink	Disable & Elderly	
	Education	

Ward 8: Op -Die-Berg (Op-die-Berg Aksent Office)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Brendon Maqhina	Disable & Elderly	
Lena Pieters	Sport & Culture	12
Ayanda Teni	Business Community	
Magrieta Baardman	Women	

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Elzaan Ruiters	Youth	
Legina Baleni	Churches	
Albertus Nel	Safety	
Chriszelda Mars	Health & Social	
Gert Jantjies	Education	
Johannes Fransman	Civic & taxis	

Ward 9: Op-die-Berg

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Francic Mackenzie	Churches	5
Carlo Galant	Health &Social	
Ndelelo Shweni	Disabled & Elderly	
Annie Jansen	Women	
Tom Persens	Education	
Jika Bongiswa	Civics & Taxes	
Mzwandile Phuphuma	Safety	
Aneline Arries	Youth	
	Business Community	
Chrisjan Fortuin	Sport & Culture	

Ward 10: PA Hamlet (Council Chambers)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
	Youth	
	Women	
Sophia De Bruin	Health & Social	10
Juliana Appollis	Civics & Taxes	
Clive Young	Education	
Berend Skippers	Sport &Culture	
Bruce Salvester	Business Community	
Jacob Faro	Churches	
Leonard Baardman	Safety	
Clara Swarts	Disable & Elderly	

Ward 11: Tulbagh (Council Chamber)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Sittimio Louw	Education	
Jonathan Fransman	Sport & Culture	
Gerald Davids	Sport & Culture	
Rosina Jooste	Churches	- 10
Raymond Malapo	Women	
Ann Myburgh	Disabled & Elderly	
Daniel Thomas	Civics &Taxes	
Nceba Nyosana	Youth	
Theo Lombaard	Business Community	
Sittimio Louw	Safety	

Ward 12: N'Duli (Community Hall)

Name of representative	Capacity representing	Number meetings held during the year
Zingiswa Senoamali	Education	
Mncedisi Gili	Disabled & Elderly	
Jevon Lukas	Churches	
Thembakazi Ncaphayi	Health & Social	8
Kholekile Mrwetyana	Business Community	
Humphry Ndwanya	Safety	
Namhla Mdala	Sport & Culture	
N Ruth Yisa	Women	
Siyabonga Gaba	Civics & Taxes	
Bulelwa Mzwakali	Youth	

2.4.3 Functionality of Ward Committees

Ward committee members are paid a monthly stipend and transport is provided, where necessary. This stipend is to aid ward committee members with attend meetings and functions where public participation, through the ward committee system, is required.

Venues have been established for the ward meetings and support personnel. The Community Liaison Officers and Community Development Workers are available for support, if necessary. Refreshments are provided at the ward committee meetings.

The table below provides information on the establishment of ward committees and their functionality:

Ward Number	Committee established: Yes / No	Number of reports submitted to the Speakers/IDP Office	Number meetings held during the year	Committee functioning effectively: Yes / No
1	Yes	6	9	Yes
2	Yes	6	10	Yes
3	Yes	8	9	Yes
4	Yes	4	9	Yes
5	Yes	3	6	Yes
6	Yes	6	8	Yes
7	Yes	5	9	Yes
8	Yes	8	12	Yes
9	Yes	3	5	Yes
10	Yes	6	10	Yes
11	Yes	5	10	Yes
12	Yes	4	8	Yes

COMPONENT D: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance is the set of processes, practices, policies, laws and stakeholders affecting the way an institution is directed, administered or controlled. Corporate governance also encompasses the relationships amongst the various stakeholders involved and the strategic goals governing the institution.

2.5 RISK MANAGEMENT

Section 62(1)(c)(i) of the MFMA states that: "... The accounting officer of the municipality is responsible for managing the financial administration of the municipality, and must for this purpose take all reasonable steps to ensure that the municipality has and maintains effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial and risk management and internal control."

Witzenberg Municipality is committed to the optimal management of risk in order to protect our core public service values, achieve our vision, objectives and deliver on our core business functions. In the course of conducting our daily business operations, we are exposed to a variety of risks. These risks include operational and other material risks which require comprehensive controls and on-going oversight to be properly managed.

To ensure business success the Municipality have adopted an enterprise-wide integrated approach to the management of risks. By embedding the risk management process into key business processes such as planning, operations and new projects, the municipality will be better equipped to identify events affecting our objectives and to manage risks in ways that are consistent with the approved risk appetite.

The top 10 inherent strategic risks of Witzenberg Municipality are:

- 1. Major unplanned not disaster related service deliver interruptions due to poor infrastructure
- 2. Growth in informal settlements
- 3. Eskom's inability to provide increased electricity supply to the municipal area
- 4. Inability to deal with major disasters and to secure business continuity
- 5. Inability to provide bulk water storage capacity to the Tulbagh area.
- 6. Illegal invasion and occupation of municipal land
- 7. Poor growth in revenue base
- 8. Increase in unaccounted water and electricity losses
- 9. Un-recoverability of outstanding receivables
- 10. Failure of law enforcement agencies to assist municipality

2.6 ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-FRAUD

Section 83(c) of the MSA refers to the implementation of effective bidding structures to minimize the possibility of fraud and corruption and the MFMA, Section 112(1)(m)(i), identify supply chain measures to be enforced to combat fraud and corruption, favouritism and unfair and irregular practices. Section 115(1) of the MFMA states that the accounting officer must take steps to ensure mechanisms and separation of duties in a supply chain management system to minimize the likelihood of corruption and fraud.

2.6.1 Developed strategies

Name of strategy	Developed Yes/No	Date Adopted/Reviewed
Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy	Yes	July 2017
Fraud and Corruption prevention policy and response plan	Yes	July 2017

2.6.2 Implementation of strategies

Strategies to implement	Key Risk Areas	Key measures to curb corruption and fraud
Fraud Prevention Policy	Supply Chain Management	Roll-out of Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy to internal stakeholders through presentations and internal newsletters
Ethics Awareness Programme	Possible loss of income at traffic due to inactive follow-up on	Roll-out of Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy to external stake holders through

Strategies to implement	Key Risk Areas	Key measures to curb corruption and fraud
	traffic violations	outreach programmes
Outreach programme on fighting fraud and corruption	Lack of awareness of fraud amongst staff	Investigation of fraud and corruption cases
Whistle blowing through the National Fraud Hotline	Possible misuse of policy to disclose sensitive information	Monitoring recommendations with regards to disciplinary, criminal and recovery actions. Effective delegation systems
Establish a Witzenberg Municipal fraud line which is operated by an external provider	Ensure that allegation of fraud and corruption are investigated in order to eliminate fraud and corruption	Prevention and detection of fraud at a more rapid pace
To ensure that all employees and councillors in service of the Witzenberg Municipality has declared all interest/ownership/directorship.	Avoid doing business with employees in service of the municipality who does not declare that they are in service of the municipality	Use Trans Union in order to identify all employees have interest/ownership/ directorship in companies
Regular update of the fraud risk register	Detection and prevention of fraud in the municipality	Monitoring key controls to alleviate fraud and corruption

2.7 PERFORMANCE, RISK AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

Section 166(2) of the MFMA states that an audit committee is an independent advisory body which must –

(a) advise the municipal council, the political office-bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality, on matters relating to –

- internal financial control;
- isk management;
- performance management; and
- effective governance.

Section 14(2)(c) of the Local Government Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations (R796 dated 24 August 2001) states that a municipality may utilize any Audit Committee established in terms of other applicable legislation as the Performance Audit Committee of the said municipality.

The Public Sector Risk Management framework states that the committee should review and recommend for approval the:

- isk management policy;
- risk management strategy;
- risk management implementation plan; and
- risk appetite

2.7.1 Functions of the Performance, Risk & Audit Committee

Council noted its Performance, Risk and Audit Committee charter on 30 May 2017.

In order to fulfil its role, the Committee advise the Municipal Council, the political office-bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality, on matters relating to:

- Internal financial control and internal audits;
- Fisk management;
- Accounting policies;
- The adequacy, reliability and accuracy of financial reporting and information;
- Performance management;

- Effective governance;
- Compliance with the MFMA, Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and any other applicable legislation;
- Performance evaluation; and
- Any other issues referred to it by the municipality.

2.7.2 Members of the Performance, Risk & Audit Committee

Name of representative	Capacity	Meeting dates
		18 August 2017
		8 September 2017
Mr J. George	Chairperson	22 November 2017
Wi J. George	Chanperson	15 January 2018
		2 March 2018
		4 May 2018
		18 August 2017
Mr A Amod	Member	15 January 2018
(Second 3 year term ended 31 May 2018)	Wember	2 March 2018
		4 May 2018
		18 August 2017
		8 September 2017
Mr J. Basson	Member	22 November 2017
		15 January 2018
		4 May 2018
		18 August 2017
		8 September 2017
	Member	22 November 2017
Mr. T. Lesihla		15 January 2018
		2 March 2018
		4 May 2018
		18 August 2017
		8 September 2017
Mr.E. Bodolinghuwa	Member	22 November 2017
Mr F. Redelinghuys	weinder	15 January 2018
		2 March 2018
		4 May 2018

2.7.3 Performance, Risk & Audit Committee (PRAC) recommendations

Date of the PRAC meetings	Committee recommendations during 2017/18	Recommendations adopted (enter Yes) If not adopted (provide explanation)
08-Sep-17	To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council: that the Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d)] Report for 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2017 be noted and accepted.	Yes

Date of the PRAC Committee recommendations during 2017/18 meetings		Recommendations adopted (enter Yes) I not adopted (provide explanation)
08-Sep-17	08-Sep-17That the PRAC finalise the Second Bi-Annual Report on Performance Management for 2016/2017 and submit the same to the Department Administration for tabling to Council.	
08-Sep-17	To recommend to the Mayco and Council that the Section 71 monthly report of the Department Finance for June 2017 be noted and accepted.	Yes
08-Sep-17	That the PRAC recommends to the Mayco and Council that the Internal Audit Charter from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018 be approved.	Yes
08-Sep-17	(b) that the Risk Based Audit Plan for 2017/2018 be finalised and tabled to Council for approval.	Yes
22-Nov-17 That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Department Finance for July, August and September 2017 and the same be accepted.		Yes
15-Jan-18	To recommend to Council: that the Quarterly Budget Statement [Section 52(d) Report] for the period 1 July 2017 until 30 September 2017 be noted and accepted.	Yes
15-Jan-18	15-Jan-18That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Department Finance for October and November 2017 and the same be accepted.	
15-Jan-18That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council that the Audit Report and Financial Statements for 2016/2017 be noted and the same be accepted.		Yes
15-Jan-18That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council that it be concluded that the Witzenberg Internal Audit Activity is allowed to fulfil its responsibilities and that the Internal Audit Activity is independent.		Yes
15-Jan-18	That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to Council that notice be taken of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee report as at 30 June 2017 as an annexure to the Annual Report 2016/2017 and the same be accepted.	Yes
02-Mar-18	that the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council: that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report in respect of the Performance Management System for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.	Yes

Date of the PRAC meetings	Committee recommendations during 2017/18 Committee recommendations during 2017/18 Recommendations adopted (enter Yes) not adopted (provid explanation)	
	That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:	
02-Mar-18	that notice be taken of the Mid-year Budget Statement and Performance Assessment (Section 72 Report) for the period 1 July to 31 December 2017 and the same be approved and accepted.	Yes
02-Mar-18	that Committee members send their inputs by 9 March 2018 after which the report will be updated by the Chairperson and the Head of Internal Audit for submission to Council.	Yes
	That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to Council:	
02-Mar-18	that notice be taken of the Internal Audit Report on the Performance Management System for the first quarter of 2017/2018 and the same be approved and accepted.	Yes
	That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council:	
02-Mar-18	that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the Department Finance for December 2017 and January 2018 and the same be approved and accepted.	Yes
	That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to Council:	
02-Mar-18	(i) that notice be taken of the report with regard to the writing off of interest and arrear monies for household debt and other irrecoverable outstanding amounts and the same be approved and accepted.	Yes
02-Mar-18	ii) That the irrecoverable arrears to the value of R51 486 498-58 be written off.	Yes
	That the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee recommends to Council:	
02-Mar-18	that notice be taken of the Quarterly Budget Statement Report [Section 52(d)] for the period 1 October 2017 to 31 December 2017 and the same be approved and accepted	Yes
04-May-18	To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council: that Council, in terns of MFMA Circular 65, considers that the Internal Audit Plan and the Internal Audit Charter have been approved by the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and that Council takes notice and accepts same.	To be tabled to Mayco Council in October 2018
04-May-18	To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council: that notice be taken of the Section 71 monthly reports of the	Yes

Date of the PRAC meetings	Committee recommendations during 2017/18	Recommendations adopted (enter Yes) If not adopted (provide explanation)
	Department Finance for February and March 2018 and same be accepted.	
04-May-18	To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council: that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the first quarter of 2017/2018, dated September 2017, and same be accepted.	Report to be tabled to Mayco & Council in October 2018.
04-May-18	To recommend to the Executive Mayoral Committee and Council: that notice be taken of the Status report on the implementation of internal audit findings for the second quarter of 2017/2018 and same be accepted.	Report to be tabled to Mayco & Council in October 2018.

2.8 INTERNAL AUDITING

An annual risk assessment update was performed during April/June 2017 and all relevant risks were populated into the Witzenberg risk register. Updates were performed on a continuous basis. This risk assessment forms the basis of the 2016/17 to 2018/19 Risk Based Audit Plan.

The results of the 3-year strategic internal audit plan are included below:

Audit Activity	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19			
Statutory Internal Audits						
DORA compliance	v	v	v			
Performance Management System (quarterly)	v	v	V			
Risk based	l audits					
AGSA Key controls	v	v	V			
Follow up internal Audit findings	v	v	v			
Operation Clean Audit	v	v	v			
Risk based	l audits					
Income & Debtors			V			
Supply Chain Management			V			
Human Resources (Including Leave and Training)	v					
Asset Management	v	v				
Inventory			V			
Maintenance Management		v				
Project & Contract Management		v				
Indigent Management	v					
IT – General controls	v					
Cash Handling			v			
Fleet Management		v				
Traffic Services			V			

Audit Activity	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Disaster Management & Business continuity		v	
Overtime	v		
Debt Collection and Credit Control	v		
Time and attendance		v	
Property valuations	v		

Annual Audit Plan

The Audit Plan for 2017/18 was implemented and the table below provides detail on audits completed:

Audit Activity	Estimated hours	Quarter	Status		
Statutory Audits					
DORA compliance	200	3	Completed		
Performance Management System	600	All	Completed		
Follo	w up audit work				
Follow up Internal Audit Findings	500	All	Completed		
Management Audit Action Plan	80	All	Completed		
Ris	k based audits				
Human Resources	500	-	Work in Progress		
Overtime	350	3	Completed		
Disaster Management	500	4	Completed		
Asset Management			Work in Progress		
A	D-Hoc audits				
Year-end stock count	100	4	Completed		
	Other				
MSCOA	400	-	Continuous		
Legislative/Advisory/Committees	284	All	Completed		
IA Quality Assessment	100	-	Work in progress		
Compliance system	100	All	Completed		
Risk Management	400	All	Completed		

2.9 BY-LAWS

Below is a list of all the policies developed and reviewed during the financial year:

Policies developed/ revised	Date adopted	Public Participation conducted prior to adoption of policy (Yes/No)	Date of Publication
Witzenberg Municipality: By-law on the Rules of Order for the Meetings of the Witzenberg Council and its	24 January 2018	Yes	14 March 2018

Policies developed/ revised	Date adopted	Public Participation conducted prior to adoption of policy (Yes/No)	Date of Publication
Committees			
Property Rates By-Law	28 February 2018	Yes	9 March 2018

2.10 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

2.10.1 Competitive bids in excess of R 200 000

Bid Committee meetings

The following table details the number of Bid Committee meetings held for the 2017/18 financial year:

E	Bid Specification Committee	Bid Evaluation Committee	Bid Adjudication Committee
	50	48	30

Attendance of members of the Bid Specification Committee, are as follows:

Member	Percentage attendance (%)
Manager Income / Deputy Director Finance / Manager Financial Administration (Chairperson)	100
Manager Supply Chain	100
Relevant technical expert responsible for a function	100

Attendance of members of the Bid Evaluation Committee, are as follows:

Member	Percentage attendance (%)
Manager Income / Deputy Director Finance / Manager Financial Administration (Chairperson)	100
Manager Supply Chain	100
Relevant technical expert responsible for a function	100

Attendance of members of the Bid Adjudication Committee, are as follows:

Member	Percentage attendance (%)
Director Financial Services (Chairperson)	100
Director Technical Services	86
Director Community Services	72
Director Corporate Services	62
Manager Supply Chain/Deputy Director: Finance	100

Note: The percentages as indicated above include the attendance of those officials acting in the position of a Bid Committee Member.

Awards made by the Bid Adjudication Committee

The Bid Adjudication Committee awarded 43 bids of an estimated value of R 68 125 158

Bid number	Title of bid	Directorate and section	Successful Bidder	Value of bid awarded R
08/2/15/54	Supply and delivery of Electrical Equipment and cables	Finance / Electrical – Stores	Various bidders	15 484 731.07
08/2/15/86	Appointment of a service provider for Prepaid vending services	Financial Services	Syntell (PTY) Ltd	4 551 500.00
08/2/14/70	Supply and delivery of disposable bags for refuse removal	Technical – Solid Waste	AWV Project Management	4 460 700.00
08/2/15/45	Supply Upgrade And Replacement Of Water Networks In The Witzenberg Area	Technical – Water	Alfalach Engineering CC	4 000 000.00
08/2/15/46	Supply Upgrade And Replacement Of Sewer Networks In The Witzenberg Area	Technical – Water	Alfalach Engineering CC	4 000 000.00

The five highest bids awarded by the Bid Adjudication Committee, are as follows:

Awards made by the Accounting Officer

In terms of paragraph 5(2)(a) of Council's Supply Chain Management Policy, only the Accounting Officer may award a bid which is in excess of R10 million. The power to make such an award may not be sub-delegated by the Accounting Officer.

Bid number	Title of bid	Directorate and section	Successful Bidder	Value of bid awarded R
08/2/15/16	5/16 Appointment of contractors for maintenance, repair and Technical – replacement of general electrical infrastructure for Witzenberg Municipality (3 year contract)		Various bidders	31 888 078.01
08/2/15/53	The Reconstruction Of Piet Retief Street From Rossouw Street To Waveren Street In Tulbagh	Technical – Street & Storm Water	Entsha Henra (PTY) Ltd	15 654 202.00

The following bid was awarded by the Accounting Officer during the 2017/18 financial year:

Awards made by the Bid Adjudication Committee

No bid was awarded by the Bid Adjudication Committee in terms of paragraph 45 (2) of the Supply Chain Management Policy and paragraph 37 (2) of the Supply Chain Regulations.

Appeals lodged by aggrieved bidders

The following appeals were lodged by aggrieved bidders on awards made in terms of section 62(1) of the Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000):

Bid number	Bid title	Date of appeal	Appellant	Reason for appeal	Dismissal	Dealt by
08/2/14/75	Shortterm Insurance (One year contract)	10 July 2017	Nico Swart Consultancy	Non- compliance of prequalification criteria	Appeal was dismissed by the Accounting Officer	Accounting Officer

Awards made to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area

The following table details the value of competitive bids awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg Municipal Area during the 2017/18 financial year:

Number of contracts awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area	Percentage of contracts awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area (%)	Value of contracts awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area R	Percentage of contract value awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area (%)
3	6.98	1 492 850.00	2.20

2.10.2 Formal written price quotations between R 30 000 and R 200 000

Awards made to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area

A total of 21 formal written price quotations amounting to R 1 719 778 were awarded.

The following table details the value of formal written price quotations awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area during the 2017/18 financial year:

Number of contracts awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area	Percentage of contracts awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area (%)	Value of contracts awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area R	Percentage of contract value awarded to enterprises within the Witzenberg municipal area (%)
5	23.81	350 530.00	20.39

2.10.3 Deviation from normal procurement processes

Paragraph 44 of Council's Supply Chain Management Policy allows the Accounting Officer to dispense with the official procurement process. Deviations amounting to R 9 581 744 were approved by the Accounting Officer. The following table provides a summary of deviations approved on an annual and monthly basis respectively:

Type of deviation	Number of deviations	Value of deviations R	Percentage of total deviations value (%)
Single supplier	68	2 062 111.51	29.18
Impossible	0	0.00	0.00
Impractical	123	6 791 467.47	52.79
Emergency	42	728 164.49	18.03

This amount shows a decrease of R 138 660.72 compared to the previous year's figure of R 9 720 405.

2.10.4Logistics management

The system of logistics management must ensure the following:

the monitoring of spending patterns on types or classes of goods and services incorporating, where practical, the coding of items to ensure that each item has a unique number;

- the setting of inventory levels that includes minimum and maximum levels and lead times wherever goods are placed in stock;
- the placing of manual or electronic orders for all acquisitions other than those from petty cash;
- before payment is approved, certification by the responsible officer that the goods and services are received or rendered on time and is in accordance with the order, the general conditions of contract and specifications where applicable and that the price charged is as quoted in terms of a contract;
- appropriate standards of internal control and warehouse management to ensure that goods placed in stores are secure and only used for the purpose for which they were purchased;
- regular checking to ensure that all assets including official vehicles are properly managed, appropriately maintained and only used for official purposes; and
- monitoring and review of the supply vendor performance to ensure compliance with specifications and contract conditions for particular goods or services.

Each stock item at the municipal stores, Drommedaris Street, is coded and listed on the financial system. Monthly monitoring of patterns of issues and receipts are performed by the Storekeeper. Inventory levels are set at the start of each financial year. These levels are set for normal operations. In the event that special projects are being launched by departments, such information is not communicated timely to the Stores section in order to gear them to order stock in excess of the normal levels. Internal controls are in place to ensure that goods and service that are received, are certified by the responsible person, which is in line with the general conditions of contract. Regular checks are performed to determine the condition. Quarterly stock counts are performed so that surpluses, deficits, damaged and redundant stock items are identified and reported to Council. As at 30 June 2018, the value of the stock at the municipal stores is calculated at R 10 738 297, with a satisfactory stock turnover rate of 1.68. For the 2017/18 financial year, a total of R 2 038.52 was accounted for as damaged and deficit inventory. Surplus items amounted to R 52.14.

2.10.5 Disposal management

The system of disposal management must ensure the following:

- immovable property is sold only at market related prices, except when the public interest or the plight of the poor demands otherwise;
- movable assets are sold either by way of written price quotations, a competitive bidding process, auction or at market related prices; whichever is the most advantageous;
- Firearms are not sold or donated to any person or institution within or outside the Republic, unless approved by the National Conventional Arms Control Committee;
- Immovable property is let at market related rates, except when the public interest or the plight of the poor demands otherwise;
- All fees, charges, rates, tariffs, scales of fees or other charges relating to the letting of immovable property is reviewed annually;
- Where assets are traded in for other assets, the highest possible trade-in price is negotiated; and
- In the case of the free disposal of computer equipment, the Provincial Department of Education is first approached to indicate within 30 days whether any of the local schools require this equipment.

We are complying with section 14 of the MFMA which deals with the disposal of capital assets. A consolidated disposal report was approved by Council 26 July 2017.

An auction was held 15 November 2017 for the items approved by Council and the total value of items disposed of during the auction were R 661 460.00.

The following items were withdrawn from the auction:

- Compressor on trailer CT 4882
- Flatbed trailer CT 7137
- Scaffolding jacks
- Motors X 10
- Asbestos drill

The items withdrawn were approved by the accounting officer.

The following items were not sold at the auction:

- Ceramic pipes (Lot nr. 115)
- Cement pipes (Lot nr. 117)
- Porcelain pipes (Lot. 144)
- Asbestos pipes (Auctioneer not authorised to sell asbestos)

All items disposed of were removed from the municipal stores.

2.10.6 Performance management

The SCM policy requires that an internal monitoring system be established and implemented in order to determine, on the basis of retrospective analysis, whether the SCM processes were followed and whether the objectives of the SCM policy were achieved.

Monitoring of internal processes is an on-going process. Procedure manuals for various SCM processes has been updated and are awaiting approval for implementation. Monthly reporting concerning appeals received by aggrieved bidders is also done to measure the performance of the bid specification and bid evaluation committees.

The Accounting Officer has appointed the Internal Auditor as the independent observer to attend bid committee meetings. This further enhances transparency with regard to our bid committee system and compliance to all relevant legislation.

No companies were listed as restricted suppliers during the 2017/18 financial year.

2.11 WEBSITE

Municipalities are required to develop and maintain a functional website that displays relevant information as per the requirements of Section 75 of the MFMA and Section 21A and B of the MSA as amended.

The website should serve as a mechanism to promote accountability and transparency to communities and therefore information posted should be accurate and timeously updated.

The municipal website is a key communication mechanism in terms of service offering, information sharing and public participation. It is a communication tool that should allow easy and convenient access to relevant information. The municipal website should serve as an integral part of the municipality's Communication Strategy.

The table below gives an indication about the information and documents that are published on our website.

Description of information and/or document	Yes/No	
Municipal contact details (Section 14 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act)		
Full Council details	Yes	
Contact details of the Municipal Manager	Yes	
Contact details of the CFO	Yes	
Physical address of the Municipality	Yes	
Postal address of the Municipality	Yes	
Financial Information (Sections 53, 75, 79 and 81(1) of the MFMA)		
Draft Budget 2017/18	Yes	

Description of information and/or document	Yes/No
Adjusted Budget 2017/18	Yes
Asset Management Policy	Yes
Customer Care, Credit control and Debt collection Policy	Yes
Indigent Policy	Yes
Funds and Reserves Policy	Yes
Investment and Cash Management Policy	Yes
Rates Policy	Yes
Supply Chain Management Policy	Yes
Tariff Policy	Yes
Veriment Policy	Yes
Petty Cash Policy	Yes
Long Term Financial Policy	Yes
Borrowing Policy	Yes
SDBIP 2017/18	Yes
Integrated Development Plan and Public Participation (Section 25(4)(b) of the M 21(1)(b) of the MFMA)	SA and Section
Reviewed IDP for 2017/18	Yes
IDP Process Plan for 2017/18	Yes
Supply Chain Management (Sections 14(2), 33, 37 and75(1)(e)and(f) and 120(6)(b)o Section 18(a) of the National SCM Regulation)	of the MFMA and
List of capital assets that have been disposed	Yes
Long Term borrowing contracts	Yes
Reports (Sections 52(d), 71, 72 and75(1)(c) and 129(3) of the MFMA	N)
Annual Report of 2016/17	Yes
	Yes Yes
Annual Report of 2016/17	
Annual Report of 2016/17 Oversight reports	Yes
Annual Report of 2016/17 Oversight reports Mid-year budget and performance assessment	Yes
Annual Report of 2016/17 Oversight reports Mid-year budget and performance assessment Quarterly Reports	Yes Yes Yes
Annual Report of 2016/17 Oversight reports Mid-year budget and performance assessment Quarterly Reports Monthly Budget Statement	Yes Yes Yes
Annual Report of 2016/17 Oversight reports Mid-year budget and performance assessment Quarterly Reports Monthly Budget Statement Performance Management (Section 75(1)(d) of the MFMA)	Yes Yes Yes Yes
Annual Report of 2016/17 Oversight reports Mid-year budget and performance assessment Quarterly Reports Monthly Budget Statement Performance Management (Section 75(1)(d) of the MFMA) Performance Agreements for employees appointed as per S57 of Municipal Systems Act	Yes Yes Yes Yes

2.12 COMMUNICATION

Local government has a legal obligation and a political responsibility to ensure regular and effective communication with the community. The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act 1996 and other statutory enactments all impose an obligation on local government communicators and require high levels of transparency, accountability, openness, participatory democracy and direct communication with the communities to improve the lives of all. Good customer care is of fundamental importance to

government organisations due to their constant interaction with members of the public. All local government entities strive to uphold the following Constitutional ideals towards the development of acceptable policy and legislative framework regarding service delivery in public service:

- Promoting and maintaining high standards of professional ethics;
- Providing service impartially, fairly, equitably and without bias;
- Utilising resources efficiently and effectively;
- Responding to people's needs; the citizens are encouraged to participate in policy-making; and
- Rendering an accountable, transparent, and development-oriented public administration.

These ideals are achieved through the 8 principles of Batho Pele:

Consultation

There are many ways to consult consumers of services including conducting customer surveys, interviews with individual users, consultation with groups, and holding meetings with consumer representative bodies, NGO's and CBO's. Often, more than one method of consultation will be necessary to ensure comprehensiveness and representativeness. Consultation is a powerful tool that enriches and shapes government policies such as the Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and its implementation in Local Government sphere.

Setting service standards

This principle reinforces the need for benchmarks to constantly measure the extent to which citizens are satisfied with the service or products they receive from departments. It also plays a critical role in the development of service delivery improvement plans to ensure a better life for all South Africans. Citizens should be involved in the development of service standards. Required are standards that are precise and measurable so that residents can judge for themselves whether or not they are receiving what was promised. Some standards will cover processes, such as the length of time taken to authorise a housing claim, to issue a passport or identity document, or even to respond to letters. To achieve the goal of making South Africa globally competitive, standards should be benchmarked (where applicable) against those used internationally, taking into account South Africa's current level of development.

Increasing access

One of the primary aims of Batho Pele is to provide a framework for making decisions about delivering public services to the many South Africans who do not have access to them. Batho Pele also aims to rectify the inequalities in the distribution of existing services. Examples of initiatives by government to improve access to services include such platforms as the Gateway, Multi-Purpose Community Centres and Call Centres. Access to information and services empowers citizens and creates value for money, quality services. It reduces unnecessary expenditure for the citizens.

Ensuring courtesy

This goes beyond a polite smile, 'please' and 'thank you'. It requires service providers to empathize with the citizens and treat them with as much consideration and respect, as they would like for themselves. Local government is committed to continuous, honest and transparent communication with the citizens. This involves communication of services, products, information and problems, which may hamper or delay the efficient delivery of services to promised standards. If applied properly, the principle will help demystify the negative perceptions that the citizens in general have about the attitude of the public servants.

Providing information

As a requirement, available information about services should be at the point of delivery, but for residents who are located far from the point of delivery, other arrangements will be needed.

Openness and transparency

A key aspect of openness and transparency is that the public should know more about the way national, provincial and local government institutions operate, how well they utilise the resources they consume, and who is in charge. It is anticipated that the public will take advantage of this principle and make suggestions for improvement of service delivery mechanisms, and to even make government employees accountable and responsible by raising queries with them.

Redress

This principle emphasises a need to identify quickly and accurately when services are falling below the promised standard and to have procedures in place to remedy the situation. This should be done at the individual transactional level with the public, as well as at the organisational level, in relation to the entire

service delivery programme. Public servants are encouraged to welcome complaints as an opportunity to improve service, and to deal with complaints so that weaknesses can be remedied quickly for the good of the citizen.

Value for money

Many improvements that the public would like to see often require no additional resources and can sometimes even reduce costs. Failure to give a member of the public a simple, satisfactory explanation to an enquiry may for example, result in an incorrectly completed application form, which will cost time to rectify.

2.12.1 Communication strategy

The Witzenberg Municipality Communication Strategy 2013/2017 illustrates the views of local residents regarding communication and perceptions of the municipality. Many views expressed display dissatisfaction levels with aspects related to elements beyond the scope of local government, for example access to housing, employment opportunities, education and healthcare. However, local government acts as the conduit to expedite issues of this nature to the correct government entities as well as support and invest in various programmes aimed at skills development, youth development, social development and short term temporary employment. Levels of literacy, understanding of language, public apathy, level of education, knowledge of government processes and access to communication tools can also affect how the public formulates perceptions of local government and can potentially hamper how they communicate and assimilate communication, especially within rural environs.

A successful communication strategy therefore links local demographics to the municipality's action plan and influences budgetary expenditure according to the needs of the public.

Communication activities	Yes/No
Communication unit	Yes
Communication strategy	Yes
Communication Policy	Part of the Strategy
Media communication	Yes
Public participation and ward committees	Yes
Online communication	Yes
Customer satisfaction surveys	Yes
Functional complaint management systems	Yes
Newsletters distributed at least quarterly	Yes

Below is a communication checklist of the compliance to the communication requirements:

2.12.2 Communication and query/complaint management

Witzenberg Municipality runs a 24 hour control centre that provides assistance to the public, 7 days a week, 365 days a year. The control centre offers the dual function of escalating service delivery queries to the correct departments such as water and sewerage, electrical, streets and storm water, as well as escalates emergency service queries to police, ambulance, fire, traffic. They also perform the function of informing senior management and Council concerning high priority incidents such as shack fires, housing issues, motor vehicle accidents, obstructions and health hazards. This ensures that decisions regarding expenditure and overtime can be executed and monitored. Complaints are also received via fax, email, website and letters and this communication is routed to the correct sections and personnel to address. Speedy turnaround times and feedback towards clients ensure that they are not disgruntled and have a realistic expectation of when the service will be delivered, its delivery method and how the query will be resolved. This greatly aids in educating the public on how the municipality conducts its operations, how to use the municipality to address issues as well as creating public support. Failure to validate complaints and communicate the reasons for service interruptions can result in discord and protest.

2.12.3 Communication and municipal marketing

The cornerstone of municipal marketing is the quality of service which includes speed of initial response, workmanship of service rendered, duration of address before resolution, feedback to the complainant, professional closure/finishing of the problem addressed. Branding is associated with all types of municipal marketing (logos, uniforms, public engagement, etc.) and as illustrated in the Communication Strategy 2013/2017, the public do not have a negative perception of services rendered by the municipality, but neither do they have a positive perception of the municipality. Thus, marketing efforts will focus upon logo placement on all infrastructure, creation of printed collateral, monthly newsletters, social media engagement, media statements, corporate gifting, etc. The overarching theme projected with communication is to offer the public easy access to services, information, personnel and complaint resolution.

2.12.4 Communication and international relations

Witzenberg Municipality is open towards establishing mutually beneficial partnerships with international organisations and municipalities aimed at skills development, knowledge sharing, local economic empowerment and job creation. The municipality regularly conducts meetings with visiting international delegations to discuss aspects of operations and best practice models. Some of these engagements have resulted in twinning agreements offering developmental support to our vulnerable communities.

2.12.5 Communication and investor relations

Witzenberg Municipality consistently markets it service delivery levels and infrastructure in a bid to attract investors to the area through the promotion of its facilities, management, political stability, water and air quality, natural environment and unskilled and semi-skilled labour force.

2.12.6 Emergency and disaster communication

In the event of an emergency or disaster being declared by the District, Witzenberg Municipality is able to provide communication support through mechanisms of communications relay to line functions within its competence, able to source landscape and geographical mapping of the area in question, gather inputs from visceral line functions and services, perform communication reports to monitor the situation, act as spokesperson, manage and support media relations, drafting articles/statements and providing photographic evidence of the situation if so required.

2.12.7 Financial communication

Witzenberg Municipality engages frequently with the public regarding its expenditure on projects, financial legislation, anti-fraud and corruption mechanisms, the bid and tender processes, through social media and printed collateral. The aim of financial communication is to create transparency regarding our expenditure and asset management. As a municipality our ultimate goal is to comply and, where possible, to exceed the audit standards set forth for local government and maintain our unqualified audit status. Due to the regulatory nature of financial management, Witzenberg Municipality aims to make this information freely available for the public to access as well as make use of language calibration to ensure that the information disseminated is simple and easily assimilated. Use of graphics and household comparisons are frequently used to illustrate technical information.

2.12.8 Electronic communication

Social media is a cost effective resource used to convey information and is an effective method of relaying municipal communication as many residents are in possession of a cell phone. However, this mode of communication is labour intensive and does not have great penetration in our rural environs due to limited connectivity and access to mobile data/wifi. We also make use of text message communication to residents to convey urgent updates concerning power outages, water interruptions, road closures, dangerous weather conditions, municipal jamborees, etc. Witzenberg Municipality also uploads Council information, minutes of meetings and tender information onto our corporate website.

2.12.9 Interpersonal communication

Witzenberg Municipality conducts internal communication with employees to promote and convey our organisational policies and procedures to staff through internal newsletters. This newsletter covers employee related information concerning long service awards, retirement, information regarding their

salary structures and benefits, births, marriages, deaths, sporting achievements, training and educational accolades, health and safety, anti-fraud strategies and whistle blowing. The communication aimed at employees, carries a monthly theme concerning employee wellness to promote better health management and personal welfare. It is also a platform for senior management to engage with employees and relay important information.

2.12.10 Media communication

Witzenberg Municipality creates, promotes and liaises with local and regional media regarding project and programme launches, milestones, municipal issues, local events. We also respond to media queries and requests for statements. All external communication is approved by the Municipal Manager as per his delegation; however, he may appoint spokespersons within the organisation at his discretion.

2.12.11 Communication and legislation

Witzenberg Municipality liaises with the public regarding decisions by Council and Portfolio Committees with impact upon local regulations and by-law generation. The municipality often engages with the public for initial commentary and feedback to aid the municipality with their decision-making on issues highlighted by the public. The municipality also performs official communication to residents and businesses concerning contravention of established by-laws and regulations. The municipality always strives to be open, consistent and transparent regarding legal issues and aims to engage with the parties involved to ensure clarity, mutual understanding and respect of heritage, cultural and religious beliefs, as long as it does not infringe upon the rights of other residents.

2.12.12 Visual communication

Witzenberg Municipality is in the process of developing policies to manage our visual usage and corporate identity. Visual communication is pivotal to our Communication Strategy as a large sector of our demography have poor literacy levels and relies upon visual communication to understand municipal messages. Visual communication is performed through the use of correspondence, branding, photographs, marketing collateral, videos, industrial theatre, animation and events. Municipal vehicles are branded with decal which identifies them as official conveyances and inspires trust with residents that the work being administered by employees or the information being disseminated by employees is accurate and reliable. It is for this reason that 'loud hailing' is an effective communication practice to relay urgent notifications to the public in our community.

2.12.13 Communication challenges

The Witzenberg Municipality communicates regularly with its target public, but faces financial challenges which hamper the following areas of our communication initiatives:

- Branding of assets, employees and infrastructure
- Limited brand collateral available
- Inability to perform outsourced media scanning
- Development of our intranet
- Poor network coverage due to the topography
- Limited to no free Wi-Fi access
- Access to better technology for our communication systems, brand development, feedback mechanisms and reporting
- No access to communication or perception-specific research regarding language usage and message penetration
- Neglect or exclude small pockets of the community which are located in remote, rural environs

Local government is frequently criticised on their lack of communication and engagement with the community, but although our municipality faces adversity, Witzenberg Municipality is successful in our good governance as we progress each year in this field, due to prioritising the needs of our all our residents; commercial, residential, rural and informal. Our communities are vocal and hold the municipality accountable for our performance and our areas for improvement in our departments. The reputation of the municipality is that we are approachable and accessible to the public and this is largely as a result of our frequent interaction with the public, addressing issues raised by the public, admitting fault, limitation where relevant and building a trust relationship with the public based upon reliability and quality services.

2.12.14 Communication milestones

Witzenberg Municipality conducted a Communications Audit during May and June 2017. This survey looked at various demographic profiles of various internal and external stakeholders, to sample and measure the knowledge of the Witzenberg Municipality brand, perceptions of service delivery, the level of satisfaction with services, rating of communication, suggestions for improvement and the most effective communication channel/s. The inputs derived from this survey will provide the base line for the review of the current Communication Strategy. Witzenberg Municipality conducted a water demand management campaign aimed at communicating water restrictions and water conservation. As part of the campaign, a colouring book was developed in 2017 and produced in three languages aimed at crèche to grade 2 learners. This book was then adopted by the Cape Winelands District Municipality and rolled out to all municipalities within the District as collaboration to manage water during drought conditions.

2.13 DISCLOSURES OF FINANCIAL INTERESTS

Schedule 1, Section 7 as well as Schedule 2, Section 5A of the Municipal Systems Act states that when a councillor is elected or appointed or a person appointed in terms of section 56 or a municipal manager, he or she must within 60 days declare in writing to the municipal manager or the chairperson of the municipal council the following financial interests held:

- shares and securities in any company;
- membership of any close corporation;
- interest in any trust;
- directorships;
- partnerships;
- other financial interests in any business undertaking
- employment and remuneration;
- interest in property;
- pension; and
- subsidies, grants and sponsorships by any organisation.

Any change in the nature or detail of the financial interests of any councillor or official must be declared in writing to the municipal manager or to the chairperson of the municipal council annually. The municipal Council must determine which of the financial interests referred in the above-mentioned list must be made public, whilst balancing the need for confidentiality and disclosure in the public interest.

The following table lists the disclosure of financial interests of the administrative and strategic role players of the municipality which were deemed to be disclosed for public interest:

	Disclosures of Financial Interests									
2017/18										
Name	Description	of Financial interests*								
Executive Mayor										
	Shares and securities in any	NASPERS and SASOL								
	Directorships	Klaasen Incorporated								
Cllr BC Klaasen	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality; Klaasen Incorporated								
	Property	21 Albert Crescent, Ceres								
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund								
Member	of Mayoral Committee / Execu	utive Committee								

	Disclosures of Financial In	terests
	2017/18	
Name	Descriptio	on of Financial interests*
	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
Cllr K Adams	Property	853 Vrede Street, Bella Vista
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Share and Security in any company	Klein Begin Viswinkel
	Directorship	Klein Begin Viswinkel; Rimary Co-operativ Limited
Cllr T Godden	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Interest in Property	214 Hoop Street , Koue Bokkeveld
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Shares and securities in any	MTN; SASOL; Peninsula Hotel Time shares
	Close Corporation	Trevor Farming CC
	Interest in any trust	Abrahams Family Trust
Cllr TE Abrahams	Directorships	Breede Gouritz Catchment Management Agency
	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality & BGCMA
	Property	7 Fortuin Street, Ceres, 1 Cloete Street, Ceres
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
Ald HJ Smit	Property	28 Tall Timber Avenue, Ceres
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
Ald JJ Visagie	Property	Skuinsbaai, Prince Alfred's Hamlet
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
Cllr EM Sidego	Property	9 Michael Street, Tulbagh
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Councillor	
Clir M Mdala	Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund

	Disclosures of Financial Int	terests
	2017/18	
Name	Descriptio	on of Financial interests*
	Membership of any Close Corporation	Avaxa514- Dormant
Cllr P Daniels	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Property	7th Avenue Wolseley
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Cllr S Hugo	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Ald J Schuurman	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Cllr GG Laban	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Cllr Z Mzauziwa	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Cllr TP Mgoboza	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
Cllr Kinnear	Pension	CRF & Telkom
	Property	3 Kort Street, Wolseley
	Close Corporation	Khayalethu; Abafazi; Eagle
	Directorships	Khayalethu; Abafazi; Eagle
Cllr DM Jacobs	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Property	Residential
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
Cllr C Lottering	Property	23 Belvrede Single, Wolseley
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Cllr P Heradien	Shares and Securities in any company	Colbalt
	Employment and	Witzenberg Municipality

	Disclosures of Financial Inte	erests
	2017/18	
Name	Descriptior	of Financial interests*
	Remuneration	
	Property	44 Lyell Street Ceres; 42 Lylle Street Ceres
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund; ABSA Pension Fund
Cllr N Phatsoane	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Cllr H Visagie	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Employment and Remuneration	Councillor at Witzenberg Municipality
Cllr JT Phungula	Property	8 Buckingham Street, Ceres
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
Cllr RJ Simpson	Employment and Remuneration	Witzenberg Municipality
	Pension	Municipal Councillors Pension Fund
	Shares and securities in any company	Crispy Farming
Cllr D Swart	Employment and Remuneration	Councillor at Witzenberg Municipality
	Property	2 St James Street, Ceres
	Pension	Consolidated Retirement Fund
	Chief Accounting Office	er
Mr D Nasson	Shares and securities in any company	Old Mutual
	Property	Residential
	Chief Financial Officer	
Mr HJ Kritzinger	Property	Residential
	Directors	
Mr JF Barnard	Property	Residential (Small Holding); Farm
Mrs JS Krieger	Directorship and Partnerships	NAWA & Fikelelela Dikoporasi
Mr M Mpeluza	Property	Residential
* Financial intere	ests to be disclosed even if they incurred for onl	y part of the year. See MBRR SA34A

CHAPTER 3 – SERVICE DELIVERY PERFORMANCE

3.1 OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE WITHIN THE ORGANISATION

3.1.1 Introduction

Performance management is prescribed by Chapter 6 of the MSA and the Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001. Regulation 7(1) of the aforementioned regulation states that "A Municipality's Performance Management System entails a framework that describes and represents how the municipality's cycle and processes of performance planning, monitoring, measurement, review, reporting and improvement will be conducted, organized and managed, including determining the responsibilities of the different role players." This framework, *inter alia*, reflects the linkage between the IDP, Budget, SDBIP and individual and service provider performance. The municipality adopted a **Performance Management Framework** that was approved by Council on **13 December 2012**. A revision was accepted by Council on **25 July 2018**.

The Top Layer SDBIP was approved by the Mayor on **7 June 2017**. Revisions to the SDBIP Top Layer targets was approved by Council on 28 February 2018 and the Adjusted Top Layer SDBIP approved by the Mayor on the same date. Below are the considerations in the development of the Top Layer SDBIP:

- Alignment with the IDP, National KPA's, Municipal KPA's and IDP objectives
- Alignment with the budget
- Oversight Committee Report on the Annual Report of 2016/17
- The risks identified by the Internal Auditor during the municipal risk analysis
- Areas to be addressed and root causes of the Auditor-General management letter, as well as the risks identified during the audit

3.1.2 Organisational Performance

The organisational performance is monitored and evaluated via the SDBIP. An operating procedure for the management and implementation of the SDBIP has been developed. The operating procedure was workshopped with the relevant KPI owners and senior management. The procedures can be summarised as follows:

- The Performance Administrator informs the relevant KPI owners, senior management and departmental secretaries of the closure date to submit actuals achieved for the preceding month. By the 10th of each month KPI owners must submit their actuals achieved, performance information or evidence to the Manager: Projects & Performance. If a specific target was not reached, reasons with corrective measures must be provided.
- The Performance Administrator captures the result on an excel spreadsheet which is updated on a monthly basis after the closure date.
- Within 10 working days after the closure date, the Performance Administrator generate a report from excel and distribute via email to Senior Management for discussion at Senior Managementand Directorate Meetings.
- Results on the Top Layer SDBIP Key Performance Indicators are submitted to the CFO for inclusion in the quarterly Section 52D report that is tabled at Council.
- The quarterly performance report as included in the Quarterly Budget Statement (Section 52d Report), was tabled at Council as follows:
 - 1st Quarterly Budget Statement
 - 2nd Quarter Budget Statement
 - Section 72 Midyear report
- 24 January 2018

5 December 2017

- 24 January 2018
- 3rd Quarterly Budget Statement 29 May 2018
- 4th Quarterly Budget Statement 25 July 2018

3.1.3 Individual Performance

The Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000) prescribes that the municipality must enter into performance based agreements with the Section 57-employees and that performance agreements must be reviewed annually. This process and the format are further regulated by Regulation 805 (August 2006). The performance agreements for the 2017/18 financial year were signed on 28 July 2017, as prescribed.

The appraisal of the actual performance in terms of the signed agreements, takes place twice per annum as regulated. The mid-year performance of 2017/18 took place on 26 March 2018 and the final evaluation of the 2017/18 financial year will take place after the auditing of the 2017/18 Annual Performance Report and Annual Financial Statements.

The appraisals were done by an evaluation panel as indicated in the signed performance agreements and in terms of Regulation 805. The panel included the following people:

- Executive Mayor
- Portfolio Chairperson
- Chairperson of the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee
- Municipal Manager
- Manager: Human Resources
- Mr. A Paulse, Municipal Manager of Oudtshoorn Municipality, took part in the review of the Municipal Manager

3.1.4 The IDP and the Budget

The IDP for 2017/18 was reviewed and approved on 30 May 2017, whilst the budget for 2017/18 was approved by Council on the same day. The IDP process and the performance management process are integrated. The IDP fulfils the planning stage of performance management. Performance management, in turn, fulfils the implementation management, monitoring and evaluation of the IDP.

3.1.5 Strategic Alignment

Municipal Key Performance Areas

Municipal Key Performance Area		Strategic Objective
	1.1	Sustainable provision and maintenance of basic infrastructure
Essential Services	1.2	Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services
	2.1	Support institutional transformation and development
-	2.2	Ensure financial viability
Governance	2.3	To maintain and strengthen relations with international- and inter-governmental partners as well as the local community through the creation of participative structures.
Communal Services	3.1	Provide and maintain facilities that make citizens feel at home
Socia Economic Support Sonvicos	4.1	Support the poor and vulnerable through programmes & policy
Socio-Economic Support Services	4.2	Create an enabling environment to attract investment and support to the local economy.

Performance indicators set in the approved Top Layer for 2017/18 per Strategic Objective

		Unit of		Target/Actual		Targ	get for 20	17/18	
Ref	KPI	Measurement	Wards	for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
TecDir1	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Technical Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	98% /99%	25%	50%	75%	99%	99%
TecDir3	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Technical Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/98%	10%	40%	60%	96%	96%
TecWat21	Percentage compliance with drinking water quality standards.	Percentage compliance.	All	97%/100%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%
FinInc17	Number of outstanding valid applications for water services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
FinInc18	Number of outstanding valid applications for sewerage services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
FinInc19	Number of outstanding valid applications for electricity services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0.05%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
FinInc20	Number of outstanding valid applications for refuse collection services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
TecWat20	Decrease unaccounted water losses.	Percentage water losses.	All	20%/19%	18%	18%	18%	18%	18%
TecEl37	Decrease unaccounted electricity losses.	Percentage electricity losses.	All	9%/10%	8%	8%	10%	10%	10%
TecRo7	Kilometres of roads upgraded & rehabilitated	Kilometres of roads	All	2/10.7	0	0.5	1.5	3	3

1.1) Sustainable provision and maintenance of basic infrastructure

1.2) Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services

Ref	КРІ	Unit of	t Wards Target/Actual for 2016/17 Q1						
Rei	KP1	Measurement		for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
TecDir2	Number of subsidised serviced sites developed.	Number of serviced plots.	All	No Target	0	0	0	100	100
TecWat22	Provide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient communal water services points (taps).	Number of informal areas.	All	3/3	3	3	3	3	3
TecSan13	Provide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient communal sanitation services points	Number of informal areas.	All	3/3	3	3	3	3	3

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual	Target for 2017/18				
Ker	KP1		wards	for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
	(toilets).								
TecRef31	Improve basic services - number of informal settlements receiving a door-to-door refuse collection and area- cleaning service.	Number of informal areas.	All	3/3	3	3	3	3	3
TecEl36	Number of subsidised electricity connections installed.	Number of connections.	All	200/94	0	150	150	200	200

2.1) Support institutional transformation and development

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual for 2016/17	Target for 2017/18				
Rei			warus		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
CorpHR13	Percentage budget spent on implementation of Workplace Skills Plan.	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/98%	25%	50%	75%	96%	96%
CorpHR12	Percentage of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management	Quarterly report	All	75%/75%	1	1	1	1	4

2.2) Ensure financial viability

Ref	KPI	Unit of	Wards	Target/Actual	Target for 2017/18					
Ket	KPI	Measurement	wards	for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	
FinFAdm10	Financial viability expressed as Debt- Coverage ratio	Ratio	All	16/39.7	30	30	90	90	90	
FinFAdm9	Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio	Ratio	All	1.6/2.4	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	
FinFAdm11	Financial viability expressed outstanding service debtors	Ratio	All	44%/54%	44%	44%	44%	44%	44%	
FinDir3	Opinion of the Auditor- General on annual financial statements of the previous year.	Opinion of AG - unqualified	All	1/1	0	0	1	0	1	
FinIn15	Increased revenue collection	Percentage revenue collected.	All	95%/95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	
MM1	Percentage of budget spent on maintenance.	Percentage of budget spent.	All	98%/99%	25%	50%	75%	99%	99%	
MM2	Percentage spent of capital budget.	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/97%	10%	40%	60%	96%	96%	

2.3) To maintain and strengthen relations with international- and inter-governmental partners as well as the local community through the creation of participative structures.

Def	KPI	Unit of Measurement		Vards Target/Actual for 2016/17	Target for 2017/18				
Ref			wards		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual

	Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual for 2016/17	Target for 2017/18					
	Nei			warus		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	
	MMIDP9	Number of IDP community meetings held.	Number of meetings held.	All	14/14	0	7	0	7	14	
Ĩ	ComSoc49	Number of meetings with inter-governmental partners.	Number of meetings held.	All	12/12	3	6	9	12	12	

3.1) Provide and maintain facilities that make citizens feel at home

Ref	KPI	Unit of	Wards	Target/Actual	Target for 2017/18					
Ker	KPI	Measurement	wards	for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	
ComAm34	Customer satisfaction survey (Score 1-5) - community facilities.	1 Survey	All	2.5/2.2				1	1	
ComDir1	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Community Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	98%/99%	25%	50%	75%	99%	99%	
ComDir2	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Community Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/96%	10%	40%	60%	96%	96%	

4.1) Support the poor and vulnerable through programmes and policy

Ref	KPI	Unit of	Wards	Target/Actual		Targ	get for 20	17/18	
кет	KPI	Measurement	wards	for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
ComSoc41	Number of account holders subsidised through the municipality's indigent Policy	Number of account holders.	All	2 750/2 521	2750	2750	3000	3000	3000
ComLed8	The number of jobs created through municipality's local economic development initiatives including capital projects.	Number of jobs created.	All	390/398	100	200	300	390	390
ComSoc 42-48	Number of social development programmes implemented	Number of programmes.	All	20/22	5	10	15	20	20
ComHS14	Number of housing opportunities provided per year.	Number of top structures.	All	200/200	0	50	107	107	107
ComHS15	Number of Rental Stock transferred	Number of properties transferred.	All	60/65	10	30	40	60	60

4.2) Create an enabling environment to attract investment and support to the local economy.

Ref	КРІ	Unit of	Wards	Target/Actual		Т	arget f	or 2017/18	
Ker	KP1	Measurement	wards	for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual

Ref	КРІ	Unit of	Wards	Target/Actual		Target for 2017/18					
Rei	KP1	Measurement	warus	for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual		
MMProp21	Revisit Municipal Land Audit and draw up an implementation plan. Phase implementation from 14/15 onwards.	Phased implementation	All	1/1	0	Progress report	0	Implement Report	Implement Report		
ComLed4	Compile & Implementation of LED Strategy	Phased implementation/ strategy	All	1/1	0	Progress Report	0	Implement Report	Review of plan		

3.1.6 Budget spending per IDP key performance area

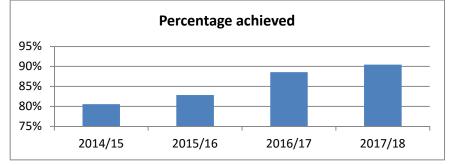
The table below provides an analysis of the budget allocation and expenditure per Municipal Key Performance Area (Operational expenditure excludes internal transfers):

Municipal Key Performance Area	Adjusted Capital Budget 2017/18	Actual Capital Expenditure 2017/18	Adjusted Operating Budget 2017/18	Actual Operating Expenditure 2017/18
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Essential Services	57 322	56 317	365 331	299 990
Governance	5 172	3 872	110 896	93 623
Communal Services	3 704	3 600	119 792	109 999
Socio-Economic Support Services	20	20	21 614	18 304
Total	66 217	63 809	617 632	521 917

3.1.7 Strategic Performance (Top Layer SDBIP) for 2017/18

Strategic performance of the municipality is measured in terms of the municipality's performance on its key performance indicators (KPI) set in the Top Layer SDBIP. For the 2017/18 year, 38 of the 42 KPI's measured were achieved.

The table below gives an indication of performance on strategic KPI's over the past four years:



Actual strategic performance (Top Layer) and corrective measures that will be implemented

1.3) Sustainable provision and maintenance of basic infrastructure

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actu performance 2017/18	e for
TecDir1	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Technical Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	98% /99%	99%	99.8%	
TecDir3	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Technical Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/98%	96%	98.2%	
TecWat21	Percentage compliance with drinking water quality standards.	Percentage compliance.	All	97%/100%	98%	100%	
FinInc17	Number of outstanding valid applications for water services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	
FinInc18	Number of outstanding valid applications for sewerage services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	-
FinInc19	Number of outstanding valid applications for electricity services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0.05%	<1%	0%	
FinInc20	Number of outstanding valid applications for refuse collection services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	All	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	-
TecWat20	Decrease unaccounted water losses.	Percentage water losses.	All	20%/19%	18%	17.9%	
TecEl37	Decrease unaccounted electricity losses.	Percentage electricity losses.	All	9%/10%	10%	9.9%	
Motivation:	t was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) Current NERSA benchmark is 10%. T be 'avoided'. Witzenberg's inefficien	his consists mainly of I	Power Transfe	er losses (I²R) whic	h is normal in e		
TecRo7	Kilometres of roads upgraded & rehabilitated	Kilometres of roads	All	2/10.7	3	4,4	

1.4) Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall act performance 2017/18	e for	
TecDir2	Number of subsidised serviced sites developed.	Number of serviced plots.	All	No Target	100	101		
Motivation: Project appr	Note: Target was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of the MFMA and approved by Council as per item 8.1.7 of meeting held on 28/02/2018. Motivation: The target relates to the construction of serviced sites at the Vredebes subsidised housing development (Project 3199.03). Project approval from the Department of Human Settlements was only received in February 2018 with resolution nr 18/03. The project of 635 will now be implemented over two financial years.							
TecWat22	Provide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient communal water services points (taps).	Number of informal areas.	All	3/3	3	3		
Note: The indicator measures the availability of water within 200m in the three informal areas located in Nduli, Tulbagh & Wolseley. A land invasion took place at Pine Valley, Wolseley where 228 illegal informal structures were erected and occupied. The construction of serviced sites in the area were planned for over the long term as all planning and funding for the next 3 years is focused on the Vredebes development at Ceres. These 228 structures were therefor not included in the result above.								
TecSan13	Provide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient	Number of informal areas.	All	3/3	3	3		

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actual performance fo 2017/18			
	communal sanitation services points (toilets).								
land invasion serviced site	Note: The indicator measures the availability of toilets within 200m in the three informal areas located in Nduli, Tulbagh & Wolseley . A land invasion took place at Pine Valley, Wolseley where 228 illegal informal structures were erected and occupied. The construction of serviced sites in the area were planned for over the long term as all planning and funding for the next 3 years is focused on the Vredebes development at Ceres. These 228 structures were therefor not included in the result above.								
TecRef31	Improve basic services - number of informal settlements receiving a door-to-door refuse collection and area-cleaning service.	Number of informal areas.	All	3/3	3	3			
TecEl36	Number of subsidised electricity connections installed.	Number of connections.	All	200/94	200	189			
Reason for under-performance: Houses were illegally occupied before electricity connections could be installed and it was decided not to continue with electrical connections before the legal approved beneficiaries did not move into the houses.									

Corrective measures:

Legal action has been introduced to remove the illegal occupiers from the houses. Outcome of the court action was still awaited at year end.

Note: Target was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of the MFMA and approved by Council as per item 8.1.7 of meeting held on 28/02/2018. Motivation: The original target included the electrification of houses in the Bella Vista and Vredebes housing projects. The Vredebes project has not been approved yet and therefor the target is decreased to only include the outstanding electrical connections for the Bella Vista project.

2.1) Support Institutional transformation and development

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actu performanc for 2017/1	ce
CorpHR13	Percentage budget spent on implementation of Workplace Skills Plan.	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/98%	96%	98.8%	
CorpHR12	Percentage of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in	Nr of reports	All	75%/75%	4	4	

Note: Target was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of the MFMA and approved by Council as per item 8.1.7 of meeting held on 28/02/2018. Motivation: The indicator is included in the SDBIP as a national indicator. Determining of performance on the indicator & measuring of a result has been impractical and not "SMART". The main reason being that the municipality cannot plan on a target as resignations cannot be controlled by the municipality. Measurement is there for revised to the quarterly reporting on the implementation of the municipality's equity policy.

2.2) Ensure financial viability

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actu performand for 2017/1	ce		
FinFAdm10	Financial viability expressed as Debt-Coverage ratio	Ratio	All	16/39.7	90	90.2			
Motivation: 1 within the ye	Note: Target was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of the MFMA and approved by Council as per item 8.1.7 of meeting held on 28/02/2018. Motivation: This indicator measures debt coverage as (total operating revenue – operating grants received) / debt service payments due within the year. It therefor measures the municipality's ability to cover its debt service payments from operating revenue (excluding grants) a number of times. Due to the redemption of a number of loans over the past year, this number of times can be increased from 30 to 90 times.								
FinFAdm9	Financial viability expressed as Cost-Coverage ratio	Ratio	All	1.6/2.4	2.8	2.97			
FinFAdm11	Financial viability expressed	Ratio	All	44%/54%	44%	49.1%			

outstanding service debtors

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actual performance for 2017/18
	nder-performance: of outstanding debt is in respect of p	rescribed debt and debt	of indigent h	nouseholds.		
	easures: established a Task team to investigate ebt and debt of indigents.	a strategy to address o	utstanding de	ebt as well as to cor	nsider the writir	ng off of
FinDir3	Opinion of the Auditor-General on annual financial statements of the previous year.	Opinion of AG - unqualified	All	1/1	1	1
FinInc15	Increased revenue collection	Percentage revenue collected.	All	95%/95%	95%	94.2%
The drought Corrective m	nder-performance: has negatively affected employment o leasures: blished a task team to investigate mea				. ,	<u> </u>
MM1	Percentage of budget spent on overall maintenance.	Percentage of budget spent.	All	98%/99%	99%	99.7%
MM2	Percentage spent of overall capital budget.	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/97%	96%	96.4%

2.3) To maintain and strengthen relations with international- and inter-governmental partners as well as the local community through the creation of participative structures.

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actual performance for 2017/18
MMIDP9	Number of IDP community meetings held.	Number of meetings held.	All	14/14	14	14
combined w	ugh the 1 st Bella Vista meeting was adv ith the Ceres meeting held on the 24 ^{tt} o attend the Ceres meeting. It was de	of October 2017. Mem	bers of the Be	ella Vista communi	ity marched to C	eres and
ComSoc49	Number of meetings with inter- governmental partners.	Number of meetings held.	All	12/12	12	13

3.1) Provide and maintain facilities that make citizens feel at home

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actual performance for 2017/18			
ComAm34	Customer satisfaction survey (Score 1-5) - community facilities.	Survey to be undertaken.	All	2.5/2.2	1	1			
Note: Target was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of the MFMA and approved by Council as per item 8.1.7 of meeting held on 28/02/2018. Motivation: The indicator's scope include survey's to be done in all towns on the public's perception on various communal facilities ranging from access to libraries & town halls to maintenance of sports fields. It is the experience that the result is not "SMART" and impractical to influence change immediately. Some communities might have a very negative image of the municipality although all facilities are available while for other the facilities are not such a priority. The continuation of the survey are however necessary & especially the thorough analysis of results to influence the IDP & budgetary processes. Scoring is therefore replaced as a target with the implementation of 1 survey annually.									
ComDir1	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Community Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	98%/99%	99%	99.7%			
ComDir2	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Community Directorate	Percentage of budget spent.	All	95%/96%	96%	97.1%			

4.1) Support the poor and vulnerable through programmes and policy

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actua performance for 2017/18
ComSoc41	Number of account holders subsidised through the municipality's indigent Policy	Number of account holders.	All	2 750/2 521	3000	2373
Note: Target	t was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of	f the MFMA and approv	ed by Council	as per item 8.1.7	of meeting held	on 28/02/2018.
families relie	The current drought experienced has s mainly on the primary & secondary h more pressure on municipal debt co	agricultural economies	for income. Fo	precasts have indi	cated that the si	
ComLed8	The number of jobs created through municipality's local economic development initiatives including capital projects.	Number of jobs created.	All	390/398	390	403
ComSoc 42-48	Number of social development programmes implemented	Number of programmes.	All	20/22	20	36
ComHS14	Number of housing opportunities provided per year.	Number of top structures.	All	200/200	107	107
28/02/2018. Motivation: housing proj	was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of The original target included the outsta ject has not been approved yet by the apletion of the Bella Vista project.	anding top structures fo	r Bella Vista 8	the new Vredebe	es project. The V	redebes
ComHS15	Number of Rental Stock transferred	Number of properties transferred.	All	60/65	60	39
Reason for u	inder-performance:		*			
	sfers could not be finalised due to the s, household differences on who shoul	• •				•
Corrective m	neasures:					
	e reasons as mentioned are difficult to r increase awareness to ensure co-ope			nterest from certa	in beneficiaries	. The municipalit

4.2) Create an enabling environment to attract investment and support to the local economy.

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Target for 2017/18	Overall actua performance for 2017/18
MMProp21	Revisit Municipal Land Audit and draw up an implementation plan. Phase implementation from 14/15 onwards.	Phased implementation	All	1/1	Phase 4 Implement	Phase 4 Implement
ComLed4	Compile & Implementation of LED Strategy	Phased implementation/ strategy	All	1/1	Review of plan	Review of plan

3.1.8 5 Year corporate scorecard: Development and service delivery priorities

The main development and service delivery priorities for 2017/18 forms part of the Municipality's 5 Year Corporate Scorecard and are indicated in the table below:

Municip al KPA	Pre-determined objectives	Ref	Key Performance Indicator	Baseline 2016/17	Target 2018/19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/22	Target 2022/23
		TecDir1	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Technical Directorate	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%
		TecDir3	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Technical Directorate	98%	96%	96%	96%	97%	97%
		TecWat 21	Percentage compliance with drinking water quality standards.	100%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%
	ructure	FinInc17	Number of outstanding valid applications for water services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
rvices	Essential Services Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	FinInc18	Number of outstanding valid applications for sewerage services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
Essential Services	Sustainable provision & m	FinInc19	Number of outstanding valid applications for electricity services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	0,05%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
		FinInc20	Number of outstanding valid applications for refuse collection services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	0%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
		TecWat 20	Decrease unaccounted water losses.	19%	18%	18%	18%	16%	16%
		TecEl37	Decrease unaccounted electricity losses.	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
		TecRo7	Kilometres of roads upgraded & rehabilitated	10	3	3	3	4	4
	Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services	TecDir2	Number of subsidised serviced sites developed.	No target	400	0	100	0	200

Municip al KPA	Pre-determined objectives	Ref	Key Performance Indicator	Baseline 2016/17	Target 2018/19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/22	Target 2022/23
		TecWat 22	Provide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient communal water services points (taps).	3	3	3	3	2	2
		TecSanProvide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient communal sanitation services points (toilets).TecRef3 1Improve basic services - number of informal services points (toilets).		3	3	3	3	2	2
				3	3	3	3	2	2
		TecEl36	Number of subsidised electricity connections installed.	94	100	100	100	100	100
	Support Institutional Transformation & Development	CorpHR 13	Percentage budget spent on implementation of Workplace Skills Plan.	98%	96%	96%	96%	96%	96%
		CorpHR 12	Percentage of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in	75%	4 reports				
ance		FinFAd m10	Financial viability expressed as Debt-Coverage ratio	39.7	90	90	90	90	90
Governance	lity.	FinFAd m9	Financial viability expressed as Cost-Coverage ratio	2.4	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
	Ensure financial viability.	FinFAd m11	Financial viability expressed outstanding service debtors	54%	44%	42%	42%	42%	40%
	Ensure	FinDir3	Opinion of the Auditor-General on annual financial statements of the previous year.	Unqualif ied	Unqualifie d	Unqualifie d	Unqualifie d	Unqualifie d	Unqualifi ed
		FinIn15	Increased revenue collection	95%	96%	96%	96%	97%	97%

Municip al KPA	Pre-determined objectives	Ref	Key Performance Indicator	Baseline 2016/17	Target 2018/19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/22	Target 2022/23
		MM1	Percentage of budget spent on maintenance.	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%
		MM2	Percentage spent of capital budget.	97%	96%	96%	96%	97%	97%
	strengthen ernational- nmental as the local ough the ticipative es.	MMIDP 9	Number of IDP community meetings held.	14	14	14	14	14	14
	To maintain and strengthen relations with international- & inter-governmental partners as well as the local community through the creation of participative structures.	ComSoc 49	Number of meetings with inter- governmental partners.	12	12	12	12	12	12
ses	at make citizens	ComAm 34	Customer satisfaction survey (Score 1-5) - community facilities.	2.2	1 report				
Communal Services	Provide & maintain facilities that make citizens feel at home.	ComDir 1	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Community Directorate	99%	98%	99%	99%	99%	99%
		ComDir 2	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Community Directorate	96%	96%	96%	96%	97%	97%
	Support the poor & vulnerable through programmes & policy	ComSoc 41	Number of account holders subsidised through the municipality's indigent Policy	2 521	2 750	2 700	2 700	2 500	2 500
services		ComLed 8	The number of jobs created through municipality's local economic development initiatives including capital projects.	398	390	400	400	400	420
Socio-Economic Support Services	poor & vulner	ComSoc 42-48	Number of social development programmes implemented	22	20	20	20	20	20
Socio-Econo	Support the	ComHS 14	Number of housing opportunities provided per year.	200	100	100	100	100	100
		ComHS 15	Number of Rental Stock transferred	65	50	60	60	70	70
	Create an enabling environment to attract investment & support local economy.	MMPro p21	Revisit Municipal Land Audit and draw up an implementation plan. Phase implementation from 14/15 onwards.	1	4 reports				

unicip I KPA	Pre-determined objectives	Ref	Key Performance Indicator	Baseline 2016/17	Target 2018/19	Target 2019/20	Target 2020/21	Target 2021/22	Target 2022/23
		ComLed 4	Compile & Implement of LED Strategy	1	4 reports				

3.1.9 Overview of performance per ward

Ward	1	&	12:	N'Duli
vvuru	-	S.	<u>т</u>	N Dun

	Capital Projects								
No.	No. Project Name and detail		End Date	Total Value R					
1	New N'Duli reservoir	Nov 2016	March 2018	R 13m					
	The above analysis include only the largest capital project of the ward								

Basic Service Provision								
Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing				
1 119	1 123	1 711	1 116					
564	564	- 1/11	564	-				
1 683	1 687	1 711	1 680	-				
Houses completed in year								
Shortfall in Housing units								
	1 119 564 1 683 ar	Water Sanitation 1 119 1 123 564 564 1 683 1 687	Water Sanitation Electricity 1 119 1 123 1 711 564 564 1 683 1 683 1 687 1 711	Water Sanitation Electricity Refuse 1 119 1 123 1 711 1 116 564 564 564 564 1 683 1 687 1 711 1 680				

*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding informal households which is actual households)

Top Four Service Delivery Priorities for Ward								
Priority Name and Detail	Progress During 2017/18							
Sewer network	Periodic maintenance							
Street/flood lights and electrical failure due to illegal connections	Illegal connections remain high priority to be addressed							
Ablution facilities for informal areas	Periodic maintenance							
Housing need	635 Serviced sites in process of development in Vredebes							

Ward 3 & 5: Ceres

	Capital Projects								
No.	Project Name and detail	Start Date	End Date	Total Value R					
1	Traffic Test Centre	Nov 2017	March 2018	R 2,2m					

	Capital Projects						
No.	Project Name and detail	Start Date	End Date	Total Value R			
2	Bulk sanitation for Vredebes	June 2017	May 2018	R 9,3m			
3	Vredebes Access Collector Ph1	March 2017	Dec 2017	R 5,7m			
4	Upgrade Die Eiland swimming pool	March 2017	Sept 2017	R 0,6m			
5	Vredebes Phase F1 Internal Services	March 2018	Dec 2018	R 33m			
	The above analysis include only the largest capital project of the ward						

Basic Service Provision						
Detail	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing	
Formal households	2 435	2 268	3 015	2 276		
Informal households						
Total Households*	2 435	2 268	3 015	2 276		
Houses completed in year		·				
Shortfall in Housing units (i	nclude Ceres & Be	lla Vista)			2 212	

*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding informal households which is actual households)

Top Four Service Delivery Priorities for Ward

No.	Priority Name and Detail	Progress During 2017/18
1	Playgrounds	Borehole for park irrigation
2	Closing off of Bassonsloot	Completed
3	Rotational skip removal	New Waste Management Policy
4	Housing need	635 Serviced sites being developed at Vredebes

Ward 4 & 6: Bella Vista

	Capital Projects					
No.	Project Name and detail	Start Date	End Date	Total Value R		
1	Bella Vista bulk water supply	Aug 2017	May 2018	R 6m		
	The above analysis include only the largest capital project of the ward					

Basic Service Provision						
Detail	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing	
Formal households	2 558	2 571	2 554	2 517		
Informal households						
Total Households*	2 558	2 571	2 554	2 517		
Houses completed in year					107	
Shortfall in Housing units (included under Ceres)						

Basic Service Provision					
Detail	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing
	1	1	1		

*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding informal households which is actual households)

	Top Four Service Delivery Priorities for Ward					
No.	No.Priority Name and DetailProgress During 2017/18					
1	Business hub/mini CBD for Bella Vista	Discussions with Rural Development for funding				
2	Clamp down on illegal dumping of refuse.	New Waste Management Policy				
3	Off-ramp lanes at Bella Vista entrances	Traffic study underway.				
4	Housing need	Development at Vredebes				

Ward 4 & 10: Prince Alfred's Hamlet

Basic Service Provision							
Detail	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing		
Formal households	1 224	1 201	Eskom	1 201			
Informal households							
Total Households*	1 224	1 201	Eskom	1 201			
Houses completed in year	1			1			
Shortfall in Housing units					1 479		
*Formal households calcul	*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding informal households which is actual households)						

	Top Four Service Delivery Priorities for Ward					
No.	Priority Name and Detail	Progress During 2017/18				
1	Not all dwellings connected to main sewer line	Rest of Kliprug to be connected in 18/19, investigation for rest.				
2	Effective placement of skips	New Waste Management Policy				
3	Better controlled refuse removal in Phases areas	New Waste Management Policy				
4	Housing need	Development at Vredebes				

Ward 9: Op-Die-Berg

Basic Service Provision						
Detail	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing	
Formal households	542	530	Eskom	577		
Informal households						
Total Households*	542	530	Eskom	577		
Houses completed in year		1		1		
Shortfall in Housing units					891	
*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding informal households which is actual households						

	Top Four Service Delivery Priorities for Ward					
No.	Priority Name and Detail	Progress During 2017/18				
1	The location public ablutions facilities in the CBD area	Budgeted for in 2018/19				
2	Illegal house shops, need to be regulated	Continued law enforcement & inspections				
3	Illegal shebeens need to be closed	Continued law enforcement & inspections				
4	Speed calming still a problem	Increased law enforcement				

Ward 7 & 11: Tulbagh

	Capital Projects					
No.	Project Name and detail	Start Date	End Date	Total Value R		
1	Roads rehabilitation – Piet Retiefstr	March 2018	May 2019	R 13,7m		
	The above analysis include only the largest capital projects of the ward					

Basic Service Provision					
Detail	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing
Formal households	1 822	1 915	- 2 221	2 145	
Informal households	812	812	2 221	812	_
Total Households*	2 634	0 727	2 221	2 957	_
Houses completed in year				1	
Shortfall in Housing units				1 508	

*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding informal households which is actual households)

Top Four Service Delivery Priorities for Ward

No.	Priority Name and Detail	Progress During 2017/18			
1	Illegal house shops, need to be regulated	Continued law enforcement & inspections			
2	Illegal shebeens need to be closed	Continued law enforcement & inspections			
3	Informal households utilising storm water as a means to dump their grey water & waste water, which contaminates river. Storm water network in Tulbagh needs to be maintained regularly	Formal housing to be included in housing pipeline to alleviate problem.			
4	Sewerage network in Chris Hani area needs to be maintained regularly	Periodic maintenance			

Ward 2 & 7: Wolseley

	Capital Projects				
N	о.	Project Name and detail	Start Date	End Date	Total Value R

	Capital Projects				
No.	Project Name and detail	Start Date	End Date	Total Value R	
1	1 Upgrading of Montana Hall October 2017 May 2018 250 000				
	The above analysis include only the largest capital projects of the ward				

Basic Service Provision						
V	Detail	Water	Sanitation	Electricity	Refuse	Housing
	Formal households	2 546	2 653	2.740	2 435	
	Informal households	338	338	2 749	338	-
	Total Households*	2 884	2 991	2 749	2 773	-
	Houses completed in yea					
Shortfall in Housing units				1 816		
	. ,				4	•

ormal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding informal households which is actual households)

	Top Four Service Delivery Priorities for Ward (Highest Priority First)				
No.	Priority Name and Detail	Progress During 2017/18			
1	Replacement and maintenance of roads	Periodic maintenance			
2	Small-scale farmers need land for their animals	Rural Development and Department of Agriculture in process to investigate suitable land availability.			
3	Secure fencing at the graveyard	Budgeted for in 2018/19			
4	Illegal shebeens need to be closed	Continued law enforcement and inspections			

3.1.10 Service providers strategic performance

Section 76(b) of the MSA states that KPIs should inform the indicators set for every municipal entity and service provider with whom the municipality has entered into a service delivery agreement. A service provider:

- means a person or institution or any combination of persons and institutions which provide to or for the benefit of the local community
- External service provider means an external mechanism referred to in Section 76(b) which provides a municipal service for a municipality
- Service delivery agreement means an agreement between a municipality and an institution or person mentioned in Section 76(b) in terms of which a municipal service is provided by that institution or person, either for its own account or on behalf of the municipality

During the year under review, the municipality did not appoint any service providers who provided municipal services to or for the benefit of the local community on behalf of the municipality and thus, this report contains no information in this regard. All other contract appointments are regularly monitored in terms of Section 51(3) of the Supply Chain Management Policy which stipulates that vendor performance must be monitored as follows:

- Each project manager shall monitor the supplier's compliance and performance to the set of specifications.
- If the supplier fails to perform in accordance with the specification requirements, the project manager must report such failure to the supplier in writing immediately upon becoming aware of such non-compliance for them to correct the situation.

The above information will be kept and made available for future evaluation purposes, contract negotiations and regular feedback to vendors.

If vendors fail to deliver in terms of paragraph 23(1)(a) of the General conditions of the contract, the municipality reserves the right to make use of remedies at its disposal in terms of applicable law.

3.1.11 Municipal functions

The municipal functional areas are as indicated below:

Municipal Function	Municipal Function: Yes / No
Constitution Schedule 4, Part B functions:	
Air pollution	Yes
Building regulations	Yes
Child care facilities	No (support)
Electricity and gas reticulation	Yes
Fire fighting services	Yes
Local tourism	No (support)
Municipal airports	No
Municipal planning	Yes
Municipal health services	No
Municipal public transport	No (only planning & operating licenses)
Municipal public works only in respect of the needs of municipalities in the discharge of their responsibilities to administer functions specifically assigned to them under this Constitution or any other law	Yes
Pontoons, ferries, jetties, piers and harbours, excluding the regulation of international and national shipping and matters related thereto	No
Storm water management systems in built-up areas	Yes
Trading regulations	Yes
Water and sanitation services limited to potable water supply systems and domestic waste- water and sewage disposal systems	Yes
Constitution Schedule 5, Part B functions:	
Beaches and amusement facilities	Yes
Billboards and the display of advertisements in public places	Yes
Cemeteries, funeral parlours and crematoria	Yes
Cleansing	Yes
Control of public nuisances	Yes
Control of undertakings that sell liquor to the public	Yes
Facilities for the accommodation, care and burial of animals	Yes
Fencing and fences	Yes
Licensing of dogs	Yes

Municipal Function	Municipal Function: Yes / No
Licensing and control of undertakings that sell food to the public	No
Local amenities	Yes
Local sport facilities	Yes
Markets	No
Municipal abattoirs	No
Municipal parks and recreation	Yes
Municipal roads	Yes
Noise pollution	Yes
Pounds	Yes
Public places	Yes
Refuse removal, refuse dumps and solid waste disposal	Yes
Street trading	Yes
Street lighting	Yes
Traffic and parking	Yes

COMPONENT A: BASIC SERVICES

3.2 WATER SERVICES

3.2.1 Introduction

All the towns in the Witzenberg municipal area are equipped with independent water services with their own resources, distribution systems and treatment works.

Ceres

The main water source for Ceres is the Koekedouw Dam. Six boreholes serve as a backup source of supply. Water quality from the Koekedouw is good and it is only chlorinated before distribution. Two reservoirs (3 and 5 MI) serve as storage reservoirs to the 114km distribution network, with 4 supply zones (Bella Vista, N'Duli, Ceres main supply zone and Ceres central PRV zone). The network includes a 2 MI service reservoir, a booster pump station to the pressure tower at Bella Vista, as well as a 750 kl service reservoir, 4MI reservoir and booster pump station at N'Duli. Three additional boreholes were drilled in Ceres and the Koekedouw borehole equipped.

Tulbagh

Currently, Klein Berg, Moordenaarskloof and Tierkloof serve as the main sources of water supply to Tulbagh. Construction of the Kleinberg pipeline has been completed to provide an additional supply of 1.2 x 10^{6} m3/annum from the Klein Berg River. The project will also include a storage dam with a capacity of approximately 1 200 000 m3. Funding applications has been approved by the Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS) for the construction of the dam. One borehole at Kruysvallei serves as a back-up emergency supply to Tulbagh. Moordenaarskloof is commonlyused with two other users (SAPCO &

Kruysvallei). During 2006 two additional sources, the Schalkenbosch tributaries and Skilpadrug, were also identified as possible future sources of supply. Infrastructure to partially link Schalkenbosch with the water supply network, was implemented in 2007 after an agreement was reached with the owner concerning the management of this source. Funding applications have been submitted to the DWS to complete these projects, but the agreement remains a major challenge. All the water is stored in a 570 MI raw water dam at present.

The purification plant consists of five slow gravity sand filters, as well as a chlorination system. Funding was also secured to upgrade the existing purification plant to deal with the additional water expected from the Kleinberg River at the end of 2012. This project is complete and the filters and chlorination system is operational. Two reservoirs (800 kl and 1 Ml) serve as a clear water storage reservoir to the 29km distribution network, with 2 pressure zones. The network includes a booster pump station to the pressure tower (500 kl). A new reservoir for extra storage capacity is planned for construction at a later stage. An additional borehole was drilled in Nuwekloof pass, but due to the low yield of the borehole it was not equipped. Talks are on-going with DOPW to equip an existing borehole at Obiqua prison.

Wolseley

Wolseley receives its water supply from the Tierhokkloof weir. No storage facility exists and the dependency on the Tierhokkloof River as a sustainable supply without storage has been identified as a critical risk in water provision for growth in Wolseley. Purification consists of pressure filters and chlorination. The Ceres Road Reservoir (680 kl) and the newly constructed 6 Ml Wolseley Reservoir serves as a storage reservoir to the 44km distribution network, with two pressure zones. The network includes a 4.5 Ml services reservoir (Stamper Street Reservoir), which has been resealed to prevent losses, and a booster pump station. An additional pump station with a capacity of 58 l/s was completed during 2010/11 to enable the transfer of "lei" water during periods of low flow, from the Artois Canal to this reservoir. The project also allows for treatment at the reservoir.

Prince Alfred's Hamlet

Prince Alfred's Hamlet has four water sources. They consist of the Wabooms River Weir, a fountain, 1 borehole and a supply line from the Koekedouw Dam. Due to the quality of the raw water, only chlorination is required. Four 500 kl reservoirs serve as storage reservoirs to the 32km distribution network, with only 1 pressure zone.

Op-die-Berg

Op-die-Berg has three water sources, a fountain and 2 boreholes. Due to the quality of the water, only chlorination is required. A 50kl, 60kl and 500kl reservoir serve as storage reservoirs to the 6km distribution network, with only 1 pressure zone. The new storage reservoir is planned for Op-die-Berg to ensure adequate storage capacity, as well as meeting the peak demands of the town.

All drinking water systems located in the towns within Witzenberg have attained Blue Drop status and have also scored nationally in the top ten rankings.

3.2.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description	
Upgrading & replacement of infrastructure	Upgrading of bulk supply pipelines. Replacement of various pipe networks, and valves.	
	Meter replacement program.	

Highlights	Description
	New reservoirs at Bella Vista & Nduli.

3.2.3 Challenges

Challenges	Description	
Personnel shortage	Number of vacant positions	
Budget	Limited budget for infrastructure refurbishment, upgrade and replacement of vehicles and out-dated equipment.	

3.2.4 Water service delivery levels

Total use of water by sector (cubic meters)

Year	All	Unaccountable water losses	Percentage losses
	Cubi	IOSSES	
2014/15	7 079 144	1 463 304	20.7%
2015/16	6 088 276	962 345	16%
2016/17	6 508 218	1 259 772	19.36%
2017/18	5 835 602	1 090 102	17.9%

Water losses decreased from 19.36% in the 2016/17 to 18% in the 2017/18 financial year and this volume remains within the target set for the financial year. Management processes are, however, on-going to reduce the rate of water losses even further.

The table below specifies the different water service delivery levels per household for the financial years 2015/16, 2016/17 and 2017/18: Note that the "piped water inside dwelling" figure constitutes the number of accounts and is not a true reflection of the number of households. Other figures represent households. These figures exclude rural areas.

Description	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18		
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual		
Household	Household				
<u>Water: (</u> above minimum level)				
Piped water inside dwelling (accounts)	11 988	12 016	12 246		
Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling) (accounts)	400	12 010	12 240		
Using public tap (within 200m from dwelling) (households)	1 941	2 226	1 714		
Other water supply (within 200m)	0	0	0		
Minimum Service Level and Above Sub-total	14 329	14 242	13 960		
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	100%	100%	98.4%		
<u>Water: (</u> below minimum level)					
Using public tap (more than 200m from dwelling)	0	0	228		
Other water supply (more than 200m from dwelling	0	0	0		

Description	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual	
Household				
No water supply	0	0	0	
Below Minimum Service Level Sub-total	0	0	228	
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	0%	0%	1.6%	
Total number of households (formal and informal) 14 301 14 329				
*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (excluding in households)	formal households w	hich is actual		

3.2.5 Service delivery indicators: Water services

Ref	Strategic	КРІ	Unit of	Target/Actual		Performano 17/18	erformance 7/18	
	Objective		Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R	
TecWat21		Percentage compliance with drinking water quality standards	Percentage compliance	97%/100%	98%	100%		
FinInc17	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	Number of outstanding valid applications for water services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	_	
TecWat20		Decrease unaccounted water losses	Percentage water losses	20%/19%	18%	17.9%		
TecWat22	Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services	Provide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient communal water services points (taps)	Number of informal areas	3/3	3	3	_	

Wolseley. A land invasion took place at Pine Valley, Wolseley where 228 illegal informal structures were erected and occupied. The construction of serviced sites in the area were planned for over the long term as all planning and funding for the next 3 years is focused on the Vredebes development at Ceres. These 228 structures were therefor not included in the result above.

3.2.6 Employees: Water & Sanitation services

Employees: Water & Sanitation Services						
2016/17 2017/18						
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
0 - 3	23	32	3			
4 - 6	7	1	0			
7 - 9	10	17	3			

Employees: Water & Sanitation Services						
	2016/17	2017	/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
10 - 12	2	1	0			
13 - 15	1	2	0			
Total	43	59	6			
	Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.2.7 Capital expenditure: Water services

	2017/18					
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value	
		R				
Vredebes Housing Internal	6 000 000	1 788 868	1 788 868	0	8 300 000	
Vredebes Bulk Water Supply	9 101 872	13 192 645	12 849 648	(2,6%)	13 288 150	
Drought Relief Tulbagh Boreholes		462 350	462 350	0	462 350	
Infrastructure Management System	250 000	278 531	278 531	0	278 531	
Bella Vista Bulk Water	5 041 042	5 932 888	5 932 888	0	7 586 000	
Network water pipes & valves	1 000 000	359 707	359 707	0	258 779	
Boreholes – Morrisdale Park		310 000	310 000	0	310 000	
Total all	21 392 914	22 324 989	21 981 992	(1,5%)	30 483 810	

Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as appropriate). Only major projects included above.

3.3 WASTE WATER (SANITATION) SERVICES

3.3.1 Introduction

Ceres

Sewerage and industrial effluent is collected from consumers via a sewerage system which istreated at the Ceres Wastewater Treatment Plant. The Plant services the areas of Ceres, N'Duli, Bella Vista and

Prince Alfred's Hamlet. The sewerage system includes 9 booster pump stations. A portion of the treated effluent is used for irrigation on communal land, sport fields and the golf course.

Tulbagh

Sewerage is collected from consumers via a sewerage system and treated at the Tulbagh Waste Water Treatment Plant. The sewerage system includes 3 booster pump stations. Mechanical upgrades to the plant have been completed to ensure that the plant performs at an optimum level and to ensure compliance with national standards. Treated effluent is partially discharged to a river, under an existing licence and the rest is used for irrigation in Church Street and local sport fields.

Wolseley

Sewerage is collected from consumers via a sewerage system and treated at the Wolseley Waste Water Treatment Plant. The sewerage system includes 6 booster pump stations. Upgrades to the plant has been completed to ensure adequate capacity as well as efficient and effective treatment of the waste water. The Pittebos PS which was vandalised, is also fully re-constructed and is currently operational.

PA Hamlet

A significant volume of sewerage generated at Prince Alfred's Hamlet is pumped for treatment to the Waste Water Treatment Works (WWTW) in Ceres. Three pump stations are used for this purpose. A number of erven still use private septic tank systems to deal with the sewerage. These septic tanks are emptied by the municipality on request.

Op-die-Berg

75% of the consumers are connected to a sewerage network and treated at the WWTW. The rest are managed through private septic tanks. Septic tanks are emptied by the municipality on request. Upgrades to the WWTW have been completed in order to ensure adequate capacity, as well as efficient and effective treatment of the waste water.

All the towns within Witzenberg have attained Green Drop status and have also scored nationally within in the top ten rankings.

3.3.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description
	Successful completion of various infrastructure projects including services for Bella Vista and Vredebes housing projects
	Refurbishment of Pittebos PS.
New Infrastructure & upgrades	Replacement of various sewer networks within Witzenberg.
	Phase 2 of Vredebes sewer
	Upgrading of Pumpstation 4, Ceres
	Bulk sewer line from Pumpstation 4 to Ceres WWTW

3.3.3 Challenges

Challenges	Description	
Personnel shortage	Number of vacant positions	

Challenges	Description
Budget	Limited budget for infrastructure refurbishment, upgrade and replacement of vehicles and out-dated equipment.

3.3.4 Waste Water (Sanitation) service delivery levels

The table below specifies the different sanitation service delivery levels per households for the financial years 2015/16, 2016/17 and 2017/18.

Note that the "flushed toilet" figure constitutes the number of accounts and is not a true reflection of the number of households. Other figures represent households. These figures exclude rural areas.

Description	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual
Household			
<u>Sanitation: (</u> above minimum lev	el)		
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) (accounts)	11 530	11 537	11 544
Flush toilet (with septic tank) (nr. of erven)	717	717	717
Chemical toilet (only indicate nr of toilets, not included in calculation)	54	71	58
Pit toilet (ventilated)	0	0	0
Other toilet provisions (above minimum service level) (households – informal areas)	2 257	2 226	1 714
Minimum Service Level and Above Sub-total	14 380	14 558	13 975
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	100%	100%	98.4%%
<u>Sanitation: (</u> below minimum lev	el)		
Bucket toilet	0	0	0
Other toilet provisions (below minimum service level)	0	0	0
No toilet provisions	0	0	228
Below Minimum Service Level Sub-total	0	0	0
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	0%	0%	1.6%%
Total number of households (formal and informal)	14 380	14 558	14 203
*Formal households calculated based on accounts issued (including ser households which is actual household		ding informal	

3.3.5 Service delivery indicators: Waste Water (Sanitation) services

Ref	Strategic Objective	KPI Unit of p	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance		erformand 17/18	ce
	Objective		weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
FinInc18	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	Number of outstanding valid applications for sewerage services expressed as a % of total number of	Percentage of outstanding applications.	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	

Ref	Strategic	C KPI		Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18			
	Objective		Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R	
		billings for the service.						
TecSan13	Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services	Provide basic services - number of informal areas with sufficient communal sanitation services points (toilets)	Number of informal areas	3/3	3	3		
Wolseley . A The constru	Note: The indicator measures the availability of toilets within 200m in the three informal areas located in Nduli, Tulbagh & Wolseley . A land invasion took place at Pine Valley, Wolseley where 228 illegal informal structures were erected and occupied. The construction of serviced sites in the area were planned for over the long term as all planning and funding for the next 3 years is focused on the Vredebes development at Ceres. These 228 structures were therefor not included in the result above.							

3.3.6 Capital expenditure: Waste Water (Sanitation) services

			2017/18		
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value
		R			
Vredebes Bulk Sewer	6 372 734	9 386 148	9 382 753	(0.03%)	12 500 000
Security Upgrades	550 000	940 000	940 000	0	940 000
Sewer pumps replacement	200 000	200 000	200 000	0	200 000
Aerator replacement programme	850 000	850 000	850 000	0	850 000
Network: Sewer pipe & Valve Replacement	1 000 000	1 920 637	1 748 508	(9%)	1 648 060
Vredebes Housing Internal	6 000 000	1 788 868	1 788 868	0	8 300 000
Total all	14 972 734	15 085 653	14 910 129	(1.2%)	24 438 060
Total project value represen	ts the estimated cos	t of the project on app	roval by Council (inclu	ding past and futu	re expenditure as

roject value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditum appropriate). Only major projects included above.

3.4 ELECTRICITY

3.4.1 Introduction

The National Energy Regulator (NERSA) was established to be the custodian and enforcer of the National Electricity Regulatory Framework. NERSA provides the framework for licenses, power generation, transmission, distribution and trading in South Africa.

The upgrading and provision of bulk infrastructure is mainly guided by the implementation of low-cost and private developments and industry.

All erven within the boundaries of Witzenberg Municipality has access to electricity. ESKOM supplies electricity to Op-die-Berg, Prince Alfred Hamlet and the rural areas inclusive of the adjacent low cost housing. The municipality has a license to reticulate electricity to all other developed areas. NERSA has however recently embarked on an AoS (Area of Supply) GIS confirmation meeting, the guidelines of which were never discussed with Municipalities. Because Witzenberg is of the opinion that the proposed NERSA process is potentially detrimental to the Municipality, Council has decided to not support the process.

All qualifying and identified indigent households receive free basic water and electricity as per national government policy. However, servicing informal settlements with electricity is a continuous struggle.

The Electricity Master Plan for Ceres, Wolseley and Tulbagh has just been completed and is thus up-todate. It also included a condition assessment of the major network components, information that will be considered critical when determining future budget requirements.

Local government plays an integral role in the provision of electricity. Section 153 of the Constitution, places the responsibility on municipalities to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner for economic and social support.

3.4.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description
	Bulk supply to Bella Vista & Schoonvlei completed with the upgrading of
Bulk electrical supply	Panorama Sub switchgear and the establishment of the new Vredebes
	substation.
Electrical network – Bella Vista	Completion of 300 connections to the RDP housing project
	The PFC equipment was re-commissioned in the Bon Chretien substation.
Power Factor Correction	PFC equipment has the effect of decreasing Maximum Demand and
	therefore substantial financial savings.
Increase of NMD (Notified Maximum	Eskom increased our NMD at Ceres with 1,7Mva, which helps at the short
Demand)	term to supply in the high demand for electricity.

3.4.3 Challenges

Challenges	Description		
Eskom unable to increase Notified Maximum Demand	Regular interactions with Eskom to speed up their bulk upgrades. Renewable energy policy approved by Council to assist with the demand shortage. Eskom commenced with their EIA process for the bulk upgrades to take place.		
Availability of vehicles	An aging fleet results in some vehicles spending extended periods in the workshop. Spares availability and reliability is an added extenuating challenge		
Filling of vacant posts	Some posts remain vacant for extended periods before filling, but this is currently being addressed		
Aging Electrical Network	Much of the existing electrical network exceeds its useful life and is even considered hazardous to operate in some instances. The new Master plan will assist in identifying the hazardous equipment.		
Recapitalization of the Electrical Network	Available funding to replace aging equipment is always a challenge within the Municipal environment, but with heightened awareness, this will be addressed		

Major Towns	Notified Maximum Demand (NMD)	Maximum Demand Growth (NMD)	Maximum Demand Peak (NMD)
Ceres	36,5MVa (Increased by 1,7MVa)	-3,5MVa (Due to PFC)	33,4 MVa (Due to PFC)
Wolseley	4.5	4.5	4,5
Tulbagh	3.5	3.5	3,5

The energy losses for the 2016/17 financial year were 10%. The losses decreased to 9.85% in 2017/18, and are still managed within the national benchmark of 10%. Management processes are, however, on-going to reduce the rate of losses even further.

Description	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18		
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual		
Household					
<u>Energy: (</u> above minimum level)					
Electricity (at least minimum service level - accounts)	2 987	2 366	1 831		
Electricity - prepaid (minimum service level)	9 906	10 177	10 419		
Minimum Service Level and Above Sub-total	12 893	12 543	12 250		
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage99.9%100%					
<u>Energy: (</u> below minimum level)					
Electricity (< minimum service level)	0	0	0		
Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level)	0	0	0		
Other energy sources	8	0	0		
Below Minimum Service Level Sub-total	8	0	0		
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	0.1%	0%	0%		
Total number of households (formal and informal) 12 901 12 543					

3.4.4 Electricity service delivery levels

3.4.5 Service delivery indicators: Electricity services

Ref	Strategic	КРІ	KPI Unit of		Overall Performance 2017/18		
	Objective		Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
FinInc19	Sustainable provision & maintenanc e of basic infrastructu	Number of outstanding valid applications for electricity services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	<1%/0.05%	<1%	0%	
TecEl37	re	Decrease unaccounted electricity losses	Percentage electricity losses	9%/10%	10%	9.9%	_
Note: Target was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of the MFMA and approved by Council as per item 8.1.7 of meeting held on 28/02/2018.							
Motivation	: Current NERSA	benchmark is 10%. This co	nsists mainly of Power	Transfer losses (I ² R) w	hich is norma	al in electrical	anv

Motivation: Current NERSA benchmark is 10%. This consists mainly of Power Transfer losses (I²R) which is normal in electrical any network and cannot be 'avoided'. Witzenberg's inefficient network of over 120km is also an extenuating factor.

TecEl36	Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services	Number of subsidised electricity connections installed	Number of connections	200/94	200	189	
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Ref	Strategic	КРІ	Unit of	performance		Performan 017/18	ce
	Objective	Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R	
Reason for under-performance: Houses were illegally occupied before electricity connections could be installed and it was decided not to continue with electrical connections before the legal approved beneficiaries did not move into the houses.							
Corrective measures: Legal action has been introduced to remove the illegal occupiers from the houses. Outcome of the court action was still awaited at year end.							
Note: Targe 28/02/2013		Section 54(1)(c) of the	e MFMA and approved b	y Council as per item	8.1.7 of meet	ing held on	
Motivation	: The original target i	included the electrifica	tion of houses in the Bel	lla Vista and Vredebes	housing proj	ects. The	

Vredebes project has not been approved yet and therefor the target is decreased to only include the outstanding electrical connections for the Bella Vista project.

3.4.6 Employees: Electricity

Employees: Electricity Services					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
0 - 3	11	17	3		
4 - 6	4	2	1		
7 - 9	4	2	1		
10 - 12	7	9	0		
13 - 15	0	0	0		
16 - 18	1	2	0		
Total	27	32	5		
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.4.7 Capital expenditure: Electricity services

		2017/18					
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value		
R							
Streetlights	1 227 193	934 000	934 394	0	934 394		
11KV ring supply	500 000	470 000	469 924	0	469924		
Replace out-dated switchgear	1 000 000	2 427 941	2 427 742	0	2 427 742		
Total all	2 727 193	3 826 941	3 832 060	0	3 832 060		
Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as appropriate). Only major projects included above.							

3.5 WASTE MANAGEMENT (COLLECTION, DISPOSAL & CLEANING)

3.5.1 Introduction

The Witzenberg Integrated Waste Management Plan is a statutory requirement of the New National Environmental Management: Waste Act 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) which came into effect on 1 July 2009. This Act aims to transform waste management collection and disposal to a sustainable practice focusing on waste avoidance and environmental sustainability. The primary objective of IWM planning is to integrate and optimize waste management, in order to maximise efficiency and to minimise the associated environmental impact, financial cost and to improve the quality of life of all residents within Witzenberg Municipality. Witzenberg conducts refuse removal through curbside collection on a weekly basis to address 100% of the domestic waste generated. A standard collection plan was implemented where collection in each town takes place on separate days.

We also employed temporary employees from local communities to perform cleaning services in the streets, open spaces and around waste removal skips. A service is rendered to formal and informal settlements that include:

- A black bag and green bag system
- Public awareness and education
- Waste disposal (landfill sites)
- Cleansing of streets and public toilets in Central Business Districts and skips (garden refuse)

The current waste management system in the municipality is fairly successful in the collection and disposal of municipal solid waste, however, limited effort is made to reduce the generation of waste within the municipal area.

The economic feasibility of waste recovery through recycling and composting should be carefully investigated, to reduce the relatively small amounts of waste generated by the population. The existing private recycling enterprise is successful only because it sources materials that have been separated at source and is therefore uncontaminated with wet waste.

The analyses of the current waste management system have shown the following:

- all formal, urban residential erven are receiving a weekly door-to-door waste collection service
- all collected municipal waste is disposed at the municipality's engineered and licensed waste disposal sites near Tulbagh and Prince Alfred Hamlet for building and green waste.
- in o significant waste recovery is performed, except for private enterprises and recycling bins in Tulbagh, Wolseley and Ceres.
- no significant waste avoidance is conducted
- a Solid Waste Management Master Plan has been completed.

Witzenberg Municipality currently operates two landfills. The Tulbagh landfill site is licensed as a GSB- site and receives waste from all towns in Witzenberg. The Prince Alfred Hamlet site is licensed as a GCBoperated by a private contractor appointed by the municipality for building and garden refuse.

3.5.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description
New Sweeper truck procured	Service all areas with sweeping of streets and clean up campaigns
Report to IPWIS system	All waste types reported to the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning monthly
New by-law	Draft for vetting at provincial level
Wheelie bin system implemented at all businesses in	2 type of bins at businesses with 240 I and 770I.

Highlights	Description		
Witzenberg			

3.5.3 Challenges

Challenges	Description		
Waste recovery facilities (drop-offs or transfer station)	Separation of waste for recycling & composting		
Regional Landfill Site in Worcester (Waste licence issued)	Investigation into the costs for required infrastructure and tipping fee at gate.		
Non-compliance of landfill sites	Rehabilitation of landfill sites –budget of R68m		

3.5.4 Waste management service delivery levels

The table below indicates the different waste management (refuse collections, waste disposal, street cleaning and recycling) service delivery standards of the municipality:

Description	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18		
Description	Actual	Actual	Actual		
Household					
<u>Refuse removal: (</u> above minimum level)					
Removed at least once a week (accounts and informal households)	14 057	14 292	13 981		
Minimum Service Level and Above Sub-total	14 057	14 292	13 981		
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	100%	100%	100%		
<u>Refuse removal: (</u> below minimum level)					
Removed less frequently than once a week	0	0	0		
Using communal refuse dump	0	0	0		
Using own refuse dump	0	0	0		
Other rubbish disposal	0	0	0		
No rubbish disposal	0	0	0		
Below Minimum Service Level Sub-total	0	0	0		
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	0%	0%	0%		
Total number of households (formal and informal)	14 057	14 292	13 981		

3.5.5 Service delivery indicators: Waste management

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance of 2016/17	Overall Performance 2017/18		
					Target	Actual	R
FinInc20	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	Number of outstanding valid applications for refuse collection services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service.	Percentage of outstanding applications.	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	

Ref Strategic Objective		КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18		
	Objective		weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
TecRef31	Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services	Improve basic services - number of informal settlements receiving a door-to- door refuse collection and area- cleaning service	Number of informal areas	3/3	3	3	

3.5.6 Employees: Waste management

Employees: Waste Management Services						
	2016/17	20	17/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
Contractual		6	0			
0 - 3	70	59	4			
4 - 6	7	2	0			
7 - 9	5	12	1			
10 - 12	1	1	0			
13 - 15	0	0	0			
Total	83	80	5			
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.						

3.5.7 Capital expenditure: Waste management

	2017/18							
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value			
		R						
Vehicle Replacement	2 600 000	2 626 408	2 626 406	0	2 626 406			
Transfer stations	704 816	678 408	629 360	(7%)	45 000 000			
Total all	3 304 816	3 304 816	3 255 766	(1.5%)	47 626 406			
Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as								

appropriate). Only major projects included above.

3.6 HOUSING

3.6.1 Introduction

The installation of services in Phase 2 which include 635 serviced plots was started in the Vredebes subsidised housing project. The construction of 307 houses in Bella Vista was completed. The construction of 200 houses in Vredebes Phase is planned for the 2018/19 financial year.

3.6.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description
Bella Vista Housing Project	In terms of National Housing Policy, the most needy beneficiaries were approved and allocated houses namely the elderly. Military Veterans and disable will also be accommodated in this project
GAP Housing Project consisting out of 49 units started in Tulbagh	This will be a pilot project for Witzenberg and a developer has been appointed through the tender process. This project will help to address the backlog on provision of housing for backyard dwellers because backyard dwellers are mainly children of home-owners. Currently 5 houses has been completed and owners have moved in.
Application for additional funds for purchasing of land in Tulbagh of completion of outstanding project was done	Due to illegal occupants invaded the land available solutions must be found to address the outstanding houses to be built as part of an outstanding project
Approval of the UISP Project for	Planning money made available to the amount of R500 000 by DoHS. Layout
188 sites in N'duli	for the project has been completed

3.6.3 Challenges

Challenges	Description
Selling and renting of RDP houses	Beneficiaries are in desperate need for money and this is a way to generate an extra income. Sales are made illegally without houses being transferred which hampers the transfer processes because in some case the beneficiaries who received the subsidy are gone or deceased. No definite guidelines from the DoHS which must enforce the pre-emptive right
Transfer of rental stock	Outstanding debts of tenants to get rates clearance. Unforeseen documents needed by attorneys to expedite the registration process eg. registration of mother erven and lost original title deeds
Emergency housing for evictees (private and farm workers)	Emergency camp are planned as part of the Vredebes Housing Development, but no immediate solution available because of project funding for bulk infrastructure which will take \pm 3 years to be completed depending on additional fund allocations
Immigration control in informal settlements. Increased illegal invasion of land in Wolseley and unfortunately we have no control because these structures are erected overnight and eviction through the court process costly and lengthy.	A response team need to be budgeted for and advertised via the tender process. Existing Community Committees needs to be co- operative. A "breakdown & monitoring team" consisting out of 9 temporary workers has been appointed to assistance the housing officials and law enforcement with controlling illegalities in the informal settlements in December 2017. A budget for the new financial year has been approved (2018/19) to an amount of R1 million for the services of a response team.
GAP housing opportunities need to be are increased because of household incomes rising on a yearly basis	The income band between R3 501 – R15 000 who is potential beneficiaries for GAP market do not qualify so easily for a bank loan although linked to the FLIPS subsidy because of their credit worthiness

Challenges	Description
National Policy around persons younger than 40 years receiving houses/serviced sites	Although a National Policy, it is very difficult to implement specifically in informal areas. Policy however changed in 2016 and aged limit were lowered to 35 years the challenge stays the same because of the limited opportunities.

3.6.4 Housing service delivery levels

Financial Year	*Nr of households in formal dwellings	*% of households in formal dwellings	Households in informal settlements	Nr of people on housing waiting list	% Housing waiting list increase (decrease)
2014/15		86.7%	2 077	9 065	(3.75)%
2015/16			1 945	10 421	14.96%
2016/17	29 969	83.3%	2 200	10 736	3%
2017/18	27 295	86.8%	1 942	9 568	(10%)

* Witzenberg Socio-Economic Profile (Western Cape Government)

A summary of houses built and sites serviced under the subsidisation programme, includes:

Financial year	Allocation (Budget)	Amount spent	%	Number of houses	Number of sites
	R'000	R'000	spent	built	serviced
2014/15 (Capital)	34 885	34 885	100	0	470
2014/15 (Operational)	15 017	15 017	100	42	0
2015/16 (Capital)	28 930	27 449	94	0	763
2015/16 (Operational)	0	0	0	0	0
2016/17 (Capital)	7 711	7 522	98%		0
2016/17 (Operational)	24 963	24 264	97%	200	
2017/18 (Capital)	7 155 472	7 155 472	100%		In process
2017/18 (Operational)	15 573 699	12 643 351	81%	107	

3.6.5 Service delivery indicators: Housing

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of	Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18			
			Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R	
TecDir2	Provide for the needs of informal settlements through improved services	Number of subsidised serviced sites developed	Number of serviced plots	No Target	100	101		
ComHS 14	Support the poor & vulnerable through programmes & policy	Number of housing opportunities provided per year	Number of top structures	200/200	107	107		
Note: Target was revised as per Section 54(1)(c) of the MFMA and approved by Council as per item 8.1.7 of meeting held on 28/02/2018. Motivation: The original target included the outstanding top structures for Bella Vista & the new Vredebes project. The Vredebes housing								

project has not been approved yet by the Department of Human Settlements & the target are there for decreased to include only the completion of the Bella Vista project.

Ref Strategic Objective		Dbjective KPI Unit		Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18				
			Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R		
ComHS 15	Support the poor & vulnerable through programmes & policy	Number of Rental Stock transferred	Number of properties transferred	60/65	60	39	_		
Reason fo	Reason for under-performance:								

Several transfers could not be finalised due to the following reasons: original beneficiaries could not be located, death of original beneficiaries, household differences on who should be the legally title holder and delays in transfers from the Deeds Office.

Corrective measures:

Several of the reasons as mentioned are difficult to address as they relates to a lack of interest from certain beneficiaries. The municipality will however increase awareness to ensure co-operation from the relevant parties.

3.6.6 Employees: Housing

Employees: Housing Management Services						
	2016/17	2017/18				
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
0 - 3	1	3	3			
4 - 6	4	5	0			
7 - 9	5	2	1			
10 - 12	0	0	0			
13 - 15	1	1	0			
Total	Total 11		4			
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.						

FREE BASIC SERVICES AND INDIGENT SUPPORT 3.7

Witzenberg acknowledges that priority must be given to the basic needs of the community and that the social and economic development of the community is supported in an effort to provide access to the basic level of service in terms of the Constitution of South Africa, Section 151(1)(b) and 153(b).

Free basic services are provided to households with a combined monthly income of less than R3 000. A household may apply with the relevant forms and once their application has been approved, they are entitled to free basic services for one year. If they still qualify after the year has lapsed, they need to complete the application process again.

The aim of the Indigent Policy is to ensure a sound and sustainable manner in which to provide affordable basic services to the poor through financial assistance within the legal framework of the powers and functions of the municipality. This is done in an effort to improve the standard of living and creating a prosperous municipality that is free from the scourge of poverty.

THE OBJECT OF THIS POLICY IS TO:

Ensure a transparent, accountable and sustainable manner to assist the poor with access to basic services as defined in the policy;

- Ensure a sustainable manner to assist the poor with the burial costs, transfer duties and to change the municipal accounts in the cases of death, legal separation, divorce, etc. when necessary; and to
- Ensure that a fair portion of the equitable share, as provided by National Government, is spent as a contribution towards poverty alleviation.

THE QUALIFICATION CRITERIA FOR URBAN HOUSEHOLDS IN ORDER TO RECEIVE ASSISTANCE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- The head of the household must be a South African citizen;
- The household, except in the case of rural households, must receive an account from Witzenberg Municipality;
- An application on the prescribed form must be duly completed and submitted, with the required information and signature;
- No member of the household may own a fixed property, other that the site on which the household resides; and
- The household's joint gross income may not exceed R3 000 per month.

THE QUALIFICATION CRITERIA FOR OLD AGE HOMES IN ORDER TO RECEIVE ASSISTANCE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- More than 50% of the residents within the old age home must receive less than R3 000.00 per month.
- The qualification criteria for electricity consumers within Witzenberg Municipality, but who reside in areas where the municipality is not the supplier of electricity, is that their connection may not exceed 20 Amps.

BENEFITS:

Property rates

In terms of the Property Rates Act, Act 6 of 2004, Section 17(h) all residential sites are exempt from the first R15 000 of the market value on a property. As an additional subsidy, the municipality will increase this level subsidized to R120 000 in the form a credit on the municipal account. This subsidy will thus, equate to a R120 000 of the total market value or the total valuation of the property.

Electricity

A subsidy equal to the amount charged for the first 50 kWh consumed per month.

🍎 Water

A subsidy equal to the amount charged for the first 6 kilolitres consumption per month as well as 100% subsidy on the basic charge for water, where the municipality is the service provider.

Sanitation

A subsidy equal to 100% of the amount charged for the service per month where the municipality is the service provider.

Refuse removal

A subsidy equal to 100% of the amount charged for the service per month where the municipality is the service provider.

House rental

A subsidy equal to 100% of the amount charged in the case of municipal sub economical rental stock as house rental per month.

Burial costs

A subsidy equal to 100% of the amount charged for burial cost. The subsidy can be provided in terms of every deceased member of the household.

Transfer costs

A subsidy equal to 100% of the amount charged for transferring the municipal service accounts, as a result of death of the head of the household. In the event of separation or divorce, the person who is residing at this plot, qualifies for the subsidy on transfer costs. This household is also exempt from making a consumer deposit or to increase the existing deposit. A subsidy equal to 100% of the costs of an attorney to transfer the property into the spouse name. This subsidy is provided as a result of death of the head of the household, whilst approved as an indigent household and the current registration is not in registered at the Deed's Office in the name of both parties. The appointment of the attorney is entirely the prerogative of the municipality.

3.7.1 Access to free basic services

Free Basic Services To Low Income Households										
		Number of households								
		Households earning less than R 3 000 per month								
Year	Total no. of HH	Free Ba Wate		Free Ba Sanitat		Free Ba Electric		Free Basic R Remova		
		Access	%	Access	%	Access	%	Access	%	
2015/16	14 085	4 614	33	4 614	33	4 614	33	4 614	33	
2016/17	14 085	4 510	32	4 510	32	4 510	32	4 510	32	
2017/18	14 391	4 591	32	4 591	32	4 591	32	4 591	32	

Rates						
	I	Indigent Households Non-indigent ho				
Financial year	Exempt Value		Exempt	Value		
	No of HH	Valuation	R'000	No of HH	Valuation	R'000
2015/16	4 614	100 000	2 272	11 385	100 000	9 677
2016/17	4 510	100 000	2 573	11 304	100 000	9 677
2017/18	4 591	100 000	2 277	11 914	100 000	11 806

	Electricity								
	Indigent Households Non-indigent households				Households in Eskom areas				
Financial year	No of	Unit	Value	No of Unit Value		No of	Unit	Value	
	нн	HH per HH propo HH pe	per HH (kwh)	R'000	нн	per HH (kwh)	R'000		
2015/16	2 673	50	1 518	10 228	0	0	1 618	50	919
2016/17	2 565	50	1 526	10 493	0	0	1 458	50	828
2017/18	2 345	50	1 547	9 905	0	0	1 766	50	1 165

	Water				
Financial year	Indigent Households	Non-indigent households			

	No of HH	Unit per HH (kl)	Value R'000	No of HH	Unit per HH (kl)	Value R'000
2015/16	4 614	6	5 510	9 444	0	0
2016/17	4 510	6	5 386	9 575	0	0
2017/18	4 591	6	8 263	9 901	0	0

Sanitation						
	1	ndigent Househol	holds Non-indigent households			eholds
Financial year			Value		Unit per	Value
-	No of HH	of HH R value per HH	R'000	No of HH	HH per month	R'000
2015/16	4 614	179.38	9 932	9 444	0	0
2016/17	4 510	190.14	10 290	9 575	0	0
2017/18	4 591	176.8	9 740	9 901	0	0

Refuse Removal							
	1	Indigent Households Non-indigent households					
Financial year		Service per HH	Value		Unit per	Value	
	No of HH	of HH per week	R'000	No of HH	HH per month	R'000	
2015/16	4 614	1	10 936	9 444	0	0	
2016/17	4 510	1	8 021	9 575	0	0	
2017/18	4 591	1	7 591	9 901	0	0	

COMPONENT B: ROAD TRANSPORT

This component includes roads and storm water management.

3.8 ROAD SERVICES

3.8.1 Introduction

The Witzenberg Local Integrated Transport Plan (LITP) was prepared as part of the review of the Cape Winelands District Integrated Transport Plan (DITP) 2016- 2021.

As per Section 36 of the National Land Transport Act (Act 5 of 2009) all planning authorities must prepare an Integrated Transport Plan for their area for a five year period. These ITPs need to be overhauled every five years and updated annually. The Integrated Transport Plans for the Cape Winelands District have been prepared to meet the minimum requirements for preparing an Integrated Transport Plan as published by the Department of Transport. Witzenberg Municipality has been classified as a level 3 planning authority and is therefore required in terms of the National Land Transport Act to prepare a LITP.

Transport Status Quo

Witzenberg Municipality has a total population of approximately 115 000 persons with an economic growth rate of 2.64%. The primary economic activities which take place in the agricultural sector and are subject to seasonal changes. Witzenberg Municipality has a number of public transport services operating within municipal area. The most used mode of transportation is the minibus taxi. Other modes used in Witzenberg are rail, non-motorised transport and private vehicles. Witzenberg Municipality also experiences high volumes of freight transport travelling through the municipality. At present, the municipality has both formal and informal public transport facilities of which some formal facilities are currently not utilised by public transport operators. Witzenberg Municipality has three minibus taxi associations operating within the area; the Ceres Taxi Association, the Nduli Taxi Association and the Tulbagh Taxi Association.

The transport needs of Witzenberg are similar to those of its neighbouring municipalities. The primary issue in Witzenberg are that there is a limited public transport service during off peak periods, forcing people to wait for long periods of time before being able to travel. The safety of passengers and pedestrians as well as the affordability of taxi services are also issues impeding transportation. The municipal transport budget for Witzenberg indicates that there is approximately R8 million allocated toward transport related improvements. The budget mainly focuses on roads improvements in residential areas within the municipality.

Road network and traffic

The road network in Witzenberg Municipality consists of provincial roads, owned and managed by the provincial road authority, which is the PGWC. Apart from the provincial roads, which are also known as the rural road network, the upgrade and maintenance of the local street network is the responsibility of the local authority. Condition of the road surface indicated that 66% of the surfacing is in good or very good condition. The corresponding value for road structure is 79%. If road surface conditions deteriorate too much, the road structure will be adversely affected. Therefore, upkeep to protection of the structure through regular maintenance is very important. Fruit and vegetables are brought from various farms around Wolseley, from Op-die Berg and Tulbagh to the factory in Ceres to be packed. This creates an inflow of heavy vehicles to Ceres. From Wolseley and Tulbagh, heavy vehicles travel to Ceres via the Mitchell's Pass.

The Pass has a high quality surface, able to withstand high volumes of traffic. In contrast, the proclaimed road through Ceres is of a different standard and must accommodate the same high volume of heavy vehicles. In the urban streets of Ceres, special NMT signage restricts heavy vehicles from entering the urban areas. A Pavement Management System (PMS) is used for maintaining the roads in the area through an assessment of the network based on methodical visual ratings of each pavement section. The priorities is divided into routine maintenance (e.g. patching), to normal maintenance (resurfacing) through to heavy rehabilitation (e.g. thick overlays and reconstruction). This is supported by visual inspections which are performed according to a schedule and data is recorded and prioritised for implementation. Limited and funding backlogs are the greatest challenge faced in maintaining the road network.

3.8.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description
Vredebes, Ceres: New Access Collector, Storm water & Sidewalks Ph1	Class 3 road from intersection with TR22/2 up the access to Phase 1 of the Vredebes development; Sidewalks on both sides of the road; Associated storm water along the proposed road; 235 meters.
Traffic calming measures	Constructed 30 speed-humps in Witzenberg

3.8.3 Challenges

|--|

Challenges	Description
Funding backlogs on bituminous pavements	Pavement Management System 2010, all bituminous pavements, resealing and upgrading of roads backlogs amount to R52 million
Deteriorated Tulbagh roads	4.35km Deteriorated roads needs to be upgraded
Roads master plan	No roads master plans makes proper development planning difficult, also evaluation of new town planning applications
Upgrading needs on provincial roads, TR22/2 as a result of new developments	No funding or assistance from Department of Transport and Public Works
Upgrading needs for public transport infrastructure	No funding for proposals from Transport Assessment Plans

3.8.4 Service delivery levels: New roads and maintenance of existing roads

The following tables give an overview of the total kilometres of roads maintained and new roads tarred:

Tarred/paved roads:

Financial year	Total km tarred roads	Km of new tar & paved roads	Km existing tar roads re-tarred	Km of existing tar roads re-sheeted	Km tar roads maintained
2014/15	216.76	3.119	2.377	0.88	213.64
2015/16	222.43	5.67	8.22	0	216.76
2016/17	222.43	0	1.58	2.63	222.43
2017/18	222.66	0.235	1.00	0	222.26

Gravelled roads:

Financial year	Total km gravel roads	Km new gravel roads constructed	Km gravel roads upgraded to tar / block paving	Km gravel roads graded/maintained
2014/15	10.31	0	0.19	10.50
2015/16	10.50	0	0	10.50
2016/17	10.50	0	0	10.50
2017/18	10.50	0	0	10.50

The table below shows the costs involved for the maintenance and construction of roads within the municipal area:

Financial year	New & Replacements	Resealed	Maintained
Financial year	R'000	R'000	R'000
2014/15	12 684	2 029	3 541

Financial year	New & Replacements	Resealed	Maintained
Financial year	R'000	R'000	R'000
2015/16	6 121	5 753	5 780
2016/17	16 806	7 698	7 804
2017/18	8 8102	3 109	8 007

3.8.5 Service delivery indicators: Road Services

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18		ce
			weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
TecRo7	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	Kilometres of roads upgraded & rehabilitated	Kilometres of roads	2/10.7	3	4,4	

3.8.6 Employees: Roads & Storm water

Employees: Roads & Storm water Services					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	FMDIOVEES		Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
Contractual	0	4	0		
0 - 3	16	17	3		
4 - 6	8	8	6		
7 - 9	1	4	1		
10 - 12	2	3	0		
13 - 15	0	0	0		
16 - 18	1	1	0		
Total	28	38	10		
	Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.				

3.5.7 Capital expenditure: Roads and Storm water

			2017/18				
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value		
R							
Vredebes Housing Internal	13 000 000	3 577 736	3 577 736	0	16 600 000		
Rehabilitation Streets - Tulbagh	4 200 000	4 155 820	4 050 953	(2.5%)	13 700 000		
Vredebes Access Collector Phase 1	2 210 229	2 825 367	2 824 983	0	6 500 000		

			2017/18		
Capital Projects	Budget Adjustment Budget Budget		Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value
R					
Vehicle replacement	icle replacement 400 000 400 000 396 486 (1%) 400 00				
Total all 19 810 229 10 958 923 10 850 158 (1%) 37 200 000					
Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as appropriate). Only major projects included above.					

3.9 WASTE WATER (STORM WATER DRAINAGE)

3.9.1 Introduction

Currently the municipality does not have a Storm Water Master Plan for Ceres, Wolseley, Op die Berg and N'Duli. A plan for Tulbagh and Prince Alfred Hamlet was completed recently. This document has been compiled based on the approach and work plan listed below in chronological order:

(i) Data collation including field visit to verify existing storm water drainage system and flow regime.

(ii) Storm water Master Planning

- Catchment delineation and determination of hydrological and hydraulic parameters
- Compilation of catchment hydrological and hydraulic models
- Flood line determination
- Capital upgrade cost estimate

The municipality also have maintenance plans for these areas through scheduled inspections and prioritisation for implementation. Cleaning of infrastructure is done in accordance with a scheduled programme.

3.9.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description
Storm water master plan for Prince Alfred Hamlet	New storm water master plan to manage storm water infrastructure

3.9.3 Challenges

Challenges	Description
Storm water Master Plan	No storm water master plans, except for Tulbagh and Prince Alfred Hamlet
Wolseley Montana Channel upgrade	No funding for portal culverts that has an enormous financial implication
Vandalism storm water drainage	Covers being stolen and sold at scrap metal yards.
Trees damage storm water pipes/sidewalks and roads	Trees with aggressive root systems

Challenges	Description
Storm water blockages	Manholes/catch pits being used as dirt dumping places

3.9.4 Service delivery levels: Infrastructure and cost of construction/maintenance

Storm water infrastructure

The table below shows the total kilometres of storm water maintained and upgraded as well as the kilometres of new storm water pipes installed:

Financial year	Total km storm water measures	Km new storm water measures	Km storm water measures upgraded	Km storm water measures maintained
2014/15	139.00	0.97	0	138.03
2015/16	139.83	0.83	0	139.00
2016/17	139.83	0	0	139.83
2017/18	139.83	0	0	139.83

Cost of construction maintenance:

The table below indicates the amount of money spend on storm water projects:

	Storm water measures		
Financial year	Capital	Maintained	
	R'000	R'000	
2014/15	3 626	1 227	
2015/16	9 662	952	
2016/17	0	1 359	
2017/18	2 008	1 834	

COMPONENT C: PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

Witzenberg Municipality does not have a single department that includes all strategic services. The LED section is managed by the Social & Economic Development section that is situated in the directorate for Community Services. The IDP, Internal Audit and Organisational Performance sections report to the Municipal Manager. Tourism and marketing are situated in the directorate for Corporate Services. Building control, town planning, spatial planning and GIS falls under the section Town Planning & Building Control situated in the directorate for Technical Services.

3.10 PLANNING

3.10.1 Introduction

In June 2017, the Witzenberg Spatial Development Framework (WSDF) was approved as part of the IDP in terms of section 34 of the MSA.

The WSDF will guide the spatial form and structure of Witzenberg (the way in which we use the space available for urban growth) in the future. This 5 year plan will enable Witzenberg to manage new growth and change in its area, to ensure sustainability and equitability. The objectives of the WSDF are to:

- Give spatial effect to the provisions of the Witzenberg IDP and guide implementation of its anchor projects.
- Provide guidance to public and private infrastructure investment in the municipality, taking cognisance of the growth and development potential of the various settlements in the municipality.
- Spatially co-ordinate and direct the activities and resources of the municipality.
- Describing the existing and desired future spatial patterns that provide for integrated, efficient and sustainable settlements in the municipality.
- Guiding the investment of public resources (capital) through the following:
- Providing a credible context for public investments
- Promoting equitable development of areas that have lagged behind.
- Providing certainty to all stakeholders regarding spatial and socio-economic implications of future development in the municipality.
- Providing a basis for coordinated decision-making and policy-formulation regarding future landuse.

Strategy	Description
Industry	Enhance the use of Ceres as an agri-industrial hub and portal to the export markets situated in the City of Cape Town
Tourism	Promote development of tourism-related amenities and activities along the main routes through the Municipality
Major routes	Ensure the upkeep of the R43, R46, R303 and R355 as major economic transport routes and scenic routes
Land use management	Ensure that changes in land-use maintain the integrity, authenticity and accessibility of significant cultural landscapes. Contain urban sprawl and restrict urban development to within designated urban edge. Integrate low- cost housing within the urban area to combat urban sprawl and reduce negative visual impact on the cultural landscapes
Agriculture	Encourage local processing of farm products and the provision of local farm services to enhance the rural economy, increase the viability of agricultural production and reduce rural poverty
Social housing	Improve the quality of subsidised housing settlements through innovative urban planning and design. Such settlements should include areas suitable for informal and formal public activities such as streets, boulevards and squares should be created in well located highly accessible spaces in urban settlements

The table below sets out the main elements of Witzenberg planning strategies:

3.10.2 Highlights

Highlights	Description
Adoption of the SDF as	In terms of the Systems Act SDF is a core component of the IDP and adheres to the

Highlights	Description
core component of the IDP	same planning cycle as the IDP. Municipality adopted its '4th generation' IDP's that will span the 5 year period beginning on 1 July 2017 and ending on 30 June 2022. SDF adopted as part of the IDP drafting, adoption and amendment process. SDF submitted as part of the IDP to the Department of Local Government.

3.10.3 Challenges

Challenges	Description
Spatial Shortcomings	 Slow pace of development especially related to provision of serviced erven to the open market. The municipality is largely dependent on private sector initiative for the provision of serviced erven. Many areas especially Ceres has virtually no more open market erven left. There is also an acute shortage of industrial sites especially for smaller agri-support businesses. No monitoring of evaluation of existing spatial proposals. Economic realities (e.g property markets) not fully considered in spatial plan. Little, if any, consideration of the impact of non-availability of services on development momentum. Policy proposals tend to be to unrealistic regarding institutional capacity and mandate. For example speciality fields i.e. biodiversity. Development is done on ad hoc-basis and there's no coordination i.t.o roads and services SDF, in general, not used by other functional departments within the municipality. Not user friendly.
Land Use Control	 74 (58%) of House Shops in Witzenberg operate without approval Overriding reason is the shop owner is not property owner (immigrants) Serving of notices are not properly done (law enforcement). Slow speed of the process. Council does not have a demolition team, equipment & suitable vehicles especially to remove structures/containers.

3.10.4 Service delivery statistics

Type of service	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18		
Town Planning and Building Control					
Building plan applications processed	282	574	279		
Total surface (m ²)	55 624m²	74 386m²	42 818m²		
Approximate value	R193 590 378	R 188 058 508	R 182 232 666		
New residential dwellings	21	318 (Due to subsidized housing project)	50		
Residential extensions	94	96	77		
New Business buildings	3	2	3		
Business extensions	6	9	10		
Rural applications	47	56	45		
Land use applications processed	27	33	34		

3.10.5 Employees: Town planning and building control

Employees: Town Planning & Building Control			
Job Level	2016/17	2017/18	

	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	
	No.	No.	No.	
0 - 3	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	0	0	
7 - 9	1	1	0	
10 - 12	3	3	2	
13 - 15	1	1	0	
16 - 18	1	1	0	
Total	6	6	2	
	Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.			

3.11 LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The table below gives a brief description of all the achievements within Local Economic Development (LED) during the 2017/18 financial year:

Achievement/Highlight	Description
Six local smme`s were approved for seed fund	Seedfund is funded by Cape Winelands District Municipality and include Mentorship programme
SARS workshop took place on 6 July 2017 and eighteen people attended the workshop.	The following aspects were discussed: Different business registrations, Employees tax incentives, Small Business Corporation Incentive and Tax Clearance.
Linked 10 SMME's with SEDA	Facilitated meetings with SMME's in Witzenberg for business consultations
Support to 6 smme`s to register on municipal supplier database	Enable smme's to participate in municipal procurement processes
Linked SMME's with new procurement opportunities within Municipality, as well as other Government Departments	Included new procurement opportunities at events, workshops and for day-to-day operations
Six smme`s were linked with the Exchange Mentorship program that took place from 9- 13 October 2017.	The Exchange programme is a non- profit organisation where business experts voluntary use their skills to stimulate and support entrepreneurs in developing economies. Individual sessions were held with all the participants to determine their operation method, achievements, milestones and gaps. Two workshops were done that focused on the business model and business plan.
A successful SMME Indaba were held in partnership with PA Hamlet Arts& Culture Festival on 20-21 October 2017. Twenty three smme`s participated in the SMME Indaba.	More than five hundred people visited the Indaba. The Indaba created an opportunity for smme's to benefit from the procurement process of the local municipality, as well as to showcase their products and services to the public.
Assisted SMME's in applying online for	Arranged with local E-centre for SMME's to apply for funding via

Achievement/Highlight	Description	
funding applications	electronic platform. Included assistance given with the online application.	
Successful application of Witzenberg Honey bee co-operative initiative	Assisted Honey Bee farmers group to apply for lease agreement for extraction facility in Op die Berg. Entailed submission of reports and support for application process.	
Linked 21 construction contractors to ASLA for contracting opportunities	Linked 21 construction contractors to ASLA to apply for sub- contracting opportunities at Vredebes Housing Development	
Facilitated registration of 5 smme`s on the Central Supplier Database	An information session were held and the smme's were linked with the e-centre to assist them with the registration	
The Witzenberg Kersmark took place on 8-9 December 2017 and seventy stalls were booked.	The kersmark is an initiative of the local municipality and creates a platform for local entrepreneurs to generate an income.	
Facilitated registration of 5 co-operatives.	The purpose of the co-op registration is to enable the co-ops to apply for for funding from various government departments (included women & agricultural workshops)	
Conducted an informal settlement Tourism survey	Survey covered 7 informal areas in Witzenberg in order to obtain information on entrepreneurs that can benefit from tourism route	
Linked an SMME successfully with SAB funding.	The business was the only one that has been approved for funding in the Western Cape. The business will be assisted financially and receive mentorship support for two years.	
Successful completion of Trioplus 12 month learnership and fourteen smme's completed.	The businesses received accredited training and was well capacitated on different components and aspects regarding business management. Aftercare support	
Trained 5 EPWP workers in Labour Intensive Asphalt	Trained workers in mixing and applying labour intensive asphalt in road maintenance project	
Finalisation of Socio-Economic Development Strategy	CWDM funded strategy that focused on LED, Social Development & Tourism	
Development of Building plans for first Witzenberg SMME Hub in Prince Alfred's Hamlet	Entail development of 7 rental light industry business units	
Establishment of a Monitoring& Evaluation SMME database	Database of SMME's detailing progress, needs, training and status	

The table below gives a brief description of all the challenges within LED during the 2017/18 financial year:

Description	Actions to address	
Insufficient office resources and unstable office location	Provision of a stable office environment and sufficient resources	
Lack of sufficient funding for led projects	To make provision for sufficient funding to ensure sustainability of projects	
Internal departments working in silos	Address the issue of effective communication	

The LED Strategy along with the LED process plan is in the process of being implemented. Witzenberg Municipality has an established LED Forum comprising of a diverse membership from various sectors of society. The LED Strategy is built upon commitment to develop a climate in which economic development and economic growth can prosper. The LED Strategy for the next financial year (2018/19) has been reviewed and is ready to be implemented.

The LED Strategy identifies various issues and strategic areas for intervention such as (3 top service delivery priorities):

Strategic areas	Description
Creating an enabling business environment	Review the institutional framework
Addressing the key development challenges	Reviewing the LED Strategy
Creating sustainable job opportunities	Implementing skills development programmes and capacitating entrepreneurs with business skills. Assisting SMME's with access to private sector supply chain opportunities and financial support

3.11.1 Economic activity

The table below identifies the economic activity within the different sectors:

Sector	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Agric, forestry and fishing	20.05%	20.3%	17.3%
Mining and quarrying	0.02%	0.02%	0%
Manufacturing	16.13%	16.01%	14.2%
Wholesale and retail trade	22.13%	22.04%	16.9%%
Finance, property, etc.	18.19%	18.32%	15.4%%
Community and social services	16.93%	16.67%	6.9%%
Construction	6.55%	6.64%	8.5%

(Municipal Economic Review and Outlook 2017, www.municipalbarometer.co.za)

3.11.2 LED Initiatives

During 2017/18, 500 work opportunities were created via the Community Works Programme (CWP).

There are 4 different sectors that comprise the CWP projects in Witzenberg:

- ě social
- education
- Iocal government
- environment

The projects within these sectors include:

- Early childhood development crèche assistance
- NGO support (which include: women group assistance, nutritional support, HIV support, disabled support)
- school support (which include: food scheme, site cleaning)
- street cleaning (which include river banks cleaning)

The CWP provide beneficiaries with nutrition and facilitate the training and the experience necessary for market entry, which includes:

- health and safety;
- waste management;
- food garden; and
- inancial training.

3.11.3 LED Statistics

Additional statistics on Local Economic Development:

Type of service	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Small businesses assisted	110	150	210
SMME's trained	150	170	175
Community members trained for tourism	0	39	18
Local artisans and crafters assisted	1	3	1

Job creation through the Extended Public Works Programme (EPWP) projects			
Details	EPWP Projects	Jobs created through EPWP projects	
2014/15	35	351	
2015/16	40	427	
2016/17	32	398	
2017/18	37	403	

3.11.4 Service Delivery Indicators: LED

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance		erformand 17/18	e:	
				Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
	Com Led4	Create an enabling environment to attract investment & support local economy	Compile & Implementation of LED Strategy	Phased implementatio n/strategy	1/1	Review of plan	Review of plan	

3.12 TOURISM

3.12.1 Aim and function of the tourism sector

Witzenberg Municipality has a service level agreement with one local tourism entity operating in all five towns, which conduct marketing of the municipal area and local established businesses to draw investment and trade to the area. Local businesses join as members of the local tourism authorities to participate in the marketing initiative. Membership to this organisation holds businesses accountable to ethical norms and standards for the industry as well as to a code of conduct. Tourism aims to market Witzenberg Municipality as an affordable holiday destination with activities for the entire family. Tourism liaises with District, Provincial and National stakeholders to develop the brand through tourist attraction, awareness campaigns, road-shows, expos, events and festivals. Tourism also aims to train and skill local entrepreneurs to meet tourism-related demands and provide requisite services and products to promote local trade and economic development.

3.12.2 Training and development

Tourism runs educational packages with schools, front of house staff and local stores to promote clientele service. Tourism also sources training courses in areas such as first aid, communication, administration and hospitality to help local businesses improve output and skill levels. Tourism will also provide support with route development so that areas of alternative and lifestyle tourism can be expanded, to include rural, agricultural and township locations.

3.12.3 Destination marketing

Tourism has produced tear off maps which are distributed to points of sale with high traffic thoroughfare, providing location and contact details of local tourist attractions. They have also produced a joint brochure called the Witzenberg Meander, covering activities across the municipality. Tourism bureaus for Wolseley, Ceres and Tulbagh have also created their own brochures with niche marketing of their towns and, with social media promotion through Facebook and website. Tourism has been successful in marketing the destination as an affordable and picturesque location for weddings, snow tourism, heritage tourism, agri-tourism, wine tourism, adventure tourism, cultural tourism, sports tourism and rural tourism to visitors within South Africa. Tourism also conducts quarterly educational visits to the areas to tourism authorities outside of our borders as well as journalists, media groups and bloggers to review and publicise our activities and services.

3.12.4 Tourism awareness/events

Annual events taking place in the Witzenberg municipal region:

Annual Event	Date
Wolseley MTB Challenge	12 August 2017
Tulbagh Spring Arts Festival	8-10 September 2017
Michell's Pass Half Marathon	21 September 2017
Tulbagh Show	27-30 September 2017
Hamlet Arts & Culture Festival	20-21 October 2017
Eselfontein Outdoor Festival	13-15 October 2017
Gydo Christmas Light Festival	24-25 November 2017
Witzenville Faire Tulbagh	1 December 2017
Witzenberg Christmas Market	8-10 December 2017
Tulbagh Vintage & Vine Faire	26 May 2018
Christmas in Winter	22-24 June 2018

3.12.5 Challenges to tourism

Witzenberg Municipality and Tourism does not have the autonomy, budget or infrastructure to roll-out Wi-Fi across the entire municipal area. Whilst some visitors seek out areas of limited coverage, most visitors have the expectation that Wi-Fi is easily accessible and is available free of charge. Not all local businesses are registered with Tourism and thus are not accountable to their code of conduct or service standards. Most establishments and services are not user-friendly to travellers with special needs, i.e. sight impaired, mobility limited, speech impairment, communication specialists (sign language, isiXhosa, German, etc). Many establishments and services do not cater for multi-generational needs of visitors i.e. infants (cribs, feeding chairs, baby monitor, walking rings etc), teenagers (DSTV access, cell phone chargers, cellular airtime vouchers, video games and consoles), the aged (wheel chairs, zimmer frames, magnifying glasses, large print menus/bibles etc). Witzenberg Municipality does not have a formal tourism corridor through the township sectors of the municipal area. The financial support provided to Tourism contributes largely to the salaries of staffing and is thus is not fully focused on the areas of tourism development, promotion and destination marketing.

3.12.6 Opportunities for tourism

A key action towards tourism growth and integration will be route development; aimed at job creation, social inclusion and strategic partnerships with tourism industry partners. This will formalize tourism corridors for travellers to experience a holistic tour of the region, ensuring a balance of revenue spend, exposure to rural and urban settings, demographic engagement and diversification of tourism involvement. This will further aid the municipality in realizing its aims towards social cohesion and

poverty eradication. The themes projected for these routes will be heritage/culture/nature and agriculture/fruit/nature.

COMPONENT D: COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERVICES

3.13 LIBRARIES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES

Libraries and community facilities are managed by the section, Facilities and Environment, located in the directorate of Community Services. All towns have either a community hall or town hall, with Ceres and Tulbagh having both. All towns have a library, with mini libraries in Op-die-Berg and Laastedrif.

3.13.1 Service statistics - Libraries and community facilities

Type of service	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Number of Libraries	9 and 2 mini libraries	9 and 2 mini libraries	9 and 2 mini libraries
Library members	23 282	25 440	26 764
Books circulated	230 825	208 476	213 167
Exhibitions held	249	231	252
Internet access points	34	34	34
New library service points or Wheelie Wagons	0	0	1
Children programmes	105	110	120
Visits by school groups	779	768	870
Com			
Number of Community Facilities – Community- and Town Halls	12	12	12

3.13.2 Employees: Libraries and community facilities

	Employees: Libraries and Community facilities					
	2016/17	20	17/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
Contractual	0	1	0			
0-3	5	6	2			
4 - 6	0	0	0			
7 – 9	12	11	0			
10 - 12	10	12	0			
13 – 15	1	0	0			
Total	28	30	2			
	Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY

3.14 CEMETERIES

Cemeteries in all towns are managed by the municipality, except Op-die-Berg which is managed by a church. Ceres Cemetery and N'Duli Cemetery have reached full capacity. The cemetery at Bella Vista will cater for these two towns in future. Wolseley Cemetery has been extended. No crematoriums are managed.

3.14.1 Service statistics - Cemeteries

Type of service	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	
Number of Cemeteries	4 open 2 closed	4 open 2 closed	4 open 2 closed	
Number of private burials			520	
Number of poor burials	37	48	27	
Number of indigent burials	55	74	41	
#Stats are for all towns				

3.14.2 Employees: Cemeteries

	Employees: Cemeteries					
	2016/17	2017	7/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
Contractual	0	0	0			
0 - 3	14	14	0			
4 - 6	3	3	0			
7 - 9	0	0	0			
10 - 12	0	0	0			
13 - 15	0	0	0			
Total	17	17	0			
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.						

3.15 CHILD CARE, AGED CARE AND SOCIAL PROGRAMMES

The Socio Economic Unit is responsible for:

- the initiation and strengthening of early childhood development (ECD) programmes and support of the ECD Forum;
- capacity building of crèches;
- strengthening awareness programs regarding the aged abuse and access to indigent services;
- strengthening and support of youth development with the focus on job creation and skills development;
- strengthening and support of persons with disabilities through skills development; and
- support HIV/AIDS awareness.

3.15.1 Service statistics: Child care, aged care and social programmes

Type of	2016/17	2017/18
service	Child care, aged care & social	programmes
	Child care, aged care & social	programmes
Soup kitchens established or supported	8 soup kitchens was financially supported	8 soup kitchens was financially supported
Initiatives to increase awareness on child abuse	 22 June 2017- Child Protection programme at Wouter Kabouter Crèche- Poppekas about road safety 22 June 2017-Child Protection Program at Vrolike Vinkies Crèche- Aim was to create awareness regarding road safety. 28 June 2017-Child Protection Program with primary School Children. Group discussions and participation was encouraged during these sessions. 23 June 2017-Tulbagh Awareness Program- Different types of Violence against women and children 26 June 2017- Wolseley Awareness Program – creating awareness regarding the different types of violence against women and children 24 April 2017- Child safety program: Human trafficking/ child abduction and drug abuse (more than 50 children attended this session 13 February 2017-Activity with children: Wolseley Play Park: Ball Games and Talk about the Rights and responsibilities of Children 30 January 2017- Activity with children: Face painting and talk about basic hygiene at Aviat Crèche 	 5 x Awareness and Prevention Programmes focusing on Child abuse; Child neglect and Child abduction. 3 x Holiday Programmes with activities and information about life skills relevant to these target group 2 x skills programmes with children 2 x Holiday Programmes with children 4 x Puppet theatres and face-painting activities with relevant life -skills presented at crèches in the area
Youngsters educated and empowered	 Leadership training x2 Holiday Program Life skills program (morals and values) Life skills program (communication) Leadership camp Entrepreneurship training x2 Life skills: Role of a father x2 Exit program x2 Life skills: Safety Life skills: Relationships x3 Life skills: Anger Management x4 Conflict management training x2 Job preparation training x2 Substance Abuse Awareness x2 	 Provided +-1044 youth with youth related opportunity information across Witzenberg via the Youth Focal Points +-2389 youth was exposed to youth programmes across Witzenberg Municipal areas Train the Trainer Training, Entrepreneurship Training for youth x 3 Life skills Program: Sex Education x 6, domestic valance Substance abuse awareness x6 16 days of activism campaign World Aids Day x4 door-to-door programmes 5 Holiday Programmes

	ĕ	Matriculant Top Achievers Event
		Substance Abuse Program x9
		Motivational Programmes x15
		Awareness: HIV&AIDS x4
	ĕ	Charity Event (hand-out of old clothes)
		Back to School Project
		Career guidance (grade 10)
		First Aid Training
	ĕ	Safety Programme
	ĕ	Distribution of job opportunities
		information at youth in neighbourhoods
	ĕ	Awareness: Healthy life style x5
	ĕ	Valentine's day youth event
		Assisted with Indigent Campaigns
		Life skills: Goals, self-esteem, anger
		management.
	ĕ	Awareness: Water Crisis x2
	ĕ	Arts and craft Programmes x11
		HIV/Aids Awareness
	ĕ	After school Program: Life Skills
	ĕ	Life Skills: Self Development
	ĕ	Arts and Craft program
	ĕ	Talent Show auditions
	ĕ	Road Safety Awareness
	ĕ	Career Guidance Programme
	ĕ	Life Skills: Sport Skills development at
		schools
	ĕ	Conflict Management
	ĕ	Assisted with Green Fingers Program
	ĕ	Humans' Rights Program
	ĕ	After school Program
	ĕ	Awareness: Crime prevention x5
	ĕ	Support Group: Caretakers of people with
		Disabilities (with APD)
	ĕ	Afterschool Program x3
	ĕ	Drug Abuse awareness at neighbourhoods
	ĕ	Sport Program
	ĕ	Life skills programme: Starting your own
		garden
	ĕ	Life Skills programme: Peer Pressure,
		religion, chasing dreams, communicating
		skills, celebrating freedom day, my identity.
	ĕ	Nation Building Training for youth focal
		point programme
	ĕ	Soft skills: Giving back (Social responsibility)
		and values
		Attitude Guidance (mobile Style)
	ĕ	Support Group: Emotional & physical
		activities with APD
	ě	After school program x2
	ě	Mobile style – Road Safety
	ĕ	Application Forms& Post Programme at -
	¥.	centre
	ě	Life skills: Peer pressure/ Bullying
	ĕ	Job preparation for Grade 12 learners

		 Agriculture training x3 Soft skills: Mothersday program Soft skills: Reading program Soft skills: Sportsday program Soft skills: Health and Wellness x15 Educational Fieldtrip Youth Focal Point celebration event Youth day programme (dance competition) Anti-Crime (giving information to the community) APD – Disabled Support Group Informal Rugby session (Health and Fitness week)
Initiatives to increase awareness on disability	 4 x skills programmes with People with disabilities. The focus was be on hand skills; life skills and social skills. Showcase of the finished products made by people with disabilities arts& craft group in N'Duli. Awareness programme with parents and caregivers of children with disabilities(all wards) SALGA/CWDM programme for people with disabilities in Paarl (Social Dialogue with sport activities for all people with disabilities from the local municipalities) Prevention and awareness program in N'Duli- Women empowerment. Protection of women and children Campaign- Prince Alfred Hamlet- Phase 4 en 5 3 December 2017- International Day for People with Disabilities/ 19 November 2017-Attending Down syndrome Yearly Programme for children and families with Down syndrome. 	 3 x skills programmes with People with disabilities. The focus was be on hand skills; life skills and social skills. 3x Programmes aimed at supporting parents who have children with disabilities 2x programme creating awareness regarding mental disabilities affecting the whole community
Initiatives to increase awareness on women	 1X awareness program on role of a mother and tools for healthy family life 26 June 2017-Wolseley Awareness Programme – creating awareness regarding the different types of violence against women and children. 23 June 2017-Tulbagh Awareness Programme- Different types of Violence against women and children 29 May 2017-Programme with the community of the Warm Bokkeveld (Matjiesfontein Farm and surrounding farms). The aim of the meeting is to enhance and promote efficient and effective service delivery 22 April 2017: Programme in N'Duli Sports field with stakeholders and youth creating awareness regarding sexual offences 2 x Programmes with women and children addressing Human Trafficking and Drug Abuse in our communities 6 February 2017- Breerivier session with 	 Ix Woman's day programme for Women with Disabilities 7 x Awareness and Prevention Programmes – creating awareness regarding the different types of violence against women and children as well as Human Trafficking Official Launch of the 16 days of Violence against women and children as well as programmes and door to door activities in the different towns 4 x Women's day Celebration Programmes supported and facilitated.

	 women and men: Breerivier Clinic: Aim of the session- Creating awareness regarding the negative impact of violence against women on families. i5 December 2017- Gender Programme with Community of Die Bossie, also known as Delniet Landgoed. 28 September 2016- Women from Ceres Rooikamp area and N'Duli had leadership training i1 August 2016- Women's Day Celebration 	
	 with role-players – Tulbagh 30 August 2016- Women in leadership training 	
Initiatives to increase awareness on HIV/AIDS	7x Awareness and prevention program in Witzenberg (Tulbagh, Wolseley, Bo- Swaarmoed, Vredebes, Mendoza, Night shelter)	9 x HIV awareness programs in Witzenberg
Initiatives to increase awareness on Early Childhood Development	 4 x Facilitating ECD Quarterly forum meetings 1 x Workshop on ECD 1 x Training for cooks of ECD centres in food preparation and hygiene 1 x training for ECD practitioners in stimulation of babies and first 1000 days of a child 1 x ECD regional meeting 1 x ECD recognition ceremony for ECD practitioners in Witzenberg 4 x ECD management meetings Site visits to ECD centres in municipal buildings 	 4 x Facilitating ECD quarterly forum meeting 1 x Workshop on importance of reading 1 x Training workshop for cooks of ECD centres in food preparation and hygiene Site visits to ECD centres in municipal building 1 x Educational trip for ECD learners to Kleinplasie 1 x Workshop for ECD managers on by-laws of CWDM 1 x Acknowledgement ceremony for ECD practitioners
Initiatives to increase awareness on substance abuse and high drug and alcohol related crimes	 4 Awareness programs on Fetal Alcohol syndrome 1x workshop on substance abuse specifically on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome 1 LDAC meeting 2 Awareness programs on substance abuse 	 3 x Awareness programs on Fetal Alcohol syndrome 9 x Awareness program on substance abuse 1 x Workshop on establishing and functioning of drug support group
Special events hosted	 4 &5 March 2017- Witzenberg Municipality partake and support the CANSA RELAY FOR LIFE WITZENBERG initiative, 7 November 2016: Stakeholder Programme with Dept. Home Affairs Youth event in Youth Month 	Elderly lunch on 6 December

3.15.2 Service Delivery Indicators: Child care, aged care and social programmes

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance		Overall Performance 2017/18	
	Objective		weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	2017/18 get Actual R	R
ComSoc41	Support the poor & vulnerable through programmes & policy	Number of account holders subsidised through the municipality's indigent Policy	Number of account holders	2750/2521	3000	2373	
ComLed8	policy	The number of jobs	Number of jobs	390/398	390	403	

Ref	Strategic	КРІ	Unit of	Target/Actual performance		erformano 17/18	e
	Objective		Measurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
		created through municipality's local economic development initiatives including capital projects	created				
ComSoc 42- 48		Number of social development programmes implemented	Number of programmes	22/22	20	36	_

3.15.3 Employees: Socio-Economic

Employees: Socio-Economic						
	2016/17	2017/18				
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
Contractual	1	0	0			
0 - 3	0	0	0			
4 - 6	5	5	0			
7 – 9	1	1	0			
10 - 12	4	4	0			
13 – 15	0	0	1			
Total	11	10	1			
	Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.16 COMMUNITY SERVICES: OTHER

3.16.1 Capital expenditure – Community Services: Other

			2017/18				
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value		
R							
Eiland Swimming pool upgrade	620 000	436 232	436 231	0	436 231		
Upgrade Montana Hall, Wolseley	200 000	250 000	252 468	1%	252 468		
Stage curtains, Bella Vista Hall	100 000	103 700	103 645	0	103 645		
Upgrading of Community Hall Prince Alfred's Hamlet	80 000	72 226	72 225	0	72 225		

		2017/18			
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value
	· ·	R			<u>.</u>
Equipment for halls	50 000	99 719	90 735	(9%)	90 735
Total all	1 050 000	961 877	955 304	(0.7%)	955 304
Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as				ding past and futu	re expenditure as

appropriate). Only major projects included above.

COMPONENT E: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The section Facilities and Environment manages environmental protection which includes environmental education, aesthetics and wild animal management such as baboons, as well as the protection of fauna and flora. The department is in the process of developing an Environmental Management Plan.

3.17 POLUTION CONTROL

Environmental officers within the department are responsible for environmental and pollution control. The focus is mainly upon pollution, illegal dumping and the protection of fauna and flora. The municipality is part of the Regional Air Quality Forum and has an official appointed as an Air Quality Officer. The municipality places emphasis on education and training of the youth and school learners. The section is strives to ensure environmental conservation as well as compliance to legislation.

3.17.1 Service Statistics - Pollution Control

Type of service	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18		
Pollution Control					
Number of environmental education initiatives held	5	7	10		
Number of baboon damage incidents	0	0	0		

3.18 PARKS, PUBLIC OPEN SPACES AND RIVER MANAGEMENT

Parks management is responsible for the management and maintenance of parks in the municipal area. New parks are designed and developed by this section. The function also includes river maintenance and conservation of municipal nature areas. The municipality has more than 50 hectares of official parks and many more open spaces and areas that requires maintenance. Parks scheduled for cutting every 3 weeks. Rivers are maintained to prevent pollution and regular clearings of alien vegetation takes place.

3.18.1 Employees: Parks, Public open spaces and river management.

Employees: Parks, public open spaces & river management					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
Contractual	2	10	0		

Employees: Parks, public open spaces & river management					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees Vacancies (fu equivalent			
	No.	No.	No.		
0 - 3	34	37	0		
4 - 6	21	12	4		
7 - 9	0	3	2		
10 - 12	0	1	0		
13 - 15	1	0	0		
Total	58	64	6		
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.18.2 Capital expenditure - Parks

			2017/18				
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value		
R							
Resurfacing of netball courts	300 000	197 647	197 646	0	197 646		
Floodlights at Pine Valley sports ground, Wolseley	130 000	184 201	184 200	0	184 200		
Plant & equipment	50 000	114 656	107 782	(6%)	107 782		
Total all	480 000	496 504	489 628	(1.4%)	489 628		

Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as appropriate). Only major projects included above.

COMPONENT F: SECURITY AND SAFETY

This component includes: Traffic; Fire; Disaster Management, Licensing and control of animals, and Control of public nuisances, etc.

3.19 TRAFFIC AND VEHICLE LICENSING

Our top service delivery priorities are reducing the number of road deaths caused by accidents through traffic law enforcement, speed enforcement and road traffic safety education at schools and other institutions. Another priority is to improve service delivery at the Traffic Centre. This will be achieved through service excellence and through identification of shortcomings and addressing these through training initiatives.

3.19.1 Service Statistics – Traffic Services

Type of service	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Number of road traffic accidents during the year	875	807	618

Number of by-law infringements attended	96	311	293
Number of Traffic officers in the field on an average day	8	9	6
Number of Traffic officers on duty on an average day	11	15	11
Animals impounded	0	0	0
Motor vehicle licenses processed	24 885	26 116	27 458
Learner driver licenses processed	2 794	2 449	2 445
Driver licenses processed	2 561	2 401	1 865
Driver licenses issued	906	684	686
Fines issued for traffic offenses	12 670	41 813	56 816
R-value of fines collected	2 365 320	3 268 504	4 634 211
Operational call-outs/Complaints	471	409	528
Roadblocks held	29	10	13
Special Functions – Escorts	36	72	78
Awareness initiatives on public safety	6	18	21

3.19.2 Employees – Traffic- and Law Enforcement Services

Employees: Traffic and Law Enforcement Services						
	2016/17 2017/18					
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)			
	No.	No.	No.			
Contractual	2	5	0			
0-3	0	0	0			
4-6	6	8	4			
7-9	28	32	5			
10 - 12	2	4	0			
13 – 15	1	1	0			
Total	39	50	9			
	Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.19.3 Capital expenditure – Traffic Services

		2017/18				
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value	
R						

			2017/18			
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value	
	R					
Firearms	150 000	100 000	83 745	(16%)	83 745	
Traffic test centre		2 267 749	2 234 079	(1.5%)	2 500 000	
Total all	150 000	2 367 749	2 317 824	(2%)	2 583 745	
Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as appropriate). Only major projects included above.						

3.20 FIRE SERVICES

The Fire Services function is provided in conjunction with the Cape Winelands District Municipality. An agreement was reached where support from the District Municipality would be enlisted as and when required by Witzenberg Municipality. Witzenberg Municipality mainly attends to urban fires in built areas and the District Municipality attends to fires outside urban areas. Support does, however, take place as and when needed. Personnel capacity does hamper the delivery of proper services, but a satellite fire station was implemented in Tulbagh and N'Duli to address this issue.

Type of service	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Total fires attended in the year	374	616	669
Average turnout time - urban areas	10 min	10min	10min
Average turnout time - rural areas	20 min	20min	20min
Fire fighters in post at year end	8	8	10
Total fire appliances at year end	3	5	7
Total Operational call-outs	456	536	681
Reservists and volunteers not trained	0	0	0
Awareness Initiatives on Fire Safety	90	100	98
Working of Fire	10	12	0

3.20.1 Service Statistics - Fire Services

3.20.2 Employees – Fire and Disaster Services

Employees: Fire and Disaster Services							
	2016/17	2017/18					
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)				
	No.	No.	No.				
Contractual	0	0	0				
0 - 3	0	0	0				

Employees: Fire and Disaster Services								
	2016/17	2017/18						
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)					
	No.	No.	No.					
4 - 6	2	3	3					
7 - 9	3	6	0					
10 - 12	2	2	0					
13 - 15	1	1	0					
Total	8	12	3					
	Employees and Posts nu	imbers are as at 30 June.						

3.20.3 Capital expenditure - Fire Services

	2017/18								
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value				
		R							
Vehicle replacement programme	500 000	500 000	500 000	0	500 000				
Vehicle replacement programme		50 000	48 830	(2%)	48 830				
Total all	500 000	550 000	548 830	0	548 830				

Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as appropriate).

3.21 OTHER (DISASTER MANAGEMENT, ANIMAL LICENSING AND CONTROL, CONTROL OF PUBLIC NUISANCES AND OTHER)

The Disaster Management function is not fully developed yet and personnel for the function do not exist. The function is delivered in conjunction with the Cape Winelands District Municipality and the Fire Services and Traffic Department. The municipality completed a Disaster Management Plan and which Council has approved for implementation. No serious disasters were experienced during the past year. Support is given to families in informal areas where fires have demolished structures. Support depends on the extremity of the situation, but includes temporary housing in community facilities and food parcels being distributed to support the displaced families.

The municipality does not enforce animal licensing at this stage. Animal control is, however, problematic as the municipality does not manage an animal pound and it is too expensive to impound animals in neighbouring towns which do manage pounds. At this stage, as a control measure, the municipality has appointed 10 animal monitors in the different areas. Monitors function on the basis of the EPWP programme. The function of these monitors is to ensure that the animals are not a problem to residents or a danger to road traffic. The biggest challenge is roaming cattle and horses. Several accidents were reported where cows and goats was involved in collisions with motor vehicles. The municipality is, however, looking at possible service level agreements with other institutions, as mentioned in Section

76(b) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000). Animals have been already impounded in terms of Section 6(1)(e) of the Witzenberg Municipality, By-law Relating to Pounds, No 7404 of 19 June 2015, where a land owner on whose property the animals were trespassing, is authorised to impound these animals. Another challenge is the monitoring of animals during weekends and after hours during week days. Animal complaints average 4 per week and may vary depending on the situation. At this stage, meetings are being held with roaming animal owners and in some instances, compliance notices are served. The municipality is continuously looking at alternatives in combatting these challenges.

Public nuisances' are addressed by the Traffic Department. Complaints on nuisances received are documented and reported on in the Traffic Monthly Report.

COMPONENT G: SPORT AND RECREATION

This component includes: community parks; sports fields; sports halls; stadiums; swimming pools; and camp sites.

The municipality manages one resort, the Pine Forest Resort. This resort offers the following facilities for visitors and the local community:

- 97 accommodation units that can house 557 people with day braais.
- 21 normal camping sites and 280 sites for long-term rentals
- 1 recreation hall
- 2 conference halls with seating of 30 and 80
- I Olympic size and 2 smaller for kids, swimming pools
- The recreation area includes a play park for kids, putt-putt, trampolines, table tennis, badminton and squash courts

The number of visitors for 2017/18 applicable to accommodation units and normal camping sites, amounted to R 9 530 607 (141 399 bed nights).

Besides the swimming pools in Pine Forest Resort, six more swimming pools are available to the local community in:

- Ceres (one)
- Tulbagh (one)
- Wolseley (one)
- Bella Vista (one)
- PA Hamlet (one)
- N'Duli (one)

According to ticket sales 2 143 adults and 50 842 kids visited the outside pools during 2017/18. (Revenue of R123 114 for the period November 2017 to April 2018).

All pools are maintained daily to ensure clean and safe pools for visitors.

3.22 SPORT AND RECREATION

3.22.1 Service Delivery indicators - Sport and recreation

Ref	Strategic	Unit of ^o	Target/Actual performance		erformano 17/18	æ	
	Objective		weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
ComAm34	Provide & maintain facilities that make citizens	Customer satisfaction survey (Score 1-5) -	Survey	2.5/2.2	1	1	

Ref	Strategic	КРІ	Unit of	Target/Actual performance		Performano 17/18	ce
	Objective		Measurement	nent of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
	feel at home	community facilities					
Note: Target w 28/02/2018.	vas revised as per Sect	ion 54(1)(c) of the MFMA	and approved by Co	ouncil as per item 8.1	7 of meeting	held on	
facilities rangir "SMART" and i municipality al	ng from access to libra impractical to influenc though all facilities ar	clude survey's to be done ries & town halls to main e change immediately. So e available while for othe the thorough analysis of r	tenance of sports fie ome communities m r the facilities are no	elds. It is the experier ight have a very nega it such a priority. The	nce that the re ative image of continuatior	esult is not f the n of the surv	ey

3.22.2 Employees – Sport and recreation

therefore replaced as a target with the implementation of 1 survey annually.

Employees: Sport and recreation							
	2016/17	2017/18					
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)				
	No.	No.	No.				
Contractual	0	8	0				
0 - 3	15	16	4				
4 - 6	20	10	0				
7 - 9	1	1	0				
10 - 12	0	0	0				
13 - 15	0	1	0				
Total	36	36	4				
	Employees and Posts nu	mbers are as at 30 June.					

COMPONENT H: CORPORATE POLICY OFFICES AND OTHER SERVICES

3.23 FINANCIAL SERVICES

An important factor considered by investors in relocating to an area is the ability of the authorities to demonstrate adequate provision of services, financial discipline, affordable tariffs, adherence to statutory requirements, timely preparation and production of financial statements, adherence to generally accepted accounting practices and unqualified audit reports.

Operational financing

Council's policy is to fund operating expenses from normal revenue streams with short term borrowing being used as a last resort for capital expenditure. It is expected that strong financial management including accurate cash forecasting will obviate the need to resort to short-term borrowings.

Working Capital

It is Council's intention to create sufficient cash reserves by way of good financial management including the setting aside of adequate provisions for working capital.

Revenue raising strategy

The guidance on how to improve the payment ratio of the area can be found in the Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy. This Policy highlights the procedures to be followed in the collection of all money owed to the Municipality.

Expenditure Management

To reduce expenditure on non-core functions, by considering Public Private Partnerships.

3.23.1 Service statistics – Financial Services

			ebt Recovery			
	2016/17			2017/18		
Details of the types of account raised and recovered	Billed in Year	Actual for accounts billed in year	Proportion of accounts value billed that were collected %	Billed in Year	Actual for accounts billed in year	Proportio n of accounts value billed that were collected %
			R'000			
Property Rates	59,649	59,160	99.2%	64,648	63,618	98,4%
Electricity	243,784	246,247	101.0%	215,396	215,628	100,1%
Water	41,777	32,632	78.1%	53,832	40,039	74,4%
Sanitation	26,511	21,348	80.5%	30,817	26,208	85,0%
Refuse	27,297	21,737	79.6%	28,035	21,112	75.3%
Other	4,525	4,165	92.1%	4,309	4,727	109.7%
Total	403,542	385,289	95.48%	397,036	371,332	93.5%

year by the year's billed revenues

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18		
	Objective			of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
TecDir1	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Technical Directorate	Percentage of budget spent	98%/99%	99%	99.8%	
TecDir3	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Technical Directorate	Percentage of budget spent	95%/98%	96%	98.2%	
FinInc17	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	Number of outstanding valid applications for water services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service	Percentage of outstanding applications	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	_
FinInc18	Sustainable provision &	Number of outstanding valid	Percentage of outstanding	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	

WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18		
	Objective		weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	F
	maintenance of basic infrastructure	applications for sewerage services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service	applications				
FinInc19	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	Number of outstanding valid applications for electricity services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service	Percentage of outstanding applications	<1%/0.05%	<1%	0%	_
FinInc20	Sustainable provision & maintenance of basic infrastructure	Number of outstanding valid applications for refuse collection services expressed as a % of total number of billings for the service	Percentage of outstanding applications	<1%/0%	<1%	0%	-
CorpHR13	Support institutional transformation & development	Percentage budget spent on implementation of Workplace Skills Plan	Percentage of budget spent	95%/98%	96%	99%	-
FinFAdm10	Ensure financial viability	Financial viability expressed as Debt- Coverage ratio	Ratio	16/39.7	90	90.2	_
within the yea	r. It therefor measures t	he municipality's ability to	cover its debt service		ting revenue (excluding	
within the yea grants) a num	r. It therefor measures t	e , ,	cover its debt service	payments from opera	ting revenue (excluding	
within the yea	r. It therefor measures to per of times. Due to the Ensure financial viability	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio	cover its debt service	payments from opera	ting revenue (excluding	
within the yea grants) a numł to 90 times. FinFAdm9	r. It therefor measures the set of times. Due to the set of times. Due to the set of times the set of the set of times the set of th	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost-	cover its debt service loans over the past y	payments from opera ear, this number of tir	ting revenue (nes can be inc	excluding reased from	
within the yea grants) a numb to 90 times. FinFAdm9 FinFAdm11 Reason for und	r. It therefor measures to ber of times. Due to the Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance:	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio Financial viability expressed outstanding	Ratio	payments from opera ear, this number of tir 1.6/2.4 44%/54%	ting revenue (mes can be inc 2.8	excluding reased from 2.97	
within the yea grants) a numb to 90 times. FinFAdm9 FinFAdm11 Reason for und The majority o Corrective mea Council has est	r. It therefor measures to be of times. Due to the Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: f outstanding debt is in r asures:	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio Financial viability expressed outstanding service debtors respect of prescribed debt i investigate a strategy to ad	cover its debt service loans over the past y Ratio Ratio and debt of indigent h	payments from opera ear, this number of tir 1.6/2.4 44%/54% ouseholds.	ting revenue (nes can be inc 2.8 44%	excluding reased from 2.97 49.1%	
within the yea grants) a numb to 90 times. FinFAdm9 FinFAdm11 Reason for und The majority o Corrective mea Council has est prescribed det	r. It therefor measures to be of times. Due to the Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: if outstanding debt is in r asures: tablished a Task team to	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio Financial viability expressed outstanding service debtors respect of prescribed debt i investigate a strategy to ad	cover its debt service loans over the past y Ratio Ratio and debt of indigent h	payments from opera ear, this number of tir 1.6/2.4 44%/54% ouseholds.	ting revenue (nes can be inc 2.8 44%	excluding reased from 2.97 49.1%	
within the yea grants) a numb to 90 times. FinFAdm9 FinFAdm11 Reason for und The majority o Corrective mea Council has est	r. It therefor measures to be of times. Due to the Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: f outstanding debt is in r asures: tablished a Task team to be and debt of indigents.	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio Financial viability expressed outstanding service debtors respect of prescribed debt investigate a strategy to ad Opinion of the Auditor-General on annual financial statements of the	cover its debt service loans over the past y Ratio Ratio and debt of indigent h	payments from opera ear, this number of tir 1.6/2.4 44%/54% ouseholds. bt as well as to consic	ting revenue (mes can be inc 2.8 44%	excluding reased from 2.97 49.1%	
within the yea grants) a numb to 90 times. FinFAdm9 FinFAdm11 Reason for und The majority o Corrective mea Council has est prescribed det FinDir3 FinInc15 Reason for und	r. It therefor measures to ber of times. Due to the is Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: f outstanding debt is in r asures: tablished a Task team to ot and debt of indigents. Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance:	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio Financial viability expressed outstanding service debtors respect of prescribed debt i investigate a strategy to ad Opinion of the Auditor-General on annual financial statements of the previous year Increased revenue	cover its debt service loans over the past y Ratio Ratio and debt of indigent h ddress outstanding de Opinion of AG Percentage revenue collected	payments from opera ear, this number of tir 1.6/2.4 44%/54% ouseholds. bt as well as to consic 1/1 95%/95%	ting revenue (mes can be inc 2.8 44% ler the writing 1 95%	excluding reased from 2.97 49.1% off of 1 94.2%	30
within the yea grants) a numb to 90 times. FinFAdm9 FinFAdm11 Reason for und The majority o Corrective mea Council has est prescribed deb FinDir3 FinInc15 Reason for und The drought has Corrective mea Council establi	r. It therefor measures to ber of times. Due to the in- ender of times. Due to the in- viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: if outstanding debt is in in- asures: tablished a Task team to ot and debt of indigents. Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: as negatively affected en- asures:	he municipality's ability to redemption of a number of Financial viability expressed as Cost- Coverage ratio Financial viability expressed outstanding service debtors respect of prescribed debt investigate a strategy to ad Opinion of the Auditor-General on annual financial statements of the previous year Increased revenue collection	cover its debt service loans over the past y Ratio Ratio and debt of indigent h ddress outstanding de Opinion of AG Percentage revenue collected esulting that househol	payments from opera ear, this number of tir 1.6/2.4 44%/54% ouseholds. bt as well as to consic 1/1 95%/95% ds could not afford to	ting revenue (mes can be inc 2.8 44% ler the writing 1 95%	excluding reased from 2.97 49.1% off of 1 94.2%	30
within the yea grants) a numb to 90 times. FinFAdm9 FinFAdm11 Reason for und The majority o Corrective mea Council has est prescribed deb FinDir3 FinInc15 Reason for und The drought ha Corrective mea	r. It therefor measures to ber of times. Due to the in- ender of times. Due to the in- viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: if outstanding debt is in in- asures: tablished a Task team to ot and debt of indigents. Ensure financial viability Ensure financial viability der-performance: as negatively affected en- asures:	he municipality's ability to predemption of a number of redemption of a number of prescribed debt a number of the annual financial statements of the previous year a number of the nucleased revenue collection number of the number of the number of the nucleased revenue collection number of the nucleased revenue collection number of the number of	cover its debt service loans over the past y Ratio Ratio and debt of indigent h ddress outstanding de Opinion of AG Percentage revenue collected esulting that househol	payments from opera ear, this number of tir 1.6/2.4 44%/54% ouseholds. bt as well as to consic 1/1 95%/95% ds could not afford to	ting revenue (mes can be inc 2.8 44% ler the writing 1 95%	excluding reased from 2.97 49.1% off of 1 94.2%	30

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18		
			weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
	viability	overall capital budget.	budget spent				
ComDir1	Provide & maintain facilities that make citizens feel at home	% Expenditure on Maintenance Budget by Community Directorate	Percentage of budget spent	98%/99%	99%	99.7%	_
ComDir2	Provide & maintain facilities that make citizens feel at home	% Expenditure on Capital Budget by Community Directorate	Percentage of budget spent	95%/96%	96%	97.1%	

3.23.3 Employees – Financial Services

Employees: Financial Services					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
Contractual	11	16	0		
0 - 3	0	0	0		
4 - 6	27	26	2		
7 - 9	3	5	0		
10 - 12	7	2	1		
13 - 15	2	2	0		
16 - 18	1	1	0		
Total	51	56	3		
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.24 HUMAN RESOURCE SERVICES

The section for Human Resources within Witzenberg Municipality incorporates the following disciplines:

- Recruitment and selection
- Leave administration
- Benefit administration
- Labour relations
- Training and development
- Health and safety performance management
- Work study administration

3.24.1 Service statistics -Human Resources

Details	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Number of HR policies reviewed	0	0	1
Number of total permanent employees	495	519	516

Details	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Number of total temporary employees	43	74	72
Number of total injuries (injury on duty cases)	52	70	62
Number of total approved annual leave days taken	11 203.75	10 243.5	11 575.25
Number of family responsibility leave days taken	525.5	462.75	470.25
Number of total Health and Safety Representatives	19	18	20
Number of total First Aiders	20	38	39
Number of sick days leave taken	4 064.5	4 147.75	4 118
Number of termination	31	39	1
Number of new employees appointed	29	74	47
Number of total employees trained	271	328	195
Number of total female employees trained	71	131	56
Number of total male employees trained	200	197	139
Number of total learner ships enrolled	4	7	10
Number of total training courses rolled out	17	45	26
Total percentage budget spend on training	100%	98%	98.8%

3.24.2 Service Delivery indicators – Human Resources

Ref	Strategic Objective	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Target/Actual performance	Overall Performance 2017/18		
	Objective		weasurement	of 2016/17	Target	Actual	R
CorpHR12	Support institutional transformation & development	Percentage of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in	Nr of reports	75%/75%	4	4	
CorpHR13	uevelopment	Percentage budget spent on implementation of Workplace Skills Plan	Percentage of budget spent	95%/98%	96%	99%	

3.24.3 Employees – Human Resources

Employees: Human Resources					
	2016/17	//18			
Job Level	evel Employees Emplo		Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
Contractual	1	2	0		
0 - 3	0	0	0		
4 - 6	1	1	0		
7 - 9	1	2	0		

Employees: Human Resources					
	2016/17	20	17/18		
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
10 - 12	3	4	1		
13 – 15	0	1	0		
16 – 18	1	1	0		
Total	7	11	1		
	Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.				

3.25 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT) SERVICES

The department's functions include:

- Management and maintenance of the IT infrastructure that includes hardware and software
- Update and maintenance of municipal website
- Upkeep and maintenance of LAN and WAN
- Administration of the electronic documents system (TRIM)
- Manage service providers for outsourced functions.

3.25.1 Service statistics –ICT Services

Details	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Desktop support	271	304	415
Network support	265	289	589
Network downtime experienced	4 hours	5 hours	8 hours
Server downtime experienced (total for 15 servers)	30 hours	27 hours	62 hours
File restores requested	33	51	94

3.25.2 Employees – ICT

Employees: ICT					
	2016/17	2017	/18		
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
Contractual	0	0	0		
0-3	0	0	0		
4-6	0	0	0		
7-9	0	0	0		
10 - 12	1	1	1		
13 – 15	0	0	0		

Employees: ICT					
	2016/17	2017	//18		
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
16 - 18	0	0	0		
Total	1	1	1		
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.26 INTERNAL AUDIT & RISK MANAGEMENT

Witzenberg Municipality does not have a Risk Management sub-directorate. The responsibility for Risk Management and the duties of a Chief Risk Officer has been delegated to the Chief Financial Officer and Internal Audit. Internal Audit is assisting the Chief Risk Officer with the development of the risk management policy, strategy and implementation plan, facilitating identification and assessment of risks, and disseminating risk reports. Portfolio directors and risk owners are responsible to maintain controls, the implementation of action plans to mitigate risk and to improve controls.

The risk register of the municipality is reviewed and updated on a continuous basis and reassessed annually to form the basis for the compilation of the 3 year audit strategy and the annual Risk Based Audit Plan.

Internal Audit is an independent in-house function that performs internal audits based on the approved Risk Based Audit Plan and other statutory audits as required by the MFMA and MSA.

The Internal Audit function reports functionally to the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee and administratively to the Municipal Manager.

3.26.1 Service statistics -Internal Audit

Details	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Compilation of the Risk Based Audit and 3 year strategic plans	1	1	1
Internal Audits	19	17	18

3.26.2 Employees – Internal Audit

Employees: Internal Audit					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents) No.		
	No.	No.			
Contractual	0	0	0		
0 - 3	0	0	0		
4 - 6	0	0	0		

Employees: Internal Audit					
	2016/17 2017/18				
Job Level	Employees Employe		Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)		
	No.	No.	No.		
7 - 9	0	0	0		
10 - 12	1	1	0		
13 - 15	1	1	0		
16 - 18	1	1	0		
Total	3	3	0		
Employees and Posts numbers are as at 30 June.					

3.27 LEGAL SERVICES

Legal Services manage the implementation, monitoring, evaluation and reporting sequences of outcomes associated with programmes designed to accomplish key service delivery objectives with respect to Legal Services. This is achieved through co-ordination of operations against departmental, statutory and audit guidelines to ensure that the service is managed and maintained in accordance with laid down quality standards, customer focused to ensure legal compliance and provide legal direction in ensuring effective and efficient service delivery.

The main objectives are as follows:

- To distribute all new legislation and proclamations to all Departments;
- To promulgate by-laws;
- To provide legal opinions and input on policies, agreements, legislation, bylaws and authorities; and
- Attend to on-going litigant matters within the legislative timeframes.

The highlights for the year under review were as follows:

No big civil matters / claims against the municipality

The challenges for the year under review were as follows:

- Increase in illegal invasion of land, lengthy and expensive legal procedures;
- Proper funding and budget control to ensure that the department operate on both an optimum and efficient level;
- Increase in illegal house shops, lengthy and expensive legal procedures.

3.28 STRATEGIC SUPPORT: OTHER

3.28.1 Capital Expenditure – Strategic Support: Other

2017/18					
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value
R					

	2017/18				
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from adjustment budget	Total Project Value
R					
Office Furniture – Witzenberg	150 000	200 000	169 081	(15%)	169 081
Access Control: Furniture & Equipment	200 000	409 000	381 808	(6.6%)	381 808
Total all	350 000	609 000	550 889	(14%)	550 889
Total project value represents the estimated cost of the project on approval by Council (including past and future expenditure as appropriate).					

CHAPTER 4 – ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PERFORMANCE

4.1 INTRODUCTION TO THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE

Witzenberg Municipality currently employs 586 officials, (permanent + temporary employees), excluding councillors, who individually and collectively contribute to the achievement of the municipality's objectives. The primary objective of Human Resource Management is to render an innovative HR service that addresses both skills development and an administrative function.

4.1.1 Employment Equity

The Employment Equity Act (1998) Chapter 3, Section 15 (1) states that affirmative action measures are measures designed to ensure that suitable qualified people from designated groups have equal employment opportunities and are equitably represented in all occupational categories and levels in the workforce of a designated employer. The national performance indicator also refers to: "Number of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in compliance with a municipality's approved employment equity plan".

Employment Equity targets/actual

	African			Coloured		Indian			White		
Target June	Actual June	Target reached									
38%	26%	59%	50%	69%	138%	1%	0%	1%	16%	6%	23%

2017/18 EE targets/Actual by racial classification

Male				Female		Disability			
Target June	Actual June	Target reach	Target June	Actual June	Target reach	Target June	Actual June	Target reach	
48.93%	64.63%	114.6%	51.07%	45.23%	96.35%	0	0	0	

2017/18 EE targets/actual by gender classification

Employment Equity vs. Population

Description	African	Coloured	Indian	White	Total
Population numbers (WC Province)	1 912 547	2 840 404	60 761	915 053	5 728 765
% Population	33.4%	49.6%	1.1%	15.9%	100%
Number for positions filled	140	347	4	25	516
% for Positions filled	27%	67%	1%	5%	100%

Note: The total population numbers is based on projection done by Global Insight

EE population 2017/18

Occupational Categories – Race

	Posts filled									
Occupational Male Female									Tatal	
Categories	Α	С	I	w	Α	С	I	w	Total	
Legislators, senior officials and managers	3	23	0	9	5	5	1	2	47	
Professionals	0	9	0	0	3	13	0	2	27	
Technicians and associate professionals	1	20	0	2	1	6	0	0	30	
Clerks	4	18	1	0	11	40	0	8	82	
Service and sales workers	9	20	0	2	8	18	0	0	57	
Craft and related trades workers	5	21	1	2	0	0	0	0	29	
Plant and machine operators and assemblers	8	32	0	0	1	0	0	0	41	
Elementary occupations	63	112	0	1	24	25	0	0	226	
Total permanent	93	255	2	16	53	107	1	12	539	
Non-permanent employees	9	21	0	0	4	13	1	1	49	
Grand total	102	276	2	16	57	120	2	13	588	

Below is a table that indicates the number of employees by race within the specific occupational categories (including the Councillors):

Occupational Categories

Occupational Levels - Race

The table below categorize the number of employees by race within the occupational levels (excluding 23 councillors)

Occupational		Ma	ale			Fen	nale		Total
Levels	Α	С	I	w	Α	С	I	w	TOLAT
Top Management	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Senior management	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	4
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management	0	13	0	6	3	14	1	3	40
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen and superintendents	4	11	1	4	1	5	0	0	26
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	28	76	0	2	22	66	0	8	202
Unskilled and defined decision making	59	126	0	1	27	30	0	0	243
Total permanent	92	227	1	15	53	116	1	11	516
Non- permanent employees	9	21	0	0	4	13	1	1	49
Grand total	101	248	1	15	57	129	2	12	565

Occupational Levels

Departments - Race

The following table categorize the number of employees by race within the different departments (excluding 23 councillors):

Department		M	ale		Female				Total
	Α	С	I	w	Α	С	I	w	Total
Office of the Municipal Manager	0	3	0	2	1	4	0	1	11
Corporate Services	17	30	0	1	3	27	1	1	81
Financial Services	1	19	1	1	7	24	0	5	58
Community Services	28	68	0	3	25	41	0	2	167
Technical Services	55	116	0	6	8	13	0	1	199
Total permanent	102	250	1	13	47	120	1	10	516

4.1.2 Vacancy Rate

The approved organogram for the municipality has 865 posts for the 2017/18 financial year. The actual positions filled are indicated in the tables below by post level and by functional level. Budgeted vacant posts were 58 vacant at the end of 2017/18, resulting in a vacancy rate of 6.7%.

Below is a table that indicates the vacancies within the municipality:

PER POST LEVEL						
Post level	Filled	Vacant Budgeted Positions				
MM & MSA section 57 & 56	5	0				
Middle management	21	2				
Professionals	30	8				
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen and superintendents	75	25				
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	214	9				
Unskilled and defined decision making	171	14				
Total	516	58				
	PER FUNCTIONAL LEVEL					
Functional area	Filled	Vacant Budgeted Positions				
Office of the Municipal Manager	11	0				
Corporate Services	81	15				
Financial Services	58	4				
Community Services	167	16				
Technical Services	199	23				
Total	516	58				

The table below indicates the vacancies per Section 57 and 56 posts:

Salary Level	Number of Section 57 and 56 vacancies	Vacancy % (as a proportion of the total Section 57 and 56 posts)
Municipal Manager	0	0
Chief Financial Officer	0	0
Director: Corporate Services	0	0
Director: Community Services	0	0
Director: Technical Services	0	0
Total	0	0

4.1.3 Employee Turnover Rate

A high turnover may be costly to a municipality and might negatively affect productivity, service delivery and institutional memory/organizational knowledge. Below is a table that shows the turnover rate within the municipality. The turnover rate shows a decrease from 7% in 2016/17 to 4.8% in 2017/18.

Financial year	Total no appointments at the end of each Financial Year	New appointments (Permanent Appointments)	No Terminations during the year	Turnover Rate
2014/15	559	38	42	7.5%
2015/16	561	29	31	5.5%
2016/17	543	74	39	7%
2017/18	516	47	25	4.8%

The table below indicates the employee turnover rate over the last three years:

4.2 MANAGING THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE

Managing the municipal workforce refers to analysing and coordinating employee behaviour.

4.2.1 Injuries on duty

An occupational injury is a personal injury, disease or death resulting from an occupational accident. Compensation claims for such occupational injuries are calculated according to the seriousness of the injury/disease and can be costly to a municipality. Occupational injury will influence the loss of man hours and therefore financial and productivity performance.

The injury rate shows a decrease for the 2017/18 financial year of 62 employees compared to 70 employees in the 2016/17 financial year.

Incidents are investigated to determine whether there was any negligence involved to ensure that it is an actual injury on duty.

Directorates	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Office of the Municipal Manager	0	0	0
Corporate Services	3	3	5
Financial Services	3	1	3

Directorates	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Community Services	12	28	23
Technical Services	34	38	31
Total	52	70	62

4.2.2 Sick Leave

The number of day's sick leave taken by employees has service delivery and cost implications. The monitoring of sick leave identifies certain patterns or trends. Once these patterns are identified, corrective action can be taken.

The total number of sick leave days that have been taken during the 2017/18 financial year shows a slight decrease when compared with the 2016/17 financial year.

Department	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Office of the Municipal Manager	54	52.5	43.5
Corporate Services	530	428.75	560.5
Financial Services	347	356	305
Community Services	1 473.5	1 406	1545
Technical Services	1 660	1 904.5	1664
Total	4 064.5	4 147.75	4118

4.2.3 HR Policies and Plans

Policies and plans provide guidance for fair and consistent staff treatment and a consistent approach to the management of staff.

The table below shows the HR policies and plans that are approved and that still needs to be developed:

Approved policies					
Name of policy	Date approved				
Attendance and Punctuality	4 August 2010				
Employment Practice	4 August 2010				
Employment Equity	4 August 2010				
Employees under the Influence of Intoxicating Substances	4 August 2010				
Legal Aid Policy	4 August 2010				
Relocation Policy	4 August 2010				
HIV/Aids Policy	4 August 2010				
Internal Bursary	4 August 2010				
Occupational Health And Safety	4 August 2010				
Incapacity due to Poor Work Performance	4 August 2010				
Sexual Harassment Policy	4 August 2010				
Incapacity: Due to Ill Health/Injury Policy	4 August 2010				
Private Work and Declaration of Interests	4 August 2010				

Approved policies					
Name of policy	Date approved				
Overtime Policy	31 May 2012				
Proposed Scares Skills Policy	31 May 2012				
Employee Assistance Policy	31 May 2012				
Employment Policy	29 February 2012				
Remuneration Policy	To be developed				
Training and Development Policy	To be developed				
Personnel Protective Equipment Policy	To be developed				
Time and Attendance Policy	Developed				

4.3 CAPACITATING THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE

Section 68(1) of the MSA states that a municipality must develop its human resource capacity to a level that enables it to perform its functions and exercise its powers in an economical, effective, efficient and accountable way. For this purpose the human resource capacity of a municipality must comply with the Skills Development Act (SDA), 1998 (Act No. 81 of 1998), and the Skills Development Levies Act, 20 1999 (Act No. 28 of 1999).

4.3.1 Skills Matrix

The table below indicates the number of employees that received training in the year under review:

Management level	Gender	Number of employees identified for training at start of the year	Number of Employees that received training
MM and S57	Female	0	0
	Male	1	0
Legislators, senior	Female	5	3
officials and managers	Male	9	3
Professionals	Female	10	11
Professionals	Male	7	3
Associate professionals	Female	7	1
and Technicians	Male	23	11
	Female	46	19
Clerks	Male	21	10
Service and sales	Female	23	10
workers	Male	35	33
Craft and related trade	Female	0	0
workers	Male	26	8
Plant and machine	Female	1	1
operators and assemblers	Male	36	20
Elementary	Female	33	11
occupations	Male	129	51

Management level	Gender	Number of employees identified for training at start of the year	Number of Employees that received training		
Sub total	Female	125	56		
	Male	287	139		
Total	1	412	195		
Note: The reason why the figures differ from those in table 63 is due to the fact that some employees that have been identified for training are being identified for more than one training/workshop/skills course. In some instances the employees that are attending					

learnerships are also booked for a skills course

4.3.2 Skills Development – Training Provided

The Skills Development Act (1998) and the Municipal Systems Act, (2000), require employers to supply employees with the necessary training in order to develop its human resource capacity. Section 55(1)(f) states that as head of administration the Municipal Manager is responsible for the management, utilization and training of staff.

			Training provided within the reporting period							
Occupational categories	Gender	Number of employees as at the beginning of the financial		Learner ships		Skills programmes & other short courses		Total		
		year	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	% achieved	
MM and S57	Female	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	
	Male	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	
Legislators,	Female	11	0	0	3	5	3	5	60	
senior officials and managers	Male	30	0	0	3	7	3	7	42.86	
Drofossianala	Female	19	1	1	10	9	11	10	110	
Professionals	Male	9	1	2	2	6	3	8	37.5	
Technicians	Female	7	0	1	1	6	1	7	14.29	
and associate professionals	Male	25	4	5	7	18	11	23	47.83	
Clarks	Female	62	8	7	11	39	19	46	41	
Clerks	Male	25	4	4	5	17	9	21	42.86	
Service and	Female	30	5	1	5	17	10	18	55.56	
sales workers	Male	39	9	8	24	32	33	40	82.5	
Craft and	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	
related trade workers	Male	30	2	6	6	20	8	26	30.77	
Plant and	Female	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
machine operators and assemblers	Male	41	5	5	15	31	20	36	55.56	
Elementary	Female	59	3	6	10	31	13	37	35.4	
occupations	Male	193	32	30	19	97	51	127	40.16	
Sub total	Female	190	17	16	40	108	57	124	45.97	

			Training provided within the reporting period						
Occupational categories Gender	Number of employees as at the beginning of the financial	Learner ships		Skills programmes & other short courses		Total			
	year	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	% achieved	
	Male	396	57	60	81	228	138	288	44.44
Total		586	74	76	121	336	198	412	47.3

Skills Development

4.3.3 Skills Development – Budget Allocation

The table below indicates that a total amount of R 565 883 were allocated to the workplace skills plan and that 98.8% of the total amount was spent in the 2017/18 financial year:

Total workplace skills plan budget	Total Allocated	Total Spend	% Spend
R 1 225 000	R 565 883	R 565 9125.53	98.8%

4.3.4 Employee Performance Rewards

In accordance with regulation 32, a performance bonus, based on affordability, may be paid to an employee, after -

- The annual report for the financial year under review has been tabled and adopted by the municipal council;
- an evaluation of performance in accordance with the provisions of regulation 23; and
- approval of such evaluation by the municipal council as a reward for outstanding performance.
- The evaluation of the performance of Section 57 managers forms the basis for rewarding outstanding performance.

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The table below shows the total number of Section 57 employees that received performance rewards during the 2017/18 financial year.

Race	Gender	Number of beneficiaries	Total number of employees received performance rewards	% Employees received performance rewards
African	Female	0	0	0%
Airican	Male	1	1	100%
Asian	Female	0	0	0%
Asian	Male	0	0	0%
Coloured	Female	1	1	100%
Coloured	Male	1	1	100%
\A/bite	Female	0	0	0%
White	Male	2	2	100%
Disability	Female	0	0	0%
	Male	0	0	0%
Total		5	5	100%

4.4 MANAGING THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE EXPENDITURE

Section 66 of the MSA states that the accounting officer of a municipality must report to the Council on all expenditure incurred by the municipality on staff salaries, wages, allowances and benefits. This is in line with the requirements of the Public Service Regulations, (2002), as well as National Treasury Budget and Reporting Regulations SA22 and SA23.

4.4.1 Personnel Expenditure

The percentage personnel expenditure is essential in the budgeting process as it reflects on current and future efficiency. The table below indicates the percentage of the municipal budget that was spent on salaries and allowance for the past three financial years and that the municipality is well below the national norm of between 35 to 40%:

Financial year	Total Expenditure salary and allowances	Total Operating Expenditure	Percentage
	R'000	R'000	%
2015/16	120 121	451 210	26.6
2016/17	132 456	455 063	29.1
2017/18	157 403	563 945	27.9

Below is a summary of Councillor and staff benefits for the year under review:

Financial year	2016/17	2017/18					
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual			
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000			
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other)							
Allowance	8,595	7 196	7 196	7 006			
Pension Contributions	1	1 003	1 003	1 018			
Medical Aid Contributions	98	201	201	137			
Motor vehicle allowance	0	651	651	0			
Cell phone allowance	85	556	556	934			
Housing allowance	0	425	425	73			
Other benefits or allowances	0	50	50	1			
In-kind benefits	0						
Sub Total - Councillors	8 780	10 083	10 083	9 170			
% increase/ (decrease)	1.4			3.3%			
Senior Managers o	of the Municip	ality					
Salary	3 899	4 260	4 184	4 112			
Pension Contributions	705	683	683	534			
Medical Aid Contributions	98	131	131	104			
Motor vehicle allowance	902	0	0	0			
Cell phone allowance	26	64	64	26			
Housing allowance	53	138	138	0			
Performance Bonus	730	805	805	642			

Financial year	2016/17		2017/18		
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Other benefits or allowances	149	1 124	1 066	1 576	
In-kind benefits					
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Municipality	6 562	7 205	7 071	6 993	
% increase/ (decrease)	6.57%			6.6%	
Other Municipal Staff					
Basic Salaries and Wages	79 483	100 678	97 385	91 894	
Pension Contributions	12 445	14 443	14 424	13 253	
Medical Aid Contributions	5 855	6 806	6 806	6 648	
Motor vehicle allowance	4 368	0	0	0	
Cell phone allowance		378	395	497	
Housing allowance	1 314	1 490	1 629	1 446	
Overtime	8 642	7 667	8 565	10 227	
Other benefits or allowances	14 232	19 922	19 092	21 503	
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff	126 494	151 385	153 849	150 411	
% increase/ (decrease)	10.12%			18.9%	
Total Municipality	133 056	163 628	160 920	157 404	
% increase/ (decrease)	9.93%			18.3%	

4.5 MFMA COMPETENCIES

In terms of Section 83 (1) of the MFMA, the accounting officer, senior managers, the chief financial officer, and other financial officials of a municipality must meet the prescribed financial management competency levels that are key to the successful implementation of the Municipal Finance Management Act. National Treasury has prescribed such financial management competencies in Government Notice 493 dated 15 June 2007.

To assist the above-mentioned officials to acquire the prescribed financial competencies, National Treasury, with the collaboration of various stakeholders and role players in the local government sphere, developed an outcomes-based NQF Level 6 qualification in municipal finance management. In terms of the Government Notice 493 of 15 June 2007, "(1) No municipality or municipal entity may, with effect 1 January 2013 (exempted until 30 September 2015 as per Government Notice 179 of 14 March 2014), employ a person as a financial official if that person does not meet the competency levels prescribed for the relevant position in terms of these Regulations."

The table below provides details of the financial competency development progress as required by the regulation:

	Financial Compe	tency Development:	Progress Report						
Description	Total number of officials employed by municipality (Regulation 14(4)(a) and (c))	employed assessments p nicipality completed c ulation (Regulation B		Total number of officials that meet prescribed competency levels (Regulation 14(4)(e))					
		Financial Officials							
Accounting Officer	1	1	1	1					
Chief Financial Officer	1	1	1	1					
Senior Managers	3	3	3	3					
Any other financial officials	3	3	3	3					
	Supply Chain Management Officials								
Heads of supply chain management units	1	1	1	1					
Total	9	9	9	9					

CHAPTER 5 – FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

COMPONENT A: STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Statement of financial performance provides an overview of the financial performance of the municipality and focuses on the financial health of the municipality.

5.1 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The table below indicates the summary of the financial performance for the 2017/18 financial year:

	Financial Sumr	nary				R' 000	
	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 Variance		
Description	Actual (Audited Outcome)	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjustments Budget	
	AA	AH	AG	AF			
Financial Performance							
Property rates	59 649	64 943	64 943	63 835	(1,71)	(1,71)	
Service charges	286 621	302 714	308 414	306 170	1,14	(0,73)	
Investment revenue	8 512	4 565	4 565	8 122	77,90	77,90	
Transfers recognised - operational	102 518	97 846	99 019	93 967	(3,96)	(5,10)	
Other own revenue	100 598	42 703	48 693	57 834	35,43	18,77	
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	557 898	512 772	525 634	529 928	3,35	0,82	
Employee costs	140 550	158 054	153 063	153 006	(3,19)	(0,04)	
Remuneration of councillors	8 780	10 083	10 083	9 170	(9,05)	(9,05)	
Depreciation & asset impairment	26 143	46 045	45 345	28 498	(38,11)	(37,15)	
Finance charges	17 573	10 708	15 464	15 374	43,57	(0,58)	
Materials and bulk purchases	181 325	183 215	182 906	179 705	(1,92)	(1,75)	
Transfers and grants	25 615	15 763	17 209	13 920	(11,69)	(19,11)	
Other expenditure	113 446	124 161	193 562	123 279	(0,71)	(36,31)	
Total Expenditure	513 432	548 029	617 632	522 953	(4,58)	(15,33)	
Surplus/(Deficit)	44 466	(35 257)	(91 998)	6 975	(119,78)	(107,58)	
Transfers recognised - capital	38 768	63 230	35 284	34 481	(45,47)	(2,27)	
Contributions recognised - capital & contributed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	83 234	27 973	(56 714)	41 456	48,20	(173,10)	
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate					-	-	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	83 234	27 973	(56 714)	41 456	48,20	(173,10)	
Capital expenditure & funds sources							
Capital expenditure							
Transfers recognised - capital	36 225	46 818	31 066	63 809	36,29	105,40	
Public contributions & donations					-	-	
Borrowing		2 500	-		(100,00)	-	
Internally generated funds	22 558	33 929	35 151	-	(100,00)	(100,00)	
Total sources of capital funds	58 783	83 247	66 217	63 809	(23,35)	(3,64)	

	Financial Sum	iidiy				R' 00	
	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 Variance		
Description	Actual (Audited Outcome)	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjustments Budget	
	AA	AH	AG	AF			
Financial position							
Total current assets	152 161	128 678	131 864	181 010	40,67	37,2	
Total non current assets	875 033	868 750	868 062	905 197	4,20	4,2	
Total current liabilities	74 827	55 551	58 049	80 893	45,62	39,3	
Total non current liabilities	153 138	159 348	159 348	157 917	(0,90)	(0,90	
Community wealth/Equity	799 229	782 529	782 529	847 397	8,29	8,29	
Cash flows							
Net cash from (used) operating	47 548	69 050	68 362	84 220	21,97	23,20	
Net cash from (used) investing	(58 751)	(69 728)	(69 040)	(60 251)	(13,59)	(12,73	
Net cash from (used) financing	(9 504)	(9 736)	(9 736)	(2 796)	(71,28)	(71,28	
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	76 333	52 699	52 699	97 506	85,02	85,02	
Cash backing/surplus reconciliation							
Cash and investments available	76 333	52 699	55 885	97 506	85,02	74,48	
Application of cash and investments	165 683	(12 003)	(12 878)	178 170	(1 584,38)	(1 483,51	
Balance - surplus (shortfall)	(89 350)	64 702	68 763	(80 664)	(224,67)	(217,31	
Asset management							
Asset register summary (WDV)	808 011	845 212	828 883	843 227	(0,23)	1,73	
Depreciation & asset impairment	26 143	46 045	45 345	28 498	(38,11)	(37,15	
Renewal of Existing Assets	4 011	5 073	7 753	7 132	40,61	(8,00	
Repairs and Maintenance	23 001	24 432	22 197	-	(100,00)	(100,00	
Free services							
Cost of Free Basic Services provided	20 324	22 762	23 798	17 392	(23,59)	(26,92	
Revenue cost of free services provided	22 122	28 227	22 527	20 598	(27,03)	(8,56	
Households below minimum service level							
Water:	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Sanitation/sewerage:	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Energy:	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Refuse:	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Variances are calculated by dividing the difference be	etween actual and original	/adjustments b	oudget by the a	ctual. This tab	le is aligned		
to MBRR table A1						T5.1.	

The table below shows a summary of performance against budgets:

Financial	Revenue excluding capital transfers		rs	Operating expenditure				
Year	Budget	Actual	Diff.		Budget	Actual	Diff.	0/
		(R'000)		%		(R'000)		%
2016/17	499 785	557 898	58 113	11,63	525 012	513 432	11 580	2,21
2017/18	525 634	529 928	4 293	0,82	617 632	522 953	94 679	15,33

5.1.1 Revenue collection by vote

The table below indicates the Revenue collection performance by vote:

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	Variance		
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget		
		(R'000)			(%)			
Vote1 - Executive and Council	263	780	780	1 464	87,65	87,65		
Vote2 - Budget and Treasury Office	80 324	74 640	81 334	83 282	11,58	2,40		
Vote3 - Corporate Services	15 120	577	577	1 434	148,43	148,43		
Vote4 - Planning and Development	1 309	2 052	1 522	1 300	(36,66)	(14,60)		
Vote5 - Public Safety	18 910	19 231	18 230	26 460	37,59	45,15		
Vote6 - Health	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Vote7 - Community and Social Services	71 561	81 848	81 273	80 810	(1,27)	(0,57)		
Vote8 - Sports and Recreation	22 976	8 638	9 038	7 617	(11,83)	(15,73)		
Vote9 - Housing	24 611	18 008	19 253	13 006	(27,77)	(32,45)		
Vote10 - Waste Management	22 144	23 077	25 577	25 943	12,42	1,43		
Vote11 - Road Transport	60 771	10 693	4 188	4 098	(61,68)	(2,14)		
Vote12 - Waste Water Management	30 417	42 102	36 376	42 027	(0,18)	15,54		
Vote13 - Water	40 582	74 964	61 379	67 545	(9,90)	10,05		
Vote14 - Electricity	221 653	219 380	221 380	211 203	(3,73)	(4,60)		
Vote15 - Environmental Management	367	11	11	2	(84,29)	(84,29)		
Total Revenue by Vote	611 009	576 002	560 918	566 192	(1,70)	0,94		

5.1.2 Revenue collection by Source

The table below indicates the Revenue collection performance by source for the 2017/18 financial year:

l Budget 000) 64 943 1 512 219 007 41 086 20 933 21 689 - 9 650 4 565 2 55	Adjusted Budget 64 943 1 512 221 007 41 486 21 733 24 189 - 9 650 4 565	26 997 23 384 - 5 990	Original Budget (%) (1,71) (55,61) (3,95) 10,57 28,97 7,82 - (37,93) 77,90	(55,61) (4,82) 9,50 24,22 (3,32) - (37,93)
64 943 1 512 219 007 41 086 20 933 21 689 - 9 650 4 565	1 512 221 007 41 486 21 733 24 189 - 9 650 4 565	671 210 359 45 429 26 997 23 384 	(1,71) (55,61) (3,95) 10,57 28,97 7,82 - (37,93)	(55,61) (4,82) 9,50 24,22 (3,32) - (37,93)
1 512 219 007 41 086 20 933 21 689 - 9 650 4 565	1 512 221 007 41 486 21 733 24 189 - 9 650 4 565	671 210 359 45 429 26 997 23 384 	(55,61) (3,95) 10,57 28,97 7,82 - (37,93)	24,22 (3,32) - (37,93)
219 007 41 086 20 933 21 689 - 9 650 4 565	221 007 41 486 21 733 24 189 - 9 650 4 565	210 359 45 429 26 997 23 384 	(3,95) 10,57 28,97 7,82 - (37,93)	(4,82) 9,50 24,22 (3,32) - (37,93)
41 086 20 933 21 689 - 9 650 4 565	41 486 21 733 24 189 - 9 650 4 565	45 429 26 997 23 384 - 5 990	10,57 28,97 7,82 - (37,93)	9,50 24,22 (3,32) - (37,93)
20 933 21 689 - 9 650 4 565	21 733 24 189 - 9 650 4 565	26 997 23 384 5 990	28,97 7,82 - (37,93)	24,22 (3,32) - (37,93)
21 689 - 9 650 4 565	24 189 - 9 650 4 565	23 384 - 5 990	7,82 - (37,93)	(3,32) - (37,93)
- 9 650 4 565	9 650 4 565	- 5 990	(37,93)	(37,93)
4 565	4 565		(37,93)	(:)
4 565	4 565		,	(:)
		8 122	77 00	77.00
0 505		1 0 122	11,50	77,90
8 565	8 565	10 373	21,10	21,10
-	-	-	-	-
13 941	13 941	21 993	57,75	57,75
150	149	1 164	675,27	683,09
4 618	4 618	3 586	(22,34)	(22,34)
97 846	99 019	93 967	(3,96)	(5,10)
4 266	10 257	14 057	229,48	37,04
_	-	-	-	-
			2.25	0,82
	4 266	4 266 10 257 	4 266 10 257 14 057 	4 266 10 257 14 057 229,48

5.1.3 Operational Services Performance

	Actual AA 20 399 25 189 201 062 39 799 27 456 313 905 4 625 17 098 21 724	Original Budget AH 26 880 23 755 205 576 36 775 18 003 310 989 5 319 22 126 27 445	Adjustments Budget AG 60 735 34 871 205 321 55 583 19 465 375 975 6 261 23 743 30 003	Actual AF 28 024 24 415 199 513 40 485 16 465 308 901 6 054 21 319 27 373	Original Budget (4,25) (2,78) (2,78) (2,95 (10,09) (10,09) (10,09) (13,82) (13,82) (3,65	29,99 2,83 27,16 15,41 17,84 3,30
Waste Water (Sanitation) Electricity Waste Management Housing Component A: sub-total Waste Water (Stormwater Drainage) Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	20 399 25 189 201 062 39 799 27 456 313 905 4 625 17 098	26 880 23 755 205 576 36 775 18 003 310 989 5 319 22 126	60 735 34 871 205 321 55 583 19 465 375 975 6 261 23 743	28 024 24 415 199 513 40 485 16 465 308 901 6 054 21 319	(2,78) 2,95 (10,09) 8,54 0,67 (13,82) 3,65 —	53,86 29,99 2,83 27,16 15,41 17,84 3,30 10,21
Water Waste Water (Sanitation) Electricity Waste Management Housing Component A: sub-total Waste Water (Stormwater Drainage) Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	25 189 201 062 39 799 27 456 313 905 4 625 17 098	23 755 205 576 36 775 18 003 310 989 5 319 22 126	34 871 205 321 55 583 19 465 375 975 6 261 23 743	24 415 199 513 40 485 16 465 308 901 6 054 21 319	(2,78) 2,95 (10,09) 8,54 0,67 (13,82) 3,65 —	29,99 2,83 27,16 15,41 17,84 3,30
Waste Water (Sanitation) Electricity Waste Management Housing Component A: sub-total Waste Water (Stormwater Drainage) Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	25 189 201 062 39 799 27 456 313 905 4 625 17 098	23 755 205 576 36 775 18 003 310 989 5 319 22 126	34 871 205 321 55 583 19 465 375 975 6 261 23 743	24 415 199 513 40 485 16 465 308 901 6 054 21 319	(2,78) 2,95 (10,09) 8,54 0,67 (13,82) 3,65 —	29,99 2,83 27,16 15,41 17,84 3,30
Electricity Waste Management Housing Component A: sub-total Waste Water (Stormwater Drainage) Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	201 062 39 799 27 456 313 905 4 625 17 098	205 576 36 775 18 003 310 989 5 319 22 126	205 321 55 583 19 465 375 975 6 261 23 743	199 513 40 485 16 465 308 901 6 054 21 319	2,95 (10,09) 8,54 0,67 (13,82) 3,65 —	2,83 27,16 15,41 17,84 3,30
Waste Management Housing Component A: sub-total Waste Water (Stormwater Drainage) Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	39 799 27 456 313 905 4 625 17 098	36 775 18 003 310 989 5 319 22 126	55 583 19 465 375 975 6 261 23 743	40 485 16 465 308 901 6 054 21 319	(10,09) 8,54 0,67 (13,82) 3,65 –	27,16 15,41 17,84 3,30
Housing	27 456 313 905 4 625 17 098	18 003 310 989 5 319 22 126	19 465 375 975 6 261 23 743	16 465 308 901 6 054 21 319	8,54 0,67 (13,82) 3,65 –	15,41 17,84 3,30
Component A: sub-total Waste Water (Stormwater Drainage) Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	313 905 4 625 17 098	310 989 5 319 22 126	375 975 6 261 23 743	308 901 6 054 21 319	0,67 (13,82) 3,65 –	17,84 3,30
Waste Water (Stormwater Drainage) Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	4 625 17 098	5 319 22 126	6 261 23 743	6 054 21 319	(13,82) 3,65 –	3,30
Roads Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	17 098	22 126	23 743	21 319	3,65	- ,
Transport Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development					-	10,21
Component B: sub-total Planning Local Economic Development	21 724	27 445	30 003	07 070	-	-
Planning Local Economic Development	21 724	27 445	30 003	07 070		
Local Economic Development				21 31 3	0,26	8,77
					-	-
Component B: sub total					-	-
					-	-
Planning	1 035	3 440	2 890	2 605	24,27	9,86
Local Economic Development	1 826	4 267	4 409	3 681	13,72	16,51
Component B: sub-total	2 861	7 707	7 299	6 286	18,43	13,88
Planning (Strategic & Regulatory)	15 833	17 989	18 563	16 709	7,12	9,99
Enviromental Proctection	1 675	1 657	1 706	1 314	20,69	22,97
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and Safety	29 466	28 892	38 538	37 023	(28,14)	3,93
Sport and Recreation	18 212	25 546	26 005	23 566	7,75	9,38
Corporate Policy Offices and Other	109 757	127 803	119 542	101 781	20,36	14,86
Component D: sub-total	174 943	201 887	204 355	180 393	10,65	11,73
Total Expenditure for the year	513 432	548 029	617 632	522 953	4,58	15,33

The table below indicates the Operational services performance for the 2017/18 financial year:

The bulk of the municipality's expenditure is spent on basic service delivery functions such as electricity, water, waste water management and waste management.

5.2 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE PER MUNICIPAL FUNCTION

The tables below show the financial performance according to municipal functions:

5.2.1 Executive and council

	2016/17	2016/17 2017/18				2017/18 Variance	
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Executive and Council							
Total Operational Revenue	202	780	780	543	0	0	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(10 121)	(6 969)	(6 961)	(7 659)	(9,90)	(10,02)	
Repairs and Maintenance	(44)	(15)	(9)	(0)	98,86	98,13	
Other	(15 320)	(18 376)	(18 356)	(15 328)	16,58	16,49	
Total Operational Expenditure	(25 485)	(25 360)	(25 327)	(22 987)	9,36	9,24	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(25 283)	(24 580)	(24 546)	(22 444)	8,69	8,56	

5.2.2 Budget and Treasury Office

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	2017/18 Variance	
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Budget and Treasury Office							
Total Operational Revenue	80 324	74 640	81 334	83 282	(11,58)	(2,40)	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(12 679)	(23 986)	(18 095)	(15 106)	37,02	16,52	
Repairs and Maintenance	(89)	(42)	(57)	(26)	39,27	55,16	
Other	(17 454)	(24 408)	(22 142)	(12 002)	50,83	45,80	
Total Operational Expenditure	(30 222)	(48 436)	(40 295)	(27 134)	43,98	32,66	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	50 102	26 203	41 039	56 149	(114,28)	(36,82)	

5.2.3 Corporate Services

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	2017/18 Variance	
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Corporate Services							
Total Operational Revenue	839	577	577	212	63,34	63,34	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(18 389)	(14 924)	(14 931)	(17 670)	(18,40)	(18,34)	
Repairs and Maintenance	(1 155)	(950)	(429)	(362)	61,90	15,61	
Other	(17 054)	(19 173)	(20 700)	(17 372)	9,39	16,08	
Total Operational Expenditure	(36 598)	(35 046)	(36 059)	(35 403)	(1,02)	1,82	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(35 760)	(34 469)	(35 482)	(35 192)	(2,10)	0,82	

5.2.4 Community and Social Services

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	2017/18 Variance	
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Community and Social Services							
Total Operational Revenue	71 561	81 848	81 273	80 812	1,27	0,57	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(14 976)	(22 039)	(22 104)	(21 329)	3,22	3,50	
Repairs and Maintenance	(1 017)	(508)	(550)	(494)	2,86	10,19	
Other	(5 182)	(6 672)	(6 455)	(4 020)	39,76	37,73	
Total Operational Expenditure	(21 176)	(29 220)	(29 109)	(25 843)	11,56	11,22	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	50 386	52 628	52 164	54 969	(4,45)	(5,38)	

5.2.5 Sport and Recreation

	2016/17		2017/18 Variance				
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Sport and Recreation							
Total Operational Revenue	22 976	8 638	9 038	7 600	12,03	15,92	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(13 395)	(16 102)	(15 471)	(14 447)	10,27	6,62	
Repairs and Maintenance	(1 377)	(540)	(719)	(571)	(5,78)	20,51	
Other	(5 749)	(8 904)	(9 815)	(8 547)	4,01	12,92	
Total Operational Expenditure	(20 521)	(25 546)	(26 005)	(23 566)	7,75	9,38	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	2 455	(16 907)	(16 967)	(15 966)	5,57	5,90	

5.2.6 Public Safety

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	2017/18 Variance	
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Public Safety							
Total Operational Revenue	18 910	19 231	18 230	26 641	(38,53)	(46,14)	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(10 286)	(14 510)	(16 257)	(16 733)	(15,32)	(2,93)	
Repairs and Maintenance	(498)	(584)	(891)	(637)	(9,17)	28,51	
Other	(18 682)	(17 431)	(25 054)	(23 203)	(33,12)	7,39	
Total Operational Expenditure	(29 466)	(32 525)	(42 201)	(40 574)	(24,75)	3,86	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(10 556)	(13 293)	(23 972)	(13 933)	(4,81)	41,88	

5.2.7 Housing

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 Variance		
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Housing							
Total Operational Revenue	24 611	18 008	19 253	13 006	27,77	32,45	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(2 315)	(2 970)	(2 707)	(2 882)	2,98	(6,46)	
Repairs and Maintenance	(185)	(338)	(348)	(258)	23,46	25,66	
Other	(24 956)	(14 695)	(16 410)	(13 325)	9,32	18,80	
Total Operational Expenditure	(27 456)	(18 003)	(19 465)	(16 465)	8,54	15,41	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(2 845)	5	(212)	(3 459)	67 376,14	(1 532,53)	

5.2.8 Planning and Development

	2016/17	2016/17 2017/18			2017/18 Variance		
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Planning and Development							
Total Operational Revenue	1 309	2 052	1 522	1 300	36,66	14,60	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(7 454)	(7 809)	(7 220)	(6 912)	11,49	4,26	
Repairs and Maintenance	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	(2 083)	(1 091)	(1 171)	(1 325)	(21,43)	(13,15)	
Total Operational Expenditure	(9 541)	(8 900)	(8 391)	(8 237)	7,45	1,83	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(8 232)	(6 848)	(6 869)	(6 937)	(1,30)	(1,00)	

5.2.9 Road Transport

	2016/17		2017/18 Variance			
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget
		(R'000)			(%)	
Road Transport						
Total Operational Revenue	60 771	10 693	4 188	4 189	60,82	(0,04)
Expenditure:						
Employees	(6 706)	(5 029)	(5 029)	(4 735)	5,86	5,86
Repairs and Maintenance	(7 206)	(7 452)	(7 198)	(7 105)	4,66	1,29
Other	(6 252)	(9 645)	(11 516)	(9 480)	1,72	17,68
Total Operational Expenditure	(20 164)	(22 126)	(23 743)	(21 319)	3,65	10,21
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	40 608	(11 433)	(19 555)	(17 130)	(49,82)	12,40

5.2.10 Environmental Protection

	2016/17	2016/17 2017/18			2017/18 Variance		
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
		(R'000)			(%)		
Environmental Protection							
Total Operational Revenue	367	11	11	2	84,29	84,29	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(845)	(1 248)	(1 248)	(1 084)	13,19	13,19	
Repairs and Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	(830)	(409)	(458)	(230)	43,60	49,64	
Total Operational Expenditure	(1 675)	(1 657)	(1 706)	(1 314)	20,69	22,97	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(1 308)	(1 646)	(1 695)	(1 313)	20,26	22,56	

5.2.11 Electricity

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 Variance	
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget
		(R'000)			(%)	
Electricity						
Total Operational Revenue	221 653	219 380	221 380	211 203	3,73	4,60
Expenditure:						
Employees	(8 900)	(11 087)	(11 019)	(11 696)	(5,50)	(6,15)
Repairs and Maintenance	(4 094)	(2 918)	(1 641)	(1 577)	45,97	3,90
Other	(188 069)	(194 475)	(195 222)	(187 862)	3,40	3,77
Total Operational Expenditure	(201 062)	(208 480)	(207 881)	(201 135)	3,52	3,25
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	20 591	10 900	13 499	10 068	7,63	25,41

5.2.12 Water

	2016/17		2017/18 Variance				
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget	
	(R'000)				(%)		
Water							
Total Operational Revenue	40 582	74 964	61 379	67 545	9,90	(10,05)	
Expenditure:							
Employees	(6 076)	(6 810)	(6 810)	(6 430)	5,59	5,59	
Repairs and Maintenance	(2 229)	(2 470)	(2 955)	(2 877)	(16,48)	2,62	
Other	(12 148)	(17 600)	(50 969)	(18 716)	(6,34)	63,28	
Total Operational Expenditure	(20 453)	(26 880)	(60 735)	(28 024)	(4,25)	53,86	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	20 129	48 083	644	39 522	17,81	(6 036,29)	

5.2.13 Waste Water Management

	2016/17		2017/18 Variance			
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget
		(R'000)			(%)	
Waste Water Management						
Total Operational Revenue	30 417	42 102	36 376	42 108	(0,02)	(15,76)
Expenditure:						
Employees	(10 471)	(11 221)	(11 861)	(12 363)	(10,18)	(4,24)
Repairs and Maintenance	(4 771)	(4 045)	(4 609)	(4 523)	(11,82)	1,87
Other	(14 573)	(13 808)	(24 662)	(13 583)	1,63	44,93
Total Operational Expenditure	(29 814)	(29 074)	(41 132)	(30 469)	(4,80)	25,92
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	603	13 028	(4 756)	11 640	10,66	344,73

5.2.14 Waste Management

	2016/17		2017/18 Variance			
Vote Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust-ments Budget
		(R'000)			(%)	
Waste Management						
Total Operational Revenue	22 144	23 077	25 577	25 965	(12,52)	(1,52)
Expenditure:						
Employees	(11 976)	(13 348)	(13 350)	(13 960)	(4,59)	(4,57)
Repairs and Maintenance	(333)	(379)	(584)	(456)	(20,28)	21,82
Other	(27 490)	(23 048)	(41 649)	(26 068)	(13,10)	37,41
Total Operational Expenditure	(39 799)	(36 775)	(55 583)	(40 485)	(10,09)	27,16
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(17 655)	(13 698)	(30 006)	(14 519)	(5,99)	51,61

5.3 GRANTS

5.3.1 Grant Performance

The table below indicates the grant performance for the 2017/18 financial year:

	2015/16	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	Variance
Description	Actual	Actual	Original Budget	Adjustments Budget	Actual	Original Budget (%)	Adjustments Budget (%)
National Government:	80 443	89 476	109 558	93 481	93 066	15,05	0,4
Equitable share	54 850	59 734	70 412	70 412	70 412	-	-
Municipal Systems Improvement	860	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Water Affairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other transfers/grants [insert description]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Management Grant	1 240	1 609	1 550	1 638	1 150	25,81	29,7
Transformation Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	19 116	21 879	8 670	6 686	6 686	22,88	0,0
Housing	-	-	27 441	13 261	13 325	51,44	(0,4
INEP	3 362	4 917	-	-	1	-	-
Rural Development	74	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expanded Public Works	941	1 336	1 485	1 485	1 493		
Neighbourhood Development Plan		-	_	-	-	-	-
Provincial Government:	43 114	45 124	51 518	40 421	35 382	31,32	12,4
Health subsidy]	-	_	-	-	-	-
Housing	27 008	31 960	41 960	30 361	26 813	36,10	11,6
Regional Social Economic Project	_	-	1 000	-	1	99,93	-
Sports and Recreation		-	_	-	-	_	-
Municipal Infrastructure Support		-	_	462	288	-	37,6
Library Services	7 862	9 301	8 050	8 474	8 050	0,00	5,0
CDW	66	66	148	148	110	25,57	25,5
Mainroads	3 772	120	120	120	120	-	-
Draught Relief	4 043	2 405	_	_	_	-	-
Municipal Infrastructure Support Grant	151	1 187	_	_	_	_	-
Finance Management Support Grant	-	85	240	856	-	100,00	100,0
Multipurpose Centre	211	_	_	-	-	-	
District Municipality:		_	_	400	_	_	100,0
Water & Sanitation Informal Area		-	-	-	_	-	
Housing Consumer Education Training		_	-	_	_	-	-
Sport and Recreation		-	-	400	-	-	100,0
Solid Waste		_	-	_	_	-	-
Other grant providers:	5 060	6 427	7	2 809	3 963	(53 209,17)	(41 ,1
Belgium & China	1 729	831	-		-		,-
VAT on Grants	3 331	5 597	7	2 809	3 963	(53 209,17)	(41,1
otal Operating Transfers and Grants	128 616	141 027	161 083	137 111	132 412	17,80	3,4

The table below indicates the projects implemented under MIG funding for the past 3 years:

Droject Name	Buc	lget (VAT excl) 'C	000	Comments
Project Name	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Comments
Vredebes bulk water supply	4 756	6 997	6 796	
Vredebes bulk sanitation	4 671	2 018	6 674	Provision of bulk and
Vredebes Access Collector		3 252	2 272	external services for the Vredebes subsidised
Vredebes Bulk Storm water		270		housing project.
Vredebes Bus Routes		77		
Wolseley bulk water supply	2 662			Project Completed
Bella Vista bulk water supply		5 168	4 191	Provision of bulk and
Bella Vista bulk sanitation	3 463	1 378		external services for the
Bella Vista bulk storm water	3 389	1 547		Bella Vista subsidised housing project.
Streetlights for housing projects	88	909		Project Completed
Project Management Unit	75	216	11	

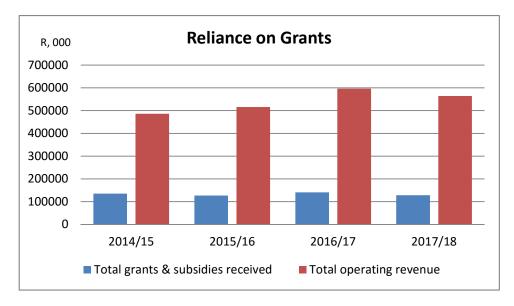
The table below indicates the projects implemented under Human Settlements funding for the past 3 years:

Project Name	Budget (VAT excl) '000			Comments
FIOJECT Name	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	Comments
Vredebes (605 serviced sites)	22 811			Completed
Vredebes (635 serviced sites)			7 155	In progress
Vredebes Bulk Sanitation	3 149	5 606	2 708	Completed
Vredebes Bulk Water			4 305	Completed
Nduli Planning		260		In progress
Bella Vista (services)	1 049	2 089		Completed
Bella Vista (308 units)		23 813	12 464	In progress
Op-Die-Berg (Transfers)		129	118	Completed
Tulbagh EHP Erf 2885		62		Completed

5.3.2 Level of Reliance on Grants & Subsidies

	Total grants	Total		
Financial year	and subsidies	Operating	Percentage	
	received	Revenue		
	(R'((%)		
2016/17	141 286	596 666	23,68%	
2017/18	128 449	564 409	22,76%	

The following graph indicates the municipality's reliance on grants for the last two financial years



Witzenberg Municipality is reliant on grants. Without the grants the Municipality would not have been in a position to upgrade infrastructure.

5.4 ASSET MANAGEMENT

The responsibility for asset management lies with both finance and the different functional/departmental managers. The Finance section is responsible for the record keeping and reporting on the assets, whereas the functional managers are responsible for the physical safeguarding of assets, the maintenance, acquisition and disposal of assets.

It is of utmost importance that these two functional areas communicate on a regular basis regarding all movement of assets. Especially in respect of the annual assets count, where information regarding the existence, condition and useful lives regarding assets is reviewed and reported on.

The implementation of GRAP (accounting standard for municipalities) remains a challenge to the Municipality due to the cost and time factors.

Asset 1				
Name	A - Vredebes Housing			
Description				
Asset Type	Infrastructure			
Key Staff Involved	Relevant Line manager, Project Supply Chain Management	Management, Budget Office &		
Staff Responsibilities	Line Manager identify the need f specifications required for SCM. Project Manager manage the im sets the Cash flow for the project basis on the stage of completion Budget Office identifies the ava it that the project is approved an Budget. Supply Chain,with the s Project Manager, draft the requi see to it that the procuremt proc complied with in obtaining the ne	plementation of the project, et and reports on a monthly h/performance of the project. ilable Capital Funds and see to id placed on the Capital upport of the Line Manager & red Tender Docurement and edures and regulations are		
	2016/17	2017/18		
Asset Value				
Capital Implications	R 32 2	R 32 244 819		
Future Purpose of Asset Describe Key Issues	New Housing Development in Vred	debes		
Policies in Place to Manage Asset	Delegations & Asset Management	Policy		

5.4.1 Treatment of the Three Largest Assets

Asset 2						
Name	B -Rehabilitation - Streets Tulbagh	B -Rehabilitation - Streets Tulbagh				
Description						
Asset Type	Infrastructure					
Key Staff Involved	Relevant Line manager, Project Management, Budget Office & Supply Chain Management					
Staff Responsibilities	Cash flow for the project and repo stage of completion/performance	ementation of the project, sets the orts on a monthly basis on the of the project. Budget Office nds and see to it that the project is al Budget. Supply Chain, with the oject Manager, draft the required that the procuremt procedures				
	2016/17	2017/18				
Asset Value						
Capital Implications	R 4 0	R 4 050 953				
Future Purpose of Asset	New Housing Development in Bell	New Housing Development in Bella Vista				
Describe Key Issues						
Policies in Place to Manage Asset	Delegations & Asset Management	Policy				

Asset 3				
Name	C - Bella Vista Bulk Water	C - Bella Vista Bulk Water		
Description				
Asset Type	Infrastructure			
Key Staff Involved	Relevant Line manager, Project Ma Supply Chain Management	anagement, Budget Office &		
Staff Responsibilities	Line Manager identify the need for the project and sets out the specifications required for SCM. Project Manager manage the implementation of the project, sets the Cash flow for the project and reports on a monthly basis on the stage of completion/performance of the project. Budget Office identifies the available Capital Funds and see to it that the project is approved and placed on the Capital Budget. Supply Chain,with the support of the Line Manager & Project Manager, draft the required Tender Docurement and see to it that the procedures and regulations are complied with in obtaining the necessary goods and services.			
	2016/17	2017/18		
Asset Value				
Capital Implications	R 4 19	R 4 191 042		
Future Purpose of Asset	Improved Electrical Infrastructure	Improved Electrical Infrastructure		
Describe Key Issues				
Policies in Place to Manage Asset	Delegations & Asset Management	Policy		

5.4.2 Repairs and Maintenance

Repair and Maintenance Expenditure: 2017/18						
R' 000						
	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual	Budget variance		
Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	20 241	19 988	18 886	6,69		
				T5.3.4		

The future expenditure on repairs and maintenance needs to be expanded to ensure that assets are maintained in a condition that is conducive for service delivery.

5.5 FINANCIAL RATIOS BASED ON KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

5.5.1 Liquidity Ratio

	Basis of calculation 2015/2016		2016/2017	2017/2018
Description		Audited outcome	Audited outcome	Pre-audit outcome
Current Ratio	Current Assets/Current Liabilities	1,60	2,03	2,24
Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors	Current assets less debtors > 90 days/current liabilities	1,45	1,98	2,18
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary Assets/Current Liabilities	0,98	1,02	1,21

Current Ratio:

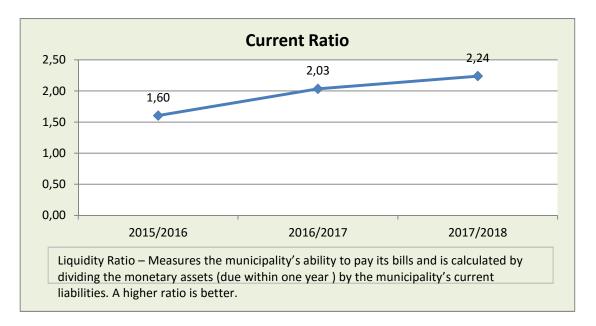
Financial year	Net current assets Net current liabilities		Ratio
	(R)		
2015/2016	159 081	99 218	1,60
2016/2017	152 161	74 827	2,03
2017/2018	181 010	80 893	2,24

Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors:

Financial year	Net current assets Iiabilities (R)		Ratio
2015/2016	144 027	99 218	1,45
2016/2017	147 872	74 827	1,98
2017/2018	176 720	80 893	2,18

Liquidity Ratio:

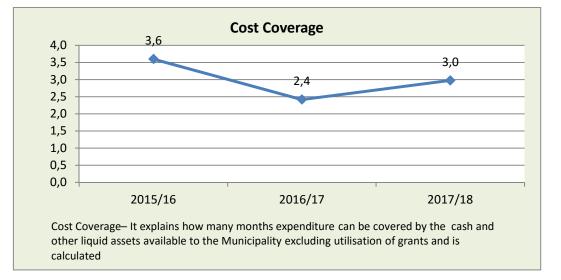
Financial year	Monetary Assets	Net current liabilities	Ratio
	(R)		
2015/2016	97 040	99 218	0,98
2016/2017	76 333	74 827	1,02
2017/2018	97 506	80 893	1,21

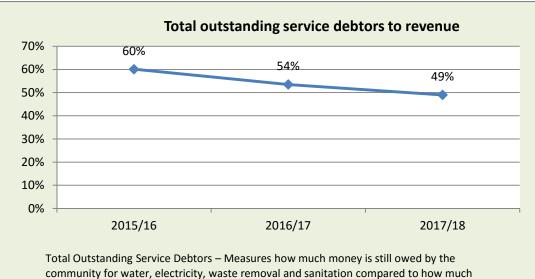


The current ratio and the current ratio adjusted for aged debt are the same as the debtors per the statement of financial performance and have already been impaired (reduced with the doubtful debt).

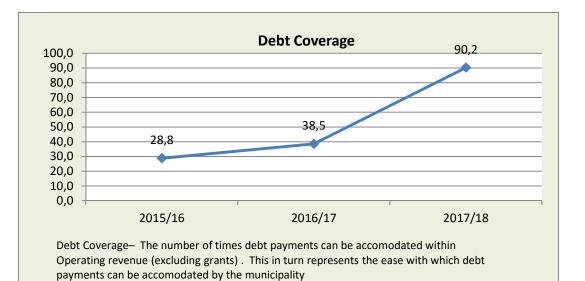
5.5.2 IDP Regulation Financial Viability Indicators

		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Description	Basis of calculation	Audited	Audited	Pre-audit
		outcome	outcome	outcome
Cost coverage	(Available cash + Investments)/monthly fixed operational expenditure	3,6	2,4	3,0
Debt coverage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt service payments due within financial year)	28,8	38,5	90,2
O/S Service Debtors to Revenue	Total outstanding service debtors/annual revenue received for services	60%	54%	49%





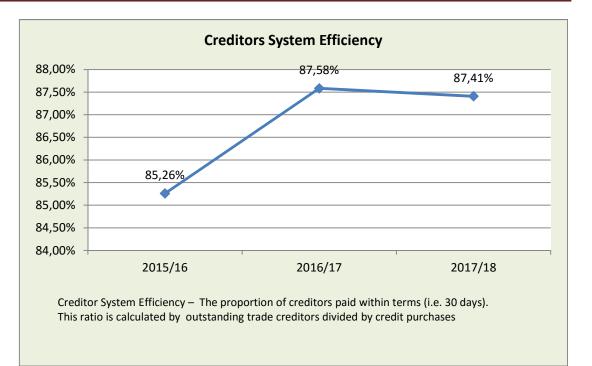
community for water, electricity, waste removal and sanitation compared to how much money has been paid for these services. It is calculated by dividing the total outstanding debtors by the total annual revenue. A lower score is better.



5.5.3 Creditors Management

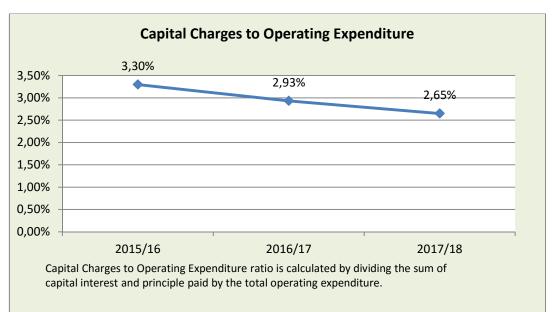
	Basis of	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Description	calculation	Audited outcome	Audited outcome	Pre-audit outcome
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within Terms (within`MFMA' s 65(e))	85,26%	87,58%	87,41%

The following graph indicates the percentage of all creditors paid within terms:



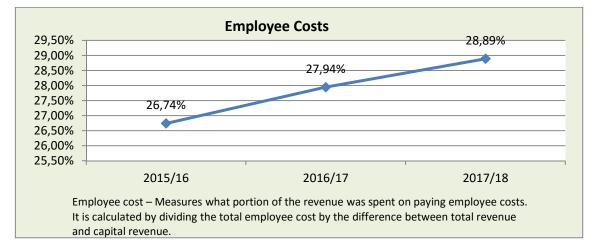
5.5.4 Borrowing Management

		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Description	Basis of calculation	Audited outcome	Audited outcome	Pre-audit outcome
	Interest & Principal Paid /Operating Expenditure	3,30%	2,93%	2,65%



5.5.5 Employee costs

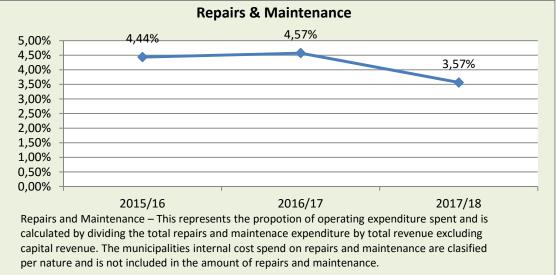
		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Description	Basis of calculation	Audited outcome	Audited outcome	Pre-audit outcome
Employee costs	Employee costs/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	26,74%	27,94%	28,89%



5.5.6 Repairs & Maintenance

		2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Description	Basis of calculation	Audited outcome	Audited outcome	Pre-audit outcome
		Outcome	outcome	Outcome
Repairs & Maintenance	R&M/(Total Revenue excluding capital	4,44%	4,57%	3,57%
	revenue)			

The expenditure on repairs and maintenance are below the required standard. The financial position of the municipality must improve to make more funds available for this very important expense item.



COMPONENT B: SPENDING AGAINST CAPITAL BUDGET

5.6 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

R million	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Un-audited Full Year Total	Original Budget variance	Adjusted Budget Variance
Capital Expenditure	83 247	66 217	63 809	23,3%	3,6%
Operating Expenditure	548 029	617 632	522 953	4,6%	15,3%
Total expenditure	631 276	683 849	586 762	7,1%	14,2%

5.7 SOURCES OF FINANCE

The table below indicates the capital expenditure by funding source for the 2017/18 financial year:

	Capital Expe	enditure - Fun	ding Sources	to 2017/18		
						R' 00
				2017/18		
Details	Actual	Original	Adjustment	Actual	OB to AB	Actual to OB
Details	2016/17	Budget (OB)	Budget (AB)		Variance (%)	Variance (%)
Source of finance						
External loans	-	2 500	-	-	100,00	-
Public contributions and						
donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants and subsidies	36 225	46 818	31 066	32 038	31,57	(3,13
Other	22 558	33 929	35 151	31 771	6,36	9,62
Total	58 783	83 247	66 217	63 809	23,35%	3,64%
Percentage of finance						
External loans	0,0%	3,0%	0,0%	0,0%		
Public contributions and						
donations	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%		
Grants and subsidies	61,6%	56,2%	46,9%	50,2%		
Other	38,4%	40,8%	53,1%	49,8%		
Capital expenditure						
Water and sanitation	40 958	47 526	37 751	37 300	21,52%	1,19%
Electricity	6 847	2 350	4 742	7 162	-204,76%	-51,04%
Housing	-	200	359	359		
Roads and storm water	7 297	20 880	11 109	11 000	47,32%	0,98%
Other	3 681	12 291	12 257	7 988	35,01%	34,83%
Total	58 783	83 247	66 217	63 809	23,35%	3,64%
Percentage of expenditure						
Water and sanitation	69,7%	57,1%	57,0%	58,5%		
Electricity	11,6%	2,8%	7,2%	11,2%		
Housing	0,0%	0,2%	0,5%	0,6%		
Roads and storm water	12,4%	25,1%	16,8%	17,2%		
Other	6,3%	14,8%	18,5%	12,5%		
!	,		· · · ·	,		T5.6.1

5.8 CAPITAL SPENDING ON FIVE LARGETS PROJECTS

FIDECUS WITH THE HIghest capital experior under 11 2017/10.	Projects with the highe	est capital expenditure	e in 2017/18:
---	-------------------------	-------------------------	---------------

Capital Expenditure of 5 largest projects*					
R' 000					
Current Year: 2017/18 Variance Current Year: 201			nt Year: 2017/18		
Name of Project	Original Budget	Adjustment	Actual	Original Variance	Adjustment
		Budget	Expenditure	(%)	variance (%)
A - Vredebes Housing	44 783	32 453	32 245	28%	28%
B -Rehabilitation - Streets Tulbagh	4 200	4 156	4 051	4%	1%
C - Bella Vista Bulk Water	2 442	4 191	4 191	-72%	-72%
D- Vehicle Replacement Programme	2 600	2 626	2 626	-1%	-1%
E - Replacement outdated switchgear and R	1 000	2 428	2 428	-143%	-143%
* Projects with the highest capital expenditu	re in Year 1				

Name of Project - A	A - Vredebes Housing
Objective of Project	The Provision of Basic Services
Delays	
Future Challenges	The Cost of Planned & Unplanned Repairs & Maintenance to ensure the standard of service is maintained
Anticipated citizen benefits	Improved Basic Services and Quality Of Life

Name of Project - B	B -Rehabilitation - Streets Tulbagh
Objective of Project	The Provision of Basic Services
Delays	
Future Challenges	The Cost of Planned & Unplanned Repairs & Maintenance to ensure the standard of service is maintained
Anticipated citizen benefits	Improved Basic Services and Quality Of Life

Name of Project - C	C - Bella Vista Bulk Water
Objective of Project	The Provision of Basic Road Services
Delays	
Future Challenges	The Cost of Planned & Unplanned Repairs & Maintenance to ensure the standard of service is maintained
Anticipated citizen benefits	Improved Basic Services and Quality Of Life

Name of Project - D	D- Vehicle Replacement Programme
Objective of Project	Replacement of Old Vehicles
Delays	
Future Challenges	The Cost of Planned & Unplanned Repairs & Maintenance to ensure the standard of service is maintained
Anticipated citizen benefits	Improved Basic Services and Quality Of Life

Name of Project - E	E - Replacement outdated switchgear and RMU's
Objective of Project	The Provision of Basic Electric Services
Delays	
Future Challenges	The Cost of Planned & Unplanned Repairs & Maintenance to ensure the standard of service is maintained
Anticipated citizen benefits	Improved Basic Services and Quality Of Life

5.9 BASIC SERVICE AND INFRASTRUCTURE BACKLOGS OVERVIEW

All the residents in the urban areas have access to minimum basic services. Some areas still need to be upgraded to waterborne sewerage systems. Housing delivery is still a challenge, although it is a function

of the Provincial Government. Service delivery to informal areas needs to be improved, serviced plots might be the only solution.

5.9.1 Service Backlogs

Service Backlogs as at 30 June 2018					
				Households (HHs)	
	*Service level above minimun standard **Service level below minir			w minimun standard	
	No. HHs	% HHs	No. HHs	% HHs	
Water	12553	100%	0	0%	
Sanitation	12603	100%	0	0%	
Electricity	13508	100%	0	0%	
Waste management	12140	100%	0	0%	
Housing	14322	88%	1945	12%	
% HHs are the service above/below minimum starndard as a proportion of total HHs. 'Housing'					
refrs to * formal and ** i	T5.8.2				

	Budget	Adjust- ments	Actual	Varia	nce
Details		Budget		Budget	Adjust- ments Budget
Infrastructure - Road transport	3 130	2 273	2 273	-37,69%	-0,02%
Roads, Pavements & Bridges	3 130	2 273	2 273	-37,69%	-0,02%
Storm water	-	-	_		
Infrastructure - Electricity	877	-	-		
Generation	-	-	-		
Transmission & Reticulation	-	-	-		
Street Lighting	877	-	-		
Infrastructure - Water	9 212	10 987	10 983	16,12%	-0,04%
Dams & Reservoirs	-	-	-		
Water purification	-	-	-		
Reticulation	9 212	10 987	10 983	16,12%	-0,04%
Infrastructure - Sanitation	6 253	6 674	6 674	6,32%	0,00%
Reticulation	6 253	6 674	6 674	6,32%	0,00%
Sewerage purification	-	_	-		
Infrastructure - Other	-	-	-		
Waste Management	-	_	-		
Transportation	-	_	_		
Gas	-	_	-		
Other Specify:	25	11	11	-120,28%	0,00%
Sport Facilities Wolseley	-	-	-		
Pine Valle Hall	-	-	-		
Project Management Equipment	25	11	11	-120,28%	0,00%
Operating Expenditure	-	-	-		
Total	19 496	19 946	19 941	2,23%	-0,03%

5.9.2 Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)

* MIG is a government grant program designed to fund a reduction in service backlogs, mainly: Water; Sanitation; Roads; Electricity. Expenditure on new, upgraded and renewed infrastructure is set out at Appendix M; note also the calculation of the variation. Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between actual and original/adjustments budget by the actual.

COMPONENT C: CASHFLOW MANAGEMENT AND INVESTMENTS

Cash flow budgeting and management is of the utmost importance to ensure sufficient cash to meet obligations.

5.10 CASH FLOW

Cash Flow Outcomes				
	2016/17		urrent Year: 2017/1	R'000
Description				
	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Ratepayers and other	342 088	362 290	362 290	373 577
Government - operating	102 518	134 809	134 809	93 967
Government - capital	28 759	51 580	52 947	34 777
Interest	17 780	9 954	9 954	19 166
Dividends				
Payments				
Suppliers and employees	(425 700)	(476 993)	(479 047)	(421 892
Finance charges	(16 957)	(11 710)	(11 710)	(15 374
Transfers and Grants	(941)	(881)	(881)	-
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	47 548	69 050	68 362	84 220
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Proceeds on disposal of PPE	3 037	-	-	3 558
Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors	7	-	-	-
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables		-	-	
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	-	-	-	-
Payments				
Capital assets	(61 795)	(67 697)	(74 125)	(63 809
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(58 751)	(67 697)	(74 125)	(60 251
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Short term loans	-			-
Borrowing long term/refinancing				
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	449	-	-	1 021
Payments				
Repayment of borrowing	(9 952)	(9 736)	(9 736)	(3 818
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(9 504)	(9 736)	(9 736)	(2 796
	(00	(0.000)	(IF 100)	
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	(20 707)	(8 382)		21 173
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	97 040	63 113	63 113	76 333
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	76 333	54 731	47 614	97 506
Source: MBRR SA7				T5.9

5.11 GROSS OUTSTANDING DEBTORS PER SERVICE

Financial year	Datas	Trading services	Economic services		Other	Total
	Rates -	(Electricity and Water)	(Sanitation and Refuse)	Housing rentals	Other	Total
	(R'000)					
2016/17	23 224	97 302	52 373	1 236	5 301	179 436
2017/18	23 714	108 878	64 128	1 483	3 733	201 937
Difference	489	11 577	11 755	248	(1 567)	22 501
% growth year on year	2%	12%	22%	20%	-30%	13%

Note: Figures excludes provision for bad debt

5.12 TOTAL DEBTORS AGE ANALYSIS

Financial year	Less than 30 days	Between 30-60 days	Between 60-90 days	More than 90 days	Total
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
2016/17	48 178	4 034	3 293	123 930	179 436
2017/18	49 671	4 301	2 888	145 078	201 937
Difference	1 493	267	(405)	21 147	22 501
% growth year on year	3%	7%	-12%	17%	13%

Note: Figures excludes provision for bad debt

The Auditor-General of South Africa has, in its report on the 2017/2018 financial statements of the Municipal Council, has emphasised the material impairment of R 0 million of receivables from exchange transactions and R 0 million of receivables from non-exchange transactions.

The gross outstanding service debtors in total increased with 14.8% in relation to the 2016/2017 financial year.

The leading contributors to the outstanding debt are water at 33.3% and sanitation and refuse at 31.6%.

The effective implementation of the Credit Control Policy in areas where Eskom is a supplier of electricity is playing a major role in the escalation of the service debtors. Council has approved that prepaid water meters be installed in these areas which will assist in the recouping of the service charges.

The majority of households are working in the Agricultural sector which has been adversely affected by strikes and drought not only impacting negatively on the income potential of the breadwinners but also on the Municipal coffers.

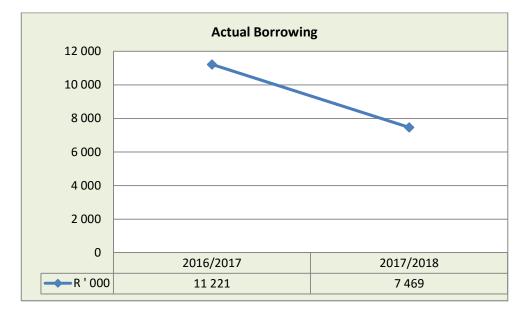
Concerted efforts are being made, inter alia through our service provider to recover debts older than 90 days which constitutes 71.4% of total outstanding debt.

5.13 BORROWINGS AND INVESTMENT

5.13.1 Actual Borrowings

Instrument	2016/2017	2017/2018	
instrument	R'000		
Long(Term Loans (annuity/reducing balance)	11 221	7 469	
Long(Term Loans (non(annuity)	0	0	
Local registered stock	0	0	
Instalment Credit	0	0	
Financial Leases	0	0	
PPP liabilities	0	0	
Finance Granted By Cap Equipment Supplier	0	0	
Marketable Bonds	0	0	
Non(Marketable Bonds	0	0	
Bankers Acceptances	0	0	
Financial derivatives	0	0	
Other Securities	0	0	
Municipality Total	11 221	7 469	

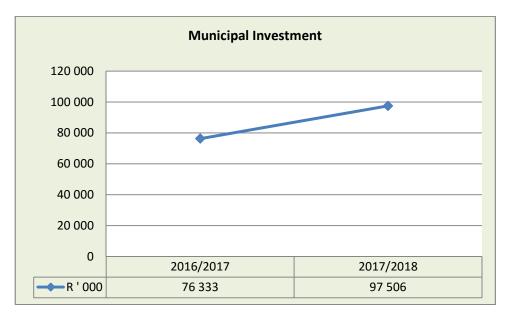
The following graph shows the municipal actual borrowings for the past two years:



5.13.2 Municipal Investments

Investment type	2016/2017	2017/2018
Investment type	R'000	R'000
Securities (National Government	-	-
Listed Corporate Bonds	-	-
Deposits (Bank	76 333	97 506
Deposits (Public Investment Commissioners	-	-
Deposits (Corporation for Public Deposits	-	-
Bankers Acceptance Certificates	-	-
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (Banks	-	-
Guaranteed Endowment Policies (sinking)	-	-
Repurchase Agreements (Banks	-	-
Municipal Bonds	-	-
Other	-	-
Municipality Total	76 333	97 506

Witzenberg Municipality needs to increase the available investments in order to be financially more viable. This can only be achieved if the payment for rates and taxes improve.



COMPONENT D: OTHER FINANCIAL MATTERS

5.14 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Witzenberg Municipality implemented policies and practices in compliance with the guidelines stipulated by the SCM Regulations 2005. No councillors are members of any committees handling supply chain processes.

5.15 GRAP COMPLIANCE

GRAP is the acronym for Generally Recognized Accounting Practice and it provides the accounting standards by which municipalities are required to maintain their financial accounts. Successful GRAP compliance will ensure that municipal accounts are comparable and more informative for the municipality. It will also ensure that the municipality is more accountable to its citizens and other stakeholders.

CHAPTER 6 – AUDITOR-GENERAL AUDIT FINDINGS

COMPONENT A: AUDITOR-GENERAL OPINION 2017/18

6.1 AUDITOR-GENERAL REPORTS 2016/17

Auditor-General Report on Financial Performance 2016/17					
Status of the audit report:	Unqualified				
Issue raised	Corrective step implemented				
Emphasis of	matter:				
Material imp	airments				
As disclosed in notes 3 to the financial statements, the municipality has provided for the impairment of receivables from exchange transactions amounting to R129,4 million (2015-16: R106,3 million)	A report will be submitted to Council to consider the write off of irrecoverable debt.				
As disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements, the municipality has provided for impairment of receivables from non-exchange transactions amounting to R54,4 million (2015-16: R38,9 million).	New service provider appointed for the collection of traffic fines				
Restatement of corre	sponding figures				
As disclosed in note 36 to the financial statements, the corresponding figures for 30 June 2016 have been restated as a result of errors discovered during 2016-17 in the financial statements of the municipality for the year ended 30 June 2016.	None				

6.2 AUDITOR-GENERAL REPORTS 2017/18 (to be completed)

Auditor-General Report on Financial Performance 2017/18					
Status of the audit report:	Unqualified				
Issue raised	Corrective step implemented				
Emphasis of	Emphasis of matter:				
Material impairments					
Restatement of corresponding figures					

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AG	Auditor-General	ММС	Member of the Mayoral Committee
CAPEX	Capital Expenditure	MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
СВР	Community Based Planning	ММ	Municipal Manager
CFO	Chief Financial Officer	MRF	Material Recovery Facilities
DPLG	Department of Provincial and Local Government	MSA	Municipal Systems Act No. 32 of 2000
DWA	Department of Water Affairs	MTECH	Medium Term Expenditure Committee
EE	Employment Equity	NGO	Non-governmental organisation
GAMAP	Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice	NT	National Treasury
GRAP	Generally Recognised Accounting Practice	OPEX	Operating expenditure
HR	Human Resources	PMS	Performance Management System
IDP	Integrated Development Plan	РРР	Public Private Partnership
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards	РТ	Provincial Treasury
IMFO	Institute for Municipal Finance Officers	SALGA	South African Local Government Organisation
КРА	Key Performance Area	SAMDI	South African Management Development Institute
КРІ	Key Performance Indicator	SCM	Supply Chain Management
LED	Local Economic Development	SDBIP	Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan
MAYCO	Executive Mayoral Committee	SDF	Spatial Development Framework
MFMA	Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003)		

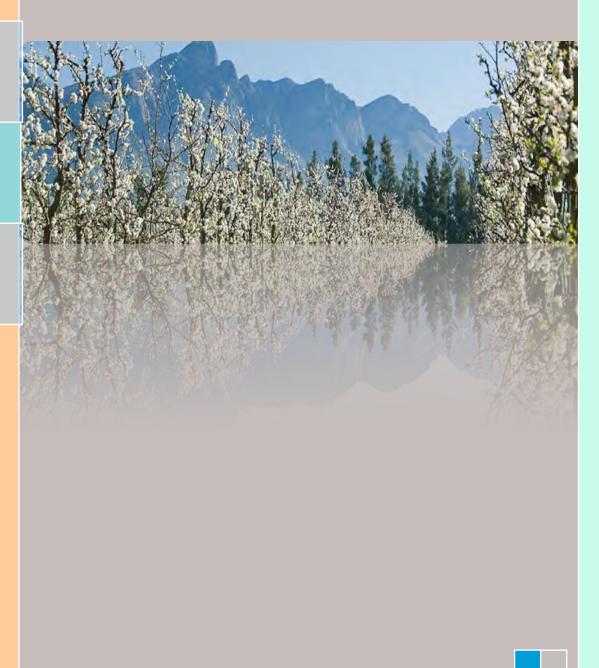
ANNEXURE A: AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





Annual Financial Statements

30 June 2018



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

GENERAL INFORMATION

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Witzenberg Municipality is a local municipality performing the functions as set out in Part B of Schedules 4 & 5 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. (Act No. 108 of 1996)

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN AND LEGAL FORM

South African Category B Municipality (Local Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act. (Act no 117 of 1998)

JURISDICTION

The Witzenberg Municipality includes the following areas:

Ceres Op-die-Berg Prince Alfred's Hamlet Tulbagh Wolseley

MUNICIPAL MANAGER

D Nasson

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

HJ Kritzinger

REGISTERED OFFICE

50 Voortrekker Street, Ceres, 6835

AUDITORS

Auditor-General South Africa

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Standard Bank, Ceres First National Bank

RELEVANT LEGISLATION

The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Municipal Finance Management Act (Act no 56 of 2003) Division of Revenue Act The Income Tax Act Value Added Tax Act Municipal Structures Act (Act no 117 of 1998) Municipal Systems Act (Act no 32 of 2000) Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations Water Services Act (Act no 108 of 1997) Housing Act (Act no 107 of 1997) Municipal Property Rates Act (Act no 6 of 2004), as amended Electricity Act (Act no 41 of 1987) Skills Development Levies Act (Act no 9 of 1999) Employment Equity Act (Act no 55 of 1998) Unemployment Insurance Act (Act no 30 of 1966) Basic Conditions of Employment Act (Act no 75 of 1997) Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005 **Collective Agreements** SALBC Leave Regulations Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act Workman's Compensation Act

COUNCILLORS OF THE WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY

Position Executive Mayor Deputy Executive Mayor Speaker Member of Mayoral Committee Member of Mayoral Committee Member of Mayoral Committee Member of Mayoral Committee Ordinary Councillor Ordinary Councillor	Surname Klaasen, BC Adams, K Godden, TT Sidego, EM Alderman Smit, HJ Visagie, JJ Abrahams, T Kinnear, D Laban, G Alderman Schuurman, J W Phungula, JT Jacobs, DM Herandien, P Simpson, RJ Mzauziwa, Z Phatsoane, N Lottering, C Swart, D Daniels, P Visagie, H	Party DA DA DA DA DA DA DA DA WA ANC ANC EFF ICOSA ANC DA ANC DA DA DA DA DA DA	Seat type PR Ward 6 PR Ward 11 Ward 5 Ward 4 PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR PR
Ordinary Councillor	Visagie, H	ANC	Ward 8
Ordinary Councillor	Hugo, SJ		Ward 9
Ordinary Councillor	Mgoboza, TP	ANC	Ward 10
Ordinary Councillor	Mdala, M	ANC	Ward 12

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements, in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality.

I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors as disclosed in the notes of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

D Nasson Accounting Officer

23/11/2018 Date

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
ASSETS			
Current Assets		181 019 792	152 160 761
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	97 505 902	76 333 137
Trade and other Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3	51 223 415	50 267 611
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	4	11 158 768	8 085 294
Inventory	5	11 401 816	9 347 496
Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	6	2 379 679	2 262 670
VAT Receivable (net)	7	7 350 212	5 864 553
Non-Current Assets		905 212 128	875 033 256
Property, Plant and Equipment	8	843 242 421	808 010 681
Intangible Assets	9	2 649 745	2 506 094
Investment Property	10	45 659 838	47 880 986
Heritage assets	11	550 000	550 000
Operating Lease Asset	12	5 095	9 947
Capitalised Restoration Cost	13	13 105 029	16 075 548
Total Assets		1 086 231 920	1 027 194 017
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities		80 894 509	75 063 732
Trade and Other Payable Exchange Transactions	14	44 888 334	44 691 288
Consumer Deposits	15	6 418 394	5 395 421
Current Employee benefits	16	19 695 805	17 446 827
Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	6	5 750 092	2 601 158
Unspent Public Contributions	17	1 865 504	975 236
Current Portion of Borrowings	18	2 276 380	3 953 802
Non-Current Liabilities		157 916 726	152 901 542
Borrowings	18	5 192 288	7 266 733
Non-Current Provisions	19	71 466 568	70 249 120
Employee benefits	20	81 257 870	75 385 689
Total Liabilities		238 811 235	227 965 274
Net Assets		847 420 685	799 228 743
Capital Replacement Reserve	21	10 354 788	10 354 788
Accumulated Surplus		837 065 896	788 873 955
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		1 086 231 920	1 027 194 017

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	2018 (Actual)	2017 (Restated)	2017 Correction of error	2017 (Previously reported)
REVENUE		R	R	R	R
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions		220 379 722	276 395 283	911 994	275 483 289
Taxation Revenue		64 506 631	61 101 436		61 101 436
	22				
Property rates Property Rates - penalties imposed and collection charges	22	63 835 379 671 252	59 649 031 1 452 405	-	59 649 031 1 452 405
Transfer Revenue		155 873 091	215 293 847	911 994	214 381 853
Fines		-	-	(19 242 291)	19 242 291
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits		22 001 770	18 923 441	18 923 441	-
Licences or Permits Surcharges and Taxes		1 164 358 3 963 004	141 796	141 796	-
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	23	34 481 262	38 768 028		38 768 028
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	23	93 967 249	102 517 686	1 089 048	101 428 638
Public Contributions and Donations		295 448	54 942 896	-	54 942 896
Revenue from Exchange Transactions		344 029 088	320 270 681	(141 796)	320 412 477
Service Charges	24	306 169 572	286 621 189		286 621 189
Rental of Facilities and Equipment	24		- 200 021 109	(8 176 974)	8 176 974
Rental from Fixed Assets		5 989 524	5 625 637	5 625 637	-
Interest earned - External investments		8 121 547	8 511 695	-	8 511 695
Interest Income and Dividends		10 372 977	7 816 318	-	7 816 318
Licences and Permits		-	-	(141 796)	141 796
Agency Services		3 586 464	4 352 440	-	4 352 440
Other Income		-	-	(4 792 065)	4 792 065
Operational Revenue	25	4 576 453	759 653	759 653	-
Sales of Goods and Rendering of services	26	5 212 551	6 583 749	6 583 749	-
Total Revenue		564 408 810	596 665 964	770 198	595 895 766
EXPENDITURE					
Employee related costs	27	152 397 783	140 549 644	7 217 082	133 332 562
Remuneration of Councillors	28	9 170 071	8 779 575	-	8 779 575
Impairment	29	39 571 146	36 798 779	(910 694)	37 709 473
Inventory Consumed		15 173 256	16 767 107	16 767 107	-
Operational Cost	35	31 552 357	28 421 287	28 421 287	-
Collection Costs	30	- 28 698 573	- 26 142 546	(773 248)	773 248 26 142 546
Depreciation and Amortisation Repairs and Maintenance	30	20 090 5/3	20 142 540	- (23 000 709)	23 000 709
Unamortised Discount - Interest paid		-	-	(615 809)	615 809
Finance Charges	32	15 675 980	17 572 906	615 809	16 957 097
Bulk Purchases	33	179 705 387	181 325 287	2 122 483	179 202 804
Contracted Services		36 100 762	30 676 812	(11 192 340)	41 869 152
Grants and Subsidies			-	(941 038)	941 038
General Expenses Transfers and Subsidies: Operational Expenditure	34	13 920 192	(0) 25 615 338	(43 760 685) 25 615 338	43 464 693
Rent on Land	04	25 833	-	-	-
Operating Leases		855 912	782 317	782 317	-
Total Expenditure		522 847 253	513 431 599	346 901	512 788 706
Gain / (loss) on disposal of assets		(1 088 526)	228 298	(3 545)	231 843
(Impairment loss) / Reversal of impairment loss	31	(1 088 520) (20 192)	(137 679)	(0 040)	(137 679)
Gain / (loss) on Adjustment of Provision		5 184 679	-	-	-
Inventories: (Write-down) / Reversal of write-down Gain / (loss) on Actuarial Valuations	20	274 2 554 149	- 14 114 503	-	- 14 114 503
NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	20	48 191 941	97 439 487	419 752	97 315 727
NET SURFLUS FOR THE TEAK		40 191 941	31 433 401	419/02	91 313 121

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	Capital Replacement Reserve	Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	Total
		R	R	R
Balance at 1 JULY 2016 Correction of error		9 548 191	692 241 066	701 789 257
Restated Balance at 1 JULY 2016 Contribution to Capital Replacement Reserve Property, Plant and Equipment purchased Restated Net Surplus for the year		9 548 191 23 364 843 (22 558 245)	692 241 066 (23 364 843) 22 558 245 97 439 487	701 789 257 - - 97 439 487
Balance at 30 JUNE 2017 Transfers to/from Accumulated Property, Plant and Equipment purchased Net Surplus for the year		10 354 789 25 706 031 (25 706 031)	788 873 955 (25 706 031) 25 706 031 48 191 941	799 228 744 - - 48 191 941
Balance at 30 JUNE 2018		10 354 789	837 065 896	847 420 685

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Notes	30 JUNE 2018 R	30 JUNE 2017 R
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Taxation Sales of goods and services Government Grants Interest	37	63 592 093 308 615 009 132 666 152 19 165 776	59 159 651 282 432 830 131 812 374 17 780 418
Payments			
Employee costs Suppliers Finance charges	32	(141 722 476) (282 663 051) (15 675 980)	(129 866 784) (296 822 535) (16 957 097)
Cash generated by operations	37	83 977 523	47 538 857
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Purchase of Intangible Assets Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed Assets Increase/(Decrease) in Long-term Receivables Net Cash from Investing Activities CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Loans repaid Increase in Consumer Deposits Net Cash from Financing Activities	8 9 	(63 612 665) (187 741) 3 790 327 - (60 010 079) (3 817 652) 1 022 973 (2 794 679)	(61 843 086) - 3 093 713 7 495 (58 741 878) (9 952 289) 448 719 (9 503 570)
	_	(2.00.000)	(0 000 0.0)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	=	21 172 765	(20 706 591)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	2	76 333 137 97 505 902	97 039 728 76 333 137
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	=	21 172 765	(20 706 591)

STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Actual 2018 R	Approved budget 2018 R	Adjustments 2018 R	Final budget 2018 R	Difference between final budget and	Actual 2017 R
Operating Revenue						
Property rates	63 835 379	64 943 191		64 943 191	-2%	59 649 031
Property Rates - penalties imposed and collection charges	671 252	1 512 000	(1 512 000)	-	-100%	1 452 405
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	22 001 770	14 668 122	-	14 668 122	50%	18 923 441
Licences or Permits	1 164 358	150 188	(1 500)	148 688	683%	141 796
Surcharges and Taxes	3 963 004	7 434	2 801 072	2 808 506	41%	-
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capita	34 481 262	63 229 578	(27 945 969)	35 283 609	-2%	38 768 028
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	93 967 249	97 846 421	1 172 631	99 019 052	-5%	102 517 686
Public Contributions and Donations	295 448	-	-	-	0%	54 942 896
Service Charges	306 169 572	302 714 081	5 700 000	308 414 081	-1%	286 621 189
Rental from Fixed Assets	5 989 524	9 650 377 4 565 157	-	9 650 377 4 565 157	-38%	5 625 637 8 511 695
Interest earned - External investments	8 121 547 10 372 977	8 583 973	-	10 095 973	78%	
Interest Income and Dividends	3 586 464	4 617 957	1 512 000	4 617 957	3% -22%	7 816 318 4 352 440
Agency Services	4 576 453	1 036 302	3 190 000	4 226 302	-22 %	759 653
Operational Revenue Sales of Goods and Rendering of services	5 212 551	2 476 977	3 190 000	2 476 977	110%	6 583 749
-			-			
Total revenue	564 408 810	576 001 758	(15 083 766)	560 917 992	-0.6%	596 665 964
Operating Expenditure						
Employee related costs	152 397 783	158 053 672	(4 990 817)	153 062 855	0.4%	140 549 644
Remuneration of Councillors	9 170 071	10 082 934	-	10 082 934	9.1%	8 779 575
Impairment	39 571 146	27 092 430	12 500 000	39 592 430	0.1%	36 798 779
Bad Debts Written Off			55 003 500	55 003 500	100.0%	
Inventory Consumed	15 173 256	18 522 735	(246 054)	18 276 681	17.0%	16 767 107
Operational Cost	31 552 357	36 714 478	490 533	37 205 011	15.2%	28 421 287
Depreciation and Amortisation	28 698 573	46 045 465	(700 000)	45 345 465	36.7%	26 142 546
Finance Charges	15 675 980	10 707 895	4 756 000	15 463 895	-1.4%	17 572 906
Bulk Purchases	179 705 387	183 215 265	(308 920)	182 906 345	1.8%	181 325 287
Contracted Services	36 100 762	38 605 232	2 963 515	41 568 747	13.2%	30 676 812
Transfers and Subsidies: Operational Expenditure	13 920 192	15 762 921	1 445 609	17 208 530	19.1%	25 615 338
Rent on Land	25 833	20 000	11 000	31 000	16.7%	-
Operating Leases	855 912	3 205 780	(1 321 258)	1 884 522	54.6%	782 317
Total expenditure	522 847 253	548 028 807	69 603 108	617 631 915	15.3%	513 431 599
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	41 561 557	27 972 951	(84 686 874)	(56 713 923)	173.3%	83 234 365
Operating expenditure by vote						
Budget & Treasury Office	27 288 152	48 436 450	(8 141 436)	40 295 014	32.3%	31 905 693
Civil Services	99 007 864	92 729 443	64 720 084	157 449 527	37.1%	107 163 793
Community & Social Services	27 148 871	30 877 066	(62 056)	30 815 010	11.9%	26 784 842
Corporate Services	35 206 004	35 046 208	1 013 152	36 059 360	2.4%	34 221 320
Electro Technical Services	201 132 100	208 479 599	(598 500)	207 881 099	3.2%	202 333 897
Executive & Council	22 987 249	25 360 353	(33 799)	25 326 554	9.2%	23 025 003
Housing	16 465 027	18 002 758	1 462 278	19 465 036	15.4%	27 456 019
Planning	8 318 208	8 900 154	(509 404)	8 390 750	0.9%	7 539 676
Public Safety	40 440 006	32 524 542	9 676 953	42 201 495	4.2%	32 530 809
Sport & Recreation	44 853 772	47 672 234	2 075 836	49 748 070	9.8%	20 470 545
Total operating expenditure by vote	522 847 253	548 028 807	69 603 108	617 631 915	15.35%	513 431 597
Capital expenditure by vote						
Budget & Treasury Office	214 797	180 000	299 719	479 719	55.2%	162 534
Civil Services	42 349 987	57 070 923	(13 925 304)	43 145 619	1.8%	48 276 119
Community & Social Services	803 709	1 585 000	6 199	1 591 199	49.5%	910 051
Corporate Services	975 562	822 000	327 828	1 149 828	15.2%	285 353
Electro Technical Services	4 760 602	3 364 193	1 491 766	4 855 959	2.0%	6 831 879
Executive & Council	169 081	150 000	50 000	200 000	15.5%	-
Housing	358 620	200 000	158 620	358 620	0.0%	-
Planning	56 601	85 000	(26 151)	58 849	3.8%	-
Public Safety	2 866 654	650 000	2 267 749	2 917 749	1.8%	100 273
Sport & Recreation	11 244 793	19 139 594	(7 679 695)	11 459 899	1.9%	2 216 854
Total capital expenditure	63 800 406	83 246 710	(17 029 269)	66 217 441	3.65%	58 783 063

The budget is approved on an accrual basis by vote classification as required by the Municipal Finance Management Act. The basis used for this comparison is by nature classification as required by General Recognised Accounting Practices. The approved budget covers the same period as the financial statements, from 1 July to 30 June.

The budget and accounting bases are the same; both are on the accrual basis. The financial statements are prepared using a classification on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance.

The changes between the approved and final budget are a consequence of reallocations within the budget and and of other factors allowaable in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Ac

Please refer to Note 40 for more information on budget comparisons

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES APPLIED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the effective standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), including any interpretations issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

The standards are summarised as follows:

GRAP 1	Presentation of Financial Statements
GRAP 2	Cash Flow Statements
GRAP 3	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
GRAP 4	The Effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
GRAP 5	Borrowing Costs
GRAP 6	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
GRAP 7	Investments in Associates
GRAP 8	Interests in Joint Ventures
GRAP 9	Revenue from Exchange Transactions
GRAP 10	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economics
GRAP 11	Construction Contracts
GRAP 12	Inventories
GRAP 13	Leases
GRAP 14	Events after the reporting date
GRAP 16	Investment Property
GRAP 17	Property, Plant and Equipment
GRAP 19	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
GRAP 21	Impairment of non-cash-generating assets
GRAP 23	Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions
GRAP 24	Presentation of Budget Information
GRAP 25	Employee Benefits
GRAP 26	Impairment of cash-generating assets
GRAP 27	Agriculture
GRAP 31	Intangible assets
GRAP 100	Discontinued Operations
GRAP 103	Heritage Assets
GRAP 104	Financial Instruments
GRAP 105	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control
GRAP 106	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

GRAP 107	Mergers
IGRAP 1	Applying the Probability Test on Initial Recognition of Revenue (as revised in 2012)
IGRAP 2	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities
IGRAP 3	Determining whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease
IGRAP 4	Rights to Interests Arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds
IGRAP 5	Applying the Restatement Approach under the Standard of GRAP on Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
IGRAP 6	Loyalty Programmes
IGRAP 7	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction
IGRAP 8	Agreements for the Construction of Assets from Exchange Transactions
IGRAP 9	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners
IGRAP 10	Assets Received from Customers
IGRAP 11	Consolidations – Special Purpose Entities
IGRAP 12	Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Ventures
IGRAP 13	Operating Leases – Incentives
IGRAP 14	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease
IGRAP 15	Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services
IGRAP 16	Intangible Assets – Website Costs
IPSAS 20	Related Party Disclosure
IFRS 3 (AC140)	Business Combinations
IFRS 4 (AC141)	Insurance Contracts
IFRS 6 (AC143)	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources
IAS 12 (AC102)	Income Taxes
SIC – 21 (AC421)	Income Taxes – Recovery of Revaluated Non-Depreciable Assets
SIC – 25 (AC425)	Income Taxes – Changes in the Tax Status on an Entity or its Shareholders
SIC – 29 (AC429)	Service Concessions Arrangements – Disclosures
IFRIC 2 (AC435)	Members' Shares in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments
IFRIC 4 (AC437)	Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease
IFRIC 9 (AC442)	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives
IFRIC 12 (AC445)	Service Concession Arrangements
IFRIC 13 (AC446)	Customer Loyalty Programmes
IFRIC 14 (AC447) IAS19	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction
IFRIC 15 (AC448)	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate
IFRIC 16(AC449)	Hedges in a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the above GRAP have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8, 10 and 11 of GRAP 3.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption has been granted, are disclosed below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the Financial Statements.

1.2. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Amounts reflected in the financial statements are in South African Rand and at actual values. No financial values are given in an abbreviated display format. No foreign exchange transactions are included in the statements.

1.3. PRESENTATION AND DISCLOSURE

The municipality implemented the Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (MSCOA) during the year ended 30 June 2018, as required by National Treasury through directives and guidelines issued.

1.4. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

1.5. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where material accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

1.6. MATERIALITY

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decision or assessments of users made on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatements judged in the surrounding circumstances. The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor. In general, materiality is determined as 1% of total expenditure.

1.7. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Municipality:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 18	Segment Reporting Preliminary investigations indicated that, other than additional disclosure, the impact of the Standards on the financial statements will be not be significant.	After 1 April 2020
GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosures The impact of this Standard on the financial statements will be minimal.	After 1 April 2019
GRAP 32	Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	After 1 April 2019
GRAP 34	Separate Financial Statements. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
GRAP 35	Consolidated Financial Statements No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 36	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
GRAP 37	Joint Arrangements. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
GRAP 38	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
GRAP 108	Statutory receivable No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	After 1 April 2019
GRAP 109	Accounting by Principals and Agents No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	After 1 April 2019
GRAP 110	Living and Non-Living Resources No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	After 1 April 2020
IGRAP 17	Service Concession Arrangements Where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset. No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
IGRAP 18	Interpretation of the standard of GRAP on recognition and derecognising of land No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
IGRAP 19	Liabilities to pay levies No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown

1.8. RESERVES

Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR)

In order to finance the provision of infrastructure and other items of property, plant and equipment from internal sources, amounts are transferred from the accumulated surplus / (deficit) to the CRR. The cash in the CRR can only be utilized to finance items of property, plant and equipment. The CRR is reduced and the accumulated surplus / (Deficit) are credited by a corresponding amount when the amounts in the CRR are utilized.

1.9. LEASES

1.9.1. Municipality as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the Municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the Municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

1.9.2. Municipality as Lessor

Under a finance lease, the Municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

1.10. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Conditional government grants are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

Unspent conditional grants are financial liabilities that are separately disclosed on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent government grants, subsidies and contributions from the public.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent conditional grants are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the Municipality's interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.11. UNPAID CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Unpaid conditional grants are assets in terms of the Framework that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. The asset is recognised when the Economic Entity has an enforceable right to receive the grant or if it is virtually certain that it will be received based on that grant conditions have been met. They represent unpaid government grants, subsidies and contributions from the public.

The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of the grant is receivables:

• Unpaid conditional grants are recognised as an asset when the grant is receivable.

1.12. PROVISIONS

1.12.1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is possible that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is possible.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

- (a) The Municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:
- the business or part of a business concerned;
- the principal locations affected;
- the location, function and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;
- the expenditures that will be undertaken; and
- when the plan will be implemented.
- (b) The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

The amount recognised as a provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

Provisions shall be reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision shall be reversed.

1.12.2. REHABILITATION OF LANDFILL SITES PROVISIONS

Provision is made in terms of the licensing stipulations of the landfill sites, for the estimated cost of rehabilitating waste sites. The provision has been determined on the basis of a recent independent study. The cost factors derived from the study by a firm of consulting engineers have discounted to present value at prime interest rate.

1.13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

1.13.1. Post-Retirement Medical obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 70% as contribution and the remaining 30% are paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined in accordance with GRAP 25 – Employee benefits (using a discount rate applicable to high quality government bonds). The plan is unfunded.

These contributions are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability was calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the fair value of the obligation. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

1.13.2. Long Service awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries periodically and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation. Defined benefit plans are post-employment plans other than defined contribution plans.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

1.13.3. Accrued Leave Pay

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at year end and also on the total remuneration package of the employee.

1.13.4. Staff Bonuses

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year end for each employee.

1.13.5. Performance bonuses

A provision, in respect of the liability relating to the anticipated costs of performance bonuses payable to Section 57 employees, is maintained. Municipal entities' performance bonus provisions are based on the employment contract stipulations as well as previous performance bonus payment trends.

1.13.6. Pension and retirement fund obligations

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year they become payable. Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans. The defined benefit funds, which are administered on a provincial basis, are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis to all participating municipalities. The contributions and lump sum payments are charged against income in the year they become payable. Sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan. As a result, defined benefit plans have been accounted for as if they were defined contribution plans.

1.13.7. Ex gratia Gratuities

Ex gratia gratuities are provided to employees that were not previously members of a pension fund. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation. Defined benefit plans are post-employment plans other than defined contribution plans.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

1.14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1.14.1. Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the assets acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). It the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

1.14.2. Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1.14.3. Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

	Years		Years
Infrastructure		<u>Other</u>	
Roads and Paving	5-100	Airports	20
Electricity	4-46	Buildings	30-100
Water	15-150	Computer equipment	3-30
Sanitation	15-75	Furniture and equipment	3-30
Other	10-15	Landfill sites	10-15
		Markets	30
<u>Community</u>		Other	3-30
Recreational Facilities	5-30	Other vehicles	2-67
Sport fields & Stadia	10-20	Plant and Equipment	5-32
Halls	5-100	Specialist vehicles	6-38
Libraries	10-30		
Parks and gardens	10-30		
Other assets	5-30		
Cemeteries	5-30		
Finance lease assets			
Office equipment	3-5		

The actual useful lives used for depreciation purposes may vary from the above information as the remaining useful lives of assets are reviewed annually.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment charged to the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.14.4. De-recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.14.5. Land and Buildings and Other Assets – application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional arrangement as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The municipality updated the Land and Buildings acquired before 30 June 2008 to the fair value as determined by an independent valuator. For Other Assets the depreciation replacement cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2008.

1.15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

1.15.1. Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset meets the identifiable criterion in the definition of an intangible asset when it:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, asset or liability; or arises from contractual rights (including rights arising from binding arrangements) or other legal rights (excluding rights granted by statute), regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the entity or from other rights and obligations.

The municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

the municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale; it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset; the municipality has the resources to complete the project; and it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

1.15.2. Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

1.15.3. Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. Amortisation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are amortised separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Intangible Assets	Years
Computer Software	3-20
Computer Software Licenses	3-20

The actual useful lives used for depreciation purposes may vary from the above information as the remaining useful lives of assets are reviewed annually.

1.15.4. De-recognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

1.16.1. Initial Recognition

Investment property shall be recognised as an asset when and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the entity, and
- the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations.

At initial recognition, the municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the municipality accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

The cost of self-constructed investment property is the cost at date of completion.

1.16.2. Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

1.16.3. Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Investment Property	Years
Buildings	99 - 100

The actual useful lives used for depreciation purposes may vary from the above information as the remaining useful lives of assets are reviewed annually.

1.16.4. De-recognition

Investment property is derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the investment property. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.17. HERITAGE ASSETS

1.17.1. Initial Recognition

Heritage assets are assets that have a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and are held indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

A heritage asset shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if:

- it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the entity, and
- the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

An asset that has met the recognition requirement criteria for heritage assets shall be measured at its cost if such an asset has been acquired through an exchange transaction.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Where a heritage asset has been acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost shall be measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

1.17.2. Subsequent Measurement

Heritage assets are not depreciated based on their nature however the municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is a need for impairment.

The class of heritage assets are carried at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

1.17.3. Impairment

Where the carrying amount of an item of heritage asset is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Where items of heritage asset have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that the impairment is identified.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of the impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.17.4. De-recognition

The carrying amount of a heritage asset is derecognised:

- on disposal, or
- when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising from de-recognition of a heritage asset shall be determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the heritage asset. Such difference is recognised in surplus or deficit when the heritage asset is derecognised.

1.18. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

1.18.1. Cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the municipality estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating units (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.18.2. Non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable service amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss recorded in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The value in use of a non-cash-generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined using any one of the following approaches:

Depreciation replacement cost approach - the present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.19. COMMITMENTS

Commitments are future payments and expenditure to be incurred on contracts that have been entered into at the reporting date and where there are unperformed obligations. The commitments would include both capital and operating items.

Committed expenditure approved and contracted for at reporting date is where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has been awarded.

Committed expenditure approved but not yet contracted for at reporting date is where the expenditure has been approved but the contract has yet to be awarded or is awaiting finalisation.

1.20. INVENTORIES

1.20.1. Initial Recognition

Inventories comprise current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where inventory is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

The cost of purified water comprises cost of conversion and other cost incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition.

1.20.2. Subsequent Measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down in this way. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

In general, the basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Cost of land held for sale is assigned by using specific identification of their individual costs.

1.21. BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised to the cost of that asset unless it is inappropriate to do so. The Municipality ceases the capitalisation of borrowing costs when substantially all the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete. It is considered inappropriate to capitalise borrowing costs where the link between the funds borrowed and the capital asset acquired cannot be adequately established. Borrowing costs incurred other than on qualifying assets are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance when incurred.

1.22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions).

1.22.1. Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the Municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability

1.22.2. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value, financial assets at amortised cost or financial assets at cost. , Financial Liabilities are categorised as either at fair value, financial liabilities at cost or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost ("other"). The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation.

1.22.2.1. Receivables

Receivables are classified as loans and receivables, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

For amounts due from debtors carried at amortised cost, the Municipality first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Objective evidence of impairment includes significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days overdue). If the Municipality determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the municipality. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, if material. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

1.22.2.2. Payables and Annuity Loans

Financial liabilities consist of payables and annuity loans. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

1.22.2.3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, highly liquid deposits and net of bank overdrafts. The Municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities: other financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

1.22.2.4. Non-Current Investments

Financial instruments, which include, investments in municipal entities and fixed deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are stated at amortised cost.

Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

The carrying amounts of such investments are reduced to recognise any decline, other than a temporary decline, in the value of individual investments.

1.22.3. De-recognition of Financial Instruments

1.22.3.1. Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or

the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Municipality has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Municipality has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, a new asset is recognised to the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement in the asset.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Municipality could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Municipality may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

1.22.3.2. Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.22.4. Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

1.23. REVENUE

1.23.1. Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportionate basis as an exchange transaction.

Fine Revenue constitutes both spot fines and summonses. Revenue from spot fines and summonses is recognised when issued.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the Municipality. Where public contributions have been received but the Municipality has not met the related conditions, it is recognised as an unspent public contribution (liability).

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Revenue shall be measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, a Municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability will be recognised as revenue.

1.23.2. Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered/ goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption and a basic charge as per Council resolution. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter vouchers is recognised eight days after the sale of the relevant voucher.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the recorded number of refuse points per property.

Service charges relating to sanitation (sewerage) are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage. In the case of residential property a fixed monthly tariff is levied and in the case of commercial property a tariff is levied based on the number of sewerage connection on the property. Service charges based on a basic charge as per Council resolution.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods are passed to the consumer.

Revenue shall be measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the entity and the purchaser or user of the asset or service. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable. However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly determinable of either:

The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating; or A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

When the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

1.23.3. Grants, Transfers and Donations (Non-Exchange Revenue)

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is raised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

1.24. RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions or if the related party entity and another entity are subject to common control.

Related parties include:

- Entities that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by the reporting entity;
- Individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the reporting entity that gives them significant influence over the entity, and close
 members of the family of any such individual;
- Key management personnel, and close members of the family of key management personnel; and
- Entities in which a substantial ownership interest is held, directly or indirectly, by any person described in the 2nd and 3rd bullet, or over which such a person is able to exercise significant influence.

Key management personnel include:

- All directors or members of the governing body of the entity, being the Executive Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker, members of the Mayoral Committee and ordinary councillors.
- Other persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting entity being the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer an all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

1.25. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.26. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 200), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.27. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measures with sufficient reliability.

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring contingent liabilities.

1.29. PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The annual budget figures have been presented in accordance with the GRAP reporting framework. A separate statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts, which forms part of the annual financial statements, has been prepared. The comparison of budget and actual amount will be presented on the same accounting basis, same classification basis and for the same entity and period as for the approved budget. The budget of the municipality is taken for a stakeholder consultative process and upon approval the approved budget is made publicly available.

Material differences in terms of the basis, timing or entity have been disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements.

1.30. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Post-retirement medical obligations and Long service awards

The cost of post-retirement medical obligations, long service awards and ex-gratia gratuities are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

Impairment of Receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions and when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the effect of discounting is material using actuarial valuations.

1.31. TAXES – VALUE ADDED TAX

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value added tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

1.32. JOINT VENTURES

In respect of the municipalities' interest in jointly controlled assets, the municipality includes in its accounting records and recognises in its financial statements:

- its share of the jointly controlled assets, classified according to the nature of the assets;
- any liabilities that it has incurred;
- its share of any liabilities incurred jointly with other ventures in relation to the joint venture;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

- any revenue from the sale or use of its share of the output of the joint venture, together with its share of any expenses incurred by the joint venture; and
- any expenses that it has incurred in respect of its interest in the joint venture.

1.33. AMENDED DISCLOSURE POLICY

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the financial statements. The principal amendments to matters disclosed in the current financial statements include fundamental errors, and the treatment of assets financed by external grants.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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	2018	2017
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	R	R
Assets		
Cash at Bank Cash on Hand	97 496 777 9 125	76 324 212 8 925
Fotal Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets	97 505 902	76 333 137
Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held and short term deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.		
The municipality has the following bank accounts:		
Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year	76 324 212 97 496 777	97 031 303 76 324 212
The municipality changed it's Primary Bank Account from The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited to First National Bank South Africa on 1 March 2018. The ABSA and Standard Bank accounts has not been closed at year end as some debtors still pay their service accounts into the old accounts.		
Primary Bank Account: First National Bank - Account Number 62748215979		
Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year	96 312 306	
Standard Bank Limited - Account Number 203241819		
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	77 200 939	100 229 291
Bank statement balance at end of year	274 415	77 200 939
ABSA Bank Limited - Account Number 350000011		
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	248 613	58 202
Bank statement balance at end of year	69 379	248 613
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
Electricity	36 362 313	41 278 142
Water	56 506 812	67 600 296
Property Rental Debtors	1 198 858	1 483 430
Waste Management	29 212 792	34 837 265
Waste Water Management	25 612 216	29 290 326
Service Charges	1 407 810	2 543 476
Prepayments and Advances Land Sale Debtors	1 943 912 368 058	1 555 975 1 064 460
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions Less: Provision for Impairment	152 612 770 (101 389 355)	179 653 37 0 (129 385 759
Total Net Receivables from Exchange Transactions	51 223 415	50 267 611
	01 220 410	30 207 01

Consumer debtors are payable within 30 days. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other receivables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.

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TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS CONTINUED	2018	2017
	R	R
Included in receivables is the following accrued income (estimated consumption from the last meter reading to 30 June):		
Accrued Income Electricity Accrued Income Water	19 121 877 4 166 594	22 054 4 178
Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions:		
(Electricity): Ageing		
Accrued Income Electricity	19 121 877	22 054
Current (0 - 30 days)	11 335 243	13 694
31 - 60 Days	1 018 070	788
61 - 90 Days	640 885	467
+ 90 Days	4 246 238	4 273
Total	36 362 313	41 278
(Water): Ageing		
Accrued Income Water	4 166 594	4 178
Current (0 - 30 days)	3 472 654	3 287
31 - 60 Days	1 838 580	1 520
61 - 90 Days	1 602 118	1 074
+ 90 Days	45 426 866	57 539
Total	56 506 812	67 600
(Housing): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	72 278	27
31 - 60 Days	36 775	22
61 - 90 Days	33 352	21
+ 90 Days	1 056 453	1 411
Total	1 198 858	1 483
(Refuse): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	2 562 428	1 925
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	2 562 428 844 621	
Current (0 - 30 days)		752
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	844 621	752 601
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	844 621 619 550	752 601 31 556
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193	752 601 31 556
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (<u>Sewerage): Ageing</u> Current (0 - 30 days)	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880	1 925 752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880 642 908	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771 585
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771 585
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880 642 908	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771 585 26 192
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880 642 908 22 226 785	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771 585 26 192
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Other): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days)	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880 642 908 22 226 785 25 612 216 1 970 427	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771 585 26 192 29 290 729
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days - Total (Other): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880 642 908 22 226 785 25 612 216 1 970 427 26 543	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771 585 26 192 29 290 729 36
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Other): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days 51 - 90 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880 642 908 22 226 785 25 612 216 1 970 427 26 543 23 708	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741 771 585 26 192 29 290 729 36 27
Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days - Total (Other): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	844 621 619 550 25 186 193 29 212 792 1 877 644 864 880 642 908 22 226 785 25 612 216 1 970 427 26 543	752 601 31 556 34 837 1 741

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS CONTINUED	2018 R	2017 R
(Land Sales): Ageing		
+ 90 Days	368 058	1 064 460
Total	368 058	1 064 460
(Total): Ageing		
Accrued Income	23 288 472	26 232 671
Current (0 - 30 days)	21 290 674	21 407 005
31 - 60 Days	4 629 468	3 892 624
61 - 90 Days	3 562 520	2 777 013
+ 90 Days	99 841 637	123 788 081
Total	152 612 770	178 097 395
Reconciliation Provision for Impairment		
Opening Balance	(129 385 760)	(106 316 172)
Recognised	(24 346 623)	(23 083 710)
Bad Debts Written Off	52 343 027	<u> </u>
Balance at end of year	(101 389 356)	(129 385 758)

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers living in poverty. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.

RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Property Rates	23 957 110	23 713 824
Other Receivables	55 193 347	37 909 354
Fines	54 427 930	37 160 630
Deposits	224 615	224 615
SARS	160 685	524 109
Other receivables	380 117	-
Total Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions Less: Provision for Impairment	79 150 457 (67 991 689)	61 623 178 (53 537 884)
Total Net Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	11 158 768	8 085 294

Ageing of Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions:

(Rates): Ageing

Current (0 - 30 days)	2 589 533	2 031 228
31 - 60 Days	460 267	407 965
61 - 90 Days	243 690	208 672
+ 90 Days	20 663 620	21 065 958
Total	23 957 110	23 713 823
Reconciliation Provision for Impairment		
Opening Balance	(53 537 884)	(38 940 848)
Recognised	(15 224 523)	(14 597 036)
Bad Debts Written Off	770 718	· - /
Balance at end of year	(67 991 689)	(53 537 884)
Included in the provision for bad debt are the following amounts in respect of traffic fines	(49 814 580)	(32 939 080)

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers living in poverty. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.

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NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

5	INVENTORY	2018 R	2017 R
	Consumables Materials and Supplies Water	1 372 307 9 857 241 172 268	915 881 8 265 276 166 339
	Total Inventory	11 401 816	9 347 496
	Inventory written down due to losses as identified during the annual stores counts.	(274)	
	Inventory recognised as an expense during the year	14 574 323	10 528 826
	No inventories is pledged as security for liabilities		
6	UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS		
	Unspent Grants	5 750 092	2 601 158
	National Government Grants Provincial Government Grants District Municipality	489 223 4 360 869 900 000	471 476 1 829 682 300 000
	Less: Grants spend but not yet received	2 379 679	2 262 670
	National Government Grants Provincial Government Grants	1 110 256 1 269 423	1 281 584 981 086
	Total Conditional Grants and Receipts	3 370 413	338 488
	Please refer to Note 23 for more information on specific grants.		
7	VAT		
	VAT PAYABLE		
	VAT output in suspense	1 895 159	4 453 269
		1 895 159	4 453 269
	VAT RECEIVABLE		
	VAT input in suspense	9 245 371	10 317 822
		9 245 371	10 317 822
	NET VAT RECEIVABLE/(PAYABLE)	7 350 212	5 864 553
	VAT is receivable (new able on the cash basis		

VAT is receivable/payable on the cash basis

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

8 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

8.1 30 JUNE 2018

Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land R	Buildings R	Infrastructure R	Community Assets R	Leased Assets R	Other Assets R	Total R
Carrying value at 1 July 2017	77 940 867	92 037 334	526 720 662	69 702 934	629 893	41 027 288	808 058 978
Cost	77 940 867	101 276 813	651 092 337	76 987 664	1 893 599	73 418 813	982 610 093
Original Cost	77 940 867	101 276 813	651 092 337	76 987 664	1 893 599	73 418 813	982 610 093
Accumulated Impairment	-	-	(19 803)	-	-	(632 535)	(652 338)
Original Cost	-	-	(19 803)	-	-	(632 535)	(652 338)
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(9 239 479)	(124 351 872)	(7 284 730)	(1 263 706)	(31 758 990)	(173 898 777)
Original Cost	-	(9 239 479)	(124 351 872)	(7 284 730)	(1 263 706)	(31 758 990)	(173 898 777)
Acquisitions	-	-	50 402 262	824 041	-	12 386 363	63 612 665
Capital under Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	2 277 177	-	-	(2 577 177)	(300 000)
Cost	-	-	2 277 177	-	-	(2 577 177)	(300 000)
Impairments	-	-	-	-	-	(20 192)	(20 192)
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	(20 192)	(20 192)
Depreciation	-	(1 105 964)	(15 637 200)	(1 844 384)	(603 524)	(6 675 571)	(25 866 643)
Normal Depreciation for the year	-	(1 105 964)	(15 637 200)	(1 844 384)	(603 524)	(6 675 571)	(25 866 643)
Carrying value of disposals	(570 000)	(967 712)	-	-	-	(704 676)	(2 242 388)
Cost	(570 000)	(1 084 856)	-	-	-	(1 540 818)	(3 195 674)
Accumulated Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	37 193	37 193
Accumulated Depreciation	-	117 144	-	-	-	798 949	916 093
Carrying value at 30 June 2018	77 370 867	89 963 657	563 762 901	68 682 590	26 370	43 436 035	843 242 419
Cost	77 370 867	100 191 957	703 771 776	77 811 705	1 893 599	81 687 181	1 042 727 084
Original Cost	77 370 867	100 191 957	703 771 776	77 811 705	1 893 599	81 687 181	1 042 727 084
Accumulated Impairments	-	-	(19 803)	-	-	(615 534)	(635 337)
Original Cost	-	-	(19 803)	-	-	(615 534)	(635 337)
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(10 228 300)	(139 989 072)	(9 129 114)	(1 867 230)	(37 635 612)	(198 849 327)
Original Cost	-	(10 228 300)	(139 989 072)	(9 129 114)	(1 867 230)	(37 635 612)	(198 849 327)

8.1.1 Work in Progress included in the Carrying Value of Property Plant & Equipment

Duildinge	FEO 02F
Buildings	558 835
Community	418 217
Infrastructure	58 857 910
Other	554 803
	<u>R</u>
8.1.2 Expenditure incurred for repairs and maintaining property plant and equipment	18 886 160

<u>R</u>

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT CONTINUED

8.2 30 JUNE 2017

Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land R	Buildings R	Infrastructure R	Community R	Lease Assets R	Other R	Total R
Carrying value at 1 July 2016	78 203 971	93 542 654	441 237 727	68 455 787	995 478	30 219 468	712 655 085
Cost	78 203 971	101 779 105	553 087 050	74 148 394	1 867 230	57 846 635	866 932 385
Original Cost	78 203 971	101 779 105	553 087 050	74 148 394	1 867 230	57 846 635	866 932 385
Accumulated Impairments	-	-	(19 801)	-	-	(551 858)	(571 659)
Original Cost	-	-	(19 801)	-	-	(551 858)	(571 659)
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(8 236 451)	(111 829 523)	(5 692 607)	(871 751)	(27 075 309)	(153 705 642)
Original Cost	-	(8 236 451)	(111 829 523)	(5 692 607)	(871 751)	(27 075 309)	(153 705 642)
Acquisitions	-	178 018	69 320 352	949 414	26 370	11 367 606	81 841 760
Capital under Construction	-	135 929	28 636 636	494 137	-	4 798 552	34 065 254
Transfers	-	(816 239)	-	1 395 719	-	(593 980)	(14 500)
Cost	-	(816 239)	-	1 395 719	-	(593 980)	(14 500)
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluations							
Impairments	-	-	(2)	-	-	(80 677)	(80 679)
Impairments	-	-	(2)	-	-	(80 677)	(80 679)
Depreciation	-	(1 003 028)	(12 522 349)	(1 592 123)	(391 955)	(4 683 681)	(20 193 135)
Normal Depreciation for the year	-	(1 003 028)	(12 522 349)	(1 592 123)	(391 955)	(4 683 681)	(20 193 135)
Carrying value of disposals	(263 104)	-	-	-	-	-	(263 104)
Cost	(263 104)	-	-	-	-	-	(263 104)
Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carrying value at 30 June 2017	77 940 867	92 037 334	526 672 364	69 702 934	629 893	41 027 288	808 010 680
Cost	77 940 867	101 276 813	651 044 038	76 987 664	1 893 599	73 418 813	982 561 795
Original Cost	77 940 867	101 276 813	651 044 038	76 987 664	1 893 599	73 418 813	982 561 795
Accumulated Impairments		-	(19 803)	-	-	(632 535)	(652 338)
Original Cost	-	-	(19 803)	-	-	(632 535)	(652 338)
Accumulated Depreciation		(9 239 479)	(124 351 872)	(7 284 730)	(1 263 706)	(31 758 990)	(173 898 777)
Original Cost	-	(9 239 479)	(124 351 872)	(7 284 730)	(1 263 706)	(31 758 990)	(173 898 777)

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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10

INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2018 R	2017 R
Computer Software		
Net Carrying amount at 1 July	2 506 094	2 645 647
Cost Accumulated Amortisation	4 498 498 (1 992 404)	4 483 998 (1 838 351)
Acquisitions Amortisation Transfers	187 741 (344 090) 300 000	(154 053) 14 500
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	2 649 745	2 506 094
Cost Accumulated Amortisation Accumulated Impairment	4 986 239 (2 336 494) -	4 498 498 (1 992 404) -
INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
Net Carrying amount at 1 July	47 880 986	48 506 152
Cost Accumulated Depreciation	50 578 329 (2 697 343)	50 888 329 (2 382 177)
Depreciation for the year Carrying value of disposals Cost	(281 085) (1 940 063) (2 104 000)	(315 166) (310 000)
Accumulated Depreciation	(2 104 000) 163 937	-
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	45 659 838	47 880 986
Cost Accumulated Depreciation	48 474 329 (2 814 490)	50 578 329 (2 697 343)

There are no restrictions on the realisability of Investment Property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.

There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.

Revenue derived from the rental of investment property	4 551 858	4 338 437
Operating expenditure incurred on properties generating revenue	5 136 072	3 507 830

		2018	2017
11	HERITAGE ASSETS	R	R
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July	550 000	550 000
	Cost	550 000	550 000
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	550 000	550 000
	Cost	550 000	550 000
	Heritage assets are carried at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses		
	None of the heritage assets are pledge as sekurity.		
12	OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS		
	Operating Lease		
	Opening Balance	9 948	12 326
	Movement during the year	(4 853)	(2 379)
	Balance on 30 June	5 095	9 947
	At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:		
	Up to 1 Year	-	43 242
	1 to 5 Years		30 688
	Total Operating Lease Arrangements		73 929
	This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income and does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.		
	The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2019.		
13	CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST		

Net Carrying amount at 1 July	16 075 548	26 818 121
Cost	45 710 691	50 973 071
Accumulated Depreciation	(29 635 143)	(24 154 950)
Adjustment for the period	(763 764)	(5 262 380)
Depreciation for the year	(2 206 755)	(5 480 193)
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	13 105 029	16 075 548
Cost	44 946 927	45 710 691
Accumulated Depreciation	(31 841 898)	(29 635 143)

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLE EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	2018 R	2017 R
Payables and Accruals	7 391 122	11 098 239
Control, Clearing and Interface	387 869	210 050
Electricity Bulk Purchase	23 570 223	23 741 358
Accrued Interest	79 700	160 004
Unallocated Deposits	2 202 946	307 120
Retentions	3 679 932	4 110 624
Agency Fees Payable	63 825	1 538
Advance Payments	7 512 717	5 030 719
Dividends Declared not Paid	-	31 636
Total Trade Payables	44 888 334	44 691 288

Payables are being recognised net of any discounts

Payables are being paid within 30 days as prescribed by the MFMA. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.

The carrying value of trade and other payables approximates its fair value

15 CONSUMER DEPOSITS

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Water and Electricity	4 330 907	3 666 150
Rental Properties	302 290	250 178
Building Plans	1 785 197	1 479 093
Total Consumer Deposits	6 418 394	5 395 421

The fair value of consumer deposits approximate their carrying value. Interest are not paid on these amounts.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

16	CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	2018 R	2017 R
	Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 20	2 085 183	1 755 406
	Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 20	893 152	626 884
	Current Portion of Ex-gratia Pension Provisions - Note 20	24 798	90 438
	Staff Leave	11 989 926	10 742 245
	Performance Bonuses	801 374	815 657
	Staff Bonuses	3 901 372	3 416 197
	Total Current Employee Benefits	19 695 805	17 446 827
	The management is summer any law a bar of the and recompiled as follows:		

The movement in current employee benefits are reconciled as follows:

|--|

Balance at beginning of year		10 742 245	10 442 989
Contribution to current portion		2 052 699	1 093 156
Expenditure incurred		(805 018)	(793 899)
Balance at end of year	`	11 989 926	10 742 246

Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreement. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave.

Performance Bonuses

Balance at beginning of year	815 657	773 825
Contribution to current portion	801 372	815 657
Expenditure incurred	(815 655)	(773 825)
Balance at end of year	801 374	815 657

Performance bonuses are being paid to Municipal Manager and Directors after an evaluation of performance by the council.

Staff Bonuses

Balance at beginning of year	3 416 197	3 201 346
Contribution to current portion	6 977 450	5 868 950
Expenditure incurred	(6 492 275)	(5 654 099)
Balance at end of year	3 901 372	3 416 197

Bonuses are being paid to all municipal staff, excluding section 57 Managers. The balance at year end represents the portion of the bonus that have already vested for the current salary cycle.

		2018 R	2017 R
17	UNSPENT PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS	IX III	ĸ
	China - Water meters Essen Belgium	32 135 1 833 369	49 904 925 332
	Total Unspent Public Contributions	1 865 504	975 236
	Reconciliation of public contributions		
	China - Water meters		
	Opening balance Conditions met - Transferred to revenue	49 904 (17 769)	84 306 (34 402)
	Closing balance	32 135	49 904
	3580 Water meters were donated by the Chinese Government to the Witzenberg Municipality. The purpose of the donation is to provide water connections to poor households.		
	Essen Belgium		
	Opening balance	925 332	1 198 591
	Received Conditions met - Transferred to revenue	1 185 716 (277 679)	333 962 (607 221)
	Closing balance	1 833 369	925 332
18	A twining agreement exists between Essen in Belgium and the Witzenberg Municipality. The purpose of the agreement is youth development and crèches. BORROWINGS		
	Annuity and Bullet Loans Finance Lease Liability	7 481 354	10 638 893 660 113
	-	7 481 354	11 299 006
	Transferred to Current Liabilities	(2 276 380)	(3 953 802)
	Annuity and Bullet Loans Finance Lease Liability	(2 276 380) -	(3 293 689) (660 113)
		5 204 974	7 345 204
	Unamortised charges on loans	(12 686)	(78 471)
	Opening Balance Adjustment for the period	(78 471) 65 785	(694 280) 615 809
	Total borrowings - At amortised cost using the effective interest rate method	5 192 288	7 266 733
	Refer below for maturity dates of long term liabilities:		
	The obligations under annuity loans are scheduled below	Minimum annuity payments	
	Amounts payable under annuity loans	annung pay	inenta
	Payable within one year	2 870 103	4 756 563
	Payable within two to five years Payable after five years	6 068 336 -	7 883 684 1 091 920
		8 938 439	13 732 167
	Less: Future finance obligations	(1 457 085)	(2 433 162)

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2017

R

2018

R

BORROWINGS CONTINUED

Annuity loans at amortised cost is calculated at an average 12.47% interest rate, with a final maturity date of 30 June 2023

The obligations under finance leases are scheduled below	Minimu lease payr	
Amounts payable under finance leases:		
Payable within one year	-	469 308
	-	469 308
Less: Future finance obligations	-	(23 803)
Present value of lease obligations	-	445 505
NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS		
Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites	71 466 568	70 249 120
Total Non-current Provisions	71 466 568	70 249 120

The provision includes the rehabilitation cost of landfill sites in Ceres, Prince Alfred's Hamlet, Op-die-Berg, Tulbagh and Wolseley. The expected closing dates of the sites are: Ceres - 2010 (The site is longer in operation) Prince Alfred's Hamlet - 2025

Op-die- Berg - 2024 Tulbagh - 2022 Wolseley - 2024

Landfill Sites

Opening Balance	70 249 120	68 641 115
Unwinding of Interest	7 165 891	6 870 384
Adjustment for the period	(5 948 443)	(5 262 379
Total provision 30 June	71 466 568	70 249 120
Less: Transfer of Current Portion to Current Provisions - Note		
Balance 30 June	71 466 568	70 249 12
Discount rate	10.20%	10.50%
Inflation Rate	4.60%	5.10%
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	76 218 929	70 619 81 ⁻
Long Service Awards	4 991 866	4 702 173
Ex-Gratia Pension Benefits	47 075	63 705
Total Non-current Employee Benefit Liabilities	81 257 870	75 385 689
Post-employment Health Care Benefits		
Balance 1 July	72 375 217	76 001 000
Contribution for the year	3 874 262	4 031 000
Interest Cost	7 018 076	7 659 000
Expenditure for the year	(2 144 480)	(1 964 623
Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	(2 818 963)	(13 351 160
Total post retirement Health Care benefits 30 June	78 304 112	72 375 217
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 16	(2 085 183)	(1 755 406
Balance 30 June	76 218 929	70 619 811

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NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

)	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS CONTINUED		2018 R	2017 R
	Long Service Awards			
	Balance 1 July		5 329 057	5 601 000
	Contribution for the year Interest Cost		410 958 417 576	447 000
	Expenditure for the year		(579 077)	541 000 (602 928)
	Reductions (without Outflow)		306 504	(657 015)
	Total long service 30 June	-	5 885 018	5 329 057
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 16		(893 152)	(626 884)
	Balance 30 June	=	4 991 866	4 702 173
	Ex-Gratia Pensions			
	Balance 1 July		154 143	244 000
	Contribution for the year		-	-
	Interest Cost Expenditure for the year		8 907 (49 487)	18 000 (1 529)
	Actuarial Loss/(Gain)		(41 690)	(106 328)
	Total Ex-Gratia 30 June	-	71 873	154 143
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 16		(24 798)	(90 438)
	Balance 30 June	-	47 075	63 705
	TOTAL NON-CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	-		
	Balance 1 July		77 858 417	81 846 000
	Contribution for the year		4 285 220	4 478 000
	Interest cost		7 444 559	8 218 000
	Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss/(Gain)		(2 773 044)	(2 569 080)
20.1		-	(2 554 149) 84 261 003	(14 114 503) 77 858 417
	Total employee benefits 30 June Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 16			
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 16 Balance 30 June	-	(3 003 133) 81 257 870	(2 472 728) 75 385 689
		=	01207070	10 000 000
	Post-employment Health Care Benefits			
	The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made u	ip as follows:		
	In-service (employee) members Continuation members (e.g. Retirees, widows, orphans)		248 56	234 53
	Total Members	_	304	287
	The liability in respect of past service has been estimated to be as follows:	-		
	In-service members Continuation members		52 940 818 25 363 294	50 585 753 21 789 464
	Total Liability	=	78 304 112	72 375 217
	The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:	2016 R	2015 R	2014 R
	In-service members Continuation members	53 302 000 22 699 000	44 877 000 26 563 000	46 097 000 22 258 000
	Total Liability	76 001 000	71 440 000	68 355 000

The municipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following medical aid schemes:

Bonitas; Keyhealth. LA Health Hosmed and Samwumed.

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NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

0.1 E	M	PLOYEE BENEFITS CONTINUED				2018	2017
к	(ev	actuarial assumptions used:					
		Rate of interest					
i)	,	Discount rate Health Care Cost Inflation Rate Net Effective Discount Rate				9.66% 7.44% 2.07%	9.81% 8.11% 1.57%
ii)	Mortality rates					
		The PA 90 ultimate table was used b	by the actuaries.				
ii	i)	Normal retirement age					
		The average retirement age for all a allows for ill-health and early retirem		d to be 58 years. This a	ssumption implicitly		
						2018	2017
т	he	amounts recognised in the Staten	nent of Financial Position a	re as follows:		R	R
Р	res	ent value of fund obligations				78 304 112	72 375 217
N	let	liability/(asset)				78 304 112	72 375 217
		municipality has elected to recognise P 25, Employee Benefits, paragraph		ned benefit liability imme	diately as per		
R	Rec	onciliation of present value of fun	d obligation:				
		ent value of fund obligation at the be l expenses	eginning of the year			72 375 217 8 747 858	76 001 000 9 725 377
Ir	nte	ent service cost rest Cost efits Paid				3 874 262 7 018 076 (2 144 480)	4 031 000 7 659 000 (1 964 623)
A	\ctu	arial (gains)/losses				(2 818 963)	(13 351 160)
Р	res	ent value of fund obligation at the er	nd of the year			78 304 112	72 375 217
<u>L</u>	.es	: Transfer of Current Portion -	Note 16			(2 085 183)	(1 755 406)
В	Bala	ince 30 June				76 218 929	70 619 811
s	Sen	sitivity Analysis on the Accrued L	iability at 30 June 2018				
		umption	-	In-service members liability (R'000)	Continuation members liability (R'000)	Total liability (R'000)	
С	Cen	tral Assumptions		52 941	25 363	78 304	
		effect of movements in the assumpti	ions are as follows:				
				In-service members liability	Continuation members liability	Total liability	
Α	ss	umption	Change	(R'000)	(R'000)	(R'000)	% change
H H M	lea lea ∕lor	tral assumptions Ith care inflation Ith care inflation cality rate cality rate	1% -1% 20% -20%	52 941 62 937 44 910 54 425 56 497	25 363 27 796 23 242 23 539 27 660	78 304 90 733 68 152 73 582 84 157	16 -13 -6 7

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS CONTINUED		2018	2017
Long Service Bonuses			
The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans.			
As at year end, the following number of employees were eligible for Long Service Bonu	ises =	506	491
i) Rate of interest			
Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses		8.42% 6.07% 2.22%	8.32% 6.13% 2.05%
		2018 R	2017 R
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:			
Present value of fund obligations		5 885 018	5 329 057
Net liability	=	5 885 018	5 329 057
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:	2016 R	2015 R	2014 R
Net liability	5 601 000	5 648 000	5 139 000
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:		2018 R	2017 R
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses		5 329 057 249 457	5 601 000 385 072
Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid		410 958 417 576 (579 077)	447 000 541 000 (602 928)
Actuarial (gains)/losses		306 504	(657 015)
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year	-	5 885 018	5 329 057
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 16		(893 152)	(626 884)
Balance 30 June	-	4 991 866	4 702 173

Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability at 30 June 2018

Assumption	Change	Liability (R'000)	% change
Central assumptions		5 885	
General salary inflation	1.00%	6 193	5%
General salary inflation	-1.00%	5 602	-5%
Withdrawal rates	20%	5 445	-7%
Withdrawal rates	-20%	6 100	4%

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS CONTINUED		2018	2017
Ex-Gratia Pension Benefits			
The Ex-Gratia Pension Benefits plans are defined benefit plans.			
As at year end, the following number of employees were eligible for Ex-Gratia Pension Benefi	its _	20	30
i) Rate of interest			
Discount rate		8.32%	8.37%
		2018 R	2017 R
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: Present value of fund obligations		71 873	154 143
Net liability	-	71 873	154 143
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:	2016 R	2015 R	2014 R
Net liability	330 000	244 001	318 000
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS CONTINUED		2018 R	2017 R
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:		ĸ	ĸ
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses		154 143 (40 580)	244 000 16 471
Interest Cost Benefits Paid		8 907 (49 487)	18 000 (1 529)
Actuarial (gains)/losses		(41 690)	(106 328
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year	-	71 873	154 143
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note		(24 798)	(90 438
Balance 30 June	-	47 075	63 705

Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability at 30 June 2018

		Total liability	
Assumption	Change	(R'000)	% change
Central assumptions		72	
Withdrawal rates	+20%	71	1.0%
Withdrawal rates	-20%	73	1.0%

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	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS CONTINUED	2018	2017
20.4	Retirement funds	R	R
	CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND		
	The funding level of the CJPF (Pensions Account section) was 105.1% as at the 30 June 2013 valuation date compared with a 99.4% funding level as at 30 June 2012. The Fund is in a sound financial condition at the valuation date. As at the 30 June 2013 valuation date (in totality) the members contributed at a rate of 9% of pensionable salaries and (in totality) the Local Authorities contributed at a rate of 18% of pensionable salaries.		
	Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance	417 609	402 234
	SOUTH AFRICAN LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION FUND		
	The funding level at the most recent actuarial valuation (1 July 2012) of 100% was calculated on a Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) basis. The funding level has improved since the previous valuation. The valuation actuary recommended that the prevailing employer contribution rate at 1 July 2012 be maintained at 15.26%. This includes a margin of 3.92% over and above the contribution rate required to fund the Projected Unit Method future service benefits and associated costs.		
	Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance	538 053	475 570
	DEFINED CONTRIBUTION FUNDS		
	Council contributes to: the Government Employees Pension Fund; Municipal Council Pension Fund; National Fund for Municipal Workers (IMATU); and SAMWU National Provident Fund which are defined contribution funds. The retirement benefit fund is subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.		
	Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance		
	Cape Joint Retirement Fund Municipal Councillors Pension Fund National Fund For Municipal Employees (IMATU) SAMWU National Provident Fund	17 847 981 350 814 157 852 3 948 150	15 995 618 257 362 150 901 3 983 521
		22 304 798	20 387 403
	NET ASSET RESERVES		
	Capital Replacement Reserve	10 354 788	10 354 788
	Total Net Asset Reserves	10 354 788	10 354 788

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

PROPERTY RATES	2018 R	2017 R
Actual		
Rates Levied	70 444 618	66 423 288
Business	12 159 802	10 337 309
Building Clauses	123 633	115 580
Rural	15 353 398	16 073 457
Industrial Properties	8 448 403	7 813 561
Residential Properties	24 275 379	23 347 919
State-owned Properties	7 650 340	6 823 916
Vacant Land	2 417 360	1 896 425
Public Service Infrastructure	16 303	15 121
Less: Revenue Forgone	(6 609 239)	(6 774 257)
Total Assessment Rates	63 835 379	59 649 031
Valuations - 1 JULY		
Land and Buildings		
Residential Property	3 015 206 263	2 683 792 990
Commercial Property	791 141 000	784 723 000
Industrial Property	451 895 000	446 895 000
Informal Property	32 759 000	32 801 000
Agricultural Purposes	5 215 121 100	5 197 084 300
State - National/ Provincial Services	403 270 600	406 743 600
Public Service Infrastructure	6 575 000	6 575 000
Vacant Property	180 766 353	191 379 900
Total Valuation	10 096 734 316	9 749 994 790

Assessment Rates are levied on the value of land and improvements. The valuation is performed every 4 years. The last valuation came into effect on 1 July 2013. Interim valuations are processed on an annual basis to take into account changes in individual property values due to alterations and subdivisions and also to accommodate growth in the rate base due mostly to private development.

Rates:		
Residential	0.991c/R	0.918c/R
Commercial	1.883c/R	1.744c/R
Industrial	1.883c/R	1.744c/R
Bona Fide Agricultural	0.248c/R	0.230c/R

Rates are levied annually and monthly. Monthly rates are payable by the 15th of the following month and annual rates are payable before 30 September. Interest is levied at the prime rate plus 1% on outstanding monthly rates.

Rebates were granted on land with buildings used solely for dwellings purposes as follows: Residential - The first R100 000 on the valuation is exempted.

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Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has subsequently been forgone by way of rebate or remission.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

TRANSFERS AND SUBSIDIES	2018 R	2017 R
Unconditional Grants	70 412 000	59 734 000
Equitable Share	70 412 000	59 734 000
Conditional Grants	58 036 511	81 551 714
Grants and donations	58 036 511	81 551 714
Total Government Grants and Subsidies	128 448 511	141 285 714
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	34 481 262	38 768 028
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	93 967 249	102 517 686
	128 448 511	141 285 714

Please refer to appendix D for more detailed disclosure of Government Grants and Subsidies

The Municipality does not expect any significant changes to the level of grants

23.1 Equitable share

23

Opening balance	-	-
Grants received	70 412 000	59 325 000
Conditions met - Operating	(70 412 000)	(59 734 000)
Write off / Transfers		409 000
Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	-	-

The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the National Treasury.

23.2 Local Government Financial Management Grant (FMG)

Opening balance	(261 315)	-
Grants received	1 550 000	1 475 000
Conditions met - Operating	(1 259 695)	(1 337 660)
Conditions met - Capital	(11 243)	(398 655)
Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	17 747	(261 315)

The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns).

23.3 Expanded Public Works Programme

Opening balance	(14 044)	(12 375)
Grants received	1 485 000	1 336 000
Conditions met - Operating	(1 500 315)	(1 337 669)
Conditions met - Capital	(29 359)	-
Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered	(58 718)	(14 044)

The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.

	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES CONTINUED	2018 R	2017 R
23.4	Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	ĸ	ĸ
	Opening balance Grants received	(90 419) 22 739 000	3 399 040 21 389 000 (237 600)
	Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(22 744 251)	(24 640 859)
	Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	(95 670)	(90 419)
	The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas.		
23.5	Housing Grants		
	Opening balance	566 635	1 478 410
	Grants received Conditions met - Operating	30 567 514 (12 643 351)	31 706 989 (24 264 670)
	Conditions met - Capital	(15 195 126)	(8 354 094)
	Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	3 295 672	566 635
	Housing grants was utilised for the development of erven and the erection of top structures.		
23.6	Integrated National Electrification Grant		
	Opening balance Grants received	(801 458)	507 548 5 000 000
	Conditions met - Capital Write off / Transfers	-	(5 900 006) (409 000)
	Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	(801 458)	(801 458)
	The National Electrification Grant was used for electrical connections in previously disadvantaged areas.		
23.7	Library services		
		(142)	1 416 672
	Opening balance Grants received	(143) 8 050 000	1 416 673 7 975 000
	Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(8 049 857)	(8 764 144)
	Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)		(627 672) (143)
23.8	Other Grants		
23.0	Opening balance	939 232	3 605 544
	Grants received	1 724 000	3 010 000
	Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(1 141 851) (328 542)	(1 436 408) (4 239 904)
	Write off / Transfers	(180 000)	
	Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered)	1 012 839	939 232
	Various grants were received from other spheres of government of which the materiaal ones are: Main Roads Grant R 120 000, Drought Releive R 396 833 etc.		
23.9	Total Grants		
	Opening balance	338 488	10 394 840
	Grants received Conditions met - Operating	136 527 514 (95 007 069)	131 216 989 (97 112 151)
	Conditions met - Capital Write off / Transfers	(38 308 521) (180 000)	(44 161 190)
	Conditions still to be met/(Grant expenditure to be recovered	3 370 412	338 488
	Disclosed as follows:		
	Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	5 750 092	2 601 158
	Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	(2 379 679)	(2 262 670)
		3 370 413	338 488

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

24	SERVICE CHARGES	2018 R	2017 R
	Electricity	210 725 319	217 857 368
	Water	48 815 990	36 642 847
	Refuse removal	27 968 180	23 944 769
	Sewerage and Sanitation Charges Bulk service levies	32 648 952 -	23 254 948 56 825
		320 158 441	301 756 757
	Less: Revenue Forgone	(13 988 869)	(15 135 568)
	Total Service Charges	306 169 572	286 621 189
	Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has subsequently been forgone by way of rebate or remission.		
25	Operational Revenue		
	Insurance Refund	4 011 106	595 701
	Collection Charges	89 850	59 058
	Breakages and Losses Recovered Merchandising, Jobbing and Contracts	32 459 86 031	31 666 27 765
	Other	357 007	45 463
	Total Operational Revenue	4 576 453	759 653
26	Sales of Goods and Rendering of services		
	Application Fees for Land Usage	48 234	70 937
	Building Plan Approval	690 018	942 761
	Camping Fees Cemetery and Burial	2 252 863 245 871	2 247 922 245 842
	Entrance Fees	775 814	538 710
	Other	1 199 750	2 537 577
	Total Sales of Goods and Rendering of services	5 212 551	6 583 749
27	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS		
	Salaries and Wages	97 461 559	91 132 079
	Bargaining Council Levy	52 577	50 473
	Bonuses	7 812 712	7 419 392
	Contributions For Pensions Contributions For Medical Aids	13 786 586 6 752 446	13 149 878 5 952 737
	Contributions For UIF	796 059	754 416
	Group Life Insurance	1 463 719	1 342 260
	Housing Benefits and Allowances	1 445 756	1 366 522
	Leave Reserve	1 936 482	1 093 155
	Long service awards	(2 702 148)	447 000
	Overtime Post Employment Health Care Benefits	10 227 170 7 103 565	8 642 117 4 031 000
	Travel, Motor Car, Accommodation, Subsistence and Other Allowances	6 261 300	5 270 369
	Less: Employee Cost allocated elsewhere	152 397 783	140 651 398 (101 754)
	Total Employee Related Costs	152 397 783	140 549 644
	KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL		

The Municipal Manager and Directors are appointed on fixed term contracts.

EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS CONTINUED	2018 R	2017 R
REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL	ĸ	ĸ
Remuneration of the Municipal Manager		
Annual Remuneration	908 826	1 040 8
Performance Bonuses	143 098	189 6
Travelling Allowance	72 000	108 0
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Counci	242 937	262 6
Travelling Expenses	36 000	23 9
Leave encashment	-	119 2
Other Allowance	50 240	56
Total	1 453 101	1 749 9
Remuneration of the Director Technical Services		
Annual Remuneration	609 743	731 7
Performance Bonuses	118 043	146 0
Travelling Allowance	431 941	373 9
		35
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Counci	198	303
Travelling Expenses	-	30 3
Leave encashment	44 229	
Other Allowance	34 481	
Fotal	1 238 636	1 285 7
Remuneration of the Director Corporate Services		
Annual Remuneration	823 852	755 4
Performance Bonuses	131 327	146 0
Travelling Allowance	193 942	188 0
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Counci	-	150 8
Travelling Expenses	18 636	41 6
Leave encashment	10 000	97 3
Other Allowance	47 501	4 5
Total	1 215 258	1 383 8
Remuneration of the Director Financial Services		
Annual Remuneration	915 496	765 6
Performance Bonuses	131 327	146 0
Travelling Allowance	70 325	150 0
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Counci	194 007	193 6
Travelling Expenses	2 926	36 5
Leave encashment	70 564	
Other Allowance	19 200	19 2
Fotal	1 403 845	1 311 (
Remuneration of the Director Community Convices		
Remuneration of the Director Community Services Annual Remuneration	853 992	818 (
Performance Bonuses	118 043	146 0
Travelling Allowance	90 000	90 0
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Counci	212 394	201 2
_eave encashment	70 564	2012
Travelling Expenses	4 932	7 (
Total	1 349 925	1 262 3
REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS		
Executive Mayor	604 288	780 0
Deputy Mayor	557 428	578 5
Speaker	556 871	578 7
Mayoral Committee Members	2 063 951	2 101 8
Ordinary Councillors	4 232 338	3 850 4
Pension fund contributions	1 018 053	835 8
Medical aid contributions	137 142	54 1
Total Councillors' Remuneration	9 170 071	8 779 5

In-kind Benefits

28

27

The Executive Mayor, Speaker and all the Mayoral committee members are full-time. The Executive Mayor, Speaker and all the Mayoral committee members are provided with secretarial support and an office at the cost of the Council.

29	IMPAIRMENT	2018 R	2017 R
	Long term Receivables - Note	-	163 924
	Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 3 Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 4	24 346 623 15 224 523	18 078 434 18 556 421
	Total Contribution to Debt Impairment	39 571 146	36 798 779
30	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
	Property Plant and Equipment	25 866 643	20 193 134
	Investment Property	281 085	315 166
	Intangible Assets	344 090 2 206 755	154 053 5 480 193
	Capitalised restoration cost Total Depreciation and Amortisation	28 698 573	26 142 546
		20 000 010	20142 040
31	(IMPAIRMENT LOSS) / REVERSAL OF IMPAIRMENT		
	Property Plant & Equipment	(20 192)	(137 679)
	Total Impairments	(20 192)	(137 679)
32	FINANCE CHARGES		
	Borrowing	1 014 902	1 868 713
	Finance leases	50 628	-
	Ex-Gratia Pension Post Employment Health Care Benefits	8 907 7 018 076	18 000 7 659 000
	Long service awards	417 576	541 000
	Interest costs non-current Provision	7 165 891	6 870 384
	Other	-	615 809
	Total finance charges	15 675 980	17 572 906
33	BULK PURCHASES		
	Electricity	179 705 387	181 325 287
	Total Bulk Purchases	179 705 387	181 325 287
34	CONTRACTED SERVICES		
	Tracing agents and debt collection	908 004	868 757
	Legal Cost	1 149 742	982 067
	Fire Services	1 229 496	1 011 620
	Maintenance Building and Facilities	1 249 299	1 118 091
	Traffic Fines Management	1 378 718	640 096
	Maintenance of Unspecified Assets	2 599 012	1 396 147
	Business and Advisory	2 994 159	2 836 292
	Security Services Infrastructure and Planning	8 825 906 10 484 109	6 111 260 11 389 064
	Other	5 282 316	4 323 418
	Vilo	36 100 762	30 676 812
		30 100 / 02	30 0/0 012

35	TRANSFERS AND SUBSIDIES: OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE	2018 R	2017 R
	Sport	104 258	205 850
	Public Schools	130 000	58 000
	Bursaries (Non-Employee)	252 353	-
	Housing Support	12 643 351	24 264 670
	Council	23 000	353 588
	Tourism	767 230	733 230
	Total Transfers and Subsidies: Operational Expenditure	13 920 192	25 615 338
36	OPERATIONAL COST		
	Advertising, Publicity and Marketing	815 528	372 832
	Bank Charges, Facility and Card Fees	796 924	685 658
	Commission	1 872 305	1 695 574
	Communication	2 878 905	2 709 977
	External Audit Fees	2 727 865	2 489 273
	External Computer Service	2 324 256	1 174 475
	Hire Charges	4 825 611	4 315 003
	Indigent Relief	402 821	726 431
	Insurance Underwriting	1 927 695 456 253	1 301 537 1 277 980
	Learnerships and Internships Levies Paid - Water Resource Management Charges	456 253 483 781	300 064
	Licences	238 166	255 540
	Printing, Publications and Books	332 842	716 282
	Professional Bodies, Membership and Subscription	1 676 583	1 362 496
	Remuneration to Ward Committee	683 000	347 000
	Signage	632 219	-
	Transport Provided as Part of Departmental Activities	199 235	89 871
	Travel and Subsistence	1 498 989	1 515 301
	Uniform and Protective Clothing	1 096 213	1 282 513
	Wet Fuel	5 148 845	4 564 474
	Other	534 321	943 397
	Total Operational cost	31 552 357	28 125 678
37	CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3	2018 R	2017 R
37.1	Trade and Other Payable Exchange Transactions		
	Balance previously reported		44 015 252
	Correction of VAT on retentions - Note 37.5		900 072
	Correction of additions to PPE - Note 37.2		(48 298)
	Correction of Year end creditors - Note 37.5 & 37.8 & 37.10 & 37.11		1 553 533
	Deposits Other moved from Payables to Deposits - Note 37.7		(1 729 271)
	Balance now reported	=	44 691 287
37.2	Property, Plant and Equipment		
	Balance previously reported		808 058 979
	Correction of additions to PPE - Note 37.1		(48 298)
	Balance now reported	-	808 010 681
		=	

	CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3 CONTINUED	2018 R	2017 R
37.3	Investment property Balance previously reported Sale of land cancelled - Note 37.4 Balance now reported		47 758 986 122 000 47 880 986
37.4	Trade and other Receivables from Exchange Transactions Balance previously reported Sale of land cancelled - Note 37.3 Prepayment of Levies moved from Receivables: Non-Exchange to Exchange - Note 37.6 Balance now reported		48 837 181 (125 545) 1 555 975 50 267 611
37.5	VAT Receivable (net) Balance previously reported Correction of VAT on retentions - Note 37.1 Correction of Uniforms procured - Note 37.1 Balance now reported		4 964 535 900 072 (54) 5 864 553
37.6	Receivables from non-exchange transactions Balance previously reported Correction of Fines Revenue - Note 37.11 Correction of impairment of Fines Receivable - Note 37.11 Prepayment of Levies moved from Receivables: Non-Exchange to Echange - Note 37.4 Balance now reported		9 049 425 (318 850) 910 694 (1 555 975) 8 085 294
37.7	Consumer Deposits Balance previously reported Deposits Other moved from Payables to Deposits - Note 37.1 Balance now reported		3 666 150 1 729 271 5 395 421
37.8	General Expenditure Balance previously reported Correction of Year end creditors - Note 37.1 Reclassification in terms of MSCOA refer to Schedule of Adjustments Balance now reported		43 464 693 295 992 (43 760 685) (0)
37.9	Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Balance previously reported Recognision of Grant Revenue - Note 37.11 Balance now reported		3 690 206 (1 089 048) 2 601 158
37.10	Employee related costs Balance previously reported Correction of Year end creditors - Note 37.1 Reclassification in terms of MSCOA refer to Schedule of Adjustments		133 332 562 1 257 596 5 959 487 140 549 644
36.11	Accumulated Surplus as at 30 June 2017 Balance previously reported Sale of land cancelled - Note 37.3 Recognision of Grant Revenue - Note 37.9 Correction of Fines Revenue - Note 37.6 Correction of impairment of Fines Receivable - Note 37.6 Correction of Year end creditors - Note 37.1 Balance now reported		788 750 195 (3 545) 1 089 048 (318 850) 910 694 (1 553 586) 788 873 956

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

38 RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR AND CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS	2018 R	2017 R
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	48 191 941	97 439 487
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation Amortisation of Intangible Assets	28 354 483 344 090	26 142 546 -
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1 088 526	(228 298)
Gain on Adjustment of Provision	(5 184 679)	-
Unamortised Discount on Loans	65 785	615 809
Debt Impairment	39 571 146	36 798 779
Stock Adjustments	(274)	-
Contribution from/to provisions	7 165 891	6 870 384
Contribution from/to employee benefits	10 675 307	10 682 860
Actuarial Gain	(2 554 149)	(14 114 503)
Donated assets included in Public Contributions	- 20 192	(54 112 224)
Impairment written off Operating lease income accrued	4 853	137 679 2 379
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before changes in working capita	127 743 113	110 234 898
Changes in working capital	(43 765 590)	(62 696 041)
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables	148 748	(8 081 634)
Increase/(Decrease) in Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	3 148 934	(7 746 055)
Increase/(Decrease) in Unspent Public Contributions	890 268	(307 662)
Increase/(Decrease) in Taxes	(1 485 659)	700 668
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	(2 054 046)	(3 944 229)
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and other receivables (Increase)/Decrease in Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	(44 296 826) (117 009)	(41 066 834) (2 250 295)
Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations	83 977 523	47 538 857

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NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

39	RECONCILIATION OF AVAILABLE CASH AND INVESTMENT RESOURCES	2018 R	2017 R
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Note 2	97 505 902	76 333 137
	Less:	97 505 902 5 750 092	76 333 137 2 601 158
	Unspent Committed Conditional Grants - Note 6	5 750 092	2 601 158
	Resources available for working capital requirements Allocated to:	91 755 810	73 731 979
	Capital Replacement Reserve Employee Benefits Reserve Non-Current Provisions Reserve	10 354 788 100 953 675 71 466 568	10 354 788 92 832 516 70 249 120
	Shortfall in working capital requirements	(91 019 221)	(99 704 445)
40	UTILISATION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES RECONCILIATION		
	Long-term Liabilities - Note 18 Used to finance property, plant and equipment - at cos	7 481 354 (7 481 354)	11 299 006 (11 299 006)

Long-term liabilities have been utilized in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.

41 **BUDGET COMPARISONS**

Reconciliation of budget surplus/deficit with the surplus/deficit in the statement of financial performance

Net surplus/deficit per the statement of financial performance Adjusted for:		41 561 557
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	a)	(7 333 648)
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	b)	` 5 051 803 [´]
Service Charges	c)	2 244 509
Rental from Fixed Assets	d)	3 660 853
Interest earned - External investments	e)	(3 556 390)
Sales of Goods and Rendering of services	f)	(2 735 574)
Bad Debts Written Off	g)	(55 003 500)
Inventory Consumed	h)	(3 103 425)
Operational Cost	i)	(5 652 654)
Depreciation and Amortisation	j)	(16 646 892)
Bulk Purchases	k)	(3 200 958)
Contracted Services	I)	(5 167 985)
Transfers and Subsidies: Operational Expenditure	m)	(3 288 338)
Other Items		(3 543 281)

(56 713 923)

Net surplus/deficit per approved budget

Decrease due to better law inforcement application a)

b) Expenditure not incurred for all grant funding received. Refer to Unspent portion of conditional grants

c) Increase in indigent households and cost of free basic services

d) Decrease in resort bookings mainly due to water restrictions implemented.

Investment period longer than initially anticipated as well as increase in funds available for investment purpose:

e) f) Decrease in economic climate

- ý) h) Bad debts written off against provision.
- Decrease in maintenance required in current year.

i) Decrease in economic climate

- j) Depreciation less than expected due to slow capital spending
- k) Bulk purchases less than expected.
- I) Contracted Services less than budget due to effective contract management
- m) Expenditure not incurred for all grant funding received. Refer to Unspent portion of conditional grants

Please refer to the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for more information

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

42	MATERIAL LOSSES	2018	2017
42.1	Water distribution losses - Kilolitres purified - Kilolitres sold - Kilolitres lost during distribution - Percentage lost during distribution - Value of kilolitres lost during distribution - The value of kilolitres lost is based on the treatment cost of water	5 779 052 4 745 794 1 033 258 17.88% 463 091	6 508 218 5 248 496 1 259 722 19.36% 487 798
	The estimated consumption for public open spaces and informal houses are calculated on a conservative bases using baseline consumption estimations provided by the Department of Water Affairs. Water meters will be installed to measure the mentioned consumption in the future.		
42.2	Electricity distribution losses - Units purchased (Kwh) - Units sold (Kwh) - Units lost during distribution (Kwh) - Percentage lost during distribution - Value of units lost during distribution (Rand)	201 379 459 181 544 559 19 834 900 9.85% 17 700 109	205 824 759 185 188 502 20 636 257 10.03% 17 967 105
	The electricity losses are in line with the quideline of the National Energy Regulator of South Africa of 10%		
43	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT	2018 R	2017 R
43.1	Contributions to organised local government - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)] - SALGA CONTRIBUTIONS		
	Opening balance Council subscriptions Amount paid - current year	- 1 647 102 (1 647 102)	1 322 271 (1 322 271)
	Balance unpaid (included in Payables from exchange transactions)	-	-
43.2	Audit fees - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance Current year audit fee	- 2 874 314	- 2 595 941
	External Audit - Auditor-General Internal Audit Audit Committee	2 727 865 - 146 449	2 489 273 310 106 358
	Amount paid - current year	2 874 314	2 595 941
	Balance unpaid (included in Payables from exchange transactions)	-	-
43.3	VAT - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance Amounts received - Output VAT - current year Amounts claimed - Input VAT - current year Amount paid - current year Amount - previous year Closing balance	7 962 606 (43 423 577) 42 746 301 6 493 633 (7 962 606) 5 816 358	6 207 995 (42 269 019) 47 754 452 2 477 173 (6 207 995) 7 962 606

VAT is payable/receivable on the cash basis. VAT is only paid over to SARS once cash is received from debtors and only claimed from SARS once payment is made to creditors.

	NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JU		
43.4	PAYE, SDL and UIF - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]	2018 R	2017 R
	Opening balance Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions Amount paid - current year	- 20 232 870 (20 232 870)	- 17 645 541 (17 645 541)
	Balance unpaid (included in Payables from exchange transactions)	-	-
43.5	Pension and Medical Aid Deductions - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions Amount paid - current year	34 302 259 (34 302 259)	- 31 618 501 (31 618 501)
	Balance unpaid (included in Payables from exchange transactions)		-
43.6	Councillor's arrear consumer accounts - [MFMA 124 (1)(b)]		
	During the financial year the following Councillors were outstanding for more than 90 days at any instance		
	Schuurman Heradien Abrahams Swart Lottering Laban Mgoboza Phungula	4 066 1 503 1 542 462 - 31 767 8 893 -	4 029 - - 7 820 26 855 8 278 24 235
	Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts	48 232	71 217
	Councillors outstanding for more than 90 days as at 30 June 2018:		
	Schuurman Abrahams Lottering Laban Mgoboza Phungula	42 	5 386 - 16 226 26 855 11 753 24 235
	Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts at year end	30 828	84 455

Councillor Lotterings account was under dispute and therefore went over the 90 day threshold. The necessary corrections and payments were affected after year end.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

43.7 <u>Discloser in terms of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations - Promulgated by Government</u> <u>Gazette 27636 dated 30 May 2005</u>

Regulation 36 (2) - Details of deviations approved by the Accounting Officer in terms of Regulation 36 (1) (a)

2017/2018			Type of deviation		
	Amount	Single Supplier	Impossible	Impractical	Emergency
July	487 231		-	11	6
August	681 960	6	-	13	5
September	269 549	2	-	7	4
October	871 119	9	-	16	5
November	453 688	6	-	10	1
December	422 087	5	-	7	4
January	2 246 008	6	-	5	
February	1 873 987	8	-	13	5
March	466 957	4	-	9	1
April	400 081	7	-	5	3
May	363 110	9	-	10	
June	1 045 966	6	-	17	8
	9 581 743	68	-	123	42

2016/2017

	Amount	Single Supplier	Impossible	Impractical	Emergency
July	735 648	7	-	5	2
August	2 010 252	13	-	8	7
September	417 294	13	-	9	7
October	708 942	7	-	10	5
November	1 415 607	6	-	16	3
December	314 869	8	-	5	4
January	686 860	5	-	8	3
February	1 034 138	8	-	5	4
March	607 500	11	-	14	10
April	387 450	10	-	7	3
May	710 745	3	-	9	7
June	691 099	2	-	11	9
	9 720 404	93	-	107	64

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2018 R

43.8 Regulation 45 - Details of awards made to close family members of persons in service of State

Name of supplier	Member of company who has relationship with person in the service of the state	Relationship to person in the service of the state	Name of person in the service of the state	Employer and capacity of person in service of the state	Value of transactions
Williams Loodgieters	SR Williams	Spouse	R Williams	Dept. of Health: Nurse	R 190 478
Freddie Opperman	Freddie Opperman	Spouse	J Opperman	Western Cape Education Department: Teacher	R 30 700
T Square Framing	M van Rooi	Daughter	M Cornelius	Clinic - Supervisor	5.000
(Arts and Events Skill Development) (Pty) Ltd	T van Rooi	Son-in-law	C Cornelius	Hermanus Municipality - SCM Storekeeper	R 300
		Spouse	L Williams	Dept. of Health: Admin Officer	D 44 050
SEW Plumbing	SE Williams	Son	R Williams	Dept. of Health: Nurse	R 14 950
Regan Brown	D Duran	Brother	E Johnson	City of Cape Town: Traffic Dept	0 077 776
Attorneys	R Brown	Brother	D Johnson	SAPS: Worcester	R 377 775
O'NeilL & Visser Attorneys	CW O'Neill	Spouse	H O'Neill	DOJ: Worcester	R 542 504
Vox Elektries	F Blom	Spouse	M Blom	SAPS: Officer	R 34 201
RJC Conservation Servises		Son	Prins	Chief Professional Nurse: Wolseley Clinic Dep of Health	R 39 000
Powerrec (Pty) Ltd	Vuyokazi Machimana	Mother	B Skonsana	Gauteng Department of Health: Nurse	R 45 433
JC Fencing	JJ Abrahamse	Father	K Abrahamse	Witzenberg Municipality: Traffic Officer	R 129 960
SJ Peres	SJ Peres	Brother-in-law	S Peres	Witzenberg Municipality: Accountant Expenditure	R 12 600
CJ Services	C Hofmeester	Cousin	F Hofmeester	Witzenberg Municipality: SCM Practitioner	R 5 875
	NI M	Mother	Gladys Thivhafuni Ravele	Department of Education	D 004 500
AON (Pty) Ltd	N Mangyanga	Father	GeorgeTakalani Ravele	Department of Transport	R 601 586
WAB Print Media (Pty) Ltd	Wayne Brink	Spouse	Adelene Brink	Drakenstein Municipality	R 26 915
AJ Rankin Basson Sport BK	J Wessels	Spouse	MJL Wessels	Witzenberg Municipality Social Worker	R 49 863
JMIL Dienste	Johannes Louwrens	Brother	Ci Croudace	Msunduzi Municipality - Admin officer	R 345 704
Koue Bokkeveld Training Centre	C Roberts	Spouse	R Roberts	Witzenberg Municipality Law Enforcement Officer	R 2 339

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

44 COMMITMENTS

Commitments in respect of expenditure:

Total	106 003 797	41 981 817
Operational	52 875 996	28 880 308
Other Capital	-	107 660
Community		19 960
Infrastructure	53 127 802	12 973 889
Approved and contracted for	106 003 797	41 981 817

2017

R

R

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The activities of the municipality expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (comprising fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The municipality's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the municipality's financial performance.

(a) Foreign Exchange Currency Risk

The municipality does not engage in foreign currency transactions

(b) Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to price risk.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

As the municipality has significant interest-bearing liabilities, the entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates.

The municipality analyses its potential exposure to interest rate changes on a continuous basis. Different scenarios are simulated which include refinancing, renewal of current positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarios, the entity calculates the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the surplus/deficit for the year. These scenarios are only simulated for liabilities which constitute the majority of interest bearing liabilities.

The municipality did not hedge against any interest rate risks during the current year.

The potential impact on the entity's surplus/deficit for the year due to changes in interest rates were as follow:

0.5% Increase in interest rates	450 141	325 518
0.5% Decrease in interest rates	(450 141)	(325 518)

(d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial or non-financial asset will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss. Credit risk consist mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and unpaid conditional grants and subsidies.

Trade and other debtors are disclosed net after provisions are made for impairment and bad debts. Trade debtors comprise of a large number of ratepayers, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these debtors. Credit risk pertaining to trade and other debtors is considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of debtors and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer debtors the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of debtors whose accounts become in arrears, Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levying of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy.

All rates and services are payable within 30 days from invoice date. Refer to note 3 and 4 for all balances outstanding longer than 30 days. These balances represent all debtors at year end which defaulted on their credit terms. Also refer to note 3 for balances included in receivables that were re-negotiated for the period under review.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

ANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED				
Balances past due not impaired:	2018 <u>%</u>	2018 R	2017 %	2017 R
Exchange Receivables				
Electricity	85.51%	31 092 890	100.00%	32 872 97
Water	17.18%	9 707 338	11.40%	7 706 29
Housing Rentals	17.27%	207 044	4.38%	64 99
Refuse	14.22%	4 154 663	9.02%	3 143 44
Sewerage	12.99%	3 326 681	9.38%	2 747 70
Other	30.03%	422 828	43.71%	1 111 75
Land Sales	100.00%	368 058	100.00%	1 064 46
	32.29%	49 279 503	27.11%	48 711 63

No receivables are pledged as security for financial liabilities.

45

Due to the short term nature of receivables the carrying value disclosed in note 3 and 4 of the financial statements is an approximation of its fair value. Interest on overdue balances are included at prime lending rate plus 1% where applicable.

The provision for bad debts could be allocated between the different classes of debtors as follows:

	2018 %	2018 R	2017 %	2017 R
Exchange Receivables				
Electricity	5.20%	5 269 422	6.50%	8 405 164
Water	46.16%	46 799 475	46.29%	59 894 004
Housing Rentals	0.98%	991 814	1.10%	1 418 431
Refuse	24.71%	25 058 129	24.50%	31 693 823
Sewerage	21.98%	22 285 534	20.51%	26 542 618
Other	0.97%	984 981	1.11%	1 431 719
	100.00%	101 389 355	100%	129 385 759

The provision for bad debts could be allocated between the different categories of debtors as follows:

	2018	2018	2017	2017
	%	R	%	R
Residential	89.87%	91 119 676	89.94%	116 368 474
Commercial	3.95%	4 000 882	4.40%	5 694 503
Government	0.00%	48	0.99%	1 283 183
Other	6.18%	6 268 749	4.67%	6 039 599
	100.00%	101 389 355	100.00%	129 385 759

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

45	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED	2018 %	2018 R	2017 %	2017 R
	Bad debts written off per debtor class:				
	Exchange Receivables				
	Electricity	3.11%	(1 782 058)	23.32%	(3 293)
	Water	49.96%	(28 605 804)	38.19%	(5 393)
	Housing Rentals	1.36%	(779 991)	0.84%	(118)
	Refuse	26.28%	(15 047 780)	19.68%	(2779)
	Sewerage	18.21%	(10 428 873)	16.55%	(2 337)
	Other	1.08%	(616 743)	1.44%	(203)
		100.00%	(57 261 250)	100.00%	(14 123)

The entity only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing. No cash and cash equivalents were pledged as security for financial liabilities and no restrictions were placed on the use of any cash and cash equivalents for the period under review. Although the credit risk pertaining to cash and cash equivalents are considered to be low, the maximum exposure are disclosed below.

The risk pertaining to unpaid conditional grants and subsidies are considered to be very low. Amounts are receivable from national and provincial government and there are no expectation of counter party default.

Long-term Receivables and Other Debtors are individually evaluated annually at Balance Sheet date for impairment.

Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end are as follows:	2018 R	2017 R
Long term receivables	-	-
Receivables from exchange transactions	51 223 415	50 267 611
Cash and Cash Equivalents	97 496 777	76 324 212
Unpaid conditional grants and subsidies	2 379 679	2 262 670
	151 099 871	128 854 493

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

45 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED

(e) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under credit lines.

The entity's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The entity manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
2018				
Borrowing	2 870 103	6 068 336	-	-
Capital repayments Interest	2 276 380.00 593 723.00	5 204 971.00 863 365.00	-	-
Trade and Other Payables Unspent conditional government grants and receipts	31 428 914 5 750 092	-	-	-
	40 049 109	6 068 336	-	
2017	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
2017 Borrowing				Over 10 Years
	year	5 years	10 years	Over 10 Years - - -
Borrowing Capital repayments	year 4 756 563 3 717 251	5 years 7 883 684 6 541 394	10 years 1 091 920 1 040 360	Over 10 Years - - - - -

WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		2018 R	2017 R
	In accordance with IAS 39.09 the financial instrur	nents of the municipality are classified as follows:		
	The fair value of financial instruments approximat	es the amortised costs as reflected bellow.		
46.1	Financial Assets	Classification		
	Receivables Receivables from exchange transactions	Financial instruments at amortised cost	51 223 415	50 267 611
	Other Receivables Government Subsidies and Grants	Financial instruments at amortised cost	2 379 679	2 262 670
	Bank Balances Bank Balances	Financial instruments at amortised cost	97 496 777	76 324 212
			151 099 871	128 854 493
	SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	Financial instruments at amortised cost		151 099 871	128 854 493
	At amortised cost		151 099 871	128 854 493
46.2	Financial Liability	Classification	2018 R	2017 R
	Long-term Liabilities			
	Annuity Loans Capitalised Lease Liability	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	5 204 974 -	7 345 204 -
	Payables from exchange transactions			
	Trade creditors Retentions Deposits Other	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	7 391 122 3 679 932 387 869 23 649 923	11 098 239 4 110 624 210 050 23 901 362
	Other Payables			
	other ruyubles		E 7E0 000	2 601 158
	Government Subsidies and Grants	Financial instruments at amortised cost	5 750 092	2 001 156
	-	Financial instruments at amortised cost	5750 092	2 001 130
	Government Subsidies and Grants	Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost Financial instruments at amortised cost	2 276 380	3 293 689 660 113
	Government Subsidies and Grants Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities Annuity Loans	Financial instruments at amortised cost		3 293 689
	Government Subsidies and Grants Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities Annuity Loans	Financial instruments at amortised cost	2 276 380	3 293 689 660 113

WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

47	IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE	2018 R	2017 R
	Land and Buildings donated by rural Developmen		54 942 896

48 PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS

Council has not entered into any private public partnerships during the financial year.

49 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

Claims against Council	3 013 366	3 013 366
Estimate legal Fees	<u> </u>	110 000

The municipality is currently engaged in litigation which could result in damages/costs being awarded against Council if claimants are successful in their actions. Management are respectfully of opinion that this matter will be successfully defended. The Municipality is defending all the claims. The amounts indicated is Management's estimated financial exposure. The following are naritives of the cases:

F Daniels / SALGBC & two others	The applicant was the former Manager of Traffic. He was dismissed after an	1 000 000	1 000 000
	internal disciplinary hearing on 21/09/2009, where after he unsuccessfully appealed internally against the sanction of dismissal. Management is of opinion		
	that the risk of the municipality being ordered to pay Mr Daniel's legal fees is slim.		
L Louw	A child was assaulted at the Pine Forest. The claimant alleged that the security measures at the Pine Forest were not sufficient to protect the child. The case was submitted to the municipality's insurance broker. The chance that any amount might be payable by the municipality is remote.	1 427 600	1 427 600
Gunter	Plaintiff claims damages from the municipality after she fell on the sidewalk. The case was submitted to the municipality's insurance broker. The chance that any amount might be payable by the municipality is remote.	585 766	585 766
		3 013 366	3 013 366

WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

50	RELATED PARTIES	2018 R	2017 R
	Key Management and Councillors receive and pay for services on the same terms and conditions as other ratepayers / residents.		
	The rates, service charges and other charges are in accordance with approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No bad debt expenses have been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.		
50.1	Related Party Loans		
	Since 1 July 2004 loans to councillors and senior management employees are not permitted.		
50.2	Compensation of key management personnel		
	The compensation of key management personnel is set out in Note 27 to the Annual Financial Statements		
50.3	Other related party transactions		
	No purchases were made during the year where Councillors or staff have an interest		
50.4	Ceres Koekedouw Management Committee		
	Ceres Koekedouw Management Committee is an entity established by the Witzenberg Municipality and the Koekedouw Irrigation Board. Ceres Koekedouw Management Committee is responsible for the management of the Koekedouw Dam, jointly owned by Witzenberg Municipality and the Koekedouw Irrigation Board.		
	The following contributions included with General Expenses were paid to the Ceres Koekedouw Management Committee	934 826	538 040
51	FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY		
	Management is of the opinion that will Municipality will continue to operate as a going concern and perform it's functions as set out in the Constitution.		

Financial Indicators

The current ratio increased to 2.0:1 from 2.4:1 in the prior year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents have increased during the year.

APPENDIX A - Unaudited WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

EXTERNAL LOANS	Rate	Loan	Redeemable	Balance at	Received	Redeemed /	Balance at
		Number		30 JUNE 2017	during the	written off during	30 JUNE 2018
					period	the period	_
				R	R	R	R
ANNUITY LOANS							
NED BANK	8.00%	5032113 0001	2018/05/30	234 520		234 520	-
NED BANK	8.00%	5032032 0001	2023/05/30	6 025 771		805 546	5 220 225
DBSA	15.25%	11188/101	2018/09/30	2 372 354		1 523 357	848 998
DBSA	15.50%	10772/101	2018/09/30	539 760		346 384	193 376
DBSA	9.50%	102040/1	2021/09/30	158 482		29 736	128 746
DBSA	8.59%	100605/1	2023/06/30	1 308 008		218 002	1 090 007
Total Annuity Loans				10 638 895	-	3 157 544	7 481 351
LEASE LIABILITY							
Office Equipment		Various	2012/02/29	660 110	-	660 110	-
Total Lease Liabilities				660 110	-	660 110	-
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS				11 299 005	-	3 817 654	7 481 351

APPENDIX B - Unaudited WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 MUNICIPAL VOTES CLASSIFICATION

2017	2017	2017		2018	2018	2018
Actual	Actual	Surplus/		Actual	Actual	Surplus/
Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)		Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)
R	R	R		R	R	R
80 324 214	(31 905 693)	48 418 521	Budget & Treasury Office	83 282 403	(27 288 241)	55 994 161
149 471 955	(107 163 793)	42 308 162	Civil Services	135 619 340	(94 030 610)	41 588 731
71 927 986	(26 784 842)	45 143 144	Community & Social Services	81 109 106	(27 141 982)	53 967 124
15 120 238	(34 221 320)	(19 101 082)	Corporate Services	211 668	(34 291 121)	(34 079 453)
221 652 885	(202 333 897)	19 318 988	Electro Technical Services	211 203 086	(201 134 935)	10 068 151
263 426	(23 025 003)	(22 761 577)	Executive & Council	542 831	(22 065 908)	(21 523 078)
24 610 710	(27 456 019)	(2 845 308)	Housing	13 006 360	(16 465 027)	(3 458 667)
1 309 115	(7 539 676)	(6 230 560)	Planning	1 004 366	(8 318 208)	(7 313 842)
23 352 142	(32 530 809)	(9 178 667)	Public Safety	26 640 663	(40 621 315)	(13 980 652)
22 976 093	(20 470 545)	2 505 547	Sport & Recreation	11 788 988	(44 859 521)	(33 070 533)
611 008 763	(513 431 597)	97 577 166	Total	564 408 810	(516 216 868)	48 191 942

APPENDIX C - Unaudited WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 GENERAL FINANCE STATISTIC CLASSIFICATIONS

2017 Actual Income R	2017 Actual Expenditure R	2017 Surplus/ (Deficit) R		2018 Actual Income R	2018 Actual Expenditure R	2018 Surplus/ (Deficit) R
263 426	(25 485 011)	· · /	Executive and Council	542 831	(22 987 249)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
80 324 214	(30 221 860)	50 102 354	Budget and Treasury Office	83 282 403	(27 288 152)	55 994 251
15 120 238	(36 598 441)	(21 478 204)	Corporate Services	211 668	(35 206 004)	(34 994 336)
1 309 115	(9 541 315)	(8 232 199)	Planning and Development	1 004 366	(8 318 208)	(7 313 842)
71 927 986	(22 850 510)	49 077 477	Community and Social Services	81 109 106	(27 148 871)	53 960 235
24 610 710	(27 456 019)	(2 845 308)	Housing	13 006 360	(16 465 027)	(3 458 667)
18 909 663	(29 465 643)	(10 555 980)	Public Safety	26 640 663	(40 440 006)	(13 799 343)
22 976 093	(20 521 342)	2 454 751	Sport and Recreation	11 788 988	(44 853 772)	(33 064 784)
153 914 433	(110 229 279)	43 685 154	Civil Services	135 619 340	(99 007 864)	36 611 476
221 652 885	(201 062 178)	20 590 707	Electricity	211 203 086	(201 132 100)	10 070 985
611 008 763	(513 431 597)	97 577 166	Total	564 408 810	(522 847 252)	41 561 558

APPENDIX D - Unaudited WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003

UNSPENT AND UNPAID GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	Balance 1 JULY 2017 (Unpaid)	Grants Operating Received	Grants Capital Received	Write Offs / Transfers	t h e r	Operating expenditure during the year Transferred to revenue	Capital expenditure during the year Transferred to revenue	Balance 30 JUNE 2018	Unspent 2018 (Payable)	Unpaid 2018 (Receivable)
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
<u>National Government Grants</u> Finance Management Grant DWAF - Drought relief	(261 315)	1 550 000 -	-			(1 259 695) -	(11 243) -	17 747 -	17 747	-
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	(0.20)	-				-	-	(0)	-	0
Municipal infrastructure Grant	(90 419)	-	22 739 000			-	(22 744 251)	(95 671)	-	95 671
Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (DWAF)	(114 347)	-	-			-	(69 421)	(183 768)	-	183 768
Integrated National Electricity Program Equitable share	(801 458)	- 70 412 000	-			- (70 412 000)	-	(801 458)	-	801 458
Department of Rural Development ACIP funds (DWAF)	471 155	70 412 000	-			(70 412 000) -	-	471 155	471 155	-
Expanded Public Works Programme	(14 044)	1 485 000	-			(1 500 315)	-	(29 359)	_	29 359
Neighbourhood Development Plan	321	-	-			-	-	321	321	-
Provincial Government Grants		2 600 000	-			(2 600 000)	-	-	-	-
Library services Replacement Funding	(143)	5 450 000	-			(5 449 857)	-	-	-	-
CDW	417 281	148 000	-			(115 854)	-	449 428	449 428	-
Main roads	(16 800)	120 000	-			(120 000)	-	(16 800)	-	16 800
Municipal Infrastructure Support Grant	(758 017)	-	(288 480)			-	-	(1 046 497)	-	1 046 497
Drought Relief State Funeral	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
Planning Human Settlement Development Sport	- 566 634 -	- 8 992 338 -	۔ 21 575 176 -			- (12 643 351) -	- (15 195 126) -	- 3 295 671 -	- 3 295 671 -	-
Library Capital	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
Multipurpose Centre	322 000	-	-			(322 000)	-	-	-	-
Capacity Building (Internship)	60 000	286 000		(60 000)		-	-	286 000	286 000	-
Municipal Infrastructure	(206 126)	-	288 480			-	(288 480)	(206 126)	-	206 126
Financial Management Support	343 767	-	330 000	(400,000)		(343 997)	-	329 770	329 770	-
Financial Management	120 000	240 000	-	(120 000)		(240 000)	-	-	-	-
Local Government Compliance MSCOA Grant	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
Regional Social Econimical Pro	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
5	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
District Municipality										
Parks and recreation	300 000	-	-			-	-	300 000	300 000	-
Tourism Route Development	-	100 000	-			-	-	100 000	100 000	-
Sanitation Infrastructure	-	500 000	-			-	-	500 000	500 000	-
Total	338 488	91 883 338	44 644 176	(180 000)	-	(95 007 068)	(38 308 520)	3 370 413	5 750 092	2 379 679

SCHEDULE OF ADJUSTMENTS - Unaudited WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY REVENUE AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

				RE	CLASSIFIED TO:			
Reclassified from	Amount before adjustments	,	Licences or Permits	Sales of Goods and Rendering of services	Rental from Fixed Assets	Operational Revenue	Total adjustment	Amount after
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	adjustments
Fines	19 242 291	18 923 441	-	-	-	-	-18 923 441	318 850
Licences or Permits	141 796	-	141 796	-	-	-	-141 796	-
Rental of Facilities and Equipment	8 176 974	-	-	2 551 337	5 625 637	-	-8 176 974	-
Other Income	4 792 065	-	-	4 032 412	-	759 653	-4 792 065	-
Total Reclassified	32 353 126	18 923 441	141 796	6 583 749	5 625 637	759 653	(32 034 276)	318 850

SCHEDULE OF ADJUSTMENTS - Unaudited WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY EXPENDITURE AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

			RECLASSIFIED TO:								
	Amount before	Inventory	Contracted	Employee	Operational	Bulk	Interest	Operating	Transfers and	Total	Amount after
Reclassified from	adjustments	consumed	Services	Related Cost	Cost	Purchases	paid	Leases	Subsidies	adjustment	adjustments
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Repairs and maintenance	23 000 709	9 214 454	10 686 967	1 450 257	1 402 672	246 359	-	-	-	-23 000 709	0
General Expenditure	43 760 685	7 488 086	6 831 476	2 886 876	23 486 177	1 876 123	-	782 317	409 630	-43 760 685	-0
Contracted services	41 869 152	64 568	-	1 622 355	3 532 438	-	-	-	24 264 670	-29 484 031	12 385 121
Grants and Subsidies	941 038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	941 038	-941 038	-
Collection cost	773 248	-	773 248	-	-	-	-	-	-	-773 248	-
Unamortised Discount - Interest paid	615 809	-	-	-	-	-	615 809	-	-	-615 809	-
											-
Total Reclassified	110 960 641	16 767 107	18 291 691	5 959 487	28 421 287	2 122 483	615 809	782 317	25 615 338	(98 575 520)) 12 385 121

ANNEXURE B: REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ANNEXURE C: REPORT OF THE PERFORMANCE, RISK AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

ANNEXURE C: REPORT OF THE PERFORMANCE, RISK & AUDIT COMMITTEE

PERFORMANCE, RISK AND AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1. Legislative Requirements

The purpose of this report is to communicate to the council the Performance, Risk and Audit Committee's (PRAC) progress to date in carrying out its oversight responsibilities in terms of section 166 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003, as amended) (MFMA). The Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001, regulation 14(2) (a) requires the municipality to establish a performance audit committee. Regulation 14(2) (c) states that a municipality may utilize any audit committee established in terms of other applicable legislation as the performance audit committee.

The MFMA obliges every municipality to establish an independent audit committee, which must advise the municipal council, political office-bearers, accounting officer and management staff of the municipality on matters relating to internal financial controls and internal audits, risk management, accounting policies, the adequacy, reliability and accuracy of financial reporting and information, performance management, effective governance, compliance with the MFMA, the annual Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and any other applicable legislation, and any other issues referred to it by the municipality. The municipality has opted to have a combined performance, risk and audit committee.

PRAC is governed by a formal charter, which is regularly reviewed and approved by the council. The committee is pleased to present its report for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

2. Audit committee's responsibility

The PRAC committee has complied with its responsibilities arising from section 166 of the MFMA and reports that it operated in terms of the audit committee charter.

3. Audit committee members and attendance

PRAC was established in accordance with section 166 of the MFMA. The PRAC charter requires that the committee comprises of a minimum of five members of whom none must be in the employ of the municipality.

The PRAC comprises five members, including the chairperson, Mr J, George. In terms of section 166(4) (b) of the MFMA, the audit committee must meet at least four times a year. During the financial year ended 30 June 2018, the audit committee met on six occasions. The table below shows the attendance of these meetings:

Name	Date of appointment	Qualifications	Number of meetings scheduled	Number of meetings attended
Mr J. George (Chairperson)	1 November 2016	B Compt (Honours) CA(SA)	6	6
Mr A. Amod	1 March 2012 – 31 May 2018	B Comm; MBA CIA; CGAP; CRMA	6	4
Mr J. Basson	1 June 2015	B Compt Honours CA(SA)	6	5
Mr T. Lesihla	1 June 2015	Master of Technology, Information Technology	6	6
Mr F Redelinghuys	1 November 2016	B Compt (Honours) CA(SA)	6	6

The members of the PRAC held meetings with the municipal manager as the accounting officer, senior management of the municipality, the internal audit function and the external auditors collectively on matters related to governance, internal control and risk and performance management in the municipality, throughout the reporting period.

4. Effectiveness of internal control

The PRAC acknowledges management's efforts to strengthen internal controls in the municipality. The Performance, Risk and Audit Committee (PRAC) raised concern that in certain instances the matters reported by the external auditors and the internal audit function in prior years have not been fully and satisfactorily addressed. Management has given assurance that effective corrective action will be implemented in respect of all internal control weaknesses, and the audit committee will monitor these going forward.

The municipality has adopted anti-corruption measures to prevent and detect fraud and corruption.

Due to the strategic importance of, and investment in, the modernisation of information and communication technology (ICT) in the municipality, the PRAC has monitored the risk register and progress reports on the respective action plans during the year under review. The PRAC is of the view that the management of ICT risks can be improved.

5. The quality of monthly and quarterly reports submitted in terms of the MFMA and DORA

The PRAC reviewed and where applicable advised on the following:

- Internal audit reports
- Annual audit plan
- AGSA's audit report
- Annual Financial Statements
- Annual Performance Report
- Section 71 reports
- Section 72 report
- Section 52(d) reports, including the performance reports
- Quarter Risk Management reports
- Annual Risk assessment Report

The PRAC is satisfied with the content and quality of reporting prepared and issued during the year under review in compliance with the statutory framework. The PRAC has engaged with management to remedy shortcomings, especially relating to the reports on performance against predetermined objectives. The committee has recommended that specific process be implemented to ensure that the information reported is both useful and reliable in terms of the applicable reporting framework.

The PRAC has reviewed and commented on the municipality's annual financial statements and report on performance information and their timely submission to the external auditors by 31 August 2018.

6. Internal audit function

The accounting officer is obliged, in terms of section 165 of the MFMA, to ensure that the entity has a system of internal audit under the control and direction of PRAC. PRAC is satisfied that the internal audit function has properly discharged its functions and responsibilities during the year under review.

The capacity of the internal audit function has been enhanced through an investment in the Internal Audit Technician (IAT)

training programme. The PRAC expects these initiatives to contribute to the internal audit function becoming more efficient.

The PRAC reviewed its current three year risk based audit plan and reviewed the actual internal audit work that was conducted by the Internal Audit Unit in relation to the one year internal audit plan.

The PRAC is satisfied that the internal audit function operated effectively and that it has addressed the risks pertinent to the municipality. To this extend the PRAC expresses their appreciation to the Internal Auditors for the work performed.

7. Enterprise Risk Management function

PRAC is responsible for the oversight of the risk management function.

The PRAC has reviewed the completeness of the enterprise risk assessment process implemented by management and the alignment thereof to the risk-based audit plan. The PRAC has also reviewed the risk appetite, risk profile and action plans implemented by management to mitigate risk.

PRAC advises management towards the improvement of risk management.

8. Evaluation of the finance function

The PRAC is satisfied with the municipality's finance function during the year under review.

9. Performance management

Part of the responsibilities of PRAC includes the review of performance management. PRAC has in terms of the performance of the municipality performed the following functions:

- Review and comment on compliance with statutory requirements and performance management best practices and standards;
- Review and comment on the alignment of the integrated development plan, budget, service delivery and budget implementation plan and performance agreements;
- Review and comment on the relevance of indicators to ensure that they are measurable and relate to services performed by the municipality and its entities;
- Review of compliance with in-year reporting requirements;
- Review of the guarterly performance reports submitted by the internal audit function; and
- Review and comment on the municipality's performance management system and making recommendations for its improvement.

PRAC has recommended to Council to improve the functionality of the performance management system, timeous monitoring and reviewing of the portfolios of evidence should be implemented and management should embrace the recommendations by Internal Audit and ensure continuous monitoring to address the control deficiencies.

No instances of fraud, financial misconduct or irregular, unauthorised and fruitless expenditure has been reported by management.

The PRAC has reviewed the fraud prevention policies and strategy including the whistle blowing policy.

11. Evaluation of the annual financial statements

The PRAC has:

- Reviewed and discussed the audited annual financial statements to be included in the Annual Report with the AGSA, the Municipal Manager, the Chief Financial Officer and other officials employed by the municipality; and
- Reviewed changes in accounting policies and practices as applicable.

The PRAC accordingly concurs with and supports the AGSA conclusion on the annual financial statements, and is of the opinion that the audited annual financial statements can be accepted.

12. External auditor's report

The PRAC concurs with and accepts the conclusion and audit opinion of the external auditors on the annual financial statements. The committee is of the view that the audited financial statements be accepted and read together with the report of the external auditors. The PRAC confirms that it has been actively involved throughout the audit process and has been thoroughly appraised of the issues giving rise to the audit opinion.

The external audit function, performed by the Auditor General South Africa (AGSA) is independent of the entity. The PRAC has met with the external auditors to ensure that there are no unresolved issues and acknowledges the diligence and cooperation of the external audit team.

13. Word of thanks

The PRAC wishes to express their appreciation and thanks to the management of the municipality and to internal audit for the work they have undertaken during the year.

On behalf of Performance, Risk and Audit Committee

Mr Jonathan George Performance, Risk and Audit Committee Chairperson Witzenberg Municipality 23 November 2018

WITZENBERG

MUNISIPALITEIT

UMASIPALA

MUNICIPALITY

- MEMORANDUM -

To: Committee for Technical Services

From: Senior Manager: Electro-Technical Services

Date: 15 October 2018

Ref: 16/3/3/3

WABOOMSTRAAT BELIGTING PROBLEEM, PRINCE ALFRED'S HAMLET

1. DOEL

Die doel van die verslag is as volg:

- Om die raad in te lig met betrekking tot die probleme wat ervaar word, met beligting in die Eskom areas;
- Om verskeie oplossings voor te stel vir oorweging;
- Om die risikos uit te lig met betrekking tot die bates en geld spandering.

2. AGTERGROND

`n Probleem is ge-identifiseer met straatbeligting in Prince Alfred's Hamlet. Die area val onder Eskom voorsieningsgebied. Eskom is verantwoordelik vir die herstel en onderhoud op die straatligte. Eskom het aangedui dat dit nie hulle primêre funksie en prioriteit is nie en dat hulle nie hieraan gaan aandag skenk in die nabye toekoms nie.

Die probleem is dat alle klagtes steeds by die munisipaliteit aangemeld word en dat die munisipaliteit beskuldig word van swak dienslewering. Die elektriese afdeling het verskeie gesprekke en vergaderings met Eskom gehad met betrekking tot die aangeleendheid, maar sonder sukses.

Die probleem is nie beperk tot die area van bespreking nie. Die Munisipaliteit het dieselfde probleem met elke ander straatlig klagte in die area. Die Munisipaliteit het `n reëling getref met Eskom dat hulle vir ons `n skakelpunt op die netwerk installeer sodat ons self kan onderhoud doen op die netwerke.

Daar is wel 'n bestaande kontrak met Eskom vir die basiese instandhouding van straatligte. Die kontrak is geteken in 2003, maar dit sluit nie skade in wat as gevolg van vandalisme is, soos wat die geval is in Waboomstraat is.

3. BESPREKING

Die elektriese afdeling het `n ondersoek laat doen om die kostes te bepaal vir die area soos ge-identifiseer. Die kabels, pale en straatligte is gesteel, gevandaliseer en beskadig. Dit is moontlik dat die elektriese afdeling die straatligte kan herstel, maar met verskeie risiko's waaraan aandag geskenk moet word.

Daar is `n generiese koste gedoen vir die eerste 16 ligte se herstel om `n idee van die kostes te kry. Die kostes is dan deur `n pro-rata berekening op die totale area toegepas soos nodig. Daar word `n bedrag toegelaat vir onvoorsiene uitgawes aangesien daar `n mate van onsekerheid bestaan oor die kondisie van die bestaande toerusting. Die kostes word as volg opgesom:

Description	QTY	Unit Cost	Unit	Total Cost
Quote received for 650m Streetlight repair	650	143 440.78	Quote	
Pro-rata adjustment in quotation for budget purposes (1.45km)	1450	220.68	R/m	319 983.28
Suply of LED Light Fittings	33	4 794.98	R/unit	158 234.34
Sub-Total 1				478 217.62
10% Contingencies				47 821.76
Tctal, Excl VAT				526 039.38

Neem asseblief kennis dat die Munisipaliteit verantwoordelik is vir die verskaffing van die ligte en lampe, wat beteken dat die R150k vir die LED ligte in elk geval deur die raad betaal moet word.

4. RISIKO ANALISE

Daar is egter twee risiko's by die aanspreek hiervan:

- Begroting vir die installasie is `n uitdaging aangesien dit addisionele druk op die elektriese departement plaas deurdat daar dringende onderhoud ensovoorts nou uitgestel moet word om hiervoor voorsiening te maak;
- Spandering van Munisipale fondse op Eskom netwerk (die installasie raak `n Eskom bate na installasie teenstrydig die MFMA).

5. AANBEVELING

- Dat die raad kennis neem van die probleem situasie en die uitdagings wat daarmee gepaardgaan;
- Dat die elektrisiteit departement goedkeuring ontvang vir werke op die Eskom netwerk met betrekking tot onderhoud en herstelwerk;
- Dat die raad kennis neem dat daar is fondse beskikbaar om die nodige werk te voltooi.
- Dat die raad, indien dit ondersteun word, goedkeuring gee vir die installasie van bates, soos uiteengesit in die item, op die Eskom netwerk vir die geval, weens die feit dat die bestaande kontrak met Eskom skade deur vandalisme uitsluit.

 Basiese dienslewering deur die Munisipaliteit word vervat as `n doelstelling in die konstitusie dit sluit dan ook in die bevordering van `n veilige en gesonde omgewing. Dit word ook vervat in die Munisipale systems ACT.

0

P VAN DEN HEEVER SENIOR MANAGER ELECTRO-TECHNICAL SERVICES

WITZENBERG

MUNISIPALITEIT UMASIPALA MUNICIPALITY

- MEMORANDUM -

- AAN / TO: Municipal Manager Committee for Technical Services
- VAN / FROM: Director: Technical Services
- DATUM / DATE: 21 November 2018

VERW. / REF.: 15/4/P

POLICY: DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

1. Reference

The following Policy document titled "WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY DEVELOPMENT CHARGES POLICY", revision 00 refers.

2. Background

Municipalities face a growing need to invest in infrastructure to support both economic growth, ensure universal access to services and renew or refurbish existing infrastructure assets.

Development charges (DCs) are one important source of municipal infrastructure finance. They are a once-off capital payment made by developers, on approval of a land development application submitted to a municipality, to cover the costs of providing bulk engineering services to service new development. DCs have been applied in South Africa for decades, in different forms and using different names. They have not however been applied consistently or in a transparent manner. It is the intention of the new DC legislation to increase the amount and the predictability of DC revenue, to provide both municipalities and developers with more certainty and assurance that the costs of infrastructure are covered by its users. Because DCs are payable at a single point in the development of a property the incidence of the payment is also immediately apparent: the developer pays and, to the extent that the market permits, the developer will pass on these costs to the purchaser of the properties that are sold on.

Service requirements of a development, particularly larger subdivisions, can be substantial, and involve a number of Departments. Given the extensive nature of these requirements, and the application of many legal, policy and guideline frameworks, a more easily compressed document allow the Service Departments to apply the relevant conditions. However, these standard conditions must be adequately and clearly communicated to developers.

3. Purpose of this policy

National Treasury compiled guidelines to assist municipalities with the drafting of their own DC policies and bylaws, as well as setting up their own internal processes to implement DCs. The guideline therefore complements the legislation in creating an environment of certainty, both for municipal infrastructure finance, and for the development community through DCs being managed in a predictable and certain manner. In so doing, unnecessary disputes, litigation and other hindrances to growth and development will be minimised. In addition, by targeting the users of infrastructure, rather than the municipality's ratepayers in general, the new legislation promotes fairness and equity. This guideline strengthens municipal capability to achieve these objectives.

This guideline has been prepared by the National Treasury following a local and international review of best practice and in consultation with municipal officials, provincial officials, national government departments and the South African Local Government Association (SALGA).

The objectives of the policy

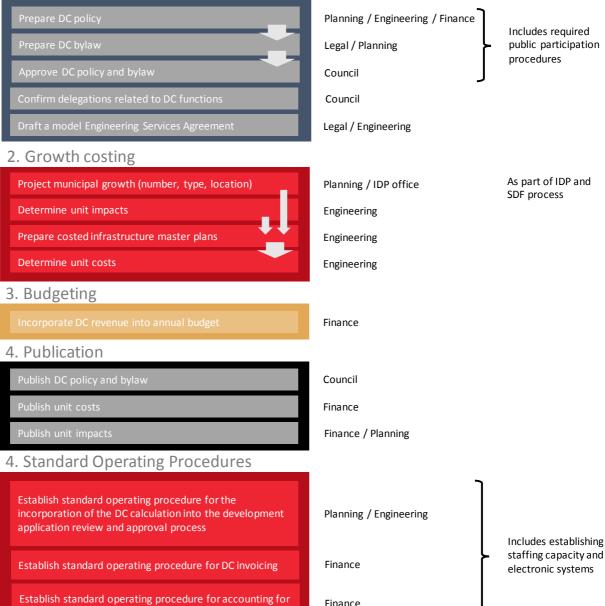
- Enable municipalities to provide capital infrastructure assets in a timely and sufficient manner to facilitate land development;
- Cover the costs of existing and new infrastructure capacity to meet the demand resulting from growth, provided this is not funded through other means; and
- Complement other sources of capital finance available to municipalities to ensure financial sustainability.

Attached please find the WITZENBERG DEVELOPMENT CHARGES POLICY and the SERVICES AGREEMENT FOR PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL TOWNSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Administrative Processes:

<u>Steps</u>

1. Policy and legislative process



Responsibility

Comment

Establish standard operating procedure for accounting for DC revenue

4. Recommendation

- -
- That the Development Charges Policy revision 00 be adopted as a Policy document by Council. That the Services Agreement for Private Residential Township Development be adopted as a policy document by Council.

J F BARNARD DIRECTOR: TECHNICAL SERVICES



WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY DEVELOPMENT CHARGES POLICY

DOCUMENT VERSION CONTROL

This Document:	Current Revision	Current Date:
Approved by council	00	?? ??

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1. **DEFINITIONS**

- 1.1. All terms used in this policy have the meanings given to them in the relevant national legislation.
- 1.2. 'The Act' means the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act, Act 12 of 2007, as amended.

2. INTRODUCTION

- 2.1 This policy is approved by the municipal council in accordance with section 9B of the Act.
- 2.2 From the date of approval of this policy any previous policies relating to development charges or similar instruments fall away and are replaced by this policy.

3. FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES GUIDING DEVELOPMENT CHARGES IN THE MUNICIPALITY

- 3.1 The following principles apply to the implementation of this policy in the municipal area and must be taken into account by all decision-makers exercising discretion in relation to development charges.
- 3.1.1 **Equity**. Developers and land use applicants should pay their fair share, on the same basis and according to the same rules. Similar land uses should be treated similarly.
- 3.1.2 **Fairness**. Only those who benefit from a product or service should pay for it, in proportion to the value they derive from it. Existing residents should not benefit from a new development at the cost of a developer. Nor should a developer benefit at the cost of existing residents. There should not be duplication in the recovery of the capital cost of infrastructure from more than one funding source.
- 3.1.3 **Reasonableness.** There must be a rational connection between the charge, the cost of bulk services and the relative impact of a development on those bulk services. Charges should be calculated based on the estimated cost of infrastructure to support growth, apportioned to each unit of growth relative to the benefit that each such unit derives. Development charges are intended to recover the infrastructure costs incurred and to be incurred because of growth; they are not a form of taxation
- 3.1.4 **Predictability.** Development charges should be a predictable, legally certain and reliable source of revenue to the municipality for providing external engineering services, and a predictable cost to developers.
- 3.1.5 **Certainty**. Development charges revenue should be dedicated only to the purpose for which it was raised, so municipalities must disclose the amounts collected and how the revenue is spent. If developers pay the development charges, then they are entitled to the timeous provision of the bulk services the municipality is obliged to provide
- 3.1.6 **Administrative efficiency.** The determination, calculation and operation of development charges should be administratively simple and transparent.

4. **OBJECTIVES**

- 4.1 The municipality requires the payment of development charges in order to cover the costs of municipal bulk external infrastructure required to accommodate increased demand for such infrastructure that arises from intensified land use and recover the cost of mutually installed bulk services.
- 4.2 The municipality will use the revenue from development charges to increase municipal bulk external infrastructure supply to support growth and development in the municipal area.

5. MUNICIPAL STAKEHOLDERS

- 5.1 The municipality's development charges system is of direct interest to property owners and land developers in the municipal area. It is also important for public sector bodies responsible for infrastructure and services provision, at municipal, provincial and national spheres.
- 5.2 All land development decisions in the municipal area are made by the Municipal Planning Tribunal.
- 5.3 The following stakeholders have been formally consulted in the preparation of this municipal policy:
- 5.3.1 ...
- 5.3.2 ...

6. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

- 6.1 This section of the policy summarises the relevant provisions of the applicable legislation
- 6.1.1 The Constitution. In terms of section 156(1) of the Constitution municipalities have executive authority in respect of, and the right to administer the local government matters listed in part B of Schedule 4 and part B of Schedule 5 and any other matter assigned to it by national or provincial legislation, which includes municipal planning, storm water management, water and sanitation, cleansing, local amenities, park and recreation, municipal roads, public places, refuse removal, electricity and solid waste disposal. Section 229 of the Constitution then provides that municipalities may impose rates on property and surcharges on fees for services provided by or on behalf of the municipality; and if authorised by national legislation, other taxes, levies and duties appropriate to local government or to the category of local government into which that municipality falls, but no municipality may impose income tax, value-added tax, general sales tax or customs duty. This enables municipalities to receive money to fund their obligations. It also provides that when a municipality imposes rates on property, surcharges on fees for services provided by or on behalf of the municipality, or other taxes, levies or duties, it may not be exercised in a way that materially and unreasonably prejudices national economic policies, economic activities across municipal boundaries, or the national mobility of goods, services, capital or labour; and may be regulated by national legislation.

- 6.1.2 SPLUMA. In terms of section 49, an applicant is responsible for the provision and installation of internal and link engineering services and a municipality is responsible for the provision of external engineering services. In section 40(7) SPLUMA provides that a municipal planning tribunal may in the approval of any application, impose any reasonable conditions, including conditions related to the provision of engineering services and the payment of any DCs. The municipality has enacted a Municipal Planning Bylaw that prescribes the manner in which applications for land development must be submitted and processed.
- 6.1.3 Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act. The MFPFA establishes the power for municipalities to levy DCs to cover the cost of bulk infrastructure required to service additional land development. The Act empowers municipalities to withhold approvals or clearances for non-payment of DCs. It sets out the permissible uses of income from DCs and establishes the principles for the calculation of DCs. All municipalities are required to have a by-law that describes how that municipality intends to levy DCs. Municipalities that charge DCs are required to do so in terms of a municipal DC policy, with a set of minimum content and public participation requirements. An engineering services agreement is required to be concluded where bulk infrastructure is required to be installed, either by the municipality or by the developer that covers, inter alia, the nature, timing and standards for the infrastructure. Where developers install engineering services instead of payment of DCs, which must be approved by the Director: Technical Services, the Act regulates how this is procured, how the value is ascertained and how this value is offset against the development charge or, in particular cases, reimbursed to the developer. A municipality may only subsidise DCs in terms of its DC policy, but must calculate the development charge as if it were payable in all cases. The Act also describes the financial management and reporting requirements to be followed in accounting for DCs.

7. DEVELOPMENT CHARGES APPLICATION

- 7.2.1 Development charges will be levied through the land development approval process; thus the charge will be imposed by the local municipality as a condition of a land development approval given by the Municipal Planning Tribunal.
- 7.2.2 Where the Municipal Planning Tribunal approves a land development application that gives rise to a more intensive use of land then it must obtain a determination from the municipality of the development charge liability and impose that as a condition to the approval.
- 7.2.3 The Municipal Manager will provide the Municipal Planning Tribunal with a determination of the development charges liability for a land development application, in writing, two weeks before the scheduled date for the Tribunal's hearing of that application.

8. SCOPE OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES:

- 8.1 The municipality will determine a development charges liability for each of the following engineering services that is provided by the municipality:
- Water
- Sewerage / Sanitation
- Electricity
- Municipal roads
- Storm water
- Solid Waste
- 8.2 The municipality will not determine a development charges liability for any other engineering service.

9. CALCULATION OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

- 9.1 Land development applications that give rise to Development Charges
- 9.2 Changes in land use or zoning give rise to a Development Charge where there is intensified utilisation of the land and resultant increase in loading on the infrastructure. Development Charges will be imposed on all these applications where the municipality is requested to approve a development application in terms of the applicable land use or planning legislation.
- 9.3 For the purposes of the interpretation of this section the following definitions apply:
- a) Coverage means the total area of a land unit that may be covered by buildings, expressed as a percentage of the area of such land unit, and shall include all roofed areas; provided that the following portions of buildings shall be disregarded in the calculation of coverage:
- (i) patio, entrance steps and landings;
- (ii) open balconies and retractable awnings;
- (iii) cornices, chimney breasts, pergolas, flower boxes, water pipes, drain pipes and minor decorative features not projecting more than 500 mm from the wall of the building;
- (iv) eaves not projecting more than 1 m from the wall of the building; and
- (v) a basement, provided that the finished level of the top of the basement roof slab does not project above the existing ground level.

- b) Gross Leasable Area (GLA) means the area of a building designed for, or capable of, occupancy and/or control by tenants, measured from the centre line of joint partitions to the inside finished surface of the outside walls, and shall exclude the following:
- (i) all exclusions from the definition of floor space; (ii) toilets;
- (iii) lift shafts, service ducts, vertical penetrations of floors;
- (iv) lift motor rooms and rooms for other mechanical equipment required for the proper functioning of the building;
- areas reasonably used in connection with the cleaning, maintenance and care of the building, excluding dwelling units for caretakers, supervisors, cleaners or maintenance staff; and
- (vi) interior parking and loading bays.
- c) Floor space means the area of a floor which is covered by a slab, roof or projection, provided that:
- (i) any area, including a basement, which is reserved solely for parking or loading of vehicles shall be excluded;
- (ii) external entrance steps and landings, any canopy, any stoep and any area required for external fire escapes shall be excluded;
- a projection including a projection of eaves, and a projection which acts as a sunscreen or an architectural feature, which projection does not exceed 1 m beyond the exterior wall or similar support, shall be excluded;
- (iv) any uncovered internal courtyard, light well or other uncovered shaft which has an area in excess of 10 m² shall be excluded;
- (v) any covered paved area outside and immediately adjoining a building at or below the ground floor level, where such paved area is part of a forecourt, yard, external courtyard, pedestrian walkway, parking area or vehicular access, and which is permanently open to the elements on at least the front or long side, shall be excluded;
- (vi) any covered balcony, veranda or terrace which, apart from protective railings, is permanently open to the elements on at least the front or long side, and which does not exceed 2,5 m in width, shall be excluded;
- (vii) subject to subsection (viii) below, any stairs, stairwells and atriums that are covered by a roof shall be included;
- (viii) in the case of multi-level buildings, any stairwells, lift wells, light wells or other wells, and any atrium, shall only be counted once; and provided further that:

floor space shall be measured from the outer face of the exterior walls or similar supports of such building, and where the building consists of more than one level, the total floor space shall be the sum of the floor space of all the levels, including that of basements.

The electricity demand shall be calculated by a registered engineering professional

9.4 Development Charges apply

Development Charges apply to the following application types:

- a) Rezoning applications:
- Rezoning's to sub divisional area or equivalent zoning that enables rezoning and simultaneous subdivision of the land and which is typically required for new development or urban infill development;
- (ii) Rezoning of land from one zone to another in order to change the permitted land uses on the site; and
- (iii) Rezoning's from one subzone to another in order to increase the permitted floor space.
- b) Subdivision applications where the number of dwelling units increases as a result of the subdivision, or where the subdivision application results in the increase of floor space or GLA.
- c) Permanent departure applications:
- (i) Applications to increase the permitted Floor Space, GLA, number of occupants or number of rooms; and
- (ii) Applications to increase permitted Coverage.
- d) Consent use applications (in terms of the Zoning Scheme) where the change in land use is deemed by the municipality to result in additional utilisation of infrastructure.
- e) Any application for the amendment of conditions of a previous approval where the condition limited the land use, Floor Space, GLA or Coverage.

9.5 Development Charges do not apply

Development Charges will not apply to the following land development applications, which are deemed to have no significant impact on provision of external infrastructure:

- a) Rezoning applications to a less intensive zone, i.e. where one land use (primary or consent use) is replaced by a different land use with similar or lesser infrastructure utilisation impacts for all services.
- b) Subdivision applications where no additional development rights are created or which do not result in additional loading onto external infrastructure.
- c) Permanent departure applications for building lines or height or other similar parameters, which do not lead to an intensification of land use.
- d) Temporary departure applications where rights are granted on a temporary basis: provided that,

- (i) Temporary departures may only be granted if the infrastructure impact of the temporary use is the same or less than the existing use; and
- (ii) If the municipality does not have sufficient spare capacity available to accommodate the application for the temporary departure it will not be approved.
- e) Consolidation applications that are not accompanied by rezoning or additional rights application.

Consent use applications which have a similar or lesser impact on infrastructure utilisation than previous rights applicable to the property.

- f) Applications to change land use to one of the following land uses, up to the extent indicated and using the definitions set out in this policy:
- (i) early childhood development centre up to 34 children per erf; (ii) home occupation up to 50m2 per erf;
- (iii) home child care up to six children per erf; (iv) house shop up to 50m2 per erf;
- (v) second dwelling up to 60m2 per erf; and
- (vi) bed and breakfast establishment up to the first three bedrooms of an existing dwelling.

The above will not apply, should the demand on the Municipal services increase.

- 9.6 Development charges for a particular engineering service are calculated based on the basis that the development charge is equal to the additional impact multiplied by the unit cost.
- 9.7 The total development charge for any land development application is the sum of the amounts calculated for each of the applicable engineering services.
- 9.8 The additional impact is the difference between the impact of the proposed land use rights and the existing land use rights, which is calculated by multiplying the number of units of land use rights being applied for by standard, predetermined unit impacts for every land use.
- 9.9 The unit cost for an engineering service is defined in the Regulations issued in terms of the Act as the cost of the infrastructure required to service the expected demand arising from growth, divided by that demand.
- 9.10 The municipality has designated engineering service zones as follows:
- 9.10.1 All Services Zones (Whole of Witzenberg)
- 9.10.2 Op-Die-Berg (Electricity supplied by Eskom)
- 9.10.3 Prince Alfred Hamlet (Electricity supplied by Eskom)
- 9.10.4 Bella Vista
- 9.10.5 Ceres
- 9.10.6 Nduli/Vredebes
- 9.10.7 Wolseley
- 9.10.8 Tulbagh
- 9.11 <u>Methodology for calculation of unit costs:</u>
- 9.11.1 The municipality will calculate the unit cost per engineering service, in the manner prescribed by the Minister, to include all land costs, professional fees, materials, labour and reasonable costs of construction, and any other costs prescribed by the Minister.

- 9.11.2 In relation to infrastructure costing the municipality will list all projects or programmes to be implemented by the municipality for each engineering service over a period of 10 years in a table and estimate the total capital costs for each.
- 9.11.3 The total capital cost for each engineering service will be reduced to include only those costs relating to additional land development in the municipality.
- 9.11.4 The unit costs for each engineering service will be calculated as the capital cost attributable to additional land development, divided by the growth in units of demand over the 10-year period.
- 9.11.5 The unit cost for each engineering service will be adjusted on an annual basis during the budget preparation process referred to in section 21 of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003), to take account of inflationary impacts, and the adjusted unit costs will be published within two months of approving the municipal budget; and
- 9.11.6 The unit cost for each engineering service will be re-calculated at least every five years (unless a longer period is approved by the Minister), to take into account the current and planned capacity for each engineering service at the date of re-calculation, and any other relevant factors.

10. STANDARD UNIT IMPACTS

- 10.2.1 The impact of a land development is calculated as the difference between the impact on an engineering service of the authorised land use at the date of the land development application, and demand according to the Municipal standard development conditions and that of the land use proposed, provided that the minimum impact is zero.
- 10.2.2 The standard unit impacts that will be used in the municipality are set as per Annexure 1.

11. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS

In order to implement this policy the following implementation procedures will apply and have to be prescribed in the appropriate by-law:

11.1 Information required from the developer to calculate Development Charges

In terms of the applicable legislation, the municipality may require from the developer any information necessary for it to evaluate an application. This includes information that will enable it to calculate the required Development Charge. These details, however, will vary according to the type of land use change envisaged as well as the scale of the proposed project.

11.2 Application procedure

- 11.2.1 Land development applications, according to the Municipal standard development conditions must be submitted to the Technical Department. The applicant will be informed at this stage that Development Charges may have to be paid and will be assisted by the municipality in understanding what would constitute bulk and link external engineering services in the context of the particular development.
- 11.2.2 The full application must be circulated for comment to:
- a) Electricity Services; (the implementation of renewable energy and energy efficiency will not influence the demand figure of the developments)

b) Finance;

- c) Town Planning and Building Control;
- d) Solid Waste Management;
- e) Streets and Storm water;
- f) Water & Sewerage
- 11.2.3 A Department may impose conditions relating to the development and, in particular, conditions relating to Development Charges which must include conditions relating to the time periods within which payment or payments must be made. Such DC charges must be paid up front.
- 11.2.4 The limitations to the scale of permitted development, which were used to calculate the Development Charge, must be clearly set out.

- 11.2.5 Should a developer in future wish to acquire additional development rights over and above those already approved, a new application will be required in terms of the applicable planning legislation and the Development Charges liability must be recalculated.
- 11.2.6 The final Development Charges must be reflected in the calculation and form part of the conditions to be approved.
- 11.2.7 The conditions of the relevant department must be included in the final conditions of approval that are approved in terms of the applicable land use or planning legislation.
- 11.2.8 The final approval of the conditions will be binding in terms of the relevant land use or planning legislation. Section 51 of SPLUMA allows an appeal relating to land development applications to the Municipal Manager.

12. PAYMENT OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

- 12.1 Payment of development charges is due at the payment points set out in the conditions of the land development approval granted by Witzenberg Municipality.
- 12.2 The developer is responsible for the payment of the development charges because the amount payable is calculated on the basis of the cost of external bulk engineering services required to support the land use changes for which the developer applied.
- 12.3 Payment may be made in tranches, provided that the municipality gives its approval in writing and specifies the amounts to be payable at specific payment points and any related conditions.
- 12.4 Payment must be made by electronic funds transfer into the account specified by the municipality.
- 12.5 The municipality will issue receipts for all payments received and will record each payment made in the municipal accounts.
- 12.6 Where the developer opts not to proceed with development the municipality shall only refund any development charges received where the permitted land use change is reversed to reflect the permitted land use applicable before the land development application was made and all professional and administrative costs relating to this reversal of the permitted land use shall be borne by the developer.

13. INSTALLATION OF EXTERNAL ENGINEERING SERVICES TO OFFSET THE PAYMENT OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

- 13.1 The municipality may agree in writing that a developer installs all or part of the external engineering services, the value of which will be set off against the applicable development charge.
- 13.2 Where there is such an Engineering Services Agreement to install all or part of the external engineering services the terms of that agreement will be in compliance with the Act and other relevant legislation.
- 13.3 The agreement will stipulate the manner in which the value of the installed engineering services will be valued so that the amount of development charges payable can be reduced accordingly.

14. SUBSIDIES

- 14.1 Exemptions from Development Charges may only be granted by the municipality if it:
- a) does so in accordance with a Council approved policy or Council resolution that complies with the requirements of national legislation and policy dealing with Development Charges, and which:
- (i) may exempt specified categories of land use or specified geographical areas or a combination of both; and
- (ii) may not specify individual developers or properties.
- b) A Council approved policy or Council resolution allowing for exemption from Development
- 14.2 Charges liability must:
- (i) calculate the full liability for Development Charges that would otherwise have been received by the municipality were it not for the exemption;
- (ii) make projections regarding revenue to be foregone for a period of at least three years; and
- (iii) make budgetary provision for the realisation of the associated revenue forgone from another realistically available source either through a specific capital transfer or an alternative capital budget vote.
- 14.3 Applications that qualify in terms of the Council approved policy or Council resolution allowing for exemption from Development Charges liability are not liable for Development Charges to the extent permitted in the policy or resolution, provided that:

- a) the amount of the Development Charges liability for that application must be sourced from alternative funding identified in terms of the policy or resolution and transferred to the relevant asset-financing fund; and
- b) the application for exemption must be approved by the Council.
- 14.4 The municipality must disclose the value of exemptions provided for each budget year in its annual report
- 14.5 No relief may be granted in respect of the payment of Development Charges to a category of properties or a geographical area other than by way of an exemption provided for in this policy.
- 14.6 No relief may be granted in respect of the payment of Development Charges to an owner of property or properties on an individual basis unless it is in compliance with a Council approved policy or resolution.

15. WITHHOLD CLEARANCES AND APPROVAL

15.1 The municipality may withhold any consent, clearance or approval with respect to land development where a development charge is owed and remains unpaid or the developer fails to install external engineering services in terms of the installation agreement and no services shall be installed or connected should this not be paid.

16. MONITORING, EVALUATION AND REVIEW

- 16.1 The municipality will put in place a system of monitoring the implementation of this policy, evaluation of the system, and revision thereof, where necessary.
- 16.2 Instances where the municipal development charges policy may need to be reviewed include those where infrastructure plans or costs have changed, relevant national or provincial legislation has changed or the municipality has included additional engineering services to be financed by development charges system.

17. DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND APPEAL PROCESS

17.1 Where a developer or other party to a land development application wishes to challenge the manner in which this policy is applied he or she may appeal against any decision of the Municipal Planning Tribunal or other relevant authority in accordance with the appeal provisions set out in SPLUMA.

18. APPENDIX

18.1 ANNEXURE 1: STANDARD UNIT IMPACTS

- 18.2 ANNEXURE 2: PRE-ASSESSMENT FORM
- 18.3 ANNEXURE 3: DETAILED TERM SHEET FOR THE DRAFTING OF AN ENGINEERING SERVICES AGREEMENT
- 18.4 ANNEXURE 4: CALCULATED UNIT COST BASELINE 2018
- 18.5 ANNEXURE 5 INFRASTRUCTURE TO BE FUNDED BY DEVELOPMENT CHARGES



ANNEXURE 1: STANDARD UNIT IMPACTS

Unit impacts selected for DC Calculator

Cate-gory	Unit	Unit Impact											
		Water		Sewer		Roads		Storm-water		Solid Waste		Electricity	
		Demand	Source	Yield	Source	AADT	Source	Runoff Factor	Source	Generated	Source	ADMD	Source
		kl/day		kl/day		Number of	trips	ha*C		kg/day		kVA	
Single Residential > 1000m ² Erf	Dwelling unit	1.400	CoCT Civil Eng	0.7500	CoCT Civil Eng	4.0000	TMH 17	0.06250	SANRAL RDM	6.450	SOER 2006	5.300	NRS 069
Single Residential > 650m ² Erf	Dwelling unit	1.100	CoCT Civil Eng	0.7500	CoCT Civil Eng	4.0000	TMH 17	0.04125	SANRAL RDM	6.450	SOER 2006	5.300	NRS 069
Single Residential > 350m ² Erf	Dwelling unit	0.900	CoCT Civil Eng	0.7500	CoCT Civil Eng	4.0000	TMH 17	0.02500	SANRAL RDM	6.450	SOER 2006	4.700	NRS 069
Single Residential < 350m² Erf	Dwelling unit	0.900	CoCT Civil Eng	0.7500	CoCT Civil Eng	4.0000	TMH 17	0.01250	SANRAL RDM	6.450	SOER 2006	3.600	NRS 069
State Funded Housing	Dwelling unit	0.600	CoCT Civil Eng	0.5000	CoCT Civil Eng	1.2000	TMH 17	0.00600	SANRAL RDM	2.050	SOER 2006	2.400	NRS 069
GAP/Affordable /Social Housing	Dwelling unit	0.600	CoCT Civil Eng	0.5000	CoCT Civil Eng	1.2000	TMH 17	0.01000	SANRAL RDM	3.700	SOER 2006	2.400	NRS 069
Group Housing	Dwelling unit	0.800	CSIR Red Book	0.6000	CSIR Red Book	3.7500	TMH 17	0.01500	SANRAL RDM	3.700	SOER 2006	2.400	NRS 069
Flat	Dwelling unit	0.575	CSIR Red Book	0.5000	SANS 10400	1.2500	TMH 17	0.00840	SANRAL RDM	2.960	SOER 2006	2.400	NRS 069

Cate-gory	Unit	Unit Impact											
		Water		Sewer		Roads		Storm-water		Solid Waste		Electricity	
		Demand	Source	Yield	Source	AADT	Source	Runoff Factor	Source	Generated	Source	ADMD	Source
		kl/day		kl/day		Number of t	rips	ha*C		kg/day		kVA	
Second/ Additional Dwelling/Grann y Flat	Dwelling unit	0.575	CSIR Red Book	0.5000	SANS 10400	1.2500	TMH 17	0.01000	SANRAL RDM	2.960	SOER 2006	2.400	NRS 069
Rural / Undetermined / Agricultural	Dwelling unit	1.000	CoCT DC calculator	0.5000	CoCT DC calculat or	4.0000	CoCT DC calculator	0.06750	CoCT DC calculato r	6.450	CoCT DC calculato r	-	
Rural Intensification / Agri- subdivisions	Dwelling unit	1.000	CoCT DC calculator	0.5000	CoCT DC calculat or	4.0000	CoCT DC calculator	0.06750	CoCT DC calculato r	6.450	CoCT DC calculato r	-	
Hotel	Rooms	0.250	SANS 10252	0.1400	SANS 10400	6.0000	TMH 17	0.00350	SANRAL RDM	0.750	SOER 2006	0.090/m2	SANS 10400
Accommodation Establishments	Rooms	0.250	SANS 10252	0.1330	SANS 10400	3.0000	TMH 17	0.00560	SANRAL RDM	0.750	SOER 2006	0.090/m2	SANS 10400
General Business	m² floor area	0.004	CSIR Red Book	0.0034	CSIR Red Book	0.1000	TMH 17	0.00010	SANRAL RDM	0.024	SOER 2006	0.090/m2	SANS 10400
Office	m² floor area	0.004	CSIR Red Book	0.0034	CSIR Red Book	0.0850	TMH 17	0.00010	SANRAL RDM	0.024	SOER 2006	0.080/m2	SANS 10400
Retail/Shop	m² floor area	0.004	CSIR Red Book	0.0034	CSIR Red Book	0.3500	TMH 17	0.00010	SANRAL RDM	0.024	SOER 2006	0.090/m2	SANS 10400
Warehouse	m² floor area	0.004	SANS 10252	0.0035	SANS 10400	0.0300	TMH 17	0.00008	SANRAL RDM	0.024	SOER 2006	0.020/m2	NRS 069
Industrial	m² floor area	0.004	SANS 10252	0.0035	SANS 10400	0.0600	TMH 17	0.00009	SANRAL RDM	0.024	SOER 2006	0.100/m2	NRS 069

Cate-gory	Unit	Unit Impact											
		Water		Sewer		Roads		Storm-water		Solid Waste		Electricity	
		Demand	Source	Yield	Source	AADT	Source	Runoff Factor	Source	Generated	Source	ADMD	Source
		kl/day		kl/day		Number of	trips	ha*C		kg/day		kVA	
Early Childhood Development Centres / Home Child Care	Learner	0.170	SANS 10252	0.0370	SANS 10400	3.0000	TMH 17	0.00084	SANRAL RDM	0.740	SOER 2006	0.075/m2	SANS 10400
Universities / Schools	Learner	0.050	SANS 10252	0.0370	SANS 10400	2.0000	TMH 17	0.00175	SANRAL RDM	0.740	SOER 2006	0.075/m2	SANS 10400
Care / Accommodation (Hospitals, Clinics, Old age home)	Bed	0.500	SANS 10252	0.5000	SANS 10400	2.2500	TMH 17	0.00252	SANRAL RDM	1.500	SOER 2006	0.090/m2	SANS 10400
Office / Consulting rooms (welfare offices, clinics, hospitals & env. facilities)	m ² floor area	0.004	CSIR Rec Book	0.0034	CSIR Red Book	0.2670	CoCT DC calculator	0.00010	SANRAL RDM	0.024	SOER 2006	0.090/m2	NRS 069
Meeting Places (places of assembly, place of worship)	m² floor area	0.004	CSIR Rec Book	0.0032	CoCT DC calculat or	0.0930	CoCT DC calculator	0.00010	SANRAL RDM	0.024	SOER 2006	0.080/m2	SANS 10400
Open Spaces / Public Open Spaces	m²	0.000		0.0000		0.0000		0.00004	SANRAL RDM	0.000	SOER 2006	-	

ANNEXURE 2: PRE-ASSESSMENT FORM

	DEVELOPMENT CHARGES PRE-ASSESSMENT FORM
Application Number	
Date	
Erf Location	
Erf No	
Erf Size (m2)	
Suburb	
Applicant	
Approved Building Plan No.	
	TRIGGER CONDITIONS
Application	n involves a change in land use that may result in increased impact on bulk infrastructure - use DC Calculator
	r consent use is being replaced by a land use with less impact on all bulk services
Subdivisio	n application with no additional development rights, or which does not result in additional impact on bulk services
Application	n to change building lines, height or similar parameters, which does not lead to an intensification of land use
Application	n will have equal or less impact on all bulk services and is exempt in terms of the municpal DC policy, in the
following o	xategory:
	DECLARATION
Application Processed by:	
Designation:	
	e application has been assessed in terms of the municipal DC Policy, and that sufficient information has been to confirm the presence, or not, or a trigger for development charges.
Signature	
Date	

ANNEXURE 3: SERVICES AGREEMENT FOR PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL TOWNSHIP DEVELOPMENT

SEE ATTACHED ANNEXURE 3



ANNEXURE 4: CALCULATED UNIT COST - BASELINE 2018

(This unit cost will be updated annually with the municipal budget)

Service	Unit of measurement	Unit Cost	Service zone 1	Service zone 2	Service zone 3	Service zone 4	Service zone 5
		Average	Ceres	ODB	РАН	Wolseley	Tulbagh
Water	R/kl/day	R 4 146,28	R 4 146,28	R 4 146,28	R 4 146,28	R 4 146,28	R 4 146,28
		Average	Ceres	ODB	РАН	Wolseley	Tulbagh
Sewer	R/kl/day	R 2767,06	R 2 767,06	R 2 767,06	R 2767,06	R 2 767,06	R 2 767,06
		Average	Ceres	ODB	РАН	Wolseley	Tulbagh
Roads	R/trips/day	R 580,53	R 580,53	R 580,53	R 580,53	R 580,53	R 580,53
		Average	Ceres	ODB	РАН	Wolseley	Tulbagh
Stormwater	R/c.HA	R 80 490,30	R 80 490,30	R 80 490,30	R 80 490,30	R 80 490,30	R 80 490,30
		Average	Ceres	ODB	РАН	Wolseley	Tulbagh
Solid Waste	R/kg/day	R 1 159,15	R 1 159,15	R 1 159,15	R 1 159,15	R 1 159,15	R 1 159,15
		Average	Ceres	ODB	РАН	Wolseley	Tulbagh
Electricity	R/kVA	R 1 180,61	R 1 180,61	R 1 180,61	R 1 180,61	R 1 180,61	R 1 180,61

ANNEXURE 5 - INFRASTRUCTURE TO BE FUNDED BY DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

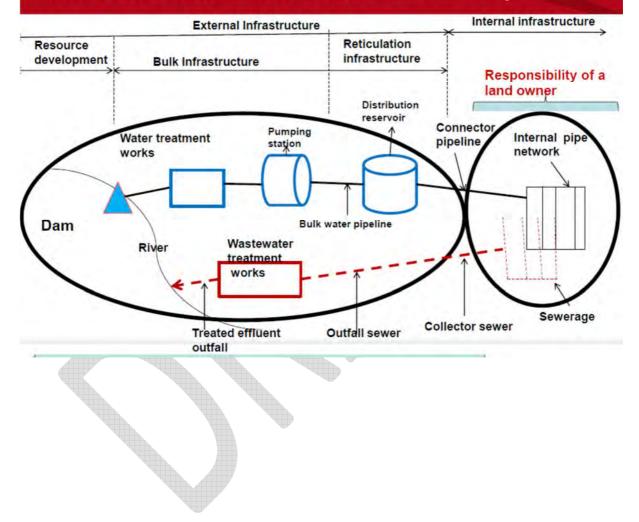
Sector	Extent of costs
Water	 The proportionate share of capacity and/or increase in capacity of the municipal water reticulation infrastructure to accommodate the needs of the new development, including: Link infrastructure outside the development site required to connect the new development to the existing municipal water network, however should the link infrastructure only service one development it is for the developers account. The proportionate cost of the existing distribution pipelines, reservoirs, water towers, pump stations and control valves required for the new development, and/or the proportionate cost of creating additional capacity for the mentioned respective infrastructure components, downstream of the bulk water meter.
	• The costs that are <i>excluded</i> are the proportionate cost of dams (where
Sewerage Electricity (to the extent provided by the municipality)	 owned by the municipality), water treatment works, bulk distribution The proportionate share of capacity and/or increase in capacity of the municipal sanitation infrastructure to accommodate the needs of the new development, including: Link infrastructure outside the development site required to connect the new development to the existing municipal sewer network, however should the link infrastructure only service one development it is for the developers account. The proportionate cost of the existing collector and outfall sewer pipelines, pump stations and diversion structures required for the new development, and/or the proportionate cost of creating additional capacity for the mentioned respective infrastructure components, downstream of the new development. The proportionate cost of a share in the capacity of the existing wastewater treatment works or sea outfalls, and/or the proportionate cost of creating additional capacity at such a facility, where these are owned by the Link infrastructure to connect the new development to the existing municipal network, however should the link infrastructure only service one development it is for the developers account. The additional capacity in the municipal electrical supply network, however should the link infrastructure only service one development it is for the developers account.

Deada	Contributions to 'basic road infrastructure' are based on providing for the required
Roads	Contributions to 'basic road infrastructure' are based on providing for the required road space which is needed on external municipal roads (of all classes) for trips on
(to the extent	external roads by customers in the new development (or visitors) in order to maintain
provided by the	the existing minimum standard of service, including:
municipality)	• Link infrastructure to connect the new development to the existing
	municipal infrastructure, unless this is required in terms of a traffic impact
	assessment, however should the link infrastructure only service one
	development it is for the developers account.
	• The proportionate share of existing external road capacity or increase in
	length or capacity of external roads due to the generalised (non-local)
	impact of the development.
	 Road structures, minor stormwater facilities, sidewalks, furniture, controls and signage associated with the above roads.
	 The proportionate share of existing capacity at, or new junctions and
Transport	The proportionate share of capacity or increase in size of the municipal public
-	transport infrastructure not associated with road infrastructure, to accommodate
(to the extent provided by the	the needs of the new development and maintain acceptable minimum levels of
municipality)	service, including:
municipanty)	
	Public transport interchanges
	Non-scheduled service facilities
	Tion scheduled service lacinites
	Street-to-street pedestrian access
	Class 1 cycle lanes
	But <i>excluding</i> any portion of this infrastructure funded from national government grants, including the costs of integrated rapid transit systems and facilities for
	scheduled services.
Stormwater	The proportionate share of existing capacity or increase in size of the external
	stormwater infrastructure associated with communal conveyance, to accommodate
	the needs of the new development, including:
	• Link infrastructure outside the development site required to connect the
	new development to the existing municipal stormwater network, however should the link infrastructure only service one development it is for the
	developers account.
	• Piped networks (excluding provision for minor drainage system
	associated with road provision)
	• Culverts
	Open channels, lined and unlined
	Detention and retention facilities
	Energy dissipation structures
Solid waste	The proportionate share of existing capacity or new facilities, to accommodate the
(to the extent	needs of the new development, including:
provided by the	• Disposal facilities (landfill, transfer stations, alternative treatment
municipality)	• Disposal factures (fanditil, transfer stations, alternative treatment technologies)
	 Specialised vehicles used for landfill operations
	 Drop-off facilities
	Specialised collection vehicles
1	~r····································
	Material recovery facilities

All services

(to the extent provided by the municipality) The proportionate cost of land or servitudes of existing infrastructure or the cost thereof to establish new infrastructure as a result of the development.

Development charges components (example of water and waste water treatment works)



SERVICES AGREEMENT FOR PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL TOWNSHIP DEVELOPMENT

FINAL DRAFT 17 September 2018

ABOUT THIS DOCUMENT

BACKGROUND

The sustained increase in urban development around small urban nodes puts pressure on the capacity of existing infrastructure. In some cases there is a lack of capacity at Local Authority level to manage this additional burden on services. This has given rise to the need for improved systems and tools to assist Local Authorities to cope. Measures such as the development and use of best-practice solutions and standardisation of procedures are advocated.

This document aims to provide a guideline for smaller municipalities entering into services agreements with private developers who are planning to develop residential townships.

HOW TO USE THIS DOCUMENT

- 1. This document must be utilised as a guideline only. It will need to be adapted to incorporate local preferred practice and local conditions.
- 2. This document consists of 3 basic elements:
 - Standard clauses
 - Optional clauses
 - Sample sections
- 3. The aim is not to contradict local preferred practice but to assist Local Authorities in their work.
- 4. Two shades of highlighting have been employed to make the document easier to use. These are as follows:
 - Light shading indicates where information such as the name of the municipality needs to be filled in
 - **Dark shading** indicates where an option needs to be selected for delegating responsibilities in terms of the agreement

The numbering of items needs to be checked once individual sections are selected or omitted.

STATUS OF THIS DOCUMENT

This agreement is a stand alone document that forms part of the requirements for the approval required by the DEVELOPER for the development of the TOWNSHIP. The subdivision document must include clear reference to the Services Agreement and it will therefore be a condition of subdivision. It is proposed that the Services Agreement should be signed before a contractor may proceed with infrastructure installation.

LEGAL LIABILITY

The user is advised to consult with a legal expert to adapt the document to suit his/her specific circumstances. The user indemnifies the drafter of this document against each and every liability which the user may incur as a result of the use of this document.

SERVICES AGREEMENT FOR PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL TOWNSHIP DEVELOPMENT

FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF:

(Name of Development)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO BY AND BETWEEN:

(Name of Municipality)

AND

(Name of Developer)

Revision Number: (*No.*)

Date: (Date)

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MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

AGREED AND ENTERED INTO BY AND BETWEEN

(NAME OF MUNICIPALITY)

herein represented byin his/her capacity asand duly authorised thereto in terms of a Council decision dated (hereinafter referred to as the "MUNICIPALITY")

AND

(NAME OF DEVELOPER)

herein represented by in his/her

capacity asand duly authorised thereto

by virtue of a resolution dated

(hereinafter referred to as the "DEVELOPER")

Now this agreement provides as follows:

WHEREAS the DEVELOPER, by virtue of a land availability agreement, is the DEVELOPER of:

(Name and/or brief description of land)

(hereinafter referred to as the "PROPERTY");

AND WHEREAS the DEVELOPER applied **EITHER** to develop a TOWNSHIP on **OR** for the rezoning and subdivision of the PROPERTY (*delete as applicable*), which TOWNSHIP shall be known as

(hereinafter referred to as the "TOWNSHIP");

AND WHEREAS the DEVELOPER, together with the MUNICIPALITY as the Local Authority within whose jurisdiction the land described above is situated shall make arrangements for:

The supply and maintenance of the Engineering Services in the TOWNSHIP, in terms of the provisions of Section 49 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 (Act No. 16 of 2013) and Sections 81 and 82 of the Witzenberg Land Use Planning By-Law (P.N 289/2015) as well as the TOWNSHIP establishment conditions which apply or may in future apply thereto;

AND WHEREAS the following services must be provided to the TOWNSHIP:

(Delete or modify as applicable:)

- A. The supply of roads in the TOWNSHIP and the provision of access to the TOWNSHIP from existing roads and streets in the MUNICIPALITY's area of jurisdiction or otherwise;
- B. The provision of a storm water drainage system for the TOWNSHIP;
- C. The provision of all water, including drinking water and irrigation and the distribution thereof in the TOWNSHIP;
- D. The provision of a sewerage system to the TOWNSHIP for sewerage and the removal and purification thereof;
- E. The provision of an electricity service and the distribution thereof to the TOWNSHIP, including street lighting; and
- F. The supply of a solid waste removal service for the TOWNSHIP;

AND WHEREAS the MUNICIPALITY is prepared and able to supply some or all of these services required for the TOWNSHIP, as the case may be, as set out above and subject to the terms and conditions set out hereunder;

AND WHEREAS the MUNICIPALITY prescribed guidelines for the following:

- Engineering Services for new townships, in accordance with what is known as "*Guidelines for human settlement planning and design*" and generally referred to as "The Red Book,"; and
- Electrical Services for new townships, in accordance with *EITHER (delete or modify as applicable:)*

The MUNICIPALITY's standard specifications and conditions for electrical works as set out in their "Standard Electrical Services Agreement" document, according to the instructions of the Director Technical Services.

OR

The present ruling standards of ESKOM, where specifications and drawings shall be subject to ESKOM's approval;

which guidelines, or as amended by the Municipal Manager, form an integral part of this agreement (hereinafter referred to as the "GUIDELINES");

NOW THEREFORE the aforementioned MUNICIPALITY and the DEVELOPER agree as follows:

LIST OF DEFINITIONS

CONSULTING ENGINEER	A professional engineer currently registered with the Engineering Council of South Africa (ECSA), who assumes responsibility for the technical soundness of the infrastructure to be provided in the TOWNSHIP
DEVELOPER	The person or party intending to develop a TOWNSHIP
ENGINEERING SERVICES	All engineering services required by the MUNICIPALITY including water, electricity and sewerage services as well as roads, streets and storm water drainage systems.
EXTERNAL SERVICES	All road, street, water, storm water, sewerage, solid waste and electricity services whereto the INTERNAL SERVICES can be connected for the provision of such services to the TOWNSHIP.
INTERNAL SERVICES	All water, electricity, and sewerage networks and associated installations and accessories including storm water, drainage systems and road infrastructure as well as solid waste within the boundaries of the TOWNSHIP and connecting points for the particular service in/or near the boundaries of the TOWNSHIP including any connections where such connection points are situated outside the boundaries of the TOWNSHIP, boundary services as well as elements of a system which have, in consequence of topographical features or other reasons to be located outside the boundaries of the township but which provide solely for the needs of the proposed TOWNSHIP, which definition in particular shall include water towers and sewerage pumping stations.
MUNICIPALITY	Municipality established in terms of Notice No: 6770 of 2000, promulgated by virtue of Section 12(1) of the Local government Structures Act of 1998 (Act No.117 of 1998), as amended, with its place of business at
PARTIES	The MUNICIPALITY and the DEVELOPER
PROPERTY	<i>For example:</i> Portions, of Farm and parts of portions, and of Farm
TOWNSHIP	A Township known as indicated on the plan of the Township (Plan no) attached hereto as <mark>Annexure</mark>

1. GENERAL

- 1.1 The services of water, electricity and sewerage shall be made available to the DEVELOPER by the MUNICIPALITY and ESKOM *(delete if not applicable)* at such point or points as may be determined and agreed upon by the parties.
- 1.2 The MUNICIPALITY and the DEVELOPER shall be entitled to make changes to the services and infrastructure as envisaged in this agreement subject to their mutual agreement, provided that such changes be recorded in writing and signed by both parties.
- 1.3 The Consulting Engineer appointed by the DEVELOPER must submit proof of his/her Professional Indemnity insurance to the MUNICIPALITY. The technical soundness and sizing of the infrastructure design is the responsibility of the Consulting Engineer.
- 1.4 Before the DEVELOPER undertakes the building of any services, he shall have the necessary plans drawn up by a Consulting Engineer, and shall submit such plans to the MUNICIPALITY for approval before commencing with any works or construction.
- 1.5 Prior to commencing with the design, the DEVELOPER's Consulting Engineer must acquaint himself with, and clarify with the MUNICIPALITY and ESKOM (*delete if not applicable*) the standards of materials and design requirements to be complied with as well as possible costs of connections to existing services.
- 1.6 A Services/Design Report that confirms all standards and the design of services must be approved by the MUNICIPALITY and any other relevant authorities as applicable. The Services Report must clearly state which bulk services upgrades are required to accommodate the full demand of the development.
- 1.7 All connections to existing services will be made by the DEVELOPER's contractor under direct supervision of the MUNICIPALITY and all costs will be for the account of the DEVELOPER.

<u>OR</u>

Connections to existing services will be made by the MUNICIPALITY, for the cost of the DEVELOPER.

- 1.8 The DEVELOPER shall be liable for all damages caused to any existing services due to any action related to the implementation of the TOWNSHIP. The DEVELOPER is responsible for determining the location of existing civil and electrical services. All information provided on previous record drawings or as-built data shall be verified and confirmed on site.
- 1.9 If any graves are present in the proposed TOWNSHIP, the DEVELOPER shall deal therewith in terms of the relevant legislation and to the satisfaction of the MUNICIPALITY, at the DEVELOPER's own cost.
- 1.10 The DEVELOPER is entitled to develop the area in phases subject to the phases being indicated in the designs and plans and the MUNICIPALITY's approval thereof.

- 1.11 A defects liability period of twelve months and that is in accordance with the latest version of the General Conditions of Contract applies for all services installed by the DEVELOPER. This shall also apply to the individual phases in the development.
- 1.12 Any reference to a party shall include a reference to that party's successors in title and assigns.

2. EXTERNAL SERVICES

(The following sections to be amended to the specific environment of this agreement)

2.1 BULK WATER

2.1.1 The MUNICIPALITY will provide a connection point and has adequate capacity in the bulk system to accommodate the full demand of the TOWNSHIP.

OR

The MUNICIPALITY will upgrade certain bulk water infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

.....

OR

The DEVELOPER will upgrade certain bulk water infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

(Include sub-clause 2.1.2 below only when the second or third option in 2.1.1 above is used)

- 2.1.2 The costs for the above upgrade shall include costs for:
 - Design and construction including escalation costs
 - Environmental applications and management plans required by the Department of Water Affairs & Forestry and the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning, where applicable.
 - Costs for compliance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No 85 of 1993) and the Construction Regulations, 2003.
 - Costs related to the registrations of servitudes and acquisition of land

These costs will

(include one of the three options as follows:)

EITHER

be carried by the MUNICIPALITY

OR

be carried by the DEVELOPER. In this instance and if a Capital Contribution is applicable, R..... of the cost can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

OR

be shared between the MUNICIPALITY and the DEVELOPER. In this instance the DEVELOPER shall pay R..... If a Capital Contribution is applicable, R.... of the DEVELOPER'S share can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

2.1.3 The MUNICIPALITY shall be entitled to levy a water tariff in respect of any water consumption from a metered connection, at published tariffs which may be in force in its area of jurisdiction from time-to-time. The final connections will only be effected once the network has been completed, tested, approved and taken over by the MUNICIPALITY.

2.2 BULK SEWER

2.2.1 The MUNICIPALITY will provide a connection point and has adequate capacity in the bulk system to accommodate the full sewage flow of the TOWNSHIP.

OR

The MUNICIPALITY will upgrade certain bulk sewerage infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

.....

<u>OR</u>

The DEVELOPER will upgrade certain bulk sewerage infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

.....

(Include sub-clause 2.2.2 below only when the second or third option in 2.2.1 above is used)

- 2.2.2 The costs for the above upgrade shall include costs for:
 - Design and construction including escalation costs
 - Environmental applications and management plans required by the Department of Water Affairs & Forestry and the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning, where applicable.
 - Costs for compliance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No 85 of 1993) and the Construction Regulations, 2003.
 - Costs related to the registrations of servitudes and acquisition of land

These costs will

(include one of the three options as follows:)

EITHER be carried by the MUNICIPALITY.

OR

be carried by the DEVELOPER. In this instance and if a Capital Contribution is applicable, R..... of the cost can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

<u>OR</u>

be shared between the MUNICIPALITY and the DEVELOPER. In this instance the DEVELOPER shall pay R..... If a Capital Contribution is applicable, R.... of the DEVELOPER'S share can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

2.3 BULK ELECTRICITY

2.3.1 The MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM *(delete as applicable)* will provide a connection point and has adequate capacity in the bulk system to accommodate the full demand of the TOWNSHIP.

<u>OR</u>

The MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM *(delete as applicable)* will upgrade certain bulk electrical infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

<u>OR</u>

The DEVELOPER will upgrade certain bulk electrical infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

.....

(Include sub-clause 2.3.2 below only when the second or third option in 2.3.1 above is used)

- 2.3.2 The costs for the above upgrade shall include costs for:
 - Design and construction including escalation costs
 - Environmental applications and management plans required by the Department of Water Affairs & Forestry and the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning, where applicable.
 - Costs for compliance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No 85 of 1993) and the Construction Regulations, 2003.
 - Costs related to the registrations of servitudes and acquisition of land

These costs will

(include one of the three options as follows:)

EITHER

be carried by the MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM (delete as applicable).

OR

be carried by the DEVELOPER. In this instance and if a Capital Contribution is applicable, R..... of the cost can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM (*delete as applicable*), however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM (*delete as applicable*).

OR

be shared between the MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM (*delete as applicable*) and the DEVELOPER. In this instance the DEVELOPER shall pay R...... If a Capital Contribution is applicable, R..... of the DEVELOPER'S share can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM (*delete as applicable*), however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM (*delete as applicable*).

2.4 ACCESS ROADS

2.4.1 The MUNICIPALITY will provide an access point to the existing road network with sufficient capacity to accommodate the full traffic impact of the TOWNSHIP.

<u>OR</u>

The MUNICIPALITY will upgrade certain bulk road infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

.....

OR

The DEVELOPER will upgrade certain bulk road infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

.....

(Include sub-clause 2.4.2 below only when the second or third option in 2.4.1 above is used)

2.4.2 The costs for the above upgrade shall include costs for:

- Design and construction including escalation costs
- Environmental applications and management plans required by the Department of Water Affairs & Forestry and the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning, where applicable.
- Costs for compliance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No 85 of 1993) and the Construction Regulations, 2003.

These costs will

(include one of the three options as follows:)

EITHER

be carried by the MUNICIPALITY.

OR

be carried by the DEVELOPER. In this instance and if a Capital Contribution is applicable, R..... of the cost can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

<u>OR</u>

be shared between the MUNICIPALITY and the DEVELOPER. In this instance the DEVELOPER shall pay R..... If a Capital Contribution is applicable, R.... of the DEVELOPER'S share can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

2.4.3 It is confirmed that a Traffic Impact Study has been completed for the proposed development. The Traffic Impact Study must be approved by the MUNICIPALITY and all other applicable authorities. The DEVELOPER shall comply with the requirements of this report.

2.5 BULK STORM WATER DRAINAGE

(The following section to be amended to the specific environment of this agreement)

- 2.5.1 The DEVELOPER shall supply a system to ensure that the concentrated flow of floodwater from higher-lying areas is channelled into, and accommodated in the TOWNSHIP's storm water drainage system. The system, in accordance with the GUIDELINES, shall lead all storm water to a location(s) outside the borders of the TOWNSHIP, as indicated by the MUNICIPALITY. No erosion may be caused at storm water outlets from the TOWNSHIP and provision must be made, to the satisfaction of the MUNICIPALITY and the owner of such areas, regarding the outlet of such storm water.
- 2.5.2 The existing storm water system adjacent to the development has adequate capacity to accommodate flows from the TOWNSHIP for both minor and major storm events. The DEVELOPER may connect directly into these system(s).

OR

The MUNICIPALITY will upgrade certain bulk storm water infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

.....

OR

The DEVELOPER will upgrade certain bulk storm water infrastructure. This upgrade entails the following:

.....

(Include sub-clause 2.5.3 below only when the second or third option in 2.5.2 above is used)

- 2.5.3 The costs for the above upgrade shall include costs for:
 - Design and construction including escalation costs
 - Environmental applications and management plans required by the Department of Water Affairs & Forestry and the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning, where applicable.
 - Costs for compliance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No 85 of 1993) and the Construction Regulations, 2003.
 - Costs related to the registrations of servitudes and acquisition of land

These costs will

(include one of the three options as follows:)

EITHER

be carried by the MUNICIPALITY.

OR

be carried by the DEVELOPER. In this instance and if a Capital Contribution is applicable, R..... of the cost can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

OR

be shared between the MUNICIPALITY and the DEVELOPER. In this instance the DEVELOPER shall pay R..... If a Capital Contribution is applicable, R.... of the DEVELOPER'S share can be offset against the Capital Contribution payable by the DEVELOPER. Any costs of increased capacity above the capacity required by the TOWNSHIP or any level of service or equipment above the normal level of service provided by the MUNICIPALITY, however, shall be for the account of the MUNICIPALITY.

2.6 SOLID WASTE REMOVAL

(The following section to be amended to the specific environment of this agreement)

- 2.6.1 The MUNICIPALITY undertakes, after proclamation of the TOWNSHIP, to remove household refuse in accordance with its by-laws and shall make its own arrangements with the occupants of erven/home owner's organisation/body corporate (*delete as applicable*) in the TOWNSHIP, for the removal of such household refuse.
- 2.6.2 Such collection shall be from individual erven/a single centralised waste collection site for the development. *(delete as applicable)*

3. INTERNAL SERVICES

- 3.1 The DEVELOPER shall be solely liable for the design, planning and installation of all the internal services in the proposed development.
- 3.2 Where the DEVELOPER erects improvements on any erf or portion of the development area, then the DEVELOPER will install for each individual property the services, including the erf connections for water, sewer and electricity.
- 3.3 Water connections from reticulation mains must be within 1m of erf boundary.

(delete as applicable)

This connection must be terminated with an end cap and marker ORThis connection must be terminated with a shut off valve and marker OR

This connection must be terminated with a water meter including shut off valves and marker

OR

This connection must be to the household unit including a water meter, shut off valves and marker

3.4 Sewer connections to the sewerage system must be

```
(delete as applicable)
Supplied to each household unit
OR
Supplied to within 1m of the erf boundary
```

3.5 Electrical connections to each property must be *(delete as applicable)*

Supplied to each household unit OR Supplied on the erf boundary

3.6 All erf connections described in sections 3.2 to 3.5 must be provided by the DEVELOPER

<u>OR</u>

Erf connections described in section 3.3 and 3.4 for water and sewer must be provided by the DEVELOPER. The electrical connection and metering will be provided by the MUNICIPALITY/ESKOM (*delete as applicable*).

3.7 These connections will be supplied as per the GUIDELINES FOR THE PROVISION OF ENGINEERING SERVICES AND AMENITIES IN RESIDENTIAL TOWNSHIPS (THE RED BOOK) and include:

.....

- 3.8 All ducts including Telkom ducts, electrical ducts and other services ducts are to be installed by the DEVELOPER at his cost. The number, sizes, positions and specifications of Telkom ducts are to be agreed with Telkom. All Telkom services must be built underground. The DEVELOPER shall adhere to the specifications of Telkom (SA). Copies of all correspondence with Telkom shall be handed over to the MUNICIPALITY.
- 3.9 No water or electrical service connection may be made alive unless a meter reading has been taken over by the MUNICIPALITY as well as a service agreement has been signed with the MUNICIPALITY and all required deposit fees are paid in to the MUNICIPALITY.

4. OPEN SPACES AND LANDSCAPED AREAS

4.1 The DEVELOPER will be responsible for the development of the open spaces, as well as any landscaped areas within the TOWNSHIP. This development will entail the following:

.....

4.2 The DEVELOPER and/or Body Corporate and/or Home Owner's Association will be responsible for the maintenance of the above into perpetuity.

OR

The MUNICIPALITY will be responsible for the maintenance of the above.

5. MAINTENANCE

5.1 The MUNICIPALITY shall assume responsibility for...... services and ESKOM shall assume responsibility for services (*delete or reword as applicable*), to be taken over from the date of Practical Completion of these services, as stated in the latest version of the General Conditions of Contract, subject only to the standard one year defect liability period as maintained by the DEVELOPER. The responsibility for all other services belongs to the Body Corporate and/or Home Owner's Association. It is noted that this shall also apply to the individual phases in the development.

<u>OR</u>

The Body Corporate and/or Home Owner's Association shall assume responsibility for all services from the date of Practical Completion of these services, as stated in the latest version of the General Conditions of Contract, subject only to the standard one year defect liability period as maintained by the DEVELOPER. It is noted that this shall also apply to the individual phases in the development. The DEVELOPER must ensure that the offer to purchase and deed of sale include this obligation and that this is brought to the attention of the buyer.

5.2 The DEVELOPER shall be liable to repair at his own expense any inherent faults or defects of the services within the defects liability period after the date of practical completion. In this connection the DEVELOPER's liability is confined to defective workmanship and/or materials.

6. PLANS AND DRAWINGS

- 6.1 The DEVELOPER shall at his own cost, have the necessary plans and drawings compiled by a competent Consulting Engineer in accordance with the specifications, standards and GUIDELINES, for all internal services and connection services which it is deemed that the DEVELOPER knows of, and which form an integral part of this Agreement.
- 6.2 Prior to the commencement of construction of any services by the DEVELOPER, the DEVELOPER shall submit to the MUNICIPALITY, the required plans, drawn by the Consulting Engineer, for their approval.
- 6.3 The Consulting Engineer shall, with lodgement of said plans, confirm in writing to the MUNICIPALITY that he has sufficient professional indemnity insurance.
- 6.4 The MUNICIPALITY, at its sole discretion, may or may not accept said plans, and in the event of said plans not being accepted, the DEVELOPER shall, at his own cost, see to the necessary amendments thereto, to the satisfaction of the MUNICIPALITY.
- 6.5 Prior to takeover, the DEVELOPER shall provide the MUNICIPALITY with hard copies and electronic copies in a file format compatible with the MUNICIPALITY's CAD software of all drawings showing the relevant civil services of the PROPERTY separately and specifying the under-mentioned information in detail:
 - Water reticulation: all erf connection points (X,Y,Z coordinates), pipelines (including pipe diameters), fire hydrants and valves (X,Y coordinates), and copy of test report.
 - Sewerage reticulation: all pipelines (including pipe diameters), services connections (X,Y,Z coordinates), manholes (X,Y,Z coordinates) and copy of test report.
 - Storm water drainage: all pipelines (including diameters), catchpits, manholes, open channels, culverts and headwalls (X,Y,Z coordinates of all structures).
 - Roads: Plans that clearly indicate the layout, including widths of streets, reserve widths, typical cross sections, layerworks, positions of service ducts and diameters of turning circles and radii. And copy of test reports
 - Electrical: service connections, mini-substations, meter boxes, cables, street lights, cable ducts (X,Y coordinates) and the manner in which the main supply has been acquired.
 - Pump stations: final layouts, wiring diagrams, copy of commissioning report, copy of operational manual.

This will be based on the information available to the DEVELOPER's Consulting Engineer and will be subject to verification on site. A completion certificate must be provided by the DEVELOPER's Consulting Engineer stating that the services had been installed properly in accordance with the agreed specifications and drawings.

7. OBTAINING SERVITUDES AND RIGHTS OF WAY

- 7.1 The draft design of all services, including connecting services, must be presented before the General Plan is submitted for approval, so as to ascertain the possible registration of all servitudes inside and outside the proposed TOWNSHIP.
- 7.2 All rights of way and access rights required by the MUNICIPALITY to exercise its duties as set out in this agreement, and which are required within or outside the TOWNSHIP's borders, shall be provided to the MUNICIPALITY by the DEVELOPER at no cost to the MUNICIPALITY, and if the MUNICIPALITY should so require, the DEVELOPER shall register such rights of way and access rights thus required as servitudes against the title deeds of the servient properties.
- 7.3 The DEVELOPER shall be responsible for all costs required for the registration of the servitudes including the acquisition of land. This will include the total costs for the functions carried out by property valuers, surveyors, planners and transfer attorneys
- 7.4 The DEVELOPER shall not be entitled to sell, alienate or otherwise dispose of any properties within the TOWNSHIP over which a servitude must be registered, before any such servitude(s) is registered. Alternatively, the DEVELOPER undertakes to make any such alienation subject to the MUNICIPALITY's right to obtain registration of any such servitude, without any cost to the MUNICIPALITY.
- 7.5 The DEVELOPER shall further be obliged to, at its own cost, obtain the right for the MUNICIPALITY to remove any trees or other obstructions adjoining the route of any pipeline, cable, power line, water pipe or any other construction to be undertaken within the borders of the TOWNSHIP, or in the nearby vicinity thereof, or which may affect the effective functioning of any system installed by the MUNICIPALITY. The MUNICIPALITY may assist with arrangements, but the ultimate responsibility lies with the DEVELOPER.

8. TRANSFER OF ERVEN BY THE DEVELOPER

- 8.1 No erf shall be transferred until the DEVELOPER has provided all the agreed services to all erven in each proposed development phase to the satisfaction of the MUNICIPALITY in accordance with designs, plans and specifications as approved by the MUNICIPALITY prior to the installation of such services. Upon completion of such services, the Consulting Engineers appointed by the DEVELOPER are required to submit a certificate confirming that such services have been installed and completed in accordance with such approved designs, plans and specifications.
- 8.2 No erf shall be transferred until the DEVELOPER has paid all Capital Contributions, if applicable.
- 8.3 The MUNICIPALITY shall issue a certificate signed by the Municipal Manager, or delegate, to the DEVELOPER confirming the completion of services to its satisfaction once such work has in fact so been completed.
- 8.4 In terms of Sections 21 and 29 of the Witzenberg Land Use Planning By-Law (P.N 289/2015) as read with Section 118 of the Municipal Systems Act No 32 of 2000, the MUNICIPALITY will not issue the written authority under Section 118 of the Municipal Systems Act unless and until all conditions of rezoning and the conditions set out in this agreement have been complied with by the DEVELOPER.
- 8.5 The DEVELOPER undertakes to comply with all conditions of subdivision and rezoning as laid down by the MUNICIPALITY before occupation certificates shall be issued, unless otherwise agreed herein.
- 8.6 The MUNICIPALITY shall be entitled not to consider any building plans submitted to it prior to the registration of erven in the deeds office.

9. CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (IF APPLICABLE)

- 9.1 Pro rata Capital Contributions are payable to the MUNICIPALITY for the following bulk services:
 - water,
 - sewerage,
 - roads
 - solid waste disposal
 - electricity (*delete if not applicable*)

AND

Pro rata Capital Contributions are payable to ESKOM for the bulk electrical services *(delete if not applicable)*

and can be used towards the upgrading of bulk infrastructure as determined by the MUNICIPALITY.

- 9.2 The MUNICIPALITY may negotiate with the DEVELOPER about the distribution and allocation of the pro rata Capital Contributions.
- 9.3 The DEVELOPER will ensure that the conditions and terms applicable to the pro rata payments are made known and are binding on the purchasers of any land properties within the township.
- 9.4 For all civil services the pro rata contributions will be according to the MUNICIPALITY's contribution scheme as determined and approved by the MUNICIPALITY from time to time.
- 9.5 Pro rata contributions are subject to VAT and are further subject to the provisions and rates contained in the Value Added Tax Act, 1991 (Act No 89 of 1991) as amended.
- 9.6 Pro rata contributions which are payable to the MUNICIPALITY are subject to annual adjustments by the MUNICIPALITY and the adjusted rates will apply from the implementation date as decided by the MUNICIPALITY.
- 9.7 The pro rata contributions shall be payable by the DEVELOPER at the time application is made to the MUNICIPALITY for a rates clearance certificate in terms of Section 118 of the Municipal Systems Act No 32 of 2000, to permit an erf/unit to be transferred to the purchaser. The amount payable shall be such amount as may be in force at the time that application for transfer of an erf/unit is made. Should any of the above development and/or individual units not be transferred but rented out by the DEVELOPER, it will become due and payable immediately, upon development.

9.8 Optional – amend as applicable

9.8 The DEVELOPER shall be entitled to offset its costs of providing the bulk services to the property against the respective Capital Contributions. These costs are to be agreed by the DEVELOPER and the MUNICIPALITY but will not be more than and shall be deemed to be a credit against the payment of Capital Contributions.

10. PROPERTY TAX, SERVICE CHARGES AND OTHER FEES

- 10.1 The DEVELOPER and other owners shall, after proclamation of the TOWNSHIP, be responsible for the payment of property tax at the prevailing tariffs, and if applicable the reduced tariff in respect of land of which they are the owners, and all service charges, consumer service charges, inspection fees, plan approval fees, including building plans (if applicable), in respect of any services actually used or provided, inspections actually carried out and/or plans approved.
- 10.2 Liability for basic services charges shall apply from the date on which the MUNICIPALITY connects the erf or unit to the services.

OR

The DEVELOPER's liability for payment of the property tax and services charges as set out in sub clause 10.1 above shall be transferred from the DEVELOPER to a purchaser at the date of transfer of an erf or a unit in a Sectional Title Scheme, and the DEVELOPER shall from that date have no further liability in respect thereof.

11. OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT

- 11.1 The DEVELOPER is obligated to comply with the requirements of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No 85 of 1993) and the Construction Regulations, 2003 issued in terms thereof.
- 11.2 The DEVELOPER may appoint an agent to be his/her representative, so that the responsibilities imposed upon the DEVELOPER in terms of the Act shall as far as reasonably practicable apply to the agent so appointed. The DEVELOPER must inform itself of the proposed agent's competence in terms of the Act. The DEVELOPER shall be responsible for the total costs of such an agent.
- 11.3 The DEVELOPER or its agent must ensure that the contract document for construction includes adequate specification to enforce the requirements of the Act.
- 11.4 The internal electrical reticulation is the responsibility of the Home Owners Association and a suitably qualified person approved by the MUNICIPALITY, will be appointed to take the responsibility for the network as determined in the Occupational Health and Safety Act (85 of 1993), General Machinery Regulations 2(5). The Municipality must be notified of any changes regarding the suitably qualified person.

12. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (IF REQUIRED)

- 12.1 The DEVELOPER must compile and submit an acceptable construction phase Environmental Management Plan to the MUNICIPALITY, as well as the Department of Environmental Affairs and Development Planning if required, for approval prior to any land clearing or construction commencing. The Environmental Management Plan should describe the level and type of competency required by the Environmental Control Officer. It should clearly define and allocate roles and responsibilities to the Environmental Control Officer.
- 12.2 The DEVELOPER must appoint the Environmental Control Officer. The DEVELOPER must give details and Terms of Reference of the Environmental Control Officer to the MUNICIPALITY prior to contract commencement. The DEVELOPER shall be responsible for the total costs of the Environmental Control Officer.
- 12.3 If an Environmental Management Plan is required, the DEVELOPER must ensure that the contract document for construction includes adequate specification to enforce the stipulations of the Environmental Management Plan.

13. ASSIGNMENT AND SUBCONTRACT

13.1 Except if required by a lender, the DEVELOPER shall not, without prior written consent from the MUNICIPALITY, be entitled to renounce, cede, assign or transfer any of its rights or obligations in terms of this Agreement.

14. WAIVER

14.1 No concession, relaxation, indulgence or non-enforcement, which may be allowed by any party regarding any provision of this agreement, shall prejudice any of the rights of the party allowing such concession, relaxation, indulgence or non-enforcement.

15. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

16. COMMENCEMENT AND CANCELLATION OF AGREEMENT

- 16.1 This agreement shall be effective as from (insert specific date OR insert phrase "date of signature of this Agreement".)
- 16.2 This agreement will terminate once

(include one of the three options, which ever ends the latest)

The DEVELOPER has paid all outstanding Capital Contributions

<u>OR</u>

The defects liability period has been completed

<u>OR</u>

The DEVELOPER renders a closing account to the MUNICIPALITY

- 16.3 Should the DEVELOPER fail to comply with any provision of this agreement, the MUNICIPALITY shall be entitled to notify the DEVELOPER of any such failure and should the DEVELOPER fail to rectify any such failure within 90 (ninety) days, calculated from the date of postage, by registered mail, of the MUNICIPALITY 's notice, alternatively the date on which such notice was delivered by hand to the DEVELOPER's duly authorised official, the MUNICIPALITY may, in its discretion, cancel this agreement, alternatively claim specific performance from the DEVELOPER in terms of this agreement.
- 16.4 In the event of cancellation, the MUNICIPALITY shall be entitled to:
 - Claim damages from the DEVELOPER, for damages which the MUNICIPALITY suffered or may suffer as a result of the DEVELOPER's failure/neglect to comply with any provision of this agreement. The damages shall include legal costs.
 - Immediately call in the guarantees referred to in (Optional Sections A) and to utilise same for the proper fulfilment and execution of this agreement; and
- 16.5 Should the MUNICIPALITY decide to enforce this agreement and claim specific performance from the DEVELOPER, all amounts owing by the DEVELOPER to the MUNICIPALITY in terms of this agreement, shall become immediately due and payable, and the MUNICIPALITY shall further be entitled to claim from the DEVELOPER any damages suffered by the MUNICIPALITY as a result of the DEVELOPER's failure to strictly comply with any provision of this agreement.

17. SETTLEMENT, MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION

- 17.1 The parties shall negotiate in good faith with a view to settling any dispute or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement and may not initiate any further proceedings until either party has, by written notice to the other, declared that such negotiations have failed.
- 17.2 Any such dispute or claim, which cannot be settled between the parties, may be referred by the parties, without legal representation, to mediation by a single mediator. The mediator shall be selected by agreement between the parties and, failing such agreement, shall be nominated by the President of the South African Association of Consulting Engineers. The costs of the mediation shall be borne equally between the parties.
- 17.3 If either party were unwilling to agree to mediation or be dissatisfied with the opinion expressed by the mediator or should the mediation fail then such party may, with written notice to the other party, refer the dispute to arbitration. The arbitration proceedings shall be in accordance with the Arbitration Act, No 42 of 1965, as amended, and in such case, the parties shall agree to the appointment of an arbitrator.
- 17.4 If the parties cannot agree on the appointment of such arbitrator, the President of the South African Institute of Civil Engineers, if the dispute is of a technical nature, or the Chairman of the Cape Town Bar Council if the dispute is of a legal nature, shall be appointed.

OR

The Arbitrator shall, in the event that the dispute being:

- Primarily a legal matter, be a practising Senior Advocate or practising Senior Attorney, with at least 10 (TEN) years experience;
- Primarily an accounting matter, a practising Chartered Accountant with not less than 10 (TEN) years experience;
- Primarily a technical matter, an Engineer with an applicable qualification regarding the dispute, with not less than 10 (TEN) years experience and who is registered as a Professional Engineer and who has the right to practice as such within the Republic of South Africa;
- Any other matter, an independent person to be agreed upon between the parties to the dispute.

In the event of the parties not being able to agree on an Arbitrator within 7 (SEVEN) days from the date that arbitration was requested, an Arbitrator will be appointed by the Head of the Department of Local Government, on request by any of the parties, whose appointment shall be final and binding.

- 17.5 In the event of the parties not agreeing that the dispute is a legal matter, within 7 (SEVEN) days from the date that arbitration was requested, it shall be deemed that such dispute is in fact a legal matter.
- 17.6 The arbitration proceeding shall take place at a venue determined by such arbitrator appointed in terms of clause 14.1 above.
- 17.7 The arbitration hearing shall take place as quickly as possible and shall be finalised as soon as possible.
- 17.8 The parties agree and undertake to abide by the award or order made by the arbitrator, including an order in respect of costs. The parties further agree that the aforementioned arbitrator's finding shall be final and binding upon the parties, which order shall be executed in such manner as determined by the arbitrator and that such arbitration decree can made an order of court.

18. FORCE MAJEURE

If circumstances arise for which either of the parties is not responsible and which make it impossible for it to perform in whole or in part in accordance with this agreement the affected shall inform the other party in writing. The party shall not be in breach of any of its obligations under this agreement under these circumstances.

In these circumstances if certain services have to be suspended, the time for their completion shall be extended until the circumstances no longer apply plus a reasonable period not exceeding 42 (forty two) days for resumption of them.

If the speed of performing certain services has to be reduced, the time for their completion shall be extended as may be made necessary by the circumstances.

19. DOMICILIUM CITANDI ET EXECUTANDI

The parties chose as their *domicilium citandi et executandi*, for the service of any notices in terms of this agreement, the following:

The MUNICIPALITY: The DEVELOPER:

The representatives of the parties for purposes of receiving notices in terms of the agreement shall be as follows:

DEVELOPER:

MUNICIPALITY:

20. APPROVAL

SIGNE	ED at	
on this	theday of20	
AS WI	ITNESS	
1)		
2)		for and on behalf of (Full title of Municipality)
SIGNE	ED at	
on this	theday of20	
AS WI	ITNESS	
1)		
2)		for and on behalf of (Full title of Developer)

OPTIONAL SECTIONS

A. THE DELIVERY OF GUARANTEES REGARDING THE INSTALLATION OF INTERNAL AND BULK SERVICES

- A.1 To enable the MUNICIPALITY to issue Certificates in terms of Sections 21 and 29 of the Witzenberg Land Use Planning By-Law (P.N 289/2015), the DEVELOPER shall deliver a guarantees(s), as set out more fully hereinafter.
- A.2 The DEVELOPER shall deliver a guarantee(s), issued by an approved Bank or other financial institution, for the proper fulfilment of all his obligations regarding the installation of the internal services which guarantee(s) shall be in the form prescribed and approved by the MUNICIPALITY. Regarding the time of delivery of such guarantee(s), the DEVELOPER's attention is drawn to the fact that no stand in the TOWNSHIP may be alienated before delivery of the said guarantee(s). The DEVELOPER shall be compelled to inform the MUNICIPALITY throughout his planning and program for the installation of the said services.
- A.3 The amount of the guarantee(s) is limited to the cost estimation of the said services, including professional fees, escalation and VAT, determined by the Consulting Engineer of the DEVELOPER and to the satisfaction of the MUNICIPALITY.

OR

The amount of the guarantee(s) shall be determined taking into consideration clause A.4 and A.6 below, limited to the highest estimate, or, if the TOWNSHIP is to be developed in phases, the highest estimate of a single phase, both calculated by the DEVELOPER's Consulting Engineer, to the satisfaction of the MUNICIPALITY.

OR

The guarantee(s) that have to be provided shall be for such amount or amounts as the MUNICIPALITY at its sole discretion may decide, and which shall be deemed to be adequate to cover the full cost of the installation of the said services.

- A.4 If the development of the TOWNSHIP is to take place in phases, the MUNICIPALITY may, after the completion of each phase, grant permission for the guarantee(s) to be transferred to the following phase or sub phase(s) provided that:
 - Such transfer is put in writing; and
 - A retention guarantee of 5 % is provided in respect of each completed phase, which guarantee shall be valid up to 12 months after the MUNICIPALITY has taken over the relevant services.
- A.5 The MUNICIPALITY may at any time during the construction period, demand that the amount of the guarantee(s) delivered by the DEVELOPER be increased, and the MUNICIPALITY shall also be entitled to withhold any cancellation of any guarantee(s) until the contractor completing the work, if applicable and if such contractor has been appointed to complete incomplete or faulty work for the MUNICIPALITY, waives all of his retention rights in respect of the work in question.
- A.6 As soon as the MUNICIPALITY conducts a final inspection of all engineering services and signs a final inspection certificate, and, should the MUNICIPALITY so require, proof is received from a Land Surveyor that all stand pegs that were lost or disturbed have been correctly replaced, the MUNICIPALITY shall reduce the

guarantee(s) delivered to an amount equal to 5% of the final contract amount, which reduced guarantee shall then serve as a retention guarantee, which will expire at the end of the retention period, which retention period shall not be less than one year after proclamation of the TOWNSHIP or once the service(s) involved have been taken over by the MUNICIPALITY, whichever date is last provided further that the said Certificate shall not be signed and guarantees not be reduced, before any other service that may be damaged during construction, is repaired by the DEVELOPER.

- A.7 The MUNICIPALITY further reserves the right to, during the retention period, repair or see to the repair of any substantial defect, in the event that the DEVELOPER refuses/neglects to do so and having been given 30 (THIRTY) days written notice to repair such substantial defect. The MUNICIPALITY shall be entitled to claim the costs of such repairs from the retention guarantee(s) and should such funds be insufficient, any balance from the DEVELOPER.
- A.8 Uncompleted services are the reason why guarantees are required. The MUNICIPALITY however, reserves the right at all times to, without any notice to any party and in the event that the DEVELOPER fails to comply with the time periods set out in this Agreement, withdraw the Certificate in terms of Sections 21 and 29 of the Witzenberg Land Use Planning By-Law (P.N 289/2015)

B. LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

Either party shall be liable to the other party arising out of or in connection with this agreement if a breach of an obligation in terms of this agreement is established. If it is considered that either party is liable to the other, compensation shall be payable only on the following terms:

- a) Such compensation shall be limited to the amount of reasonably foreseeable loss and damage suffered as a result of such breach, but not otherwise.
- b) In any event, the amount of such compensation will be limited to the amount (specify value e.g. equal to the professional fees paid to the DEVELOPER in terms of the agreement, excluding reimbursements and expenses)

C. HOME OWNERS' ASSOCIATION/BODY CORPORATE

The DEVELOPER shall arrange, if necessary, for the establishment of a Home Owners' Association in conformity with the requirements in terms of the Zoning Scheme regulations promulgated in terms of Section 24 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 (Act No. 16 of 2013) and/or a Body Corporate in conformity with the Sectional titles Act No 95 of 1986.

The DEVELOPER shall produce proof to the MUNICIPALITY that a Home Owners' Association and/or Body Corporate has been established to control and maintain the common area, internal roads, side-walks, kerbing, channelling, storm water systems, street lighting and private open spaces and that the owners of all erven/units will be obligated to join and be members of the Home Owners' Association and/or Body Corporate and to contribute in the form of a levy, proportional according to the size of their portions to enable proper maintenance to be performed.

D. PHASED DEVELOPMENT

The MUNICIPALITY will only allow Phased development once it has approved the phases in terms of applicable legislation.

Conditions of Phased Development, (EXAMPLE ONLY):

Since the DEVELOPER wishes to complete the development in phases and the MUNICIPALITY has agreed to such phased development, and the sequence of such phased development is unknown, it is agreed as follows:

- 1) The DEVELOPER at its own risk will develop a first phase of the TOWNSHIP and will thereafter develop further phases in accordance with market demand.
- 2) The first phase to be developed by the DEVELOPER without undue delay, shall consist of an area such that none of the presently available capacities of the essential bulk services will be exceeded, and the DEVELOPER shall within a reasonable time submit to the MUNICIPALITY all documentation in respect of Phase 1 as contemplated in the Services Agreement together with a financial guarantee for the proper fulfilment by the DEVELOPER of his duties in regard to the installation of the essential internal and bulk services which are necessary for the said Phase 1. Notwithstanding any other terms of this agreement, this provision shall also apply to all further phases.
- 3) It is agreed that the MUNICIPALITY's existing infrastructure is sufficient to provide bulk services up to the following limits:

Maximum Peak Sewer Flow:	X 1/s
Maximum Water Demand:	Y 1/s
Maximum Electrical Demand:	Z kVA

4) In accordance with market demand, the DEVELOPER will submit detailed site development plans in respect of future phases and subject to the approval of each such site development plan (which approval cannot be unreasonably withheld) the DEVELOPER shall provide such documentation and financial guarantees, and generally do all such things, in respect of that phase as is required by the provisions of the Service Agreement.

WITZENBERG

MUNISIPALITEIT UMASIPALA MUNICIPALITY

- MEMORANDUM -

AAN / TO: Munisipale Bestuurder

VAN / FROM: Direkteur: Tegniese Dienste

DATUM / DATE: 17 September 2018

VERW. / REF.: 15/4/R APPèL TEEN TWEEDE WOONEENHEID: ERF 2245: ALBERTSINGEL 26, CERES

1. Doel

Om duidelikheid te kry rondom die besluit van item 8.2.1 geneem deur die Raad op 25 Januarie 2016.

2. Agtergrond

'n Aansoek om vergunning vir 'n tweede wooneenheid was ontvang. Die aansoek was ge-adverteer en die buurman (erf 2244, Albertsingel 28) het beswaar aangeteken.

3. Beredenering

Die Raad het op 25 Januarie 2016 as volg besluit:

"Dat die appèl van mnr P Hardneck, teen die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste se goedkeuring van die aansoek om vergunning vir 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres gehandhaaf word.

Klarigheid word verlang van die Raad of bogenoemde besluit van toepassing is slegs op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26 en/of dit van toepassing is op alle vergunde gebruik aansoeke.

Aangeheg as Aanhangsel "A" vind item 8.2.1 van Raadsvergadering 25 Januarie 2016.

4. Aanbeveling

Ter oorweging.

J BARNARD DIREKTEUR: TEGNIESE DIENSTE

D (023) 316 1877

8.2.1 Appèl teen tweede wooneenheid: Erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres (15/4/R)

Item 7.1 van die vergadering van die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste, gehou op 25 November 2015, verwys.

Die volgende memorandum, gedateer 12 November 2015, is van die Stadsbeplanner, mnr. Ryan van der Merwe, ontvang:

"1. Doel

Om 'n besluit te neem insake 'n appèl ontvang.

2. Agtergrond

Aansoek om vergunning vir die oprigting van 'n tweede wooneenheid was ontvang. Die aansoek was geadverteer en die buurman (erf 2244, Albertsingel 28) het beswaar aangeteken. Die beswaar was aan die aansoeker voorgelê.

Die beswaarmaker se redes vir beswaar en die applikant se repliek op die beswaar kan soos volg saamgevat word:

Beswaarmaker	Applikant	
Genoemde erf is gesoneer as enkelresidensieel.	'n Tweede wooneenheid soos voorgestel is 'n vergunningsgebruik onder die enkelwoonsone sonering. Die vergunning kan deur die Raad oorweeg word op aansoek.	
Die tipe wooneenheid sal die waardasie van my erf negatief beïnvloed.	Die huidige struktuur is vervalle en onbewoon. Die voorstel is vir 'n nuutgeboude gebou wat in waarde beslis meer werd gaan wees.	
Die applikant het in gesprek aangedui dat hy beoog om 'n tweede wooneenheid op 'n latere stadium aan te bring, asook die moontlikheid van 'n onderverdeling.	Geen verdere ontwikkeling word beplan nie. Die aansoek is reeds vir 'n tweede wooneenheid. 'n Addisionele eenheid (derde) kan in terme van die Skemaregulasies slegs deur 'n hersoneringaansoek gedoen word. Onderverdeling kan deur die Raad oorweeg word op aansoek. Hierdie aansoek is om vergunning.	

'n Aanbeveling van Stadsbeplanning was aan die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste voorgelê waarna die komitee die aansoek om die volgende redes goedgekeur het:

- Die impak van die tweede wooneenheid is minimaal op die onmiddellike omgewing van die woonbuurt.
- Die voorstel sal 'n estetiese verbetering van die area meebring.
- Geen boulyne word oorskry nie.

Die komitee se besluit was aan die beswaarmaker gestuur vir reg tot appèl. Die appèl was in die 21 dae tydperk ontvang en kan soos volg opgesom word:

Die appellant stel voor dat die komitee die perseel besoek om hom te vergewis van die grootte in oppervlakte.	Die erf is 732 m ² groot. Die totale grootte van die voorgestelde gebou is 100 m ² . Die gedeelte wat as die tweede wooneenheid voorgestel word, is 50 m ² en oorskry nie die maksimum grootte van 120 m ² nie.
Die perseel grens aan 'n rivier en binne die 1:50 vloedlyn.	Insluitend die appellant se woonhuis is daar vyf huise wat aan die rivier grens.
'n Tweede wooneenheid sal die omgewing meer verdig en onooglik laat lyk.	Daar is verskeie eiendomme in die onmiddellike omgewing waar reeds toestemming vir tweede wooneenhede verleen was.

3. Beredenering

14

Die erf waarop 'n vervalle struktuur staan, is tans onbewoon. Die eienaar is van voorneme om hierdie struktuur te sloop sodra goedkeuring vir sy voorgestelde bouplan vanaf die Raad verkry word. Met verwysing na die bouplan en die huidige aanwending sal die aansoeker se voorstel in terme van stadsbeplanningsaspekte baie meer estetiese waarde tot die area toevoeg. Die impak van die tweede wooneenheid is minimaal op die onmiddellike omgewing van die woonbuurt."

Die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste het op 25 November 2015 besluit om by die Raad aan te beveel dat die appèl van mnr P Hardneck teen die Raad se goedkeuring van die aansoek om vergunning vir 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres van die hand gewys word en die besluit van die Komitee vir Tegniese Dienste gehandhaaf word.

BESLUIT

dat die appèl van mnr. P Hardneck, teen die Komitee vir Tegniese se goedkeuring van die aansoek om vergunning vir 'n tweede wooneenheid op erf 2245, Albertsingel 26, Ceres, gehandhaaf word.

Witzenberg Municipality Council Meeting Schedule: January until March 2019

MONTH	DATE	TIME	VENUE	MEETING
January	8	10h00	Council Chambers	Executive Mayoral Committee
	15	15h00	Council Chambers	Municipal Public Accounts Committee
	16	10h00	Council Chambers	Local Labour Forum
	22	10h00	Council Chambers	Executive Mayoral Committee
	23		Council Chambers	Council Meeting
February	5	10h00	Council Chambers	Executive Mayoral Committee
	6	15h00	Council Chambers	Local Labour Forum
	7	10h00	Council Chambers	Committee For Housing Matters
	8	10h00	Council Chambers	Performance Risk and Audit Committee
	13	10h00	Council Chambers	Committee Technical Services
	13	14h00	Council Chambers	Committee for Rural Economic Development and Tourism
	14	10h00	Council Chambers	Committee for Community Development
	14	14h00	Council Chambers	Committee for Corporate and Financial Services
	26	10h00	Council Chambers	Council Workshop Meeting
	27	10h00	Council Chambers	Council Meeting
March	5	10h00	Council Chambers	Executive Mayoral Committee
	6	15h00	Council Chambers	Local Labour Forum
	7	10h00	Council Chambers	Committee For Housing Matters
	12	10h00	Council Chambers	Executive Mayoral Committee
	13	10h00	Council Chambers	Committee Technical Services
	13	14h00	Council Chambers	Committee for Rural Economic Development and Tourism
	14	10h00	Council Chambers	Committee for Community Development
	14	14h00	Council Chambers	Committee for Corporate and Financial Services
	19	10h00	Council Chambers	Executive Mayoral Committee
	26	10h00	Council Chambers	Council Workshop Meeting
	27	10h00	Council Chambers	Council Meeting

2/2/2 MEMORANDUM : WITZENBERG MUNICIPALITY TO PHASE 4 AND 5 RESIDENTS FROM .14 NOVEMBER 2018 DATE PRINCE ALFRED'S HAMLET SPORTS FIELD LACE MUNICIPALIT 19H00 ★ 15 NOV 2018 TIME * COMMUNITY MEETIN REF MUNISIPALITEN HOUSING -BUILDING OF HOUSES (WHEN) -VERIFICATION ON WAITING UST 1714R - EKTENDED LAND FOR BACKYARD DWELLERS 2. GERVICES - POOR INFRASTRUCTURE (LACK OF SPEED HUMPS) 16/4/4/5 - GRAVEL ROADS IN PHASE 5 -NO PLACE FOR KIDS TO PLAY (PARKS) - CANCELATION OF OLD WATER BILLS AND START AFRESH FOR THEY ARE TOO HIGH (PNASE 4) 3. SOCIAL & POUCING - LACK OF HYGHEN IN TUCK SHOPS I.E OLINERS SLEEP AND BATH ON 17/1/4/1 THE SAME BUSINESS PREMISES. - OUTDATED EXPIRED GOOD BEING SOLD (POSES DANGER/HEALTH THREAT TO COMMUNITIES) - SELUNG OF CIGARETTES TO UNDERAGED CHILDREN.

UNEMPLOYMENT : JOUTH MOSTLY AFFECTED	
- CONTRACTORS FROM OUTSIDE	
4/31R RECRUIT PEOPLE FROM OTHER PLACE	5
-INCOMPLETE PROJECTS	
SHELTER WHERE PEOPLE STAND	
AND WAIT FOR TRANSPORT WHEN RAINY.	KG)
5 COMMUNITY HALL NEEDED	/
B.R30 000.00 WARD ANNUAL BUDGET	
4/09/2018, THE WARD 10 COUNCILOR MR THEMBA	
NGOBOZA SAID THE MONEY WENT BACK TO	
MUNICIPALITY COFFER DUE TO LACK OF TEAMWORK	
WITH WARD COMMITEE.	
MEANING REO 000.00 WENT BACK TO THE	
MUNICIPALITY FOR THE YEAR 2017 AND 2018.	
JE THE COMMUNITY WOULD LIKE TO KNOW THE	
LHERE ABOUTS OF THE WARD MONEY AND IF ITS	
OSSIBLE FOR US TO GET BACK THE MONEY FOR	
ROJECTS OF THE COMMUNITY.	
HE COMMUNITY WOULD LIKE TO KNOW THE	
OLE OF THE WARD COMMITEE MEMBERS IN THE	
OMMUNITY.	
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